EDITORIAL SHEET.

# The Chicago Daily Tribune.

PART TWO. Pages 9 to 16.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 21, 1902—SIXTEEN PAGES.

## CURRENCY PLANS ARE CONFUSING.

### Problems Involving Greenbacks, Asset Money, and Other Matters in House.

### MAY ALL FAIL OF PASSAGE

### Democrats in Senate Want Leader in Fights Until Gorman Is Seated.

### NEWS OF NATIONAL CAPITAL

WASHINGTON BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, Washington, D. C., Jan. 20.

Important financial legislation will be considered by the House Banking and Currency committee at this session, a subcommittee consisting of Representatives Hill, Fowler, and Prince having been appointed to consider what is necessary in this direction and frame the necessary bills. These questions involve the retirement of the greenbacks, the disposition of the surplus, asset banking, the retirement of the $1 certificates, and increasing the volume of subsidiary coin, and the abolition of the office of the Controller of the Currency. All the bills relating to these subjects have been referred to the subcommittee.

**Money Affairs Now in Hands of Committee.**

The question of asset banking currency will be taken up early, but it is not believed Congress will be willing to authorize such a system. There are three propositions for disposing of the surplus which is lying idle in the Treasury. One is to authorize depositing more of the government funds in the national banks without charging those institutions interest. This would keep the money in circulation, but the government would derive no benefit from it, while the banks would reap the benefit of a tremendous amount of interest.

Another is to direct the Secretary of the Treasury to go into the market and reduce the surplus by purchasing United States bonds and canceling them. Still another is to deposit a certain proportion of government funds in the national banks and charge a low rate of interest on these deposits, the rate not being higher than 2 per cent.

This would be profitable to the government, as the interest earnings would be large. The government would be protected from loss by requiring ample security from the national banks.

With reference to the retirement of the greenbacks, it is proposed that the government redeem them in gold. This would be an expensive plan to prevent inroads on the gold reserve, as the amount of outstanding greenbacks runs into the hundreds of millions. Another proposition is to authorize the national banks to issue circulating notes based on the greenbacks, to be redeemed in gold. It is also proposed to authorize the banks to impound the greenbacks and deposit them in the Treasury to be held against the currency put in circulation, thus practically retiring the greenbacks and breaking the endless chain.

**Greenback Retirement a Hard Problem.**

It is proposed to abolish the office of the Controller of the Currency and substitute a board of control consisting of three members, to be appointed by the President with the advice and consent of the Senate. This board will be non-partisan in character and is for the purpose of placing the conduct of affairs of the office on a purely business basis, and eliminate the question of politics entirely.

It is said the patronage of this office amounted to $300,000 last year, this amount having been disbursed in the payment of the salaries of special agents, bank examiners, and national bank receivers. All this legislation will be considered as a matter of course, but the Committee on Banking and Currency has a sinister reputation of never being able to agree on anything, so it is quite unlikely that any of these bills should pass.

If the Democrats of the Senate make good their promises there will be a lively and prolonged political debate over the Philippines tariff bill reported to the Senate today by Mr. Lodge, chairman of the Philippines committee. The minority report, presented by Senator Rawlins of Utah, a member of the committee, embodying the Democratic declaration of principles on the general Philippines question, is the result of numerous party conferences at which the absolute necessity in the Senate of a Democratic leader who will lead and a platform of principles that will unify the party in the Senate and in the country was conceded.

**Democrats Want Leader Until Gorman Gets Back.**

It is now declared that the desired issue has been found and that the leader will appear during the course of the debate, and the rank and file are entirely sanguine of being able to demonstrate to the country that the Republican party is split in twain on the Philippines question. The Democrats expect that they will get several Republican votes for their substitute measure and that the Democrats will vote solidly in favor of it. It was at first thought there would be only a perfunctory discussion of the bill reported today and that the real party fight would come upon the measure now under consideration in the Philippines committee of both Houses, providing a commissive scheme for the permanent government of the islands.

After consultation, however, the Democrats decided to seize the first opportunity to make an issue with their political opponents and to prove to the country that at least the Democrats of the United States have a binding party organization, able orators, and efficient leaders. No formal choice of a leader has yet been made, but Mr. Culberson of Texas is generally thought to be the man who will come to the front in the Philippines debate and prove himself to be possessed of the qualities that are lacking in the nominal leader of the Democrats in the Senate, Mr. Jones of Arkansas, chairman of the National Democratic committee.

Mr. Jones will make a long and carefully prepared speech in behalf of the declaration of principles reported by Mr. Rawlins today, and he will not yield the reins of leadership without a struggle. But, however much personality there may be at present as to the personality of the Democratic Moses, there is a general feeling in the Senate that after the 4th of March, 1903, there will be a leader who will lead, and his name is Gorman.

Lady Pauncefote today recalled the cards which she had out for her Wednesday evening reception. It is the anniversary of the death of Queen Victoria, and the wife of the former Ambassador will receive no one.

Representative Warner today introduced a bill providing for the establishment of a food bureau in the Department of Agriculture and for preventing the adulteration or misbranding of foods and regulating interstate commerce in these products. The bill provides for the appointment of a chief commissioner at a salary of $5,000, and assistants at salaries of $3,000 each. The commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary of Agriculture, will appoint a chief chemist, who will make examinations of specimens of food offered for sale which may be collected under rules prescribed by the food commissioner.

**New Bureau to Examine Food Is Planned.**

The commissioner is directed to employ chemists, inspectors, clerks, and laborers necessary to carry out the provisions of the proposed law. It imposes a fine of $200 for the first offense in misbranding foods, and $300 for subsequent offenses, or one year in prison, or both, at the discretion of the court.

Articles will be considered adulterated if any substance has been mixed with them so as to reduce, lower, or injuriously affect their quality or strength, so that such product when offered for sale deceives the purchaser. If any valuable constituent of food has been wholly or in part abstrated; if it be an imitation of any other article; if it is coated, colored, mixed, powdered, or stained in a manner calculated to damage; if it contain any added poisonous ingredient or any ingredient which may render such article injurious to the health of the person consuming it, the article will be considered as adulterated.

Secretary and Mrs. Root and General and Mrs. Corbin left Washington today for New York, where they will attend a dinner tonight given by Dr. and Mrs. Sidney Webb in honor of Senator and Mrs. Depew.

Secretary Gage has as his house guest the protégé of the late Mrs. Gage, Florizel, the child virtuoso, and his mother, Mrs. Grace Reuter of Chicago. Last night Florizel entertained a number of the Secretary's friends at a recital of quite an impromptu and informal character. The boy prodigy was discovered by the Secretary and Mrs. Gage when he was only 3 years old, and they at once set about helping with his education abroad. Most of the expense, however, the child has paid by giving concerts. He graduated from the Geneva Conservatory of Music with great honor, and is said to be the youngest graduate from any musical school in the world. He is a fine, wholesome lad, and has already been introduced to a number of official families. He played at a concert for the President and Mrs. McKinley, and will be given an audience by the President and Mrs. Roosevelt some day this week. Florizel will celebrate his tenth birthday tomorrow, and Secretary Gage will make the occasion notable with such a dinner as will delight a boy.

**Secretary Gage Caring for Young Genius.**

Coun von Hacke, second secretary of the German Embassy, who has been absent from Washington for some time, has been sent upon a special mission to the West Indies and will in future be assigned to some European post of duty.

Great interest attaches to the forthcoming tests with the submarine torpedo boat Adder, which will be officially tried in Peconic Bay within the next few weeks. There is every evidence that the Adder as a type of the latest submarine boat will surpass in its maneuvering the qualities possessed by the best boats of its class abroad. A good deal of characteristic secrecy surrounds the performance of the French submarines, but from the best obtainable information the French boats under the most favorable conditions and handled by the experts cannot come into firing position, discharge a torpedo, and disappear in much less than five minutes. This period of time for that evolution was once considered phenomenal and evoked much praise. With the American Adder, however, this important evolution will be accomplished in ten seconds, and it is said that it will take less than thirty seconds to do this even when the boat must be turned around.

**Submarine Boat Adder Does Wonders.**

One of the tests of the Adder will be the bringing of the boat to the surface with the stern toward the target and requiring the craft to be turned before firing. This achievement is a valuable contribution to the evolutionary capacities of the submarine boat. If the submarine can accomplish this work of vital attack in the incredibly short space of time of a sixth of a minute and remove itself from the guns of a foe, the the value of the submarine boat in naval warfare has increased materially.

The French submarine, which consumes five minutes in this onslaught, renders itself a comparatively easy victim to the enemy, but with the decrease of time necesary for attack to ten seconds the chance and opportunity of discovery, repulsion, and destruction are minimized. The submarine boat Fulton, which met with an accident just after its successful trial in Peconic Bay, has been repaired at considerable cost to the builders.

The batteries had to be replaced and this has taken a good deal of time. The Fulton will not be brought to Washington until after the trial of the Adder, as it is desired to use on the latter the trained crew which later on will bring the Fulton by the outside route to Chesapeake Bay. The Fulton will give tests in the Potomac for the benefit of Congressmen.

Secretary Gage will leave Washington for Palm Beach, Fla., on Feb. 3, and will rest there about three weeks. Further than this Secretary Gage will say nothing of his plans for the future. Admiral and Mrs. Dewey and a number of other Washington people are spending the winter at Palm Beach, and Secretary Gage says he looks forward to his much needed rest with a great deal of interest.

One of the early steps which will have to be taken by this government is the establishment of restrictions governing communication by wireless telegraphy. This would be absolutely necessary from the strategic standpoint, but already the governments abroad are taking that feature of the situation into consideration. Of course at sea in time of war wireless telegraph messages between ships of the same squadron will be receivable by the ships of a foe, and secret communication can only be maintained by means of a code.

**Will Pass Laws to Control Wireless Telegraph.**

A claim made by Marconi that a certain "tuning" of his instruments has removed the possibility of interference is not, say the experts, fully sustained.

It will not be possible, of course, to regulate such appropriation of messages at sea, but it will be absolutely necessary and entirely feasible to control the wireless telegraph operations on land, and when the matter is nearer complete development than at present this government will have to enact legislation in regard to wireless telegraphy on land, notably along the coast.

Baron Ambrozy, secretary of the Austrian Legation, has been recalled, and will be succeeded by Baron Frederic von Frankenstein, who will arrive in this country upon the St. Paul. Baron Ambrozy's departure will be a great loss to Washington society, as he was well adapted to the social and official duties of the post, and was an especial favorite. Baron Frankenstein, the new secretary, is also a bachelor, and it is said will be quite an acquisition, both to the diplomatic corps and society.

**New Secretary for Austrian Legation.**

Miss Merriam gave a dinner tonight, having as guests Miss Ruth Hanna, Miss Chapin, Miss De Puyster, Miss Annie McCauley, Miss Sadie Cobb, Miss Townsend, Mr. Hagner, Mr. Buchanan, Lieutenant Clark, Mr. Woolsley, Dr. Owen, Dr. Maury Cobb, and W. H. Merriam.

Mr. Lodge, the chairman of the Philippines committee, will open the debate tomorrow in support of the Republican bill, but does not intend to make a political speech. He will confine himself to an explanation of the terms of the bill which fixes the tariff rates that are to exist on products into the United States from the Philippines and vice versa, and will leave it to the Democrats to inaugurate the political debate that is to follow.

**Senator Lodge Will Not Open the Fight.**

## DEBATE ON BILLS FOR EXPENSES.

### Congressmen on Democratic Side Deride Some of Chairman Cannon's Items.

### JEER AT IMPERIALISM.

### Champ Clark of Missouri Makes Ingenious Suggestion About Royalty.

### REAL FIGHT YET TO COME.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 20.—The time of the House of Representatives was occupied today in general debate on the urgent deficiency appropriation bill. An item in the bill carrying $500,000 for a military post at Manila precipitated a long debate. A semi-humorous speech by Mr. Clark of Missouri elicited a reply from Mr. Cannon of Illinois, which in turn drew the fire of Mr. De Armond of Missouri. Others who participated were Mr. Richardson, Tennessee; Mr. Grosvenor, Ohio; Mr. Alexander, New York; Mr. Grow, Pennsylvania; Mr. Williams, Illinois; and Mr. Underwood, Alabama.

Mr. Cannon, in charge of the measure, explained that the bill provided for the government service for the current fiscal year, where existing appropriations were not sufficient. The bill carried $16,704,230.

Mr. Richardson pressed Mr. Cannon to know under what law it was proposed to appropriate $500,000 for a permanent military post at Manila.

The chairman replied that under the general organization of the army in the field such an appropriation was in order.

When pressed for an explanation as to the reason for the proposed appropriation of $40,000 for the emergency fund for the State department, Mr. Cannon admitted that it was for the entertainment of Prince Henry of Germany.

"My understanding," said he, "is that the Emperor of Germany addressed a letter to the President of the United States informing him that his brother, Prince Henry, was about to visit the United States and was especially charged with a message of congratulation and good will to the people of the United States."

**Congressman Clark's Protest.**

Mr. Clark [Mo.] wanted to know who was going to pay the expenses of the "extraordinary aggregation of talent, consisting of Whitelaw Reid, Captain Clark, General Wilson, young Pierpont Morgan, and young Wetmore," who were to be dispatched to London to see "his Sacred Majesty, King Edward VII., crowned." We were to pay the expenses of Prince Henry's visit, said Mr. Clark, and it was a poor rule that did not work both ways. If it was right and proper for us to pay for the entertainment of Prince Henry, why should not England pay the expenses of Reid, Clark, and the others?

He said he was "teetotally opposed" to paying a cent on that head. But he was glad to entertain Prince Henry, because it would "give the lie" to the impression certain Anglomaniacs were trying to foster that we were in league with England against Germany.

Mr. Clark also indulged in some general comments on the vast increase in governmental expenditure, which had grown, he said, from $1.52 per capita in 1860 to $12 per capita last year.

**Cannon Replies to Attack.**

Mr. Cannon twitted Mr. Clark with having asked for the $5,000,000 appropriation for the St. Louis exposition. Taking up Mr. Clark's statement that the per capita cost of the government had increased from $1.50 in 1860 to $12 in 1900, Mr. Cannon said it was absurd to compare the situation then and now.

Proceeding, Mr. Cannon declared himself the friend of the constitution, which, he said, followed the flag everywhere. Then, with eloquent words, he described the glory that had come to the country.

Mr. Dearmond [Mo.] sarcastically ridiculed the "remarkable appearance of the gentleman from Illinois [Cannon] in the garb and guise of a friend of the constitution."

**Jeers at English Civilization.**

The English civilization which Mr. Cannon gloried in, continued Mr. Dearmond, was the vaunted civilization against which men, women, and children were struggling and dying in south Africa in defense of liberty. The attitude of the mighty English nation in south Africa, he said, was somewhat similar to ours in the Philippines, but he believed that eventually the American people would be aroused to the enormity of their attitude, and in their sober second thought would refuse to allow themselves to be made the dupes of those who make us examples of the same civilization which was slaughtering liberty in south Africa.

During the greater part of the Senate session the measure providing for the establishment of a Department of Commerce was under consideration. An effort was made by Mr. Nelson of Minnesota to secure a vote, but the opposition to many of its provisions became so strong that the effort had to be abandoned.

## SOCIETY WEEK AT YALE IS SUCCESS IN EVERY FEATURE.

### Junior German Climax of Round of Teas, Receptions, Concerts, and Other College Functions.

New Haven, Conn., Jan. 20.—[Special.]—Yale men today reached the pinnacle of their annual social week with a round of teas and receptions, the annual Glee and Banjo concert, and the class Germans.

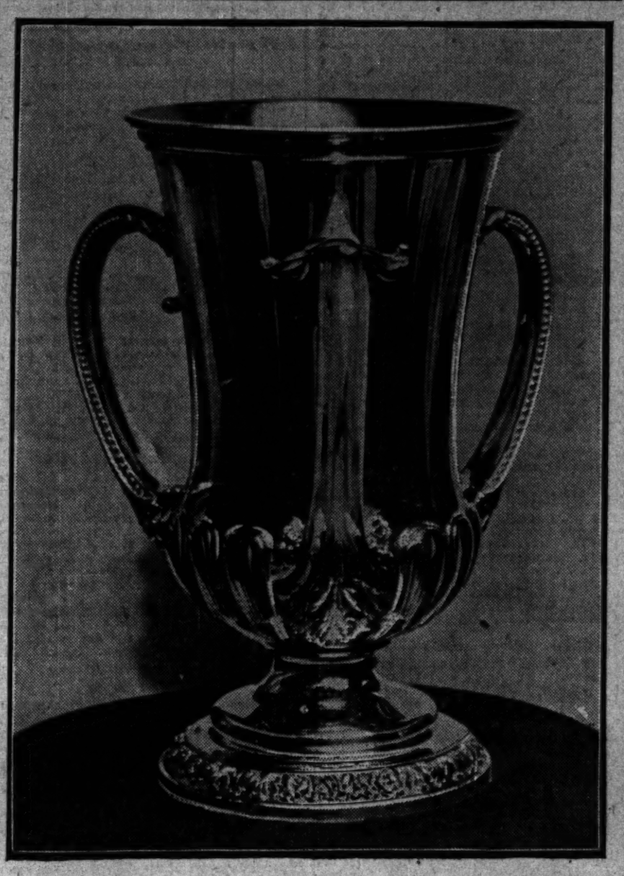
The principal event of the day was the junior german. This was held after the Glee club concert tonight, being started about midnight. It was led by Arthur Lamb of Waterbury, with Miss Belle Brooks of Germantown.

A large number of guests from Chicago and the Northwest arrived today, making the greatest total of society leaders from that locality who have enjoyed a Yale junior promenade week in years.

Mrs. Charles H. Ferry was one of the patroneesses at the junior tea today, with Mrs. Arthur T. Hadley, wife of the Yale President, Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, and Mrs. Sargent as the other patronesses. Among the guests who are here from the large cities of the Northwest are:

Miss Edith Mason, Chicago; Miss Elsie Appell, Minneapolis; Mrs. Paul Morton, Chicago; Miss Louise Gaylord, Chicago; Miss Elizabeth Hazard, Oak Grove, Ill.; Miss Alice Runnells, Chicago; Mrs. Charles H. Ferry, Chicago; Miss Mabel Mitchell, Cleveland; Miss Jean Montgomery, Chicago; Miss Julie Knapp, St. Louis; Miss Ethel C. Hayne, St. Paul; Miss Frances Hayden, Columbus; Miss Mary Berrierre, Columbus; Miss Helen Day, Indianapolis; Miss Natalie Bill, Faribault, Minn.; Miss Alice Smith, Minneapolis; Miss Marion Alderich, Evanston, Ill.; Miss Alice Orthwein, St. Louis; Miss Ethel Hubbard, Chicago; Miss Janet Gillilan, Minneapolis; Mrs. R. S. Mason, Chicago; Miss Margaret Schenck, Toledo; Mrs. Joseph Bond, Chicago.

## LOVING CUP TO BE GIVEN SCHLEY WHEN HE VISITS KNOXVILLE, TENN.



Knoxville, Tenn., Jan. 18—[Special Correspondence.]—When Admiral Schley visits Knoxville on Feb. 5 and 6 he will be presented a handsome gold and silver loving cup as a token of the esteem in which he is held by the people of Knoxville. The cup will be presented at a banquet to be given the Admiral by the Knoxville Chamber of Commerce. J. W. Caldwell will preside as toastmaster, and at the conclusion of the toasts he will introduce W. B. Lockett, President of the Chamber of Commerce, who will present the cup, which is of solid silver with the bowl lined with gold. It is twelve inches in height and seven inches in diameter across the top. The bowl is nine and one-half inches deep, and the pedestal is two and one-half inches high. Its capacity is six pints. The cup has three handles, all of which, together with the base, are elaborately chased. The inscription on the cup reads:

ADMIRAL WINFIELD SCOTT SCHLEY,
FROM
CHAMBER OF COMMERCE AND CITIZENS OF KNOXVILLE, TENN.
FEB. 5, 1902.

## WEYLER'S PLAN IN LUZON

### ARMY OFFICERS WILL CRUSH REVOLT IN BATANGAS.

**General Bell, After Conceding Lenient Treatment to the Rebellious Natives of the Province South of Manila, Determines on the Most Vigorous Measures—Natives Ordered to Move Into Concentration Camp or Zones Adjacent to the Military Garrisons.**

Washington, D. C., Jan. 20.—Having failed, after two years' strife, in subduing the insurrection in Batangas Province, which lies just south of Manila, and having satisfied himself that lenient treatment of the insurgents is productive of no good results, General J. Franklin Bell, the military commander in that province, has determined on the enforcement of the war in the most vigorous and determined fashion, involving reconcentration in a modified form, the application of martial law in all directions, and the unsparing pursuit and punishment of the natives who act as spies and traitors to the United States.

The reconcentration order is dated at Batangas on Dec. 8 last. In substance it provides for the establishment of a zone around the garrisons, into which the friendly inhabitants are to be required to come under penalty of confiscation and destruction of their property. This is said to be necessary to prevent the collection of forced contributions from the inhabitants by the insurgents.

**People Do Not Want Peace.**

This order is followed by a long circular by General Bell to his station commanders, commenting on existing conditions and giving them advice how to proceed. It begins with the statement that he shares in the general conviction that the insurrection continues because the greater part of the people, especially the wealthier ones, do not really want peace. He says it is regrettable that the innocent must suffer with the guilty, but the greatest good to the greatest number can be best brought about by putting a prompt end to the insurrection.

**Municipal Officers Treacherous.**

A special injunction is laid on the commanders to hunt down through loyal spies secret sympathizers with and contributors to the rebellion, many of whom will be found among municipal officers. General Bell says that Malvar and other insurgent leaders have dictated elections of all town officials in Batangas and Laguna, and these town Councils meet and pass resolutions denouncing the insurrection, while secretly informing the insurgents that this is done under compulsion and supplying them with information. Therefore General Bell declares that neutrality should not be tolerated; every inhabitant should be either an active friend or be classed as an enemy, and acts, not words, must be made the test.

**Native Priests Disloyal.**

Chief and most important among the class of disloyal persons, he says, are the native priests. General Bell declares it is practically certain that every one in Batangas and Laguna Provinces is a secret enemy of the government and in active sympathy with the insurgents. He orders that they be given no exemption whatever, but be brought to trial whenever sufficient evidence is obtainable, and adds that even in case of well-founded suspicion they should be arrested to stop their further activity. It is frequently impossible, he says, to obtain evidence against influential persons so long as they are at liberty, but once confined evidence is easily obtainable.

General Bell declares that the apprehension and punishment of one individual official, wealthy man, or priest is of greater importance than the punishment of a hundred ignorant persons. The wealthy and influential, he says, are those against whom the most energetic efforts should be directed.

## AIM TO FIGHT SOCIALISM

### CATHOLIC LABOR UNIONS' PURPOSE IS EXPLAINED.

**T. B. Thiele Declares the Project Is Not Sectarian, but That Episcopalians as Well as His Own Church Are Interested—Permanent Organizations to Be Established at Once—Plan Expected to Be Officially Indorsed at Meeting in Aurora.**

"Socialism is anti-Christian as well as anti-Catholic," said Theodore B. Thiele yesterday in discussing the motives which prompt the leaders of the movement to organize anti-Socialist workingmen into a union. A meeting was held on Sunday evening and the permanent organization of Catholic and non-Catholic into unions will begin soon, meetings being arranged for in the different parishes throughout the city. In May there will be a meeting of Catholic societies in Aurora, at which the Catholic union organizations are expected to receive official indorsement.

Mr. Thiele declared that the action of the Catholic and Episcopal churches in seeking to organize workingmen into unions was not antagonistic to the trades union, but to aid them towards successful organization.

"The difficulty today," said Mr. Thiele, "is that labor is disposed to listen to the high sounding phrases of the Socialists without studying to see the motive that prompts them. We want to see workmen think and reason for themselves, not go off after false gods.

"The movement must not be considered a Catholic movement, because it has been taken up all over the country. In Cleveland it was undertaken by the Episcopal Church, and we have received letters urging concerted action here. The movement must not be considered an attack on the unions, because it is not. We are simply opposed to socialism and the influence advocates of that belief exert in the unions."

**Will Dismiss Contempt Cases.**

Attorney W. J. Calhoun, representing the Allis-Chalmers company, announced yesterday in the federal court that arrangements had been made for the dismissal of the contempt cases against Alexander Story, Herman Peggendorf, and James Crevis, who were sentenced by Judge Kohlsaat recently.

The central branch of the National Building Trades council of Oklahoma City, Ok. T., has sent a letter to local organizations asking them to keep their members away from Oklahoma City, because it is overrun with workmen. The circulars state that all claims of a great boom being on are false.

**Calls Non-Union Work Best.**

Morris Vehon, secretary of the Royal tailors, who have locked out 500 employés of their contractors, said yesterday that the movement should not be considered an attack on union labor.

**Clothing Workers in Session.**

The Executive board of the Custom Clothing Workers was in session last night until a late hour at the Sherman House considering the lockout by the Royal Tailors. There will be a meeting this afternoon of Union No. 3 in Phœnix Hall, 328 Division street, which will be addressed by James H. Bowman, J. H. Payne, General President Robert Noren, and Business Agent Ellen Lindstrom.

**Pickets Set on Watch.**

The Executive District Board International Association of Machinists met last night and agreed to stand by the thirty-two machinists locked out by the Automobile and Cycle Parts company, 6106 La Salle street. Pickets were stationed about the plant.

The officers of the International Printing Pressmen and Assistants' union are in the city to meet Commissioner Driscoll of Minneapolis, representing the National Publishers' association, for the purpose of making a national agreement.

**Builders and Traders' Election.**

The Builders and Traders' Exchange held its annual meeting at 217 Chamber of Commerce and elected the following officers:

President—Frank S. Wright.
Vice President—John Dick.
Treasurer—E. T. Malone.
Directors—W. L. Clark, Daniel Freeman, J. E. Linquist, A. G. Gibson, Alex. Gordon.

## SCHLEY BACK FROM SOUTH

### SAVANNAH BIDS FAREWELL TO THE REAR ADMIRAL.

**Man Who Destroyed Cervera's Fleet on Way to Washington—Needs Rest After Continuous Round of Hospitality—Strain of Public Receptions and Worry Over His Case Tells, Although He Appears Well—Affected by Welcome of Georgians.**

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Charlotte, N. C., Jan. 20.—[Special.]—Having said farewell to the great, open-hearted hospitality which Savannah, the Gordons, and the Schleys have been dispensing to him in that oldest city of the Southland, Rear Admiral Winfield Scott Schley, with Mrs. Schley, is speeding northward tonight toward Washington.

There was no formal leavetaking at Savannah. The Rear Admiral and Mrs. Schley, accompanied by General Gordon, were driven to the railway station early this morning and waited on the platform for cars nearly half an hour. When the carriage drove up a group of men in the street raised a cheer, and on the platform were several friends and admirers, who had come down for a final handshaking. Several bunches of American beauty roses were handed to the departing guests, and these made odorous the stateroom of the car in which the Rear Admiral and Mrs. Schley are riding. Tomorrow morning at 7:35 o'clock they should reach Washington.

**Schley Affected by Hospitality.**

There is no mistaking that General Gordon and Mrs. Gordon, the family of Schleys, and the City of Savannah have left the impress of Southern hospitality upon the guests whom they have honored.

"I have known something of hospitality," said the Rear Admiral. "In the main, too, hospitality cannot be regarded as geographical, but certainly the reception which I have met in Savannah has been almost overwhelming. I have been invited to dinners and been forced to take the whole house. I visited the home of one friend and was made the guest of a whole city. It would be useless for me to attempt to say how much I have been affected by it all."

Instead of this round of Southern pleasures having worn upon the Rear Admiral, he has gained in weight and in color. Part of two days on the water and one day in the woods of St. Catherine's Island have given the Rear Admiral something of the bronze that was his when he paced the bridge of the Brooklyn.

**Rear Admiral Needs Rest.**

In spite of all this and these, however, the necessity of rest is appealing to the man who sunk Cervera's fleet. Naturally one of the best of travelers, and one of the most sociable, the Rear Admiral's retirement to his stateroom in the middle of the afternoon and his early retirement at night indicated in part how much he needed composure and sleep.

In the case of Rear Admiral Schley, and in the face of the strict silence which he has preserved everywhere with reference to the pending case in Washington, no one can consider that in the rounds of receptions just ended and in the rounds of receptions to come he has lost or can lose for long the strain which is part of these undecided problems in Washington.

**Fear of Partisan Friends.**

The fact is that partisan friendships are likely to menace the neutral silence which the Rear Admiral so scrupulously has observed, and in public especially the fear of this may be taken for granted. These conditions are conducive to nerve wear and are quite outside the general line of wear and tear which the hospitality of a great country usually forces upon one of its heroes. First of these drains in the brain and nerve force which must go into speech-making. Just to the extent that the man is a doer rather than a sayer of things is speech-making a task.

In a public reception, where long lines of admirers are presented to shake his hand, the physical strain upon the hand, the effort to catch the name of the person and to repeat it correctly, and the effort to say something that shall be appropriate to his judgment of the person introduced are all most exacting.

Then on top of this is the necessity for the Rear Admiral to remember just where and when he met a face and to call the name on the instant of meeting.

Food in bounteousness, wines, cigars, and the temptation to late hours are always pressing, until, in consideration of all that a tour of a considerable portion of his admiring country means to the Rear Admiral, it is a question if some of his friends in Chicago and in other cities on this tour might not do well to show their devotion by things which they do not do.

**Is Temperate in All Things.**

In some respects, however, the Rear Admiral is capable of protecting himself. At dinners the Rear Admiral is exceedingly temperate both as to food and drink. He eats few things and drinks in less degree. His smoking is regulated carefully. When midnight comes he insists upon going to bed. As to his social exactions, his memory of facts is excellent. A word out of the ordinary from a person whom he has never seen before will fix time, place, and face in his memory.

These are some of the characteristics of the man whom Chicago is so soon to receive. "To know him is to love him" is the refrain which his visit to Savannah has left behind him, and those who make no pretense of being seers are bespeaking for him the same reception in the North which has been extended to him in the South.

**May Make Another Tour.**

It is early for making out another and new itinerary for the Rear Admiral, but it is likely that when matters at Washington have settled he may carry out a desire to visit sections of the country still further to the west, and if these plans are carried out the Rear Admiral may go to New Orleans and from there into Texas, Oklahoma, and Kansas. Missouri may be on the list, with a special stop in St. Louis.

The City Council last night took official notice of the coming visit of Admiral Schley to Chicago. Resolutions were adopted welcoming him to the city and commending him as a naval hero. In addition a resolution, introduced by Alderman Novak, was passed, providing for closing the City Hall in Admiral Schley's honor at 1 o'clock on Monday afternoon. The Schley resolution read:

Whereas, The City of Chicago is to be honored by a visit from Rear Admiral Winfield Scott Schley; and

Whereas, Our citizens are ever ready to applaud valor, honor, and merit; and

Whereas, We recognize in Admiral Schley's achievements, his character, and his bearing one of the foremost naval heroes of all time, whose splendid record at Santiago will forever be the pride and inspiration of his grateful countrymen; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the City of Chicago, through its Mayor and Council, takes pleasure in making this public acknowledgment of the distinguished services rendered by Admiral Schley to his country and extends to him a heartfelt welcome.

A slight change was made yesterday in the program arranged for the reception of the Admiral. His special car will arrive over the Baltimore and Ohio road at 9:30 instead of 10:20 o'clock on Saturday morning, and he will be met at South Chicago by a committee composed of members of the Hamilton club. Memorial Hall has been offered the club to be used as it sees fit in the entertainment of the Admiral.

The Svithiod club will sing preceding the banquet at the Auditorium on Saturday night and Judge Axel Chytraus, F. A. Lindstrand, and Fred Franson will present an engrossed address.

Officers of the Illinois Naval Militia will dine with the Admiral on Monday evening and later he will visit the armory on Michigan avenue and inspect the quarters of the Naval Militia. Among those who will receive the Admiral at the Grand Central Station will be a number of naval veterans of the civil war.

## INDIANS HAVE NO TITLE TO SELL.

### Court Has Held That All Surrenders Cause Reversion to Government.

### LAKE FRONT CASE CLOSED

### Entire Subject Has Been Tried from Every Possible Angle of Contention.

### STORY OF MANY TREATIES.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 20.—[Special.]—From all appearances the Board of Trade man who spent his money among the Pottawatomie Indians near Dowagiac, Mich., will have a cargo of gold bricks on his hands. These Indians are citizens of the United States. They are Indians in name only. Even if they were real red men they could not sell their claims to any private individual, for the treaty under which they once had some claims specified that all their lands must be sold to the United States and to no one else.

"All lands along the lake front claimed by the Pottawatomies have been ceded to the United States," said Indian Commissioner Jones today. "Those Indians have absolutely no claim whatever to the land. This question has been repeatedly decided by the courts, by the Interior department, and by committees of the two branches of Congress which investigated the matter thoroughly.

**Tribal Rights Vacated.**

"Those Indians are citizens of the United States and long ago ceased to be members of a tribe. On Sept. 26, 1833, a treaty was concluded by and between the Pottawatomie, Chippewa, and Ottawa tribes and the United States, by which the Indians ceded to the government all their land along the shore of Lake Michigan and between this lake and the river to the west, with some other lands in the territory of Michigan.

"One of the conditions of the purchase was that the Indian tribes in question should, within three years, remove to a tract of country west of the Mississippi to be assigned to them by the President, of not less than 5,000,000 acres. The consideration of this concession was the land west of the Mississippi River and $18,000 annually for thirty years. Afterwards a supplemental treaty was made, out of which grew a suit, the Indians who remained in Michigan seeking to obtain a portion of the annuity provided in the original treaty.

"In deciding this question the court, in speaking of the removal of the Indians, said: 'Under the terms of this supplement a portion of the tribes severed their connection with the United Nation and thereby lost their identity with it as a tribe in order that they might avail themselves of the privilege of remaining in the Territory of Michigan. In ceasing to be a part of the United Nation the Pottawatomies who remained in Michigan did not retain any part of the political or corporate power of the tribe. That was undivided and still inherent in the body which emigrated beyond the Mississippi pursuant to the terms and requirements of the treaty. The portion remaining may have acquired a right to share in the annuities, but the corporate power of the tribe remained intact and incident to the larger body, which emigrated.'

**Title Rests in United States.**

"It will be seen, therefore," continued the commissioner, "that the tribes or the United Nation, acting in its corporate capacity, ceded all its land on the western shore of Lake Michigan and moved west of the Mississippi. This was done in pursuance of a general policy adopted by the United States to acquire all the Indian titles east of the Mississippi. The Indians of Michigan were then a part of the United Nation and were bound by the treaty of Sept. 27, 1833.

"By the proceedings since that time Indians have received their share of the consideration paid by the United States for that concession. It is contended this cession did not convey to the United States the lands under the water of Lake Michigan, the accretions, and the so-called water rights of the Indians. This controversy raised two questions, one as to what was the nature of the title which the Indians possessed to these lands and waters, and what was conveyed by the treaty and removal of the United Nation as a body to the lands to the west of the Mississippi.

**Terms of Treaty of 1795.**

Following up his researches, Commissioner Jones said: "In the treaty of peace of Aug. 3, 1795, in order to prevent any misunderstanding in regard to Indian lands it is declared 'the Indian tribes who have a right to these lands are quietly to enjoy them, hunting, planting, and dwelling thereon so long as they please without molestation from the United States, but when those tribes, or any of them, shall be disposed to sell their lands, or any part of them, they are to be sold only to the United States.' The Indian title was therefore a possessory title held by the corporate body or tribe.

"But it is said this did not carry the lands under the water, islands, nor the water rights. Under a long line of decisions the title to lands under navigable waters and islands is vested in the sovereign, and as one sovereign withdraws from a territory this title vests in the succeeding sovereign without any special grant. This operates in the United States when States are formed out of territories; the title to the lands under the navigable waters and the control over them vests in the new States without any grant or conveyance from the United States.

"Therefore it is absolutely certain that the cession by the tribe under the treaty of 1833 conveys all of the land, and the withdrawal of the United Nation from this territory operated to vest in the United States as sovereign all the right and title which the united tribes had to lands under the water or in the waters themselves. I am justified in concluding that the Indians do not possess any claims and consequently have no claims to sell."

**To Syndicate Title Claims.**

Another Chicago trust company, organized to hold title to the mansions on the Lake Shored rive, the Chicago avenue water works, and shore property generally, will be organized when Robert Bines finishes his purchases of Indian land claims at Dowagiac, Mich. This is the plan of William H. Cox, 202 Huron street, one of the "syndicate."

"The Illinois corporation laws prevent our organizing the company here, though its headquarters probably will be in Chicago," Mr. Cox said. "We have talked over the amount of capital stock the company will need only in a general way, and it is possible that it will be nominal.

"The Pottawatomie claims are held absolutely in Mr. Bines' name. No other name figures in the transaction, as it was thought simpler to have them held by one man. Just as soon as Mr. Bines and E. B. Stark, agent for the Indians, get back to Chicago we shall hold a meeting and decide on whom the title shall be vested in until the government settles the claims.

"We have had some of the biggest lawyers in the country give their opinions already, and they agreed with our view that the Lake Shore drive property-owners and everybody on the South Side eighty feet east of Michigan avenue is a trespasser."

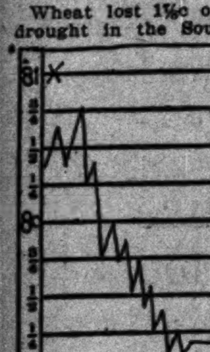
At Mr. Bines' home, 4326 Greenwood avenue, yesterday afternoon it was said he would return some day during the week.

# WHEAT TWO CENTS LOWER

## BREAKING OF DROUGHT IN SOUTHWEST BEAR FACTOR.

**Fall of Rain and Snow, with Promise of More, Starts Heavy Liquidation and Short Selling—Large Sales of Soft Winter Fail to Check Decline—Corn and Oats Up Early on Expectation of Heavier Feeding, but Turn Weak—Cash Produce Transactions.**

Wheat lost 1⅝c on the breaking of the drought in the Southwest, and closed at the bottom, while other grains and provisions suffered more or less severe sympathetic losses. The weather was the one consideration in the market, and the course of prices showed clearly that recent buyers have been influenced largely by the claims of damage to winter wheat. Fortunately for holders the relief was gradual, the weather map at the start showing only traces of rain to one-tenth of an inch, well distributed over Iowa, Nebraska, and Kansas. But this was enough to suggest strongly the likelihood of more adequate relief and start the market ½c lower in spite of the encouragement of strong cables, Liverpool up ⅝d at the opening here. But the forecast was for rain or snow yesterday and today over the entire winter wheat belt, east and west of the Rockies, and in a short time dispatches from scattered points in Kansas, Nebraska, and Iowa told of heavy snows in progress. Liquidation became heavy and the market dropped, by jerks, with only the most feeble rallies, from 80⅝c for May to 79⅛c, only ⅛c above the low point of last week, and closed at 79¼-⅛c, a net loss of 1⅜-⅞c. January was full 3⅝c under May. July sold at 79c and closed at 79⅛c.



May wheat range.

Southwestern markets, which have been boomed on the new crop situation as well as on the scarcity of winter wheat supplies, were weaker than Chicago, Kansas City May dropping to 2⅝c under, compared with a premium of ⅝c early last week, but rallying to 2c under. St. Louis broke 2¾-⅞c on both May and July, and selling for St. Louis and Southwestern account here was both heavy and continuous, those interests being the first to abandon the bull side. The market seemed devoid of support, except buying by shorts and by holders of privileges, the market breaking over 1c under the Milwaukee "put" price. There was scattered commission buying on resting orders on the way down, but not on a scale to check the onslaught of both bulls and bears.

### Visible Supplies Increase.

The statistical news was only less hurtful to values than the weather. World's shipments were heavy, 8,874,000 bu, compared with 5,352,000 bu last year; there was an increase on passage of 1,152,000 bu, to 35,978,000 bu, compared with 28,648,000 bu last year; the English visible increased 745,000 bu, compared with an increase of 282,000 bu last year, and the domestic visible increased 1,196,000 bu, as against a decrease of 649,000 bu last year. The total stock of 59,273,000 bu is less than 2,000,000 bu smaller than the supplies at this time last year. The two Northwest points had 551 cars, compared with 970 the week before and 540 a year ago, but reports from Minneapolis were that cars were in larger supply and a freer movement might be expected. Primary receipts were smaller, 686,560 bu, compared with 793,219 bu a year ago, but clearances were only 159,219 bu. There were large sales of No. 2 red to domestic millers, 375,000 bu, done in part late Saturday, and 25,000 bu spring wheat, and on the break the seaboard reported 274,000 bu taken for export, but speculative attention was centered entirely on the weather.

There was heavy selling early by McReynolds and Barrett, around 80½c, with some support by local traders on the higher cables and early strength in coarse grains. But the pressure steadily grew greater. The Southwest sold through Harris, Ware-Leland, and Jacobson, the Northwest through Gifford and Bartlett-Frazier. Armour was a heavy seller, presumably against cash purchases in the Northwest, Cudahy and Linn brokers were steady sellers, and on the decline Patten became active on that side. Carrington, Milmine-Bodman, and Chandler were active sellers, and on the extreme break Barrett, Wrenn, and Love unloaded large lines. They buying was scattered.

Liverpool futures closed ¼d higher than Saturday, spot steady to ¼d higher. London was ⅛d lower to ⅝d higher, Paris steady to ¼d higher, and Antwerp up 1¼d.

### Corn Bulge Poorly Held.

Corn made an advance of ⅝@½c early, with heavy professional buying around the high prices, apparently on the theory that the predicted snows and colder weather to follow would increase the feeding demand and further curtail the small movement. But the Southwest sold corn as well as wheat, liquidation became general, and the market succumbed to the wheat influence and broke sharply. May sold at 65¼c and at 63½c, closing at 63⅝@63¾c, a net loss of 1⅛c. July lost 1¼c, September 1⅛c, and January 1¼c. Country offerings were reported small and the local movement seemed light, 128 cars, with none contract, and 105 estimated for today, but primary points had 706,030 bu, compared with 939,029 bu last year. The cash demand was dull and discounts greater, No. 3 selling at 4c to 4½c under May, compared with 3⅝c under Saturday, and clearances were small at 6,480 bu. There were some bullish statistics, but they were not much considered after the decline started. Local stocks decreased 44,000 bu to 4,720,000 bu, and the visible supply increased 109,000 bu, compared with an increase of 1,111,000 bu last year, total stocks of 11,752,000 bu being 9,000 bu only in excess of those of last year. There was a decrease of 2,616,000 bu on ocean passage, the amount afloat, 8,056,000 bu, being barely half that afloat a year ago. World's shipments were small, 2,261,000 bu. Liverpool futures and spot were ¼d higher and London up 1⅝d to 1⅜d. The early buying was led by Comstock, the Pattens and Bartlett-Frazier, the selling by McReynolds and Ware-Leland. On the break Comstock and Love sold freely.

### Cash Oats Demand Poor.

Oats yielded like corn to the depressing effect of a weak wheat market, although up ¼-⅜c early on light offerings, a fair commission demand, and a belief in an increased feeding demand. May sold at 46⅝c, within ⅞c of the high price of the crop, and dropped back to 45½c, closing at 45⅝c, a loss of ⅝c. July lost ⅝c and September ⅝c. The cash demand was poor and prices ½c lower than on Saturday relative to the futures. There was not a large pit trade, but a good deal of liquidation through McReynolds, Barrell, and Ware-Leland. Bartlett-Frazier were buyers. There was no indication of Patten support. The visible supply declined 332,000 bu, to 4,212,000 bu, compared with 9,535,000 bu a year ago, and the small stocks in public houses decreased 167,000 bu, to 629,000 bu. Receipts were 181 cars, including 22 contract, and 195 are estimated for today. Withdrawals from store were 12,400 bu, seaboard clearances, 21,851 bu.

Except for a ¼c advance soon after the opening, when May rye sold from 64¼c to 64½c, the whole course was downward and the tone heavy. Before the close there were sales at 63c, ½c off from the high point. When the closing bell tapped 63c was bid. There was no special demand and the market sympathized strongly with other grain. Receipts were 9 cars. The visible decreased 30,000 bu, all in local stocks, about the quantity recently destroyed by fire. A week ago there was an increase of 48,000 bu.

### Hog Products Easier.

Provisions were affected by grains and at the close showed losses of 17½c to 22½c on pork, 10-12½c on lard, and 12½c on ribs, last prices being on the bottom. There was steadiness early on an advance of 5c in hogs, receipts of which were 39,000, or 4,000 under the estimate. There was not much speculative interest except for some commission buying of pork early, which advanced 5c, and the cash demand continues dull. Shipments were light, 1,620,000 lbs meats, compared with 2,744,000 lbs last year, and 659,000 lbs lard, compared with 1,852,000 lbs last year. Western hog receipts were 72,300, compared with 67,000 last year. There was selling of product by the Nebraska City and Continental Packing companies, and there was apparently some lard on the market from Cudahy.

Barley was in good demand, steady, and as to quotations entirely unchanged from Saturday. The malting range was from 60@65c, with sales mostly from 62@64c. Inspection was lighter, 28 cars. The visible increased 45,000 bu, compared with a decrease the previous week of 175,000 bu. All but 10,000 bu of the increase was in local stocks.

Timothy was unchanged at $6.60 for March. An easier feeling prevailed in cloverseed, however, where March was quoted $9.80, 10c off.

Flaxseed was about steady. A good business was done in cash seed at $1.69 for No. 1 Northwestern. At the close it was offered at $1.68¼. May was $1.70½. There were 50 cars here, 73 at Minneapolis, and 4 at Duluth.

### Range of Prices.

Grain and provision futures ranged as follows:

| | Jan. 17. | High. | Low. | Closed yesterday. | Closed Jan. 21, 1901. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **WHEAT.** | | | | | |
| Jan. ... | 77⅝ | .... | .... | 75⅝ | 72½ |
| May ... | 81 | 80⅝ | 79¼ | 79¼-⅛ | 75⅞ |
| July ... | 80⅝ | 80⅝ | 79 | 79⅛ | .... |
| **CORN.** | | | | | |
| Jan. ... | 61⅞ | .... | .... | 60¼ | 37 |
| May ... | 64⅝-¾ | 65¼ | 63½ | 63⅝-¾ | 38⅝ |
| July ... | 64⅞ | 65⅛ | 63⅞ | 63⅞ | .... |
| Sept. .. | 63⅝ | 64 | 62½ | 62½ | .... |
| **OATS.** | | | | | |
| Jan. ... | 45⅝ | .... | .... | 44⅝ | 24 |
| May ... | 46¼-⅜ | 46⅝ | 45½ | 45⅝ | 25¼ |
| July ... | 40⅝ | 41 | 40 | 40 | .... |
| Sept. .. | 33⅝ | 34 | 33¼-⅜ | 33⅝ | .... |
| **MESS PORK.** | | | | | |
| Jan. ... | 16.77½ | .... | .... | 16.57½ | 13.77½ |
| May ... | 17.12½ | 17.20 | 16.90 | 16.95 | 13.92½ |
| July ... | 17.10 | 17.15 | 16.87½ | 16.87½ | .... |
| **LARD.** | | | | | |
| Jan. ... | 9.47½ | 9.45 | 9.35 | 9.35 | 7.32½ |
| May ... | 9.75 | 9.75 | 9.65 | 9.65 | 7.42½ |
| July ... | 9.82½ | 9.82½ | 9.72½ | 9.72½ | .... |
| **SHORT RIBS.** | | | | | |
| Jan. ... | 8.47½ | .... | .... | 8.35 | 6.92½ |
| May ... | 8.72½ | 8.72½ | 8.60 | 8.60-2½ | 7.05 |

GRAIN INSPECTION.

| | No. 2 and better. | No. 3. | Low grade. | Total. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Winter wheat | 1 | 7 | 1 | 9 |
| Spring wheat | 8 | 22 | 19 | 49 |
| Corn | .. | 95 | 33 | 128 |
| Oats | 22 | 133 | 26 | 181 |
| Rye | 6 | 3 | .. | 9 |
| Barley | 3 | 18 | 7 | 28 |
| Totals | 40 | 278 | 86 | 404 |

Inspected out: 16,400 bu winter and 2,500 bu spring wheat, 12,400 bu oats. From unlicensed elevators: 20 cars winter wheat, 7 cars and 54,300 bu spring wheat, 61 cars corn, 3 cars oats.

The Secretary of the Chicago Board of Trade gives the following as the visible supply of grain [bu]:

| | Jan. 18, 1902. | Jan. 11, 1902. | Jan. 4, 1902. | Jan. 19, 1901. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat | 59,273,000 | 58,077,000 | 58,929,000 | 61,196,000 |
| Corn | 11,752,000 | 11,643,000 | 11,702,000 | 11,743,000 |
| Oats | 4,212,000 | 4,544,000 | 5,002,000 | 9,335,000 |
| Rye | 2,284,000 | 2,409,000 | 2,361,000 | 1,211,000 |
| Barley | 2,161,000 | 2,149,000 | 2,324,000 | 2,011,000 |

The following are changes for the week:

| | Inc. bu. | Dec. bu. |
|---|---|---|
| Wheat | 92,000 | |
| Corn | ...... | 44,000 |
| Oats | ...... | 167,000 |
| Rye | ...... | 30,000 |
| Barley | 45,000 | |

The following are the amounts of grain in store and afloat in the city on the dates named [bu]:

| | Jan. 18, 1902. | Jan. 11, 1902. | Jan. 4, 1902. | Jan. 19, 1901. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat | 7,264,000 | 7,162,000 | 7,188,000 | 11,698,000 |
| Corn | 4,720,000 | 4,764,000 | 4,879,000 | 3,338,000 |
| Oats | 629,000 | 796,000 | 881,000 | 3,477,000 |
| Rye | 1,019,000 | 1,049,000 | 1,058,000 | 627,000 |
| Barley | 198,000 | 148,000 | 148,000 | 259,000 |

### Cash Produce Transactions.

FLOUR—Dull. Winter patents, Southern, $3.80@4.00; spring, special brands, $4.30; hard patents, $3.60@3.80; soft, $3.50@3.60; white rye, brls, $2.85@2.95.

WINTER WHEAT—Weak and 1½c lower. Sales in store and to go: No. 2 red, 250,000 bu on p. t. Free on board: No. 3 red, 81½c.

SPRING WHEAT—Quiet and lower. Sales in store and to go: No. 4, 66c; not graded, 20,000 bu on p. t. Free on board: No. 4, 64@67c; No. 3, 73c. Billed through: No. 3, 75½c; No. 2 Northern, 76½c.

CORN—Steady early, closing heavy and lower. Sales in store and to go: No. 3, 60⅝c. On track and free on board: No. 4, 60@60½c; No. 3, 60½@61⅛c; No. 3 yellow, 61@61½c; No. 3 white, 62⅝c; ears, in large supply and dull, 57c. Billed through: No. 4, 58½@61¼c; No. 3, 59@61c; No. 3 yellow, 59@61c; No. 2 yellow, 60⅝c; No. 3 white, 62@62½c.

OATS—Weak and lower. Sales on track and free on board: No grade, 43c; No. 4 white, 43@46¼c; No. 3 white, 46@47½c; No. 2, 46½c; No. 2 white, 47¼@47⅝c. Billed through: No. 4 white, 45@46½c; No. 3, 45⅝c; No. 3 white, 45¼@47c; No. 2, 46c; No. 2 white, 47@47½c.

RYE—Weak. Sales free on board: No. 2, 62¼@62⅝c.

PROVISIONS—Weak and lower. Cash lots mess pork, $16.60@16.65; lard, $9.35@9.45; short ribs, $8.30@8.45, according to weight.

WHISKY—Basis finished goods, steady, $1.32.

HAY—Weak. Receipts, 1,666 tons; shipments, 82 tons. Sales on track: Choice timothy, $13.00; fancy, $13.50; No. 1 timothy, $12.00@12.50; No. 2 timothy, $11.50; No. 3 timothy, $10.00; not graded timothy, $9.50 @12.00. Choice prairie, Iowa, $12.00@12.50; No. 1 prairie, Iowa, $11.00; No. 3 prairie, $8.00@8.50; not graded prairie, Iowa, $9.50 @10.00. Free on board and switched: Choice timothy, $13.00; not graded timothy, $11.00; No. 1 prairie, Iowa and Kansas, $10.00.

### Trade Gossip on 'Change.

Estimated arrivals for today are: Wheat, 45 cars; corn, 105 cars; oats, 195 cars; hogs, 37,000.

There was some improvement in the quality of hog receipts last week, the average weight being 204 lbs, compared with 200 lbs the week before, 196 lbs as the low weekly average, and 225 lbs a year ago.

The kindly attitude of the linseed oil trust toward a firm of flaxseed merchants was illustrated yesterday, when a broker for the American company was buying spot seed freely at $1.69, while a representative of the merchant was offering it in open market at $1.68½.

There were large sales of No. 2 red winter wheat here yesterday, to domestic millers generally, but largely in the South, 250,000 bu by Templeton and 125,000 bu by McReynolds The premiums were not quoted, but are believed to be about as high as have been paid, 4½@5c over May There were also sales of 25,000 bu spring wheat to millers.

Now that the growing winter wheat crop has been buried under snow to a considerable extent, the trade will watch with some interest to see if receipts of winter wheat increase materially. If they should do so those who have claimed there were large amounts of wheat back in farmers' hands in Kansas and Nebraska will say, "I told you so," and that one of the bull arguments based on the feeding of wheat and the extraordinary consumption of the winter wheat crop will be shaken.

The extent to which feeders have been saving by the mild weather which has been prevailing throughout the entire stock country is illustrated in the hay market, where prices are $1.00 a ton lower than a week ago. Receipts are heavy, and the demand nowhere near brisk enough to keep stocks of hay well enough cleaned up to make even a fairly firm market. Of course, other kinds of feed are being saved in the same proportion as hay, and dealers say they have little to hope for in the way of better market conditions unless cold weather again sets in.

The National Board of Trade will meet in Washington today, and, for the first time in its history, assemble without the presence of a delegation from this city. The directors last winter passed a resolution abolishing the Chicago representation, on the broad ground that the game was not worth the candle. The expense was close to $1,000 every year, and there was little or nothing in the way of practical results to show for it. Much of the same old straw will be thrashed over this year as at former meetings. This includes talks on the American merchant marine, ship subsidy, railroad pooling, the interstate commerce law, the parcels post system, a one-cent letter postage, currency legislation, coastwise and inland waterways, irrigation and forestry, the Nicaragua and isthmian canal, a reduction of war taxes, a national bankrupt law, reciprocity, expansion of commerce, foreign markets, and other kindred topics.

In discussing the popular question of the decline in prices throughout the grain list and also in the way of making a prediction for the future, an old trader said yesterday: "The fact of the matter is we have the foreigners practically 'broke.' We have invaded all the European countries with our manufactured goods cheaper than the same things can be made for on the other side. To compete with us the foreign manufacturer has done the only thing he could do—lower the wages of his workmen. In doing this he has curtailed the purchasing power of the people of the country generally. The leading European countries have no crops worth speaking of. What little flour they buy is ground from American wheat. They would buy more if they had the money. Thus to move the 750,000,000 bu crop we raised in this country the price to the foreigner will have to be dropped to a point where he can afford to buy it—and that price is a long way below the present value. The price was bulled from 65c up to 85c and now it is back to 80c. I shall be much surprised if before the end of 1902 we do not have a repetition of the panicky times of 1893. The enormous overissue of securities of all kinds point to this as the windup in the way of restoring values to points more in keeping with the earning capacities of the people, on whom we depend to eat the vast quantities of things we raise. The view I take may be broader than will be indorsed by the trade generally, but the present is certainly a situation well worth studying."

Commissioner Yerkes of the Internal Revenue department has, at the instance of the Transportation committee of the Board of Trade, made a ruling as to the application of paragraph 2 of schedule A, as amended by the act of March 2, 1901, to grain shipped from country points and actually in course of transportation under a "through rate." The commissioner rules that the sale of the grain at an exchange, while the same is loaded into a vessel, boat, or car, and actually in course of forward transportation, would be exempt from tax. This ruling would not apply, however, where the grain, after arrival in Chicago or elsewhere, remained stored in a vessel, boat, or car, or in an elevator pending sale. The grain would not cease to be in actual course of transportation by passing through a track, so-called "jumbo" car, or through an elevator building in the process of being transferred from car to vessel or boat, or vice versa, providing that such proceeding was necessary for the purpose of actual continuous forward transportation. If the stoppage of cars in Chicago is purely temporary, caused by ordinary transportation usages and customs, and the cars are not held there merely for the purpose of making sale of grain while in cars, then the tax would not accrue, because the grain would be considered to be still actually in course of transportation; but if the cars should be detained for a day or days, not according to the ordinary movement of cars billed as these are, then the ruling would be different.

# PRODUCE LINES ARE FIRMER.

## Decline in Eggs Checked—Supply of Poultry Is Short and Prices Steady.

The decline in the price of eggs, which were quoted at 2½c to 3c lower on Saturday last than on Thursday, was checked yesterday, strictly fresh gathered, Southern, selling at the same figure as at the close of business on Saturday. Butter held firm, with no change in price. Receipts of poultry were light, and really good turkeys are in demand, the best selling at 12½c per lb, with the lower grades holding their relative positions below this value. California vegetables are arriving in large quantities and are taking the place of the usual Southern supplies, which have been reduced to about 10 per cent of former amounts by reason of a severe frost in Louisiana and Florida about the middle of December. Considerable activity is developing in the fruit market, time of year considered. Apples are moving well, while oranges, lemons, etc., have a strong and steady sale at prices much below that of former years.

Quotations for round lots of produce were as follows:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| **DAIRY PRODUCTS.** | | | |
| Eggs, loss off, cases returned, new, Southern | 22½@23c | Cheese, twins | 10¼@10½c |
| Do Northern | 18@22c | Cheese, fancy brick | 10⅝@11c |
| Eggs, at mark, cases returned | 22@23c | Butter, creamery, extra | 23@23½c |
| City recandled | 22½@23c | Firsts | 20@21c |
| Cold storage, April stock | 18½@19½c | Seconds | 15@17c |
| Cheese, Y. A. | 10⅝@11¼c | Dairies | 19@20c |
| | | Ladles | 14@15c |
| **POULTRY.** | | | |
| Live Turkeys | 6@8½c | Do chickens | 6@9c |
| Do chickens | 5@8½c | Capons | 12@14c |
| Do ducks | 9@10c | Do ducks | 9@11½c |
| Do geese, doz | $3.50@6.50 | Do geese | 6@8c |
| Dressed turk's | 7@12c | | |
| **FISH.** | | | |
| Black bass, lb | 12@13c | Pickerel | 4@5c |
| Carp | 1½@2c | Eels | 6@8c |
| Pike | [illegible] | Perch | 3@9c |
| **GAME.** | | | |
| Ducks, mallard, doz | $3.25@4.50 | Rabbits, doz | 85@90c |
| Do bluewing | $2.75@3.00 | Do jack, doz | $1.25@1.50 |
| Do teal | $3.50 | Do white | $2.50@2.75 |
| Jacksnipe, doz | $2.00 | Sandsnipe, doz | 25@35c |
| Prairie chickens, doz | $9.00@10.00 | Plover, golden, doz | $2.00 |
| | | Do grass | $1.75@2.00 |
| | | Venison, lb | 25@30c |
| **FRUITS.** | | | |
| Apples, good to choice | $3.00@3.50 | Oranges, Cal., navels, boxes | $2.25@3.00 |
| Apples, fancy | $4.00@5.00 | Do Florida | $2.00@2.25 |
| Do Oregon, box | $1.00@1.50 | Bananas, bch | $1.00@1.50 |
| Lemons, Cal. | $2.25@3.00 | Cranberries, brls | $7.50@8.00 |
| Pineapples, Fla., crates | $3.50@5.00 | Grapes, Cal., 4 baskets | $1.00@1.50 |
| | | Catawbas, 15-basket cases | $2.00@2.25 |
| **VEGETABLES.** | | | |
| Beans, navy, hand-picked | $1.65@1.68 | Tomatoes, Cal., 4-bskt cases | $1.25@1.75 |
| Medium | $1.60 | Lettuce, head, Fla., baskets | $2.50@3.00 |
| Celery, Mich., 5-6 doz bchs | 75c@$1.00 | Do leaf, hothouse, in cases | 25@35c |
| Cabbage, N. Y., brl | $1.00@1.25 | Potatoes, rurals | 72@78c |
| Do Cala., new, crate | $3.50 | Do red stock | 67@72c |
| Onions, white, bu | $1.60@1.70 | Sweet potatoes, Ill., brls | $2.00@3.75 |

The following table shows the receipts and shipments of country produce for the last forty-eight hours, as compared with the same time last year:

| Articles. | Receipts 1902. | Receipts 1901. | Shipments 1902. | Shipments 1901. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Apples, brls | 126 | 480 | 188 | 697 |
| Beans, bu | 1,096 | 1,677 | 820 | 1,832 |
| B. corn, lbs | 66,000 | 22,500 | 24,000 | 12,440 |
| Butter, lbs | 450,931 | 648,925 | 598,976 | 823,028 |
| Cheese, lbs | 173,980 | 230,285 | 137,360 | 137,805 |
| D. fruits, lbs | 116,927 | 35,000 | 4,790 | 18,800 |
| Eggs, pkgs | 3,725 | 3,436 | 1,131 | 950 |
| Game, pkgs | ..... | 108 | ..... | ..... |
| Hay, tons | 1,166 | 515 | 82 | 10 |
| Hides, lbs | 291,040 | 600,233 | 297,787 | 497,952 |
| Hops, lbs | ..... | 35,150 | 16,270 | 64,632 |
| Potatoes, bu | 21,301 | 17,663 | 4,622 | 10,993 |
| Poultry, lbs | 210,890 | 228,565 | 84,524 | 250,530 |
| Poultry, c'ps | 174 | 260 | ..... | 200 |
| Wool, lbs | 50,000 | 75,600 | 41,032 | 147,856 |

# IN THE NEW YORK MARKETS.

## Current and Closing Quotations on Dry Goods, Coffee, Poultry, Butter, and Metals.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—Dry goods—The week opened with a moderate demand for the general run of cotton goods. Brown sheetings, drills, and bleached cottons are steady. Denims and other coarse colored goods firm. Prints and ginghams firm, but quiet. Print cloth fabrics firm. Hosiery and underwear steady, but quiet.

### Sharp Break in Coffee.

Spot Rio dull and lower at 5⅞@6c for No. 7. Sales, 1,500 bags Rio No. 7 at 5⅝c, 500 bags Maracaibo. Futures declined 35 to 40 points and closed steady, with sales of 126,750 bags. Havre declined 1¼ to 2 francs and Hamburg 1 to 1¼ pfg. American warehouse deliveries last week, 119,831 bags, against 194,451 in the previous week and 112,124 last year. Rio was unchanged; exchange declined 1-16d to 12 3-16d; receipts, 11,000 bags; stock, 490,000. Santos was unchanged; receipts, 24,000 bags; stock, 1,148,000. Interior receipts, 30,300 bags.

### Poultry, Alive and Dressed.

Poultry—Alive—Chickens, per lb, 8@9c; fowls, prime, 10½c; turkeys, 10@10½c; ducks, Western, per pair, 70@80c; geese, Western, $1.25@1.50. Dressed—Turkeys, young hens, fancy, 14c; do, old and young hens, mixed fancy, 13@13½c; do, Western, hens and toms, fancy, 13@13½c; young toms, fancy, 13c; do, mixed, good to prime, 12@12½c; chickens, Western, choice to fancy, 10½@11½c; do, fair to good, 9@10½c; capons, fancy, large, 18@20c; do, medium size, 14@16c; do, small and slips, 12@13c; ducks, Western, fancy, 13@14c; do, poor to fair, 9@12c; geese, Western, fancy, 9c; do, fair to good, 7@8c.

### Butter of All Grades.

Butter—Creamery, extras, per lb, 23½c; do firsts, 21@22½c; do seconds, 18@20c; creamery, June make, extras, 20@21c; do held, firsts, 18@19c; do seconds, 16@17c; State dairy, tubs, fresh, finest, 21@22c; do firsts, 18@20c; do seconds, 16@17c; Western imitation creamery, fancy, 18@18½c; do firsts, 16@17c; Western factory, fresh fancy, 17c; do, choice, 15@15½c; do, fair to prime, 14@14½c; do, June packed, choice, 15@15½c; do, held, fair to good, 14@14½c; rolls, fresh, choice, 17c; renovated butter, fancy, 18½@19c.

### In the Metal Markets.

The local market for tin was a shade better, closing with $23.75 bid and $24.00 asked, and firm. Copper was easier, with lake quoted at 11c and electrolytic at 10¾@11c, and casting at 10⅝c. Lead was quiet and unchanged at 4c. Spelter was unchanged and iron quiet.

# NEW STOCK-YARDS BANK

## SAVINGS INSTITUTION TO HAVE $200,000 CAPITAL.

**Organized by Interests in the Drovers' National, Who Will Manage It—James B. Forgan Leaves for Washington Today to Present Request of Clearing-House for Postponement of Action on Back Taxes—Gage Rumor Is Denied—Railway Earnings.**

Interests identified with the Drovers' National Bank have organized the Drovers' Trust and Savings Bank, with a capital of $200,000. Permission was granted by the Auditor of Public Accounts yesterday at Springfield for the organization of the new bank. The incorporators are: William H. Brintnall, President of the Drovers' National; Edward Tilden, a director of the bank; William A. Tilden, cashier; and Charles S. Brintnall, a son of President Brintnall.

The new bank will be located at the outset in the same building as the Drovers' National, 4205 South Halsted street, although eventually it will have its own building. The stockholders, as well as the officers and directors, will be people now interested in the Drovers' National.

"We had been talking for some time of starting a State bank, and we think there is a place for one in this district," said William H. Brintnall last evening. "The new institution will do strictly a savings and trust business. The stock has been taken by people connected with the Drovers' National. The bank will begin as soon as possible."

### Bankers to Go to Washington.

President James B. Forgan of the First National Bank will leave this afternoon for Washington, where he goes as representative of the Chicago Clearing-House to ask the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to suspend the collection of back taxes on the undivided profits of banks pending a decision by the courts in New York on the point. Mr. Forgan will be joined in his request by representatives of the clearing-houses in New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, St. Louis, and Boston. The bankers will do what they can to urge the repeal of the war tax on the capital of banks, which is the only capital specially taxed.

### Financial Topics.

A Toledo, O., dispatch says that the Central Union Telephone company has bought the new Harrison Telephone company, the only independent plant operating in that city.

Call money ruled in New York at 3⅝ per cent and closed at 3½@4. The last loan was at 4 per cent.

It is reported that negotiations have been opened by the American Can company for the purchase of a large plant in St. Louis.

E. R. Thomas and H. H. Work have been elected directors of the Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville road to succeed Temple Bowdoin and Richard Trimble, resigned. The change in the board is not regarded as indicating any change whatever in the control or policy of the company.

It is said the United States Steel corporation has purchased the Palmer rolling mill at Muncie for $250,000 cash.

Application has been made to the New York Stock Exchange to list $5,491,000 first preferred stock, $3,500,000 second preferred, and $4,600,000 common stock of the St. Joseph and Grand Island railway company. The stock takes the place of the voting trust certificates.

According to figures compiled by the New York Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin, the Pullman company built 626 passenger and 10,945 freight cars during 1901. The American Car and Foundry company made 81,000 freight and 610 passenger cars. These are the principal companies, and with others, including the Pressed Steel Car company's output and construction in shops of various railroads, the total number of freight cars built during the year aggregates 196,000, and of passenger cars 2,500. The output of engines from all sources was about 4,600 and of steel reals 2,700,000 tons.

### Home Savings Bank Officers.

The directors of the Home Savings Bank elected the following officers:

President—W. J. Onahan.
Vice President—Maurice Rosenfeld.
Cashier—Charles E. Schick.

Mr. Onahan has been the Vice President of the bank since its organization. C. K. G. Billings, the former President, declined reelection on account of his removal to New York. The directors are: John M. Smyth, C. K. G. Billings, John R. Walsh, Andrew McNally, W. J. Onahan, and Maurice Rosenfeld.

### Deny Rumor About L. J. Gage.

A New York report that Lyman J. Gage had been offered the Presidency of the Chicago Title and Trust company was denied officially by one of the principal directors of the company.

Unless there is a hitch the combination of the Glucose and Starch companies will be carried through in a short time.

The following was sent from New York on Erie: "The impression is that Erie directors at their meeting on Wednesday will not increase the dividend on the first preferred from its present 3 per cent basis. At all events, there is no general expectation that they will do so at this time. It would be natural that dividends should be paid for one year at a 3 per cent rate before an increase was made. Of course the company could easily pay the full dividend if the directors thought it advisable, not merely on the first preferred but also on the second preferred, which is a small issue. It may be reckoned that the road is earning 2 per cent on the common stock this year. It would, however, perhaps be unwise to go too fast in the matter of dividends, as the company can profitably use a good deal of money for improvements for some time to come, if the operating officials are to get the full efficiency out of the property. Consequently the belief is that 1½ per cent will be declared on the first preferred for the half year."

A dispatch from Butte, Mont., says it is reported there that F. A. Heinze had struck a new ore body which promises to become one of the richest copper producers in Montana.

The Mexican government gives notice that it has purchased and canceled, according to the sinking fund agreement, £77,160 of the Mexican 5 per cent consolidated external loan of 1899.

### Dividends Declared.

The Colorado Fuel and Iron company declared the regular semi-annual dividend of 4 per cent on the preferred stock, payable on Feb. 20.

The directors of the Pullman company have declared a regular quarterly dividend of $2 per share from net earnings, payable on Feb. 15.

### Railroad Earnings.

Railroad earnings are reported as follows:

| | 1902. | 1901. | Increase. |
|---|---|---|---|
| **GRAND TRUNK SYSTEM.** | | | |
| 2d week Jan. | $ 512,443 | $ 492,402 | $ 20,041 |
| From July 1 | 16,268,134 | 15,533,576 | 734,558 |
| **CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS.** | | | |
| 2d week Jan. | 319,221 | 300,167 | 19,054 |
| From July 1 | 10,606,431 | 9,872,924 | 733,507 |
| **TOLEDO AND OHIO CENTRAL.** | | | |
| 2d week Jan. | 55,710 | 48,672 | 7,038 |
| From July 1 | 1,589,988 | 1,400,687 | 189,301 |
| **KANAWHA AND MICHIGAN.** | | | |
| 2d week Jan. | 21,232 | 16,890 | 4,342 |
| From July 1 | 581,707 | 483,406 | 98,301 |
| **SOUTHERN.** | | | |
| 2d week Jan. | 733,589 | 681,289 | 52,300 |
| From July 1 | 20,343,424 | 19,354,742 | 988,682 |
| **RIO GRANDE SOUTHERN.** | | | |
| 2d week Jan. | 10,108 | 9,472 | 636 |
| From July 1 | 319,038 | 310,006 | 9,032 |
| **PITTSBURG AND WESTERN.** | | | |
| 2d week Jan. | 64,002 | 62,208 | 1,799 |
| From Jan. 1 | 117,306 | 124,407 | *7,101 |
| **INTERNATIONAL AND NORTHERN.** | | | |
| 2d week Jan. | 97,414 | 97,717 | *303 |
| From July 1 | 2,815,204 | 2,813,517 | 1,687 |
| **TOLEDO, PEORIA AND WESTERN.** | | | |
| 2d week Jan. | 22,748 | 21,714 | 1,034 |
| From July 1 | 646,848 | 648,614 | *1,276 |
| **PEORIA AND EASTERN.** | | | |
| 2d week Jan. | 45,502 | 48,832 | *3,330 |
| From July 1 | 1,411,781 | 1,303,359 | 108,422 |
| **CENTRAL OF GEORGIA.** | | | |
| 2d week Jan. | 173,260 | 145,740 | 27,520 |
| From July 1 | 4,375,665 | 3,933,095 | 442,570 |
| **ALABAMA GREAT SOUTHERN.** | | | |
| 2d week Jan. | 50,490 | 47,921 | 2,569 |
| From July 1 | 1,347,549 | 1,189,120 | 158,429 |
| **COLORADO SOUTHERN.** | | | |
| 2d week Jan. | 92,080 | 80,105 | 11,975 |
| From July 1 | 2,991,707 | 2,631,902 | 359,805 |
| **LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE.** | | | |
| 2d week Jan. | 618,695 | 572,300 | 41,395 |
| Month | 11,184,715 | 11,087,125 | 97,590 |
| From July 1 | 16,312,774 | 14,942,940 | 1,369,834 |
| **CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS AND LOUISVILLE.** | | | |
| 2d week Jan. | 76,241 | 72,585 | 3,676 |
| From July 1 | 2,507,720 | 2,243,708 | 264,012 |

*Decrease.

### Foreign Exchange Market.

C. Schumacher & Co. say in their review of the foreign exchange market: "The supply of commercial bills was small, cotton bills actually scarce, and grain bills equally so. Had there been any demand at all, exchange must have had a sharp advance. The only demand, however, was for renewal purposes, which did not affect the market.

"Our money market has now apparently ceased to be a disturbing element in the exchange market, but is still far enough above the European markets to offer our banks and bankers every inducement to avail themselves freely of their credits abroad. The short interest cannot, therefore, be expected to diminish much for the present, and the position of exchange must consequently remain strong. All reactions and weakness that may occur can only be of merely temporary character.

"Gold shipments must now again be resorted to soon. With sterling at 25.12 in Paris, we should not be surprised to hear of another shipment."

Foreign exchange closed at the following rates in Chicago:

SELLING RATES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Checks, Paris | 515⅝ |
| Cable transfers, London | 487⅞ |
| Checks, London | 487 |
| Checks, Berlin | 95 7-16 |
| Checks, Holland | 40¼ |

BUYING RATES.

| | |
|---|---|
| 60 days, London, bankers' | 484¼ |
| 60 days, London, documentary | 484 |
| 3 days, Paris | 516⅞—1-16 |
| 60 days, Paris, documentary | 519⅜ |
| 3 days, Antwerp | 518⅛ |
| 60 days, Antwerp | 520 |
| 3 days, Hamburg | 95⅛ |
| 60 days, Germany, documentary | 94⅝ |
| 60 days, Germany, bankers' | 94⅞ |
| 3 days, Holland | 40 1-16 |
| 60 days, Holland | 39 15-16 |

Closing prices on curb stocks in New York were as follows:

| | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|
| American Can | 14½ | 15 |
| Do pfd | 56 | 57 |
| American Hide and Leather | 7 | 8 |
| Do pfd | 41½ | 42 |
| Bay State Gas | ⅜ | ¾ |
| British Columbia Copper | 8½ | 9 |
| Compressed Air | 10½ | 12 |
| Electric Boat | 26 | 28 |
| Do pfd | 48 | 50 |
| Electro-Pneumatic | 1¼ | 1⅜ |
| Electric Vehicle | 2 | 3 |
| Do pfd | 4 | 6 |
| General Carriage | 1 | 1⅜ |
| Havana Commercial Co. | 11 | 13 |
| Do pfd | 45 | 48 |
| Illinois Vehicle | ¼ | ½ |
| National City Bank | 600 | 615 |
| National Enameling and Stamp Co. | 30¼ | 30¾ |
| Do pfd | 82 | 85 |
| N. Y. Electric Vehicle Trans. | 11½ | 11⅞ |
| Northern Securities Co. | 102⅞ | 103⅛ |
| Otis Elevator | 28½ | 30 |
| Do pfd | 92½ | 94 |
| Pitts. Bessemer and L. E. | 36 | 37 |
| Royal Baking Powder pfd | 106 | 108 |
| Seaboard Air Line | 24½ | 25 |
| Do pfd | 46½ | 46⅞ |
| Do 4s | 84½ | 84⅞ |
| Standard Oil | 630 | 635 |
| St. Louis Transit | 32 | 33¼ |
| U. S. Cast Iron Pipe | 7 | 7½ |
| Do pfd | 39¼ | 40 |
| United Rys. of St. Louis pfd | 85 | 85½ |
| Do 4s | 89¼ | 89⅝ |
| N. & W. Pocahontas new 4s | 93⅝ | 94 |

### Chicago Stock Market.

American Can stocks made losses in the Chicago market yesterday. The preferred declined 1⅜ and the common ⅛. Northwestern Elevated bonds sold at 98¼, a gain of ¼, for $31,000.

Sales on the Chicago Stock Exchange were as follows:

| | Shares. | High. | Low. | Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| American Can | 350 | 15⅛ | 14¾ | 14⅞ |
| Do pfd | 1,075 | 58⅜ | 56⅞ | 57 |
| American Radiator pfd | 19 | 116½ | 116½ | 116½ |
| American Strawboard | 185 | 23½ | 23½ | 23½ |
| Chicago and Alton pfd | 30 | 76½ | 76½ | 76½ |
| Chicago City railway | 7 | 190 | 190 | 190 |
| Diamond Match | 150 | 133¾ | 133 | 133¾ |
| Lake Street Elevated | 130 | 10⅝ | 10⅝ | 10⅝ |
| Metropolitan Elevated | 55 | 40 | 40 | 40 |
| Milwaukee Brewing | 50 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Do pfd | 50 | 17⅛ | 17⅛ | 17⅛ |
| National Biscuit | 537 | 45 | 44⅝ | 44⅝ |
| Do pfd | 10 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| National Carbon | 200 | 18⅛ | 18⅛ | 18⅛ |
| Do pfd | 6 | 85 | 85 | 85 |
| North Chicago | 5 | 175 | 175 | 175 |
| South Side Elevated | 60 | 107 | 106 | 107 |
| West Chicago | 5 | 91 | 91 | 91 |

BONDS.

$31000 NWL ..4s.. 98¼ | $5500 Lake deb 5s..102½
5500 Lake deb 5s.102⅛ |

Clearings at the larger cities yesterday and a week ago were:

| | Jan. 20. | Jan. 13. |
|---|---|---|
| New York | $131,913,564 | $138,998,031 |
| Chicago | 28,240,993 | 30,263,523 |
| Boston | 19,113,316 | 18,566,447 |
| Philadelphia | 13,871,497 | 13,197,990 |
| St. Louis | 10,022,725 | 10,230,023 |
| Baltimore | 2,756,647 | 3,094,327 |

New York exchange sold yesterday as follows: Chicago, 40c premium; St. Louis, 30c premium.

# IN THE BOSTON MONEY MARKET.

## General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Copper Stocks, and Other Securities at the Hub.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 20.—[Special.]—Coppers boomed today. Tri-Mountain advanced nearly 5 per cent to 59¼, Copper Range rose 6 to 59, and Baltic 4⅝ to 39⅝. Amalgamated was dull and steady.

Call loans, 4@5 per cent. Time loans, collateral, 4@5 per cent. Time loans, mercantile paper, 4½@5 per cent. Clearing-house loans, 3 per cent.

| Description. | Sales. | Open. | High. | Low. | Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Amal. Copper | 1,861 | 69⅞ | 70⅞ | 69⅞ | 69⅞ |
| Adventure | 410 | 19½ | 21 | 19½ | 20 |
| Amer. Sugar | 3,703 | 122 | 122⅝ | 120¾ | 121¼ |
| Atchison | 3,700 | 76⅝ | 76¾ | 74⅞ | 75⅛ |
| Do pfd | 601 | 97 | 97 | 96⅞ | 96⅞ |
| Atlantic | 100 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 |
| Arcadian | 200 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Amer. Woolen pr. | 37 | 79 | 79¼ | 79 | 79¼ |
| Amer. Tel. | 135 | 159¼ | 160 | 159¼ | 160 |
| Baltic | 1,246 | 36¼ | 39⅝ | 36½ | 38 |
| Bingham | 205 | 21½ | 21⅞ | 21½ | 21⅞ |
| Bonanza | 200 | 87½ | 87½ | 85 | 85 |
| Chicago Junction | 60 | 155½ | 157 | 155½ | 157 |
| Cochiti | 200 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Copper Range | 590 | 58¼ | 59 | 58¼ | 57¼ |
| Calumet | 1 | 575 | 575 | 575 | 575 |
| Cons. Mercur | 100 | 1¼ | 1¼ | 1¼ | 1¼ |
| Centennial | 200 | 12½ | 13 | 12½ | 13 |
| Cataipa | 400 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| Cent. Oil | 50 | 7 | 7¼ | 7 | 7¼ |
| Dom. Coal | 735 | 56⅝ | 57⅛ | 56⅝ | 57⅛ |
| Dom. Steel | 650 | 25¼ | 26⅝ | 25¼ | 26⅝ |
| Daly West | 535 | 29¼ | 30 | 29 | 30 |
| Erie Tel | 6 | 18⅝ | 18⅝ | 18⅝ | 18⅝ |
| Elm River | 370 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Franklin | 210 | 12 | 12 | 11½ | 12 |
| Gen. Electric | 10 | 271½ | 271½ | 271½ | 271½ |
| Guanajuato | 100 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | 4⅝ |
| Isle Royale | 360 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 |
| K. C., Ft. S. & M. | 200 | 83¼ | 83¼ | 83¼ | 83¼ |
| Mass. Mining | 985 | 17½ | 18⅛ | 17½ | 18½ |
| Mohawk | 975 | 30 | 31 | 29½ | 29½ |
| Michigan | 375 | 10¼ | 10½ | 10½ | 10½ |
| Mont. & Boston | 810 | 3⅛ | 3⅝ | 3⅛ | 3⅝ |
| Mexican Central | 200 | 27⅛ | 27⅛ | 27⅛ | 27⅛ |
| Mex. Tel | 20 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Mass. Electric | 25 | 34 | 34 | 34 | 34 |
| Do pfd | 84 | 92½ | 92½ | 92 | 92 |
| Mergenthaler | 30 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 |
| N. Eng. Tel | 17 | 139 | 139 | 139 | 139 |
| Osceola | 633 | 81 | 81⅝ | 80⅝ | 81 |
| Pere Marquette | 10 | 77 | 78 | 77 | 78 |
| Pneumatic pr | 10 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 |
| Planters' Compress | 50 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Rhode Island | 100 | 2⅝ | 3¼ | 3⅛ | 3¼ |
| Santa Fe | 185 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Rutland pr. | 114 | 112 | 112½ | 112 | 112½ |
| Seattle Electric | 110 | 60½ | 60½ | 60½ | 60½ |
| Do pfd | 30 | 107½ | 107½ | 107½ | 107½ |
| Swift | 115 | 100¼ | 100½ | 100¼ | 100½ |
| Tamarack | 66 | 255 | 257½ | 255 | 256 |
| Tri-Mountain | 446 | 56 | 59½ | 54 | 58 |
| Trinity | 195 | 14 | 14½ | 14 | 14 |
| Un. Shoe Mchy | 310 | 47½ | 47⅞ | 47¼ | 47½ |
| Do pfd | 402 | 29 | 29½ | 29 | 29 |
| Union Pacific | 1,900 | 100⅞ | 100⅞ | 100 | 100⅜ |
| U. S. Oil | 55 | 11¼ | 11¼ | 11¼ | 11¼ |
| Utah | 560 | 23 | 23 | 22⅞ | 22⅞ |
| Un. Fruit | 105 | 87 | 87¼ | 86¾ | 87¼ |
| U. S. Mining | 440 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 |
| Wolverine | 110 | 46¼ | 46⅝ | 46¼ | 46⅝ |
| Westinghouse | 10 | 87 | 87 | 87 | 87 |

BONDS.

| | |
|---|---|
| 4000 Erie Tel 5s 1928 tr....100 | 9000 CB-Q NW 4s....96¼@⅜ |
| 18000 do 1929....100@⅜ | 4500 Steel deb 5s..101⅛ |
| 7000 N E Coke 5s.57@⅝ | 13000 KC FtS-M 6s.124 |
| 2000 Bell 4s....99⅝@⅞ | 25000 KCM-B inc..95@⅝ |
| 1000 Amer Tel 4s..99⅝ | 2000 LR-Ft S 7s..109⅛ |
| 2500 Atch 4s........102⅝ | 10000 NY-NE 6s...109⅛ |
| 31000 do adj....92@92⅝ | 3000 Mex 4s.........82⅝ |
| 6000 Cent Vt 4s.....89 | 1000 Cott Yarn 5s.103 |
| 1000 C-WM 5s......109 | 1000 Seattle 5s.....105 |
| 3000 C Junc 5s.100⅝@⅞ | |

# IN FOREIGN PRODUCE MARKETS.

## Current and Closing Quotations on Grain, Provisions, and Cotton at Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 20.—Grain—Wheat: Spot firm; No. 2 red Western winter, 6s 2½d; No. 1 Northern spring 6s 2½d; No. 1 California, 6s 6d; futures easy; March, 6s 2⅝d; May, 6s 3⅛d. Corn—Spot steady; American mixed, new, 5s 7d; American mixed, old, 5s 8d; futures quiet; February, 5s 4⅝d; March, 5s 4⅝d; May, 5s 3⅝d.

Provisions—Lard, American refined, in pails, quiet, 48s 3d. Hams, short cut, strong, 49s 6d. Turpentine spirits strong, 30s 3d. Butter, finest United, States, 90s. Good United States, 68s.

Cotton—Spot, fair demand, prices 1-16d higher; American middling fair, 4 15-16d; good middling, 4 11-16d; middling, 4 9-16d; low middling, 4 15-32d; good ordinary, 4 11-32d; ordinary, 4 3-32d. Sales, 10,000 bales. Receipts, 69,000 bales, including 60,-100 American. Futures opened steady and quiet.


60c UNTIL JANUARY 23 THEN 75c a Share

Full Paid and Non-Assessable. Par Value, $1.00.

THE GREATEST COMMERCIAL ASSET OF THE AGE IS STOCK IN

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY

The U. S. Navy has abandoned use of carrier pigeons, and is now ready to adopt the Wireless System on its vessels. The vast commercial possibilities of this new system are inconceivable.

Notice the Cable Companies' stocks already falling in value, owing to the immense strides made in LONG DISTANCE Wireless Telegraphy.

Within one year we believe Wireless Stations will be erected all over the country, securing the cheapest method of electrical communication to the public.

It is confidently believed that stock in the Northwestern Wireless Telegraph Co., now selling at 60 cents until Jan. 23d, 6 o'clock p. m., will be worth hundreds of dollars in the near future, thus duplicating the great achievement of the Bell Telephone stock, which is now selling at $4,000 a share and not to be had. Be wise in your generation and own an investment that will prove a fine security for you and your heirs, while the offer is yet before you. This company is receiving very powerful apparatus capable of transmitting messages for our first stations between Chicago, Waukegan and Milwaukee, and will shortly be in operation.

REMEMBER, DATE OF RISE OF STOCK IS THURSDAY, 6 P. M., JAN. 23.

Send for Prospectus, order blanks or call. Make Checks, Express or Postal Orders payable to

Northwestern Wireless Telephone and Telegraph Co.

Bank References. Suites 408-9 84 LaSalle Street, CHICAGO, ILL.


# RANGE OF PRODUCE PRICES

## QUOTATIONS ON GRAIN AND STAPLES AT LEADING EXCHANGES.

**Record of the Day's Trading in Principal Commodities from the Eastern Seaboard to the Western Markets—Tendency of Cotton in the East and South — Receipts and Shipments of Wheat, Corn, and Oats at Milling Points.**

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—Flour—Receipts, 15,777 brls; exports, 16,845 brls. Market dull and easy all day.

Wheat—Receipts, 6,650 bu; exports, 65,131 bu. Spot weak. No. 2 red, 87½c, f. o. b., afloat; No. 2 red, 89½c, elevator; No. 1 Northern, Duluth, 86c, f. o. b., afloat; No. 1 Northern, Manitoba, 88¼c, f. o. b., afloat. The market broke sharply, almost reaching the low point of last week. St. Louis was a prominent seller. Closed weak, at 1⅜@1½c net lower. March closed 85½c; May, 84 9-16@86 1-16c, closed 84⅝c; July, 84¼@85⅝c, closed 84½c.

Corn—Receipts, 1,000 bu; exports, 4,200 bu. Spot easy. No. 2, 67⅞c elevator and 68⅝c f. o. b., afloat. Options at first strong and higher, but reacted and closed weak, at ⅝c net loss. January closed 68c; May, 68c; July, 67⅜c.

Oats—Receipts, 6,300 bu. Spot steady. No. 2, 51c; No. 3, 50c; No. 2 white, 53¼@54c; No. 3 white, 53c; track mixed, Western, 51@51½c; track white, 52@58c.

Cottonseed oil—Easier. Prime yellow, 43½c. Eggs—Receipts, 1,983 packages. Firmer. Western, at mark, 26c. Sugar—Raw, steady; fair refining, 2⅞c; centrifugal, 96 test, 3⅜c; molasses sugar, 2⅝c; refined steady.

### In the Cotton Market.

The cotton market opened steady, with prices 2 to 5 points higher, and became strong. The opening advance was lost before midday. May went off to 8.12c, later rallying. Market closed steady, with prices net 3 to 6 points lower. Futures closed steady. January, 7.97c; February, 8.01c; March, 8.08c; April, 8.13c; May, 8.14c; June, 8.15c; July, 8.18c; August, 8.02c; September, 7.71c; October, 7.67c. Spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 8 5-16c; middling gulf, 8 9-16c; sales, 377 bales.

### Western Grain Markets.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 20.—Close: Wheat lower; No. 2 red, cash, elevator, 86c; track, 88¼@89½c; May, 85⅝@86c; July, 79c; No. 2 hard, 79@82c. Corn—Lower; No. 2 cash, 65½c; track, 63⅞@65c; May, 65⅝c; July, 65⅜@65½c. Oats—Lower; No. 2 cash, 47½c; track, 48@48½c; May, 47½c; July, 39½c; No. 2 white, 49c. Lead—Dull; $3.87½@3.90. Spelter—Quiet; $4.15@4.17½c. Flour—Dull and weak; red winter patents, $3.95@4.20; extra fancy and straight, $3.50@3.70; clear, $3.25@3.40. Wool—Firm, but unchanged.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Jan. 20.—Wheat turned weak and closed at the low points; May closed at 75⅝@75½c and July at 76⅜@76⅝c; January, 74⅝c. The cash market did well; closed, No. 1 hard, 76⅜c; No. 1 Northern, 74⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 72⅝@73⅛c; No. 3 wheat, 70½@71⅝c. Flour—First patents, $3.80@3.90; second patents, $3.70@3.80; first clears, $2.80@2.90; second clears, $2.10.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 20.—Close: Wheat—May, 77½c; July, 76⅛c; Cash, No. 2 hard, 76@77½c; No. 3, 75@76½c; No. 2 red, 87½@88½c; No. 3, 86⅞@87½; No. 2 spring, 74½@75½c. Corn—January, 65@65½c; May, 66½c; cash, No. 2 mixed, 65¼@67c; No. 2 white, 68¼@69c; No. 3, 68c. Oats—No. 2 white, 48¼@49c.

DULUTH, Minn., Jan. 20.—Close: Wheat—Cash, No. 1 hard, 77c; No. 1 Northern, 74c; No. 2 Northern, 71½c; No. 3 spring, 69c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 77c; No. 1 Northern, 74c; May, 77⅛c; July, 78c. Corn—62c. Flax—Cash and January, $1.66½; to arrive, $1.67¼; May, $1.68⅜.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Jan. 20.—Flour—5@10c lower. Wheat—Lower; close, No. 1 Northern, 77@77½c; No. 2 Northern, 76@76½c; May, 79⅛c. Puts, 78⅛c; calls, 79⅝c. Barley—Steady; No. 1, 64@64½c; sample, 55@64c. Corn—May, 63⅝c. Puts—63⅛c; calls, 64¼c.

TOLEDO, O., Jan. 20.—Wheat—Weak; lower; cash, 88¼c; May, 87¼c; July, 82⅝c. Clover seed—January, $5.95; March, $6.00.

### Colorado Mining Stocks.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., Jan. 20.—[Special.]—Closing bids:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Acacia | 11 | Ida May | 15 |
| Argentum, J. | 5 | Isabella | 27 |
| Alamo | 12½ | Jack Pot | 52¼ |
| Anaconda | 27 | Little Bessie | 3⅛ |
| Battle Mountain | 14½ | Little Puck | 5⅛ |
| B. H. Ajax | 3⅛ | Mary Cashen | 5 |
| Ben Hur | 5 | Missouri | 2⅝ |
| Bob Lee | 1⅛ | Molly Dwyre | 2 |
| Butterfly | 17 | Mollie Gibson | 15½ |
| Calera | 84⅞ | Moon Anchor | 18½ |
| Central | 6⅛ | Morning Star | 2⅛ |
| C. C. and M. | 4 | Pharmacist | 5 |
| C. C. Cons | 8⅝ | Pointer | 3 |
| Dante | 4 | Portland | 233 |
| Doctor J. P. | 40 | Prince Albert | 3⅝ |
| Elkton | 125 | Republic | 3 |
| El Paso | 56½ | Rose Maud | 4⅝ |
| Findley | 11⅝ | Rose Nicol | 4 |
| Golden Cycle | 65 | Sedan | 3⅝ |
| Gold Knob | 4 | Sunset-Eclipse | 10⅝ |
| Gould | 12½ | Vindicator | 114 |
| Helen B. | 1⅜ | Work | 8¼ |

### New York Mining Stocks.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Adams Con | 20 | Little Chief | 10 |
| Alice | 45 | Ontario | 775 |
| Breece | 70 | Ophir | 80 |
| Brunswick Con | 8 | Phoenix | 5 |
| Comstock Tunnel | 5¼ | Potosi | 15 |
| Con. Cal. and Va. | 130 | Savage | 5 |
| Deadwood Terra | 50 | Sierra Nevada | 13 |
| Horn Silver | 150 | Small Hopes | 38 |
| Iron Silver | 60 | Standard | 345 |
| Leadville Con. | 5 | | |

### In the Elgin Butter Market.

ELGIN, Ill., Jan. 20.—[Special.]—The offering of butter on Board of Trade, 1,700 lbs, was sold at 24c, the market being declared steady at 24c. The sales of the week aggregated 602,000 lbs.


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STOCKS and BONDS carried on MARGINS. GRAIN and PROVISIONS bought or sold for present or future delivery.

MEMBERS { New York Stock Exchange. New York Cotton Exchange. New York Produce Exchange. Chicago Board of Trade. Chicago Stock Exchange.

PRIVATE WIRES.

OUR ORIENTAL LETTER.

Our Oriental Letter issued January 14th and mailed broadcast has created a sensation. Those who have not had the pleasure of reading this "Oriental Red Special" should send for a copy at once. Everyone interested in the future of the West should read yesterday's editorial in the Record-Herald entitled "FROM PUGET SOUND TO THE ORIENT," which is practically a synopsis of our famous ORIENTAL RED SPECIAL. This letter treats on the future of American Railways, Cereal Fields and our merchant marine on the Pacific.

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Monadnock Block.

Stock and Grain Brokers

PRIVATE WIRES.


UNITED STATES STEEL CORPORATION. PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 3.

New York, January 7th, 1902.

The Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent upon the Preferred Stock, payable February 13th, 1902, at the office of the Company, No. 71 Broadway, New York City, to stockholders of record at the close of business January 25th, 1902.

The Preferred Stock transfer books will be closed from 12 o'clock noon, January 25th, 1902, until 10 a. m., February 13th, 1902.

RICHARD TRIMBLE, Secretary.


SYNDICATE FORMING

of responsible men having inside information and chance to make big money. Indian Ty. ... interested, at once. R. 504, Tribune office.

# BEARS ACTIVE IN MARKET

## MANY WALL STREET STOCKS FALL AND FEW GAIN.

**Metropolitan Shows Strength on Buying by Inside Interests and Number of Rumors—American Tobacco Takes Another Phenomenal Upward Spurt—Glucose Sugar Shares Advance on Story of Consolidation — Waldorf Clique Works for Lower Prices.**

[BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—[Special.]—The feature of today's stock market was the pronounced activity and strength of Metropolitan, which rose 3⅛ points on dealings in 46,000 shares and closed at the high figure for the day.

The buying for the most part came from brokers who usually do business for the Whitney-Ryan interests, and was accompanied by a variety of rumors, not one of which, however, could be confirmed. One was to the effect that some arrangement is making whereby Metropolitan, Manhattan, and Consolidated Gas are to be supplied with electricity from one central plant.

American Tobacco stock, which rose 50 points last week and 62 the week previous, gave another pyrotechnical exhibition today, when it jumped up 50 points, to $300 a share, on transactions involving 1,100 shares. At the same time the preferred stock rose 5½ points, while Continental preferred scored a net gain of nearly 3 points.

The buying of the Consolidated bonds continued the feature of the bond market, while on the curb Consolidated stock was 100 bid. It is said some large German and English contracts have lately been closed by officers of the Consolidated company.

The sharp advance in Glucose Sugar shares, the common appreciating at one time over 3 points and the preferred 4½, was on the persistence of the report that the long-talked-of consolidation of the Glucose and the National Starch companies has practically been completed. It was further said that the recently formed New York Glucose company, which is to operate the Shadyside plant, now building, and the Pope Glucose Manufacturing company have been or are to be included in the consolidation. There is no positive information to be had on the matter here.

St. Paul was sold down by professional room traders, who proceeded on the theory that the continued weakness of Standard Oil on the curb indicated that the Standard Oil interests were opposed to advancing prices, and would, therefore, not offer any support to St. Paul. Around 162 some one supported the issue.

The comparative steadiness of the shares of the United States Steel corporation was declared to be the result of syndicate buying, though the syndicate manager, James R. Keene, was still absent from his downtown office today.

It was reported during the day that the steel rail capacity of mills in the West is completely filled for the present year, and the orders already placed with Eastern mills are sufficient to keep them busy for the next nine months.

The coal stocks hold off partly as a result of profit taking sales and partly because of professional bear pressure. Southern railway and Louisville and Nashville held comparatively steady, being helped each by its excellent earnings for the second week of January. Wabash, one of the few stocks to score a net gain, was advanced on buying by Gould brokers. The decline in the Atchison issues reflected further selling by stockholders, who do not regard with favor the new $30,000,000 bond issue. London and Western operators sold both Union Pacific and Southern Pacific, and New York Central sagged off on profit taking.

The principal selling in today's market came from what is known as the Waldorf clique, which says the tide of prosperity has turned, and that lower prices all around are certain. The absence of any public buying has encouraged these traders, and today they were more aggressive than at any time in some days. The present selling was in Eries, the Readings, St. Paul, and Union Pacific.

## IN NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

**General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Railroad Stocks, and Other Securities in Wall Street.**

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—Last week's depressing factors in the stock market were fortified today by the engagement of $350,000 in gold for export. The market continued in its rule of dullness and professionalism. The outside public refuses to take any part in the market. Prices are generally lower on the day, though not as low as they were during the session.

Consolidated Tobacco 4s made up the bulk of the bond market. Total sales, par value, $3,010,000.

Close: Money on call steady at 3@4 per cent; closed bid and asked, 3¼@4 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 4½@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange easy, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487 for demand and 484¼@484⅜ for 60 days. Posted rates, 485@488. Commercial bills, 483¼@484.

Bar silver, 55¾. Mexican dollars, 44¼.

NEW YORK STOCK TRANSACTIONS.

| Description. | Sales. | High. | Low. | —Closing— Jan.20. | Jan.18. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Amn. Sugar | 19,400 | 122⅝ | 120⅝ | 121¼ | 122⅜ |
| Do pfd | 300 | 116 | 115½ | 116 | 116 |
| Amn Locomotive | 3,700 | 32¼ | 31¼ | 31½ | 32¼ |
| Do pfd | 200 | 91⅞ | 91½ | 91½ | 92⅛ |
| Amn. Tobacco | 1,100 | 300 | 250 | 300 | 250 |
| Do pfd | 500 | 150 | 150 | 150 | ..... |
| Amn. Smelting | 700 | 47⅛ | 46 | 46⅝ | 45½ |
| Do pfd | 500 | 96⅝ | 96⅛ | 96⅝ | ..... |
| Amn. Snuff pfd | 600 | 88 | 87 | 88 | ..... |
| Amn. Linseed | 25 | 14½ | 14½ | 14½ | ..... |
| Amn. Malting | 700 | 5⅜ | 5 | 5 | ..... |
| Do pfd | 900 | 23 | 21 | 21 | ..... |
| Amn. Car Fdry | 400 | 29½ | 29 | 29½ | 29⅝ |
| Do pfd | 200 | 86⅝ | 86⅝ | 86⅝ | 86¼ |
| Amn. Ice | 3,600 | 29⅝ | 28¼ | 28⅜ | 28⅝ |
| Do pfd | 500 | 66 | 65½ | 66 | 66 |
| Atchison | 52,100 | 76 | 74½ | 75 | 76¼ |
| Do pfd | 7,200 | 97¼ | 96½ | 96¾ | 97⅝ |
| Anaconda | 500 | 30⅝ | 30⅝ | 30⅜ | 30½ |
| Amal. Copper | 13,600 | 70 | 69⅝ | 69⅝ | 70 |
| Bklyn. Rap. Tran. | 17,400 | 66 | 64⅝ | 65½ | 65¼ |
| Balt. & Ohio | 2,200 | 102½ | 101½ | 101⅝ | 102⅝ |
| Do pfd | 300 | 96⅝ | 96 | 96 | 96⅝ |
| Bklyn. Union Gas | 100 | 217 | 217 | 217 | ..... |
| B. R. & P. pfd | 100 | 143 | 143 | 143 | ..... |
| Con. Tob. pfd | 10,000 | 121 | 117⅝ | 119 | 116⅜ |
| Chi. & Alton | 100 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 34⅞ |
| Do pfd | 100 | 76½ | 76½ | 76½ | ..... |
| C., M. & St. P. | 22,500 | 163¼ | 161⅝ | 162 | 163¼ |
| C. & N. W. | 1,600 | 211 | 209 | 210⅝ | 210 |
| Do pfd | 200 | 234½ | 234½ | 234½ | 233 |
| Canada Southern | 700 | 86½ | 86 | 86½ | 86⅝ |
| C. R. I. & P. | 700 | 156½ | 155 | 155⅝ | 156½ |
| Chi. Term. pfd | 100 | 33 | 33 | 33 | 33 |
| Ches. & Ohio | 700 | 46⅝ | 46 | 46¼ | 46¼ |
| Canadian Pacific | 600 | 114⅝ | 114¼ | 114¼ | 114½ |
| C., C., C. & St. L. | 100 | 96⅝ | 96⅝ | 96⅝ | ..... |
| Con. Gas [N. Y.] | 2,300 | 218⅝ | 217 | 217⅛ | 216¼ |
| Colo. & Southern | 400 | 14⅞ | 14½ | 14⅞ | 14⅜ |
| Do 1st pfd | 2,000 | 61⅝ | 61 | 61¼ | 61⅝ |
| Do 2d pfd | 2,000 | 29⅝ | 29⅛ | 29⅛ | 29⅛ |
| C. I. & L. | 2,800 | 52⅝ | 51⅞ | 52⅛ | 53⅛ |
| Do pfd | 200 | 75⅝ | 75⅝ | 75⅝ | ..... |
| Colo. Fuel & Iron | 800 | 86⅞ | 85⅝ | 85⅞ | 87⅞ |
| Chi. Gt. Western | 5,500 | 23⅛ | 22½ | 22½ | 22⅞ |
| Do pfd A | 100 | 86 | 86 | 86 | ..... |
| Do pfd B | 1,400 | 44⅛ | 43⅞ | 44¼ | 44 |
| C. & E. I. | 60 | 135½ | 135½ | 135½ | ..... |
| Del. & Hudson | 800 | 173 | 172 | 172½ | 175 |
| Den. & R. G. pfd | 400 | 91⅞ | 91¼ | 91⅝ | 91⅞ |
| Dist. of America | 100 | 8⅞ | 8⅞ | 8⅞ | 8⅞ |
| Erie | 20,200 | 40⅛ | 39⅝ | 39⅞ | 40½ |
| Do 1st pfd | 2,800 | 72⅛ | 71⅜ | 71⅝ | 72¼ |
| Do 2d pfd | 1,200 | 57 | 56⅝ | 56¼ | 57⅛ |
| Gen. Electric | 100 | 279½ | 279½ | 279½ | 279 |
| Glucose | 9,900 | 51⅛ | 48 | 50⅞ | 47¼ |
| Do pfd | 500 | 102½ | 100⅝ | 102½ | ..... |
| Gt. North. pfd | 600 | 186⅛ | 185½ | 185½ | ..... |
| Hocking Valley | 200 | 68¼ | 68¼ | 68¼ | 69½ |
| Do pfd | 400 | 82⅝ | 82 | 82¼ | ..... |
| Ill. Central | 300 | 139 | 138½ | 138½ | 139¼ |
| Iowa Central | 100 | 38⅝ | 38⅝ | 38⅝ | 38⅝ |
| Do pfd | 200 | 72½ | 72 | 72 | ..... |
| K.C., Ft.S. & M.pf. | 3,400 | 83¼ | 83 | 83 | 83¼ |
| Louis. & Nash | 2,600 | 105⅛ | 104½ | 104⅝ | 105⅜ |
| L. E. & W. | 500 | 67 | 65 | 65 | 67¼ |
| M., St. P. & S.S.M. | 1,400 | 39 | 38 | 39 | 39⅜ |
| Do pfd | 100 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92⅝ |
| Manhattan | 7,300 | 136⅜ | 135⅝ | 135⅝ | 136⅜ |
| M. K. & T. | 500 | 25⅛ | 24⅝ | 24⅝ | 25 |
| Do pfd | 400 | 53½ | 52 | 52 | 53½ |
| Met. St. Ry. | 51,600 | 167⅝ | 164¼ | 167⅝ | 164½ |
| Mex. Cent [Ltd.] | 2,900 | 27¼ | 27¼ | 27⅛ | 27⅝ |
| Missouri Pacific | 11,300 | 101⅛ | 99⅝ | 100½ | 101 |
| Mex. Nat. ctfs | 4,600 | 15½ | 15⅞ | 15⅝ | 15¼ |
| Minn. & St. L. | 400 | 106⅝ | 105 | 106 | 106¼ |
| National Biscuit | 400 | 45¼ | 44½ | 44½ | 44½ |
| National Lead | 100 | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | 15½ |
| N. Y. Central | 10,500 | 162⅝ | 161 | 161½ | 163 |
| Norfolk & West | 800 | 56⅛ | 55½ | 55⅞ | 56⅛ |
| N. Y., Ont. & W. | 1,100 | 34 | 33⅝ | 33⅝ | 34¼ |
| N. Y. Air Brake | 300 | 158 | 155½ | 155½ | ..... |
| N. Y., Chi. & St. L. | 100 | 48 | 48 | 48 | ..... |
| People's Gas | 1,500 | 99⅝ | 98⅝ | 99½ | 99⅝ |
| Penna. R. R. | 8,300 | 148⅞ | 148 | 148½ | 148⅝ |
| Pacific Mail | 1,300 | 47 | 46⅝ | 46⅞ | 47½ |
| Pressed Steel Car | 600 | 40⅛ | 39½ | 40 | 40⅞ |
| Do pfd | 300 | 83⅞ | 83½ | 83⅞ | ..... |
| Pac. Coast 2d pfd | 300 | 79½ | 79 | 79 | ..... |
| Reading | 72,600 | 57⅛ | 55⅝ | 56⅝ | 56⅝ |
| Do 1st pfd | 3,900 | 81¾ | 81¼ | 81½ | 82 |
| Do 2d pfd | 43,100 | 63⅜ | 61⅝ | 62⅝ | 64 |
| Rep. Iron & Steel | 500 | 16⅝ | 16½ | 16¼ | 16⅝ |
| Rutland pfd | 100 | 112 | 112 | 112 | ..... |
| Southern Ry | 3,800 | 32⅝ | 32¼ | 32⅝ | 32⅝ |
| Do pfd | 1,000 | 93½ | 92⅝ | 92⅞ | 93⅝ |
| Southern Pacific | 14,900 | 59⅝ | 58⅛ | 58½ | 59⅛ |
| St. L. S. W. | 300 | 27 | 26¾ | 26¾ | 28 |
| Do pfd | 500 | 60 | 59¾ | 59¾ | 60½ |
| St. L. & San. F. | 4,100 | 63 | 61⅝ | 62⅛ | 62⅝ |
| Do 1st pfd | 200 | 85¼ | 85½ | 85½ | 86½ |
| Do 2d pfd | 1,000 | 75⅞ | 74⅝ | 75½ | 75½ |
| St. Law. & Adair. | 100 | 126½ | 126½ | 126½ | 127 |
| Sloss. S. S. & I. | 100 | 29½ | 29½ | 29½ | ..... |
| Texas Pacific | 600 | 39 | 38 | 38½ | 39¼ |
| Twin City | 1,600 | 108½ | 107 | 107½ | 109⅝ |
| Third Ave | 200 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 |
| Tenn. Coal & Iron | 1,200 | 63 | 62⅝ | 62½ | 62½ |
| Union Pacific | 29,600 | 101 | 100⅛ | 100¼ | 101⅛ |
| Do pfd | 1,800 | 89¼ | 88 | 88½ | 89⅛ |
| U. S. Rubber | 100 | 50⅞ | 50⅞ | 50⅞ | ..... |
| U. S. Leather | 1,500 | 11⅝ | 11⅝ | 11⅝ | 11⅝ |
| Do pfd | 500 | 81¼ | 81¼ | 81¼ | 81¼ |
| U. S. Steel | 8,700 | 42⅞ | 42½ | 42½ | 42⅞ |
| Do pfd | 9,500 | 94⅞ | 94⅝ | 94½ | 94½ |
| Va. Caro. Chem. | 100 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| Wabash | 1,000 | 22⅝ | 22¼ | 22⅝ | 22¼ |
| Do pfd | 1,100 | 42½ | 41⅝ | 41⅞ | 41⅞ |
| Wis. Cent | 300 | 19⅝ | 19⅝ | 19⅝ | 19⅝ |
| Do pfd | 500 | 40½ | 40 | 40½ | 40½ |
| Western Union | 600 | 91½ | 90⅝ | 91⅛ | 91 |
| Westinghouse | 400 | 176½ | 174 | 174 | 177 |

Total sales, 543,200 shares.

EXPRESS STOCKS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Adams | 195 | United States | 103 |
| American | 212 | Fargo | 185 |

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| U. S. ref. 2s, reg. | 108⅝ | U. S. new 4s, coup. | 140 |
| U. S. ref. 2s, coup. | 108⅝ | U. S. old 4s, reg. | 111⅝ |
| U. S. 3s, reg. | 108 | U. S. old 4s, coup. | 111⅝ |
| U. S. 3s, coup. | 108¾ | U. S. 5s, reg. | 106 |
| U. S. new 4s, reg. | 138¾ | U. S. 5s, coup. | 107¼ |

NEW YORK BOND QUOTATIONS—10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

| | |
|---|---|
| 62000 Atch gen 4s....103¼@¾ | 8000 do Col tr 4s..100⅝ |
| 5000 do reg....103 | 2000 Lac Gas 5s...108½ |
| 181000 do std...92¼@93 | 2000 L&WB 4½s...103 |
| 46000 A Arbor 4s.96⅞@97 | 7000 Met St Ry 5s.113 |
| 5000 Am H&LCo 6s 97⅝ | 6000 Mex C 4s.... 82⅝ |
| 10000 B C R & N 1st ....104⅝@¾ | 9000 do 1st inc...52@¼ |
| 23000 Bk L 4s...101½@⅝ | 7000 do 2d inc .... 22 |
| 5000 BRT 5s ....108½ | 38000 M K & T 1st 4s.........98@½ |
| 5000 B&O 4s....103@¼ | 10000 do 2d....... 83 |
| 50000 do conv 4s....104 | 28000 Man con 4s...105⅜ |
| 44000 do SW 3½s.... 90⅝ | 15000 M K & T ex 4s ....105¼@¼ |
| 2523000 Con T 4s...69@⅛ | 3000 Mo P 5s 1920..108 |
| 8000 CM&StP C & P W 5s..118½@119 | 65000 N P 3s.....74¼@¼ |
| 25000 do gm 4s A...111½ | 35000 do 4s......104¼@⅜ |
| 4000 do Term 5s...112 | 3000 NYC 3½s....109 |
| 1000 C & E 5s.....122¼ | 1000 N Y N H & W deb..........204½ |
| 5000 CNJ gm 5s....133½ | 34000 N&W 4s.102⅞@103 |
| 1000 Can So 1st..106⅝ | 16000 NYG&E 4s... 97½ |
| 1000 CGL & C 5s...109½ | 10000 NYC ex 4s....100⅝ |
| 47000 Colo So 4s..92¼@½ | 1000 NYC&StL 4s..107 |
| 10000 Cent Ga con 5s108½ | 3000 NY Dock 4s.. 94⅝ |
| 2000 do Mob div 5s.106 | 1000 N Stch 6s ...108⅝ |
| 12000 do 2d inc..... 33 | 2000 OSL 5s.117½@118 |
| 7000 do 3d inc..... 19 | 2000 Osw & Rome 2ds...........114½ |
| 10000 C Pac 3½s..... 87⅞ | 14000 POGas con 6s.121 |
| 3000 C&O 4½s.106⅞@⅞ | 1000 Pac Mo 1st...107¼ |
| 2000 do con 5s.....120⅜ | 3000 P & E 1st.... 99 |
| 6000 C&A 3½s..... 84⅜ | 10000 do inc ...... 78½ |
| 70000 C B Q joint........95⅝@96½ | 4000 Rdg gen 4s..98@⅝ |
| 10000 do con 7s.104¼@105 | 7000 R W & O con.127¼ |
| 20000 do Ill div 3½s.102¼ | 3000 St L SF gm 5s117 |
| 89000 Chi Term 4s.. 89½ | 9000 do 4s ........ 97¼ |
| 20000 Dist Am 5s .. 86½ | 102000 St L S W 1st........98⅝@99¼ |
| 10000 D S S & A S 5s........111@113 | 87000 do 2ds...78¾@79 |
| 5000 Det So Ohio So 4s........... 94 | 37000 SA&AP 4s....88@¼ |
| 25000 D & R G con 4s.....101¼@102 | 1000 St J & G I 1st. 95 |
| 6000 Erie gen lien 4s.........89¼@½ | 3000 So Ry 5s.....119⅛ |
| 1000 do con 4s .... 99¾ | 3000 S R T 6s...... 60 |
| 13000 Erie Pa 4s.94¼@95 | 10000 do inc....... 8¾ |
| 4000 E&TH gm ....110 | 3000 St P M & M con 6s.........138 |
| 6000 Erie 1st cons.114 | 8000 So P 4½s....99¼@½ |
| 6000 FtW&DC 1st.107¼ | 26000 do 4s........ 93¾ |
| 6000 F&PM con 5s.114 | 69000 3d Av 4s....99¼@⅝ |
| 3000 GRC&C 1st ...108 | 17000 U P 4s.......104⅞ |
| 8000 HV 4½s..107⅝@108 | 254000 do con..105¼@106 |
| 5000 Ill C 4s 1952..106⅝ | 5000 do 4s reg.....105 |
| 15000 K Co El 4s.... 91½ | 5000 Wab 1st 5s....118⅞ |
| 19000 K C Ft S & M 4s.........91¼@½ | 1000 do 2ds .......114¼ |
| 5000 L&N gm 6s....118⅝ | 79000 do deb B....68¼@¾ |
| | 9000 Wis C 4s....88⅝@¾ |
| | 5000 W Va & H 1st.114⅝ |
| | 8000 WS gtd 4s ....112 |

Total sales, $4,931,000.

## IN FOREIGN MONEY MARKETS.

**General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, and Other Securities at London, Paris, and Berlin.**

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—The Commercial Advertiser's London financial cablegram says: "The stock market today was less active and showed a reactionary tendency. It was, however, healthy in tone. American shares were heavy, with a limited volume of business. Copper rose 1⅝ to £48⅞ the ton, and Rio Tintos sold at 41⅛. Paris exchange is 25.12½; Berlin, 20.42."

LONDON, Jan. 20.—Money was fairly plentiful today, the inquiry was moderate and rates were easy. Discounts were weak. On the Stock Exchange prices were generally firm.

Closing stocks:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Con. for money | 94 3-16 | Norfolk & West | 57⅛ |
| Con. for account | 94¼ | Nor. & West. pfd | 93½ |
| Anaconda | 6⅝ | Nor. Pacific pfd | 102 |
| Atchison | 77⅝ | Ont. & Western | 34½ |
| Atchison pfd | 100 | Pennsylvania | 76⅛ |
| Balt. & Ohio | 104½ | Reading | 29 |
| Canadian Pacific | 117⅝ | Reading 1st pfd | 42 |
| Ches. & Ohio | 47 | Reading 2d pfd | 32½ |
| Chicago Gt. West | 23 | Southern Railway | 33½ |
| Chi., M. & St. P. | 167 | So. Railway pfd | 95½ |
| Denver & Rio G | 43⅝ | Southern Pacific | 60⅝ |
| Den. & Rio G pfd | 93½ | Union Pacific | 103⅝ |
| Erie | 41⅞ | Union Pacific pfd | 90⅝ |
| Erie 1st pfd | 73⅞ | U. S. Steel | 43⅝ |
| Erie 2d pfd | 58½ | U. S. Steel pfd | 97 |
| Illinois Central | 142½ | Wabash | 22⅝ |
| Louis. & Nash | 107⅛ | Wabash pfd | 43 |
| M., K. & Texas | 25⅜ | Spanish 4s | 77⅛ |
| M., K. & T. pfd | 53 | Rand Mines | 11½ |
| N. Y. Central | 167 | De Beers | 43½ |

Bar silver steady, 25 11-16 per ounce. Money, 2 per cent. Rate of discount in the open market for short bills, ⅞ per cent; for three months bills, 2 15-16 per cent.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—Prices on the bourse today were generally firm. Rentes, Italians, and Spanish 4s were easier. South Americans were dull. Rio Tintos advanced sharply. De Beers were inactive.

BERLIN, Jan. 20.—Prices on the boerse today were irregular. Internationals were generally maintained. Americans were quiet. Mines were strong at first, but reacted on realizations.

## IN LOCAL LIVE STOCK MARKET.

**Receipts and Shipments of Cattle, Hogs, and Sheep—Figures for the Week.**

All desirable cattle sold about 10c higher, with the commoner grades steady. The quality was poorer than usual, the top being $7.10, with 1,150-lb yearlings at $7.00 and straight Texas at $6.25. Hogs advanced 5c, but the market closed weak; top, $6.65. Sheep and lambs steady to 10c higher. Stockyards receipts and shipments follow:

| Receipts— | Cattle. | Calves. | Hogs. | Sheep. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Monday, Jan. 20 | 19,000 | 500 | 37,000 | 25,000 |
| Total last week | 71,544 | 3,241 | 165,010 | 90,535 |
| Previous week | 64,511 | 3,280 | 230,675 | 85,195 |
| Cor. week 1901 | 59,079 | 1,925 | 170,529 | 69,872 |
| Shipments— | | | | |
| Monday, Jan. 20 | 4,000 | 30 | 5,000 | 3,500 |
| Total last week | 19,843 | 478 | 21,331 | 8,597 |
| Previous week | 16,133 | 370 | 16,107 | 11,531 |
| Cor. week 1901 | 18,662 | 256 | 13,665 | 6,312 |

Cattle—Receipts were moderate, and, with a good all-around demand, salesmen found little trouble in securing an advance of 10@15c, but, as usual on such markets, trade was uneven. In cases cattle sold 15@25c above last week's prices, while again some of the common grades showed little, if any, advance. Extra choice steers were scarce; the best on sale, averaging 1,408 lbs, sold at $7.10; several lots of 1,150@1,550-lb steers went at $6.75@7.00, and 40 or 50 loads averaging 1,220@1,450 lbs sold at $6.25@6.60, with the bulk of all the offerings at $5.00@6.25. Common and half-fat steers averaging 910@1,140 lbs sold at $4.00@4.75. Texas cattle sold strong, fancy 1,222-lb steers going at $6.25, the highest price for Texas cattle on the open market in over two years. All kinds of butcher stock met fairly good demand and sold steady; cows at $2.50@5.35; canners, $1.25@2.25; heifers, $2.25@5.75, bulk $3.50@4.50; bulls, $2.25@4.50, and calves $3.50@6.50. Stockers and feeders sold readily at strong prices; sales at $2.25@4.50; bulk of the good feeders around $3.50@4.10.

Hogs—At 5c advance in prices trade was active, but the market closed weak, with 4,000 left in the pens. Receipts were 3,000 smaller than a week ago and 10,500 larger than a year ago. The quality was better than a week ago, yet poorer than the latter part of last week, when hogs were the best in several months. Offerings were largely of 200@220-lb averages, and yet there was a full supply of 150@180-lb averages, with 100@130-lb pigs scarce and 280@350 lbs average scarce; 4 loads averaging 262@360 lbs sold at $6.65, with 243@310 lbs at $6.60@6.62½. The average price for the day was $6.36. Quotations follow:

| | |
|---|---|
| Bulk of sales | $6.30@6.50 |
| Selected butchers, 220@270 lbs | 6.50@6.65 |
| Light bacon, 150@195 lbs | 5.95@6.35 |
| Mixed grades, 180@240 lbs | 6.15@6.40 |
| Heavy shipping, 200@350 lbs | 6.50@6.65 |
| Heavy packing, 280@400 lbs | 6.40@6.60 |
| Rough to heavy grades | 6.20@6.35 |
| Poor to choice pigs | 4.85@5.70 |

Sheep—Trade in sheep opened with good strength; the bulk of the fat sheep and yearlings sold up to last week's best prices. Heavy ewes sold 10c higher than late last week. The lamb market was brisk, and sales were made well up to last week's best prices. Heavy lambs sold 10c higher than Saturday. A few sales of 80-lb lambs were at $6.00, and many 74@85-lb lots went at $5.75@5.85. Western lambs sold at $5.75@6.00. The extreme range of prices on native sheep was $2.25@5.00, bulk $4.00@4.35; Westerns, $3.50@5.10, bulk $4.35@5.10. Native lambs sold at $4.00@6.00, bulk $5.35@5.85.

**Live Stock Markets Elsewhere.**

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—Beeves—Receipts, 5,242. Good steers a shade higher, medium and common unsteady; cows slow to 15c lower; steers, $4.65@6.15; oxen and stags, $4.05@5.00; bulls, $3.00@4.00; cows, $1.70@4.10; extra heavy fat cows, $4.25@4.50. Calves—Receipts, 1,678; steady to strong; veals, $5.00@9.00; little calves, $3.00@4.50; Western calves, $3.50@4.20. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 20,103; sheep easier; common to medium 10@15c lower; lambs, 15@20c off, closed firm; sheep, $3.00@4.50; export do, $4.40@4.00; lambs, $5.00@6.12½; Canada lambs, $5.80. Hogs—Receipts, 10,759; higher; State hogs, $6.25@6.60.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 20.—Cattle—Receipts, 6,000 natives, 1,500 Texans, 100 calves; market steady to 10c higher; choice export and dressed beef steers, $5.90@6.70; stockers and feeders, $3.50@4.70; Western fed steers, $4.50@6.00; Texans and Indian steers, $3.40@5.25. Hogs—Receipts, 11,000; market 5c higher; top, $6.65; bulk of sales, $5.75@6.55. Sheep—Receipts, 2,500; market strong.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 20.—Cattle—Receipts, 4,500, including 2,700 Texans; market strong and higher; native shipping and export steers, $4.50@6.30; dressed beef and butchers' steers, $4.00@6.00; Texas and Indian steers, $3.25@5.30. Hogs—Receipts, 7,100; market 5c higher; pigs and lights, $5.95@6.25; packers, $6.00@6.35; butchers', $6.40@6.64. Sheep—Receipts, 800; market strong, active.

EAST BUFFALO, N. Y., Jan. 20.—Hogs—Receipts, 17,000; active and higher; heavy, $6.75@6.80; mixed, $6.45@6.70; pigs, $5.85@5.95. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 24,000; fairly active; sheep, mixed, tops, $4.15@5.00; others, $2.50@4.00; wethers, $4.50@4.75; yearlings, $4.50@5.00; top lambs, $5.80@5.90; culls to good, $3.75@5.75.

SOUTH OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 20.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,000; steady. Hogs—Receipts, 8,500; 5@10c higher; bulk of sales, $6.20@6.40. Sheep—Receipts, 3,800; stronger; fed muttons, $4.50@5.10; Western, $3.75@4.40; ewes, $3.50@4.50; common and stockers, $2.50@4.30; lambs, $4.50@6.10.

## BUSY DAY IN CUSTOM-HOUSE.

**Largest Amount of Duties Paid in Any Twenty-four Hours for Over a Year.**

The amount paid in duties at the custom-house yesterday was the largest for any one day in over a year, the collections aggregating $91,757. One firm alone paid nearly $50,000 on its imported goods. Of the total for the day imposts paid $79,971 and warehouse withdrawals $11,786.

The following bonded goods arrived in Chicago: 700 sacks salt, 254 bales matting, 190 bags rice, 1,297 cases tea, 210 cases earthenware, 23 cases millinery, 4 cases laces, 1 case dys, 28 cases glassware, 5 bales cork, 100 bags coffee, 107 cases leather, 13 cases ironware, 20 cases herbs, 1 case crockery, 45 cases window glass, 231 cases seeds, 100 cases walnuts, 1 case wine, 367 cases tobacco, 5 case bronze colors, 138 cases cottons, 45 cases paper, 6 cases firearms, 60 cases tallow, 2 cases clocks, 63 cases hosiery, 104 cases linens, 6 cases gloves, 1,000 cases canned tomatoes, 100 barrels currants, 250 cases whisky, 26 cases artificial flowers, 6 cases dry goods, 2 cases brandy, 2 cases steel hose, 2 cases personal effects, 3 cases metalware, 3 cases trimmings, 1 case lacquer, 25 cases tongues, 1 case printed matter, 1 case cloth, 1 case handkerchiefs, 1 case silk linings, 1 case lamp wicks.

Entries for immediate consumption on arrival were made on the following merchandise: 2 cases albums, 190 cases Chinese goods, 66 cases laces, 6 cases handkerchiefs, 4 cases velveteens, 12 cases cottons, 38 cases flax fabrics, 1 case jute, 2 cases curtains, 242 cases dry goods, 3 cases books, 4 cases metalware, 1 vase, 6 cases artificial flowers, 15 cases musical instruments, 2 cases woolen cloth, 36 cases millinery, 1 case shells, 5 cases gloves, 2 cases personal effects, 1 case silk, 1 case tobacco, 70 bales calf skins, 47 bags seed, 25 cases sheep casings, 1 case earthenware, 12 bales matting, 100 barrels currants, 2 cases cotton damask, 1 case raw skins, 306 barrels herring, 60 barrels eels, 31 cases paper.

**Oil and Oil Certificates.**

OIL CITY, Pa., Jan. 20.—Credit balances, $1.15; certificates, no bids or offers. Runs, 117,773 brls, average 73,577 brls; shipments, 173,421 brls, average, 88,884 brls.

## HERMIT BEAR DIES AT "ZOO."

**"John," Presented by Former Governor Tanner, Long a Terror to Others at Lincoln Park.**

After living for four years in the north bear pit at Lincoln Park, alone and unnoticed by the other bears, "John," the big black bear presented to the park by former Governor Tanner four years ago, was found dead on a stone shelf in the pit. The bear weighed about 1,000 pounds and was one of the largest ever in the park. Dr. Evans, the park physician, held a post mortem examination and said he believed the bear died of consumption and the lack of exercise.

Head Animal Keeper Cy de Vry says it was a strange case of a bear "picking his company." Four years ago this winter "John" was presented to the park. The animal was placed in the south pit with four or five black and grizzly bears.

Instead of becoming sociable "John" climbed to a stone shelf and lay there most of the time, winter and summer. Whenever it did leave its perch the other bears made quick exits to their respective dens, for John was sullen and would fight at the least provocation.

Miss Anita Adgie, the New York lion tamer, has purchased a park cub, about 2 months old, for which she paid $150.

## PROVES HE IS NOT A CORPSE.

**Henry Sherburn Calls at Undertaking-Rooms to Dispute Identification Vouched For by Friends.**

Henry Sherburn, formerly of New Orleans, appeared at Rolston's undertaking shop, Fifty-fourth street and Lake avenue, yesterday afternoon to deny that he was dead. Approaching Manager Thomas Stonier, he said:

"Do I look anything like the man you have laid out on a stone slab in your basement?"

Stonier admitted there was a strong resemblance. After he had taken Mr. Sherburn to view "his own corpse," as the latter expressed it, another chapter in the mysterious suicide at Kensington a month ago had been told.

A few days ago several friends of Mr. Sherburn had called, and were positive in their identification as Henry Sherburn.

## WILLS FILED IN PROBATE COURT

**Mary B. Laflin's Estate of $165,000 and S. F. Bouton's of $120,000 Bequeathed.**

Two wills were filed in the Probate Court yesterday disposing of estates of large value. The will of Mary B. Laflin bequeathed $165,000 to her husband, George H. Laflin of 1614 Michigan avenue. Samuel F. Bouton, who died on Jan. 5 at his winter home in Dunedin, Fla., left an estate of $120,000. His widow, whose residence in Chicago is at 5835 Madison avenue, four sons, and three daughters, are the beneficiaries under the will. Five hundred dollars is left to the University Congregational Church.

## LIVES IN CHICAGO 80 YEARS.

**Alexander Beaubien, First White Child Born Here, Will Celebrate Birthday Anniversary with a Party.**

Alexander Beaubien, the first white child born in Chicago, who is still in the service of the city as a policeman, will celebrate his 80th birthday on Jan. 28. Beaubien is at present chief bailiff at the Harrison Street Police station. He says he will issue no invitations to the party at his residence, 87 Whipple street, but all friends are invited. Beaubien remembers the appearance of the town when it was a trading point on the frontier. He will give a talk on his reminiscences the night of his birthday anniversary.

**Seek Heirs to $50,000 Estate.**

As the result of an anonymous letter from Oshkosh, Wis., the local police are trying to find the widow and daughter of John O'Dea, who are believed to be living here. The latter, it is said, died recently in Davenport, Ia., leaving an estate valued at $50,000. The man, it is said, was formerly a resident of Chicago and employed by the McCormick Harvesting Machine company.

## IN THE INSURANCE FIELD

**LOSS CLAIMS PRESENTED FOR COLLAPSED BUILDINGS.**

**Detroit Owners Assert Explosion Caused the Damage, Which Is Included in the Policy—Frequency of Such Losses Causes Underwriters to Consider a Remedy—Packing Plants Forced to Take Higher Rates Because of Heavy Losses Last Year.**

Several Western departments with policies on the property in Detroit which collapsed on Sunday night received notice yesterday of claims for total losses. In each case these gave an explosion as the cause of the collapse, thus setting up an origin which would bring them within the policy, which contains a clause that if the building or any part thereof fall, except as a result of fire, the insurance shall immediately cease.

There have been an unusually large number of such claims lately. Only last week a verdict was given against the companies in the Friedman cases at Grand Rapids, where over $100,000 insurance was involved, and where the building fell over an hour before any fire broke out.

**Test Case in Higher Court.**

The companies are not much concerned about this, which was a jury verdict in the lower court, and will concentrate on the cases brought in the United States court, where they hope to get a decision that will apply to all such claims.

In Chicago nothing has been done on the claim of A. M. Rothschild & Co. against the companies for the collapse of their building last September, for which liability was denied.

**Reinsures at Lower Rate.**

The Fire association, which temporarily reinsured the perpetual business of the State of Pennsylvania, which has ceased writing business, has canceled the agreement and it has been reinsured elsewhere on more advantageous terms.

Massachusetts fire insurance men are up in arms against the proposition of Governor Crane to abolish the Fire Marshal, a position originated in Massachusetts, and will be given a hearing on the question today.

**Higher Rates for Packers.**

Packing-house risks, especially those with poor fire protection, are out of favor with insurance companies because of excessive losses. They complain that the hazard has been greatly increased during the last few years by the addition of glue and felt making, box making, etc. The Dold plant at Buffalo, which formerly paid $1.64, has been increased to $2.42, and the company, unable to get enough insurance even at that rate, now offers to attach the 100 per cent coinsurance clause to all policies.

The Mill Owners' Mutual Fire, which has heretofore been restricted to flour and grist mills, will hereafter write grain elevators as well.

The Eagle Fire, the oldest company chartered by the State of New York, has reinsured in the North British and will retire from business. It was reorganized last year, but lost heavily.

The January banquet of the Life Underwriters' Association of Chicago will be made the semi-annual ladies' night and will be held at the Auditorium on Jan. 30. A. W. Kimball of the Northwestern Mutual and the Rev. John R. Crosser are the speakers already announced.

**Increase Limit for Life Risks.**

The tendency among life insurance companies, even the smaller ones, is for an increase in the limit on any one life. The State Mutual at the annual meeting will wipe out the present $50,000 limit and fix no figure. The Provident Life and Trust has increased its maximum line to $75,000.

The Chicago general agents and industrial superintendents of the Prudential have gone to New York, where the annual dinner of the company to its leading producers will be held tomorrow night at the Waldorf.

The Travelers, of 14,540 accident claims paid during 1901, found 7,303 in manual labor and the trades, 1,115 due to horses and vehicles, 1,086 occured in the home, 520 during sports and recreation, 391 from street railways and elevators, 305 from steam railroads and steamships, and 299 from the bicycle.

## ONLY ONE ISSUE OF MAGAZINE.

**Conference in Chicago on Unique Publication in Interest of Proposed Home for Journalists.**

A one-issue periodical, limited to 2,500 copies, which are to be sold for $100 each, was the subject of a conference here yesterday by representatives of the International League of Press Clubs. The "magazine" will be called Bohemia, and its short life and limited issue will be in the interest of the proposed home for journalists at New Orange, N. J. From the sales of the periodical it is hoped to raise the necessary $250,000.

The best writers and artists in the country will contribute to Bohemia, making it an interesting as well as a unique publication. The introduction will be written by ex-Postmaster General Charles Emory Smith of the Philadelphia Press. Henry Watterson of the Louisville Courier-Journal and Colonel A. K. McClure, formerly of the Philadelphia Times, will contribute articles descriptive of their personal experience in the civil war. Admiral Dewey also may contribute a chapter. Bohemia will appear next summer.

According to prsent plans the home for journalists will be a refuge for overworked newspaper men. There will be libraries and writing-rooms and complete medical equipment on the payment of $1 a day. Any newspaper man or writer can be admitted to the home if properly recommended.

## WESTINGHOUSE IS POSITIVE.

**Inventor Says That High Speed Wooden Cars in Tunnels Are Dangerous**

Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 20.—[Special.]—Criticisms of the stand taken by George Westinghouse against the use of electricity and combustible cars in tunnels led him to add reasons for his position. He says: "No one can have a stronger belief than I entertain of the advantages to be derived from the use of electricity in the operation of trains.

"A great advantage of electric traction is the possibility of much higher speed. This, however, while not extending the vision of the engineer in charge of the apparatus, will require a greater distance within which to stop the train.

"When many tons of electrical apparatus are distributed beneath several cars of a train it is evident that much greater precautions will have to be taken than is ordinarily the case with the running gear of the present steam cars.

"Electrical apparatus supported beneath the car can develop, by means of a short circuit, heat energy sufficient to instantly ignite cars of wood construction, and this has occurred repeatedly notwithstanding the presence of safety appliances intended to guard against such occurrences."

## HELD FAST IN BURNING STORE.

**Hand Caught by a Door, Furniture Man Has Narrow Escape from Death by Fire.**

Slamming a heavy iron door to prevent a fire at the base of the elevator shaft from spreading through upper floors, H. E. Heinemann's hand was caught between the door and the shaft and he had a narrow escape from perishing in the flames. The fire was in his furniture store at 989-991 Milwaukee avenue yesterday noon, and Heinemann, unable to release himself, for a time thought he could not arouse his employés. They finally heard his cries, however, and released him. Heinemann's hands had been badly burned and he suffered great pain. His injuries were dressed and he was taken home. The damage to the building and contents was about $40,000. Several barrels of oil and varnish were ignited and exploded, the flames spreading rapidly through the three floors of the structure.

Alma-Bromo Effervescent Salt—the great Tonic Laxative—clears and tones up the brain—cures constipation.


No faded lye-eaten clothes, no burned smarting hands if you use

**American Family Soap**

It is made from the well-known curative oils—cocoanut and castor—and selected beef tallow. Soap perfection personified. Thousands of households in Chicago will use no other. Be sure you get American Family and not an imitation.

JAMES S. KIRK & COMPANY.

**A 5 Cent Lunch.**

Crackers are common. But there's an uncommon cracker which is packed in an uncommon way, which keeps it uncommon good. It is

**Uneeda Biscuit**

The freshness of a cracker is its foundation attraction. No other feature is really good without crisp freshness. The In-er-seal patent package in which Uneeda Biscuit are packed has created a revolution in the biscuit business, and the biscuit come from it as fresh as the morning dew.


## GRAND JURY INDICTS THOMBS FOR LARSON MURDER.

**Accessory Charge Against Robert Kiessig, the Principal Witness, Dropped—J. W. Fernald Appointed Foreman.**

The grand jury indicted Louis Thombs yesterday on a charge of murdering Minnie or Catherine Larson. The charge of being accessory to the alleged murder which was made by the Coroner's jury against Robert Kiessig, was continued until the next grand jury, when it probably will be dropped. The indictment against Thombs was voted on the testimony of Kiessig, though two other witnesses were called.

Kiessig told a straightforward story. He had a wealth of detail at his command, and not once was he confused. He recited the evening's alleged happenings from the beginning until he aided Thombs, according to his story, in throwing the body of the girl into the slip. Mrs. Everts, Kiessig's sister, and Mary Smith, 253 Ewing street, also testified.

The case against Thombs will be placed on the call of the Criminal Court and will be tried as soon as possible. The indictment will be prepared by Assistant State's Attorney Blair and the case will be prosecuted by Assistant State's Attorney Barnes.

The jury also voted an indictment against Anton Boenert, steamship agent and private banker. He was charged with obtaining $525 from Otto Truebner on July 10, 1901, by means of a bogus check.

Judge Smith made James W. Fernald, 4434 Greenwood avenue, foreman of the jury. The response to the call for jurors was one of the largest in the Criminal Court records, and few excuses were made to evade service. Out of the fifty men summoned thirty-eight responded and but fourteen were excused.


**CONSTIPATION**

When your food does not digest properly, the bowels become clogged and the liver inactive. The poisons and impurities that should be carried off are thus allowed to accumulate, causing **nausea, sick headache, indigestion, dyspepsia and biliousness.** The best medicine to **cure constipation** and prevent these diseases is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Try a bottle and be convinced.

**HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.**

If you wish perfection,

**ELECTRO SILVER POLISH SILICON**

must be your selection.

All good grocers sell it.

THE NORTH WESTERN LINE

Station, Wells & Kinzie sts
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Tel., Central 721.

**THE BEST OF EVERYTHING.**

Chair, Parlor, Buffet Parlor and Dining Cars and Sleepers.

3.00 AM FAST MAIL. For River points, Wausau, Ashland, Escanaba, Marquette, Copper Country, Green Lake, Grand Rapids.
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9.00 AM BADGER STATE EX. Beloit, Janesville, Madison, La Crosse, Winona, Minneapolis, Dakota, St. Paul, Minneapolis.
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5.30 PM IOWA EX. Clinton, Cedar Rapids, Des Moines, Council Bluffs, Omaha.
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TUESDAY, JANUARY 21, 1902.

**Mr. Carnegie's Own Library.** Up to the present time Mr. Andrew Carnegie has established 177 libraries in this country at a total cost of $17,508,000. He has now stopped his generous work long enough to arrange for a library of his own at his residence, Skibo Castle, the total number of volumes being 8,000 and the immediate outlay $50,000. The professor of history at Oxford is to select the books for him, but Mr. Carnegie has indicated the classes of books he wishes to have on the shelves. They are of interest as showing the literary taste of the great library founder and include 100 volumes of speeches, and sets of the lives of players, printers, and men of letters. In other words, orations and biographies seem to be his favorites. He is interested in the lives of real men rather than the adventures of imaginary persons, the accomplishments of science or the speculations of philosophy. This goes to show that he is a practical literary man himself.

**The Policemen's Protective Association.** The members of the Policemen's Protective association seem to be prepared to obey the orders of the Mayor and Chief of Police and disband their organization. They have the good sense to see that they do not stand on the same footing with workingmen, whose right to organize cannot be questioned. They have not been led astray by the sympathetic utterances of some labor unions whose members do not understand that what is proper for them is not proper for men who are working for the public as the policemen are. Undoubtedly the organizers of this protective association did not imagine they were doing anything out of the way when they got it up. They may have thought that it would shield them against political oppression, but no association would have protected them against that kind of oppression in the days when the department was run on purely political principles. There is less politics in the department now, and the best protection against oppression of any kind is the faithful discharge of duty. As for the policeman who shirks his duty or who has beer habits he should receive protection from no quarter. The police force is no place for him. The citizens of Chicago, who, for their protection, employ the patrolmen, will have more confidence in these patrolmen when the latter give evidence that they are well disciplined by obeying promptly the reasonable orders of their superiors.

## PEARSON ON MIRACLES.

When Professor Pearson of Northwestern University left his own peaceful domain of English literature, where he was a kind of priest to the muses in general and dwelt "in regions mild of calm and serene air," it was rather unfortunate that of all the foreign fields into which he might have strayed he should have chosen that particular one in which hard knocks are most to be had and in which only the trained controversialist is likely to escape being torn to pieces. This is the point on which Professor Pearson should be commiserated. He has gone into a fight where the amateur is usually unhorsed and stamped into the mud.

But there is also another reason why Professor Pearson should have hesitated. It was a question of propriety as well as of expediency. Let it be granted that Professor Pearson does not, and cannot, believe in miracles. The Methodist Church can, and does; and Northwestern University, founded by Methodists, fostered by Methodists, governed by a Board of Trustees elected, in part, by Methodist conferences, is committed to the same belief. Of this Methodist institution Professor Pearson is an important part. He is head of a section of the College of Liberal Arts. He is employed by a Methodist body and draws his income from Methodist sources. When he attacks a cardinal feature of Methodist belief the situation becomes dangerous and embarrassing.

The ordinary man says to himself: Here is a scholarly person, a learned person, a head of a department in a Methodist college, who speaks with some authority because of his general attainments, and who says that the Methodists are wrong. It is not that the ordinary man is surprised that what Professor Pearson says should be said at all. There is nothing new in Professor Pearson's position. He is not breaking new ground. He is simply declaring his agreement with the "liberals," and the "liberals" have been talking and writing for many a decade. The only thing that gives Professor Pearson's pamphlet any prominence is that the author is a member of the faculty of Northwestern University. If it were the pamphlet itself, and not the author, that really mattered, why should it not have been published anonymously? The answer is obvious. Without the name and title of the author the argument would have fallen flat. In other words, it was because of Professor Pearson's connection with a Methodist institution that he was able to deliver a blow at Methodist doctrine which attracts momentary attention.

This is not an agreeable reflection. A man owes something to his office. It would not be right for President Roosevelt to denounce democratic government until he had resigned a position to which he has been elevated by a popular vote. The same principle can be applied to the case of a professor who attacks the principles of his own college. He may say, of course, that he has a right to free speech. And so he has, unless he has placed himself in implied alliance with a body of men who have opinions contrary to his own. Until that alliance is terminated his mouth is closed.

There are certain things more important than the right to blurt out anything one may happen to think. Among these is the recognition of one's personal relations with other men and with bodies of men. When one assumes these relations one also assumes obligations and limitations. Therefore Professor Pearson's deliverances appear to be in bad taste. At the same time there are no signs of his having hurt the Methodist Church or the university. So, if he be a good professor of English literature, he might safely be kept where he is with an admonition to let miracles alone and stick to literature.

## MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP A DREAM.

There is in the last number of the Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post an article by Mayor Harrison on the municipal ownership of public utilities. His conclusion is that "without a proper merit system, so firmly established as to be a guaranty of efficient and honest service, public ownership would be a curse to the community in which it was given trial." No intelligent person will take issue with the Mayor on this point.

Therefore the Mayor thinks the first effort of those who believe in public control should be directed towards the establishment in every municipality of "a genuine, common sense, business-like civil service system, free from the frills, the furbelows, the ultra-refinements of the professional reformer, which will make merit the sole ground for original appointment and sole stepping-stone to advancement."

The Mayor never has waxed enthusiastic over the Chicago civil service law. For a time he was exceedingly restive under its restrictions. Presumably he believes that law has "frills and furbelows" which ought to be torn off. It is quite likely that his idea of a "common sense" civil service system is one in which the Mayor is the sole judge of merit as is the chief of a business enterprise.

That would be the best civil service system if municipal officers could be elected who would administer it without regard to politics. As no such officers can be elected, it is necessary, in order to prevent as far as possible the demoralization of the civil service by politics, to enact civil service laws—which private corporations do not need because they are not run on political principles. These laws are not ideal, but they accomplish a great deal.

If Chicago with its present civil service system were to undertake to run street car lines public ownership would be, as the Mayor says, "a curse to the community." If the city were to undertake to operate the lines under any civil service system that might be established by the politicians if the present civil service law were repealed, the community would be even more sorely afflicted.

All that has been asserted as to the success of the municipal operation of street car lines in foreign cities may be admitted, and yet the fact remains that successful municipal operation in American cities is impossible and will be so for an indefinite length of time. Therefore it is idle to discuss municipal operation and an ideal civil service system to go with it. These are academic questions. They do not interest the men and women of Chicago who want good street car service and who want it soon. Twice a day or oftener they endure the miseries of a wretchedly inadequate service. They ask for relief, not for essays on municipal ownership.

## STILL A DEBTOR NATION.

Senator Foraker said the other day that the United States is rapidly becoming "the great creditor nation of the earth, so that henceforth we shall hold the securities of other peoples and collect interest from them on their obligations, instead of paying them tribute on ours." The balance of trade in favor of the United States has been amazingly large for the last four years, but it will be several years yet before foreigners cease collecting interest on American obligations held by them. The estimated indebtedness of the United States to foreign countries a year ago was $2,000,000,000. At the beginning of this year it probably was $1,700,000,000, having been reduced 15 per cent in 1901. Therefore, if the prosperity which the United States now enjoys shall continue for five years, this great indebtedness will have been paid off. A conservative man will be more moderate in his expectations and will be quite satisfied if the United States shall in ten years free itself from that mass of indebtedness, the payment of the interest on which has taken up so large a proportion of the favorable trade balances.

Americans have already begun to "hold the securities of other peoples and collect interest from them." As yet, however, they are doing this on a comparatively small scale. It is estimated that during the last two and a half years Americans have made investments abroad as follows: In Canada, $75,000,000; England, $50,000,000; Mexico, $50,000,000; other continental America, $25,000,000; the West Indies, $25,000,000; and in Asia, Africa, and the Philippines, $30,000,000. Many of these investments bid fair to be extremely profitable.

It will be seen, therefore, that Senator Foraker's exultant remarks about the United States becoming a creditor nation are not without justification. It is on the high road to be such a nation, but the vast indebtedness which this country contracted for railroad building and so many other purposes cannot be wiped out in a few years. There have been times in the past when it was difficult to pay the interest on that indebtedness, and not until 1897 came with its changed conditions was it possible to begin paying off the principal.

**Shun the Cruel County Seat War.** The Board of Supervisors of De Kalb County has voted to build a new courthouse. This resolution has inspired the citizens of the flourishing Town of De Kalb with a great longing to take the county seat away from the thriving Town of Sycamore, which has long had it. The De Kalb people are raising money so that they may be in a position to make seductive offers to the taxpayers of the county, who would rather have a courthouse given them than be taxed to pay for one. The property-owners of Sycamore are not pleased at this attempt to deprive their town of the county seat. They say it is unfair, and that De Kalb should be satisfied with its Normal School and be willing to leave the courthouse and jail where they are, so the wealthy men of Sycamore are subscribing liberally to a defense fund. They swear they will not allow the cherished public buildings to be taken away from them. It is not in order for a nonresident to express an opinion concerning a purely local matter of this kind, which the voters of De Kalb County are fully able to settle. But it is permissible for an outsider, having the greatest respect for the two towns which are now on the verge of hostilities, to suggest that a county seat war is one of the meanest and bitterest wars which two rival communities can engage in. There have been many of these wars in Illinois as well as other Western States, and they have always been unpleasant. One of these wars raged in Du Page County between Naperville and Wheaton for some years. There must be many residents of De Kalb County who remember that sanguinary conflict and who ought to view with alarm the prospect of deadly war between the citizens of two neighboring and now peaceful communities. If this threatened war can be avoided in no other way, then let the issues involved be referred to arbitration. That is the popular method of settling controversies between nations and between employers and employés. It may well be invoked to dispose of a county seat dispute. Friendly relations have not yet been broken off between Sycamore and De Kalb. It is to be hoped that reason will prevail and that they never will be severed. "Let us have peace."

## CONFEDERATES IN SOLDIERS' HOMES.

Last week while the House of Representatives was discussing the pension bill Mr. Rixey of Virginia spoke at some length in favor of the admission of confederate veterans to the soldiers' homes maintained by the federal government. He said that while the whole country is taxed to support the men who fought in the federal army the Southern States are obliged to make special appropriations for the ex-confederates and to maintain homes and grant pensions out of their own revenues. This discrimination, Mr. Rixey thought, was unjust. The survivors of both sides should be cared for by the people in general.

To this view of the matter Mr. Richardson of Tennessee took exception. "On what ground," said he, "is the confederate soldier to be admitted to the homes? The federal soldier is admitted because he fought to preserve the union. Now, are you going to admit the confederate soldier because he fought to destroy the union?" This puts the case bluntly but forcibly, and as Mr. Richardson was himself in the confederate army, his motive is not hatred of the South. It is rather profound respect for the South and a delicate sense of honor and propriety. "I am proud," he said later, "that no confederate soldier, so far as I know, has ever asked to go in a union home, and never will, I hope."

In taking this stand Mr. Richardson is supported by a strong sentiment in other parts of the South. The State of Columbia, S. C., for instance, regards Mr. Rixey's suggestion as "in bad taste," and says that the Southern people will never consent to the survivors of the confederate armies being pensioned by the federal government. Governor McSweeney of South Carolina has included in his message to the Legislature a strong recommendation for the establishment of a State home for confederate soldiers.

Nobody takes exception to what the Southern States are doing for their old soldiers. Some of those States have soldiers' homes. Others appropriate for pensions. The appropriations are small, but a good many soldiers are cared for. The federal homes are for soldiers who have served the federal government. The confederates can hardly lay claim to that distinction. What is more, they do not want to. Like Mr. Richardson, they may say outright that they do not believe "that those who fought in the rebellion have a right to ask the government to compensate them in any degree whatever."

## "ISOLATED" NATIONS.

The London Spectator, in view of the tendency of continental publicists to dwell upon the "isolation" of Great Britain and taunt it with having neither allies nor friends, consoles itself with the reflection that another nation, Germany, has but few friends outside of Austria, and that its people have "enraged" if they have not "alienated a majority of mankind."

The counts in the Spectator's "isolation" indictment are numerous. It says that even the Austrians "are fretting under the provocation of Pan-German oratory" and that friendliness with Austria is endangered. No progress has been made in conciliating France, and the old dislike between German and Slav has been increased by the struggle in Bohemia and the attitude of the government toward the Poles in Prussia. It intimates that the real enemy to be feared by Great Britain may be Germany rather than Russia. It even holds out the possibility of an Anglo-Russian alliance. Finally, it has discovered a suspicion in the American mind that the two nations some day may be forced into a hostile attitude, and says: "There is scarcely an American who does not believe that the Germans endeavored to save Manila and were only foiled through the resolution, involving in one instance an ultimatum, of Admiral Dewey. There is, in fact, in the United States, a dislike and dread of Germany as an empire which is all the more remarkable because there, as in England, the individual German is well known and regarded, as a rule, with kindly appreciation." Summing up, the Spectator is of opinion that "Germany in truth would for the moment but for her hold on Austria stand isolated in the world."

So far as this country is concerned the Spectator is at fault in its assertions. There is no more dislike or dread of Germany than of Great Britain or France or any other European nation. On the other hand, courtesies of the most agreeable kind are being exchanged and compliments are being handed back and forth with alacrity between Germany and the United States at this time. Germany is not isolated so far as this country is concerned, and the President and the Emperor are "great and good friends." And Great Britain must not be jealous, for when Edward gets his long-delayed crown the government of the United States will have its representatives there to see him put it on. The United States has no part in the spites of foreign nations. It is only looking for customers over there.

## THE REMUNERATION OF ART.

The recent concerts given in this city by the young Bohemian violinist, Kubelik, and the almost unprecedented patronage on both those occasions certainly warrant the statement that the musical art is richly remunerated, at least when it is real art. Artists can no longer complain of the heartlessness of the public or that their efforts are not valued even beyond the estimate they place upon them themselves. Another remarkable feature of this appreciation is the steady increase in the remuneration. Unless some accident occurs to interrupt his tour, Kubelik, a man of 21, scarcely known in this country six months ago, will return to Bohemia with what will appear a comfortable fortune to his friends there. A generation or two back such violinists of world-wide fame as Spohr, Ernst, Vieuxtemps, and Wieniawsky would have questioned the sanity of any one who should have predicted that at the beginning of the new century a comparatively unknown boy would make more in one concert than they in half a dozen.

The same comparison, so far as the piano is concerned, exists between Liszt or Thalberg and Paderewski. The difference is still more marked in the case of singers. An Eastern paper calls attention to the fact that not many years ago Colonel Mapleson paid Jean de Reszke $50 a week, but recently this artist refused to come to America and sing forty times for $200,000, free of all expenses for his company and advertising. Of course, as the paper referred to says, he may have enough and knows that he has enough, but this does not alter the fact that a manager has sufficient confidence in the appreciation and patronage of the public to offer an artist $5,000 for every appearance.

The same difference in remuneration holds good also in literature. Charles Kingsley sold "Alton Locke" for $750 to his publishers. His daughter, Mrs. Harrison (Lucas Malet) will receive probably $15,000 for "Sir Richard Calmady." Jane Austen earned during her entire literary career less than $3,500. Marie Corelli, on the other hand, has obtained $100,000 from the proceeds of a single book's sale. The sales of "Richard Carvel" have reached 500,000 copies, "The Master Christian" 300,000, "The Eternal City" 100,000, "Sir Richard Calmady" 80,000. The original sales of the great books of the last generation did not reach one-tenth of these figures. It may be some compensation that Jane Austen and Charles Kingsley will live long years after Corelli and Lucas Malet are forgotten and that people who have already forgotten "Richard Carvel" will keep on reading "Vanity Fair" and "David Copperfield," or, going still farther back, "Robinson Crusoe" and "Don Quixote," but perhaps larger current remuneration would have been more agreeable to the old authors than so much posthumous fame.

The attention of Professor Pearson of the Northwestern University is particularly invited to the theosophical explanation of the whole matter. Shadrach, Meshach, and Abednego were adepts. Being adepts they could move about unharmed in a superheated furnace. But what does theosophy say concerning the ax that floated?

Yesterday was the day for denying the story that the Boers have made overtures for peace.

Something might be done for the Nicaragua Canal if the Morgans were to stand together. Let the Senator make overtures to J. Pierpont.

After July 1, 1902, the only kind of pistol that can be sold lawfully in South Carolina will be a formidable affair twenty-two inches long and weighing not less than three pounds. There will be some bootlegging in pistols done in South Carolina after that date.

We regret that Prince Henry finds it impossible to time his arrival in Chicago so as to attend the cat show.

Having managed to secure the disapproval of the Rev. Dr. Parkhurst, Mayor Low of New York City is now going ahead with some confidence.

The experts on bacteriology are about ready to report on the drainage canal question, and St. Louis is taking something to brace itself.

What were the buds of society doing When Knighthood Was in Flower?

Perhaps the Filipinos prefer malevolent assimilation.

They had real fighting in the harbor of Panama yesterday, with real ships and real cannon.

There are reasons for suspecting that a considerable number of Kansas City's footpads and burglars have succeeded in beating their way to Chicago.

## IN A MINOR KEY.

### May Have Changed.

A personage of singular dignity of manner and nobility of countenance spoke to the stranger.

"I am told," said the personage, "that you have just come hither from Chicago."

"I have," replied the newly arrived spirit.

"Then you can tell me, perhaps," rejoined the other, with some eagerness, "the present condition of the Spanish caravels in Jackson Park."

"I can. Since the South Park board took entire charge of them they have been pumped out, raised, repaired, and repainted, and the Santa Maria has been rigged up again, so that she looks as good as new."

"I am truly glad to hear it. My latest previous advices from there were to the effect that those little ships had been shamefully neglected. The news you bring gratifies me exceedingly."

"Will you please tell me who you are?" asked the newly arrived spirit.

"Certainly. I am Christopher Columbus," said the other, with a smile. "You seem surprised."

"I am surprised. They have about fifty portraits of you in the Field Museum, and you don't look like any of them."

### Retrospective.

"So you are going to hold a great exposition in your town to commemorate what you call the Louisiana purchase, are you?" said the real Napoleon Bonaparte, who had cast off his fleshly impedimenta eighty years or more previously. "How much is it to cost?"

"Twenty-five millions, anyhow," replied the spirit that had just arrived from St. Louis. "Maybe thirty millions."

"H'm!" mused Napoleon, shaking his head. "That's a great deal more money than you fellows paid me for the whole of that territory. I sold it too cheap!"

### All in a Name.

"What is your reason for wanting a divorce?" asked the Judge, to whom the causes alleged in the application did not seem sufficient.

"Well, your Honor," said the fair applicant, "I'll tell you the real reason. When I married him I didn't stop to think how queer Mrs. Hurtrain was going to sound."

### Not a Clear Title.

"I was surprised to find that the Jiggsmores were not in the Rev. Dr. What's-his-name's revised list of society people."

"They couldn't expect it. They have the millions, but they have neither the distinguished ancestry nor the hyphen."

### Caught On.

"Waiter," said the professor, "your cook has been guilty of a sin of omission."

"Ah, yes," pleasantly replied the waiter, who had seen better days. "He has left undone a steak that he ought to have done. I will have to take it back to him."

### Tonsorial Repartee.

"How do you part your hair?" said the barber after he had finished cutting it.

"With a comb," replied the irritable customer.

"I didn't know. It looked, when you came in, as if you might have been doing it with a hayrake."

### Washington Likes New-Yorkers.

Washington hotelkeepers, providers of amusement, and tradesmen like a New York administration. Washington is thronged with New-Yorkers, as the White House social following is essentially New Yorky. They are all prize packages for the natives of Washington, as they are good spenders, and Washington is poor. Rents and all other prices have gone up. A few years ago $5,000 a year would rent almost anything in Washington; now it gets only a modest house for any one of social or official pretensions.

### Remember Absalom's Fate.

Leader Nixon is still trying to recruit "Absaloms." It may be recalled that the "young man Absalom" became a great demagogue and hanged himself—involuntarily!—New York World.

### Avoid English Sporting Terms.

Hanover, Germany, now has six football teams that play the Rugby game. They are trying to carry out the Kaiser's order not to use English sporting terms.

## A LINE-O'-TYPE OR TWO.

"SYMPATHY is out of style," remarked the Hon. Tom Reed to a street car conductor the other day. Time was when Mr. Reed was limited to such an outlet for his epigramitis.

A FOOD bureau is the latest piece of filigree proposed for the Agricultural department.

AMONG those benevolently assimilated is noted one Filipino lady, who has been Joan of Arcking for six years. She wore a straight front.

NOTICE.

On account of a pressure of other matter of no more consequence, the serial publication of Beauty Unadorned is interrupted for one issue.

THE last "Author's Agency" to send us a pamphlet has scratched from the list of well-known authors "to whom we may refer" the name of Charles Dudley Warner. The agencies employ no trance mediums.

SKILLFUL BERT RETURNS TO THE POTS.

Bert Potts, the former hot tamale man, has taken a position as dishwasher at Jake Conine's restaurant, a job he formerly held down with great skill.—Fort Scott (Kas.) Tribune.

PRINCE HENRY'S visit seems to be largely a German-American affair, though it may be too late to turn the reception arrangements over to a bund or a verein.

RICHARD YATES, GOVERNOR OF ILLINOIS.

[By Owen Wright.]

III.

Aspirants sought to crush him down,
That they might wear a golden crown;
But this young giant was our choice;
Now all our leading men rejoice.

IV.

This century star, eastward bound,
In Washington, may yet be found;
We are sure of his promotion,
And we trust to his devotion.

[To be continued.]

'LIGE DOWIE is working the collections to the limit. He may be preparing for an ascension.

### The Annual Dinner.

We had a perfectly lovely time at the annual dinner of the Line-o'-Type staff. The party was small, as so many of the staff are in distant parts. Poor Colonel Slinger, whose fate is a mystery, was among those absent, and Colonel Ananias F. Dubbe sent word that he had left suddenly for Panama to attend the big naval battle. Hon Dam Li of China could not leave Pekin, and his astral body was attending to important business in Thibet. Mr. Munchausen P. Dream could not be reached.

The usual telegrams of congratulations from distinguished invited guests were received. Prince Henry sent a lovely telegram, and dear Mr. Cleveland's letter was just as nice and kind as it could be. Admiral Schley was so busy that he couldn't get to Chicago earlier than he had arranged for, and General Funston sent word that he was on his way to Kansas to have his appendix mended.

At 7 o'clock we sat down to discuss the following meun:

Grace.*
Oysters à la Scoop.
Marconi Soup. Octopus, à la Morgan.
Roasts, with Paragraphed Potatoes.
Line-o'-Type Hash. Jingle Patties.
Genevieve Punch.
Squibs on Toast, Country Style.
Ice Cream.
Coffee. Cake. Wafers.

*Saintess.

Mr. Criticus Flub-Dubbe made a happy speech; Mme. Sques Gee related some of her adventures in Paris; Mrs. Fuller-Prunes read a witty paper on women's clubs; and Genevieve—the mysterious Genevieve—whom we were permitted to meet for the first time, read selections from her forthcoming book of poems called "Heart Stirrings." Ethelwyn, a remarkably pretty and lovable girl, recited Rossetti's "Blessed Damozel," and Mr. Dubbe and I sang "O That We Two Were Maying." Mr. Dubbe also played Bach's chromatic fugue and two lovely Brahms sonatas.

Just as the party was breaking up a telegram was received from (Sir) Francis Atwater and (Saintess) Grayce Atwater saying that they were enjoying an equestrian tour through northern Michigan.

POETA PANTS.

OUR barber is buying marble slabs and other fool decorations, and proposes to have a regular Smithsonian Institution of a time.

A CROSS-GRAINED AFFAIR.

In Circuit Court: 224,416—Rose Birch vs. Frank Birch. H. C. Wood, solicitor.

PROFESSOR PEARSON has expressed his honest opinion, and one reverend gentleman refers to it as an "unfortunate matter."

HOW would you like to play Uncle Tom to Jawn L. Sullivan's Simon Legree?

A FRESH EYCK.

There was a young man named Ten Eyck,
Who took a hot sprint up the peyck;
Till he met Colonel Phthologhyrrh,
Who said: "You barnbolognyrrh,
You've phtheighken the wrong road for a heyck."

[For first correct solution, $50 in copper bonds of the Filopene Republic, payable at Pangoelambang, A. D. 1999.]

IN case business doesn't pick up M. Verestchagin may make a parachute descent from the Masonic Temple roof.

THE REV. SAM JONES and the Hon. Poultney Bigelow ought to collaborate on something. It would be sure to be a noisy affair.

INFORMATION WANTED.

Dear Sir: Who is this Commissioner Jones, who is regulating the hairdressing of the Indians? The Barbers' union has never heard of him. Has he a card? F. MILLER.
Secretary Aurora Branch No. 40, B. U. of A.

MISS HALEY says it is now up to the apathetic 95 per cent—i. e.: the men. And that's about as far as it will get.

BLOSSOM'S ECSTASY OVER "CLINGERIE."

Excelsior! You have "clinched" it true enough. "Clingerie" is the word, and every Blossom is grateful. Be quick and trademark the word before some horrid man-tailor cabbages it as original. We girls, for want of a more "fitting" word, call these things "huggelings." I move that you become the official linguist for all unpronounceable female tuggery. Thanks from BLOSSOM.

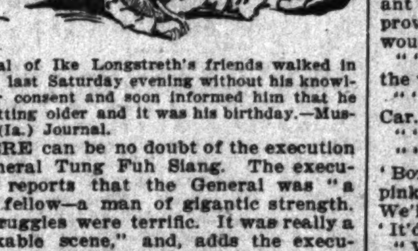
ADMIRAL SCHLEY says he'll shoot any one that talks inquiry with him. And we all know how he shoots.

ANOTHER SCREAM FROM THE EAGLE.

Now that Dill has left we have advanced to the exhalted posish of foreman and printer. We may play the devil, but no printing office is complete without one. A bald headed Eagle and a bald headed devil, G Lay! But we don't care so we can keep our feet clad. We have a pair of over alls, or nearly all.—Brookport (Ill.) Eagle.

THREE days have been added to Prince Henry's visit. That will give him just time to run out to Chicago.

SURPRISE FOR IKE.



Several of Ike Longstreth's friends walked in on him last Saturday evening without his knowledge or consent and soon informed him that he was getting older and it was his birthday.—Muscatine (Ia.) Journal.

THERE can be no doubt of the execution of General Tung Fuh Siang. The executioner reports that the General was "a tough fellow—a man of gigantic strength. His struggles were terrific. It was really a remarkable scene," and, adds the executioner,

"O, never shall I
Forget that cry,
Or the shriek that shrieked he,
As I gnashed my teeth,
When from its sheath
I drew my snickersnee."

CHICAGO has never known such weather before, says Mr. Cox. Possibly it will be recalled that we predicted an open winter.

TAKE WARNING!

If Carter of Carterville, surnamed Harrison, doesn't settle the traction question P. D. Q., we propose to run Lyman Gage against him and whip him out of his boots. Them's the sentiments of Pumpernickel. A SEVENTH-WARDER.

IT is extremely apparent that, as a nation, we are not strong on memorial funds.

HISTORY REPEATS ITSELF.

The Hon. Lot Abraham delivered a lecture at Pleasant Point last Saturday evening. His subject was "My Travels Through Palestine."—Mount Pleasant (Ia.) Press.

YOU bet the Social Economics club will settle the anonymous letter affair. The S. E. settles everything.

EVEN Professor Pearson's opponents will admit that "miracles of beauty" are "poetic fancies."

KANSAS CITY has opened war on "snitches."

A BAS les snitches! B. L. T.

# TOLD BY A TRAMP

## No. 1—The Hard Oil Finish

THE "Indiana Kid," who has just reached "Chi," where he always spends his winters, feels that his fraternity has been sadly misrepresented by the amateur tramps who have recently been writing so learnedly in the magazines. In the interest of the eternal verities he considers that one of the "real push" should take pen in hand and write a true picture of life on "the road."

His first contribution to the literature of the hobo is entitled "The Hard Oil Finish." In order that it may at least be partially understood by earnest students of sociology it has been carefully translated out of the tramp's lingo into the ordinary vernacular.

"Me and 'Box Car Jimmy,' my pardner, had been grafting our way through Pennsylvania. We tramps call it the apple sauce State, because every family puts up about three barrels of apple sauce every fall and when a tramp makes a play for a handout jug. It was full of molasses, and I pours out enough to fill up our pail. Then we goes to work and puts the prettiest 'hard oil finish' you ever saw on that piano with molasses. When we got through it shone as if it had been silver plated.

"We warned the woman that it would take forty-eight hours to dry thoroughly, and she paid us $1.50, and was glad to do it.

"'It certainly looks fine,' she said.

"'Me and my partner are "hard oil finish" artists,' says 'Box Car,' and then we screws out. By the time the forty-eight hours had passed we were more than a hundred miles away. I would like to know what she did to get the molasses off that piano.

"On the way to Chicago I lost 'Box Car,' and finally stuck a 'hostile brakie' on the Lake Shore. He told me he would kill me if I tried to steal a ride on his train, but I laughed at him. Just as the train started I swung up under the car and sat down on



"I SAW ONE LEG OF MY TROUSERS GOING DOWN THE ROAD."

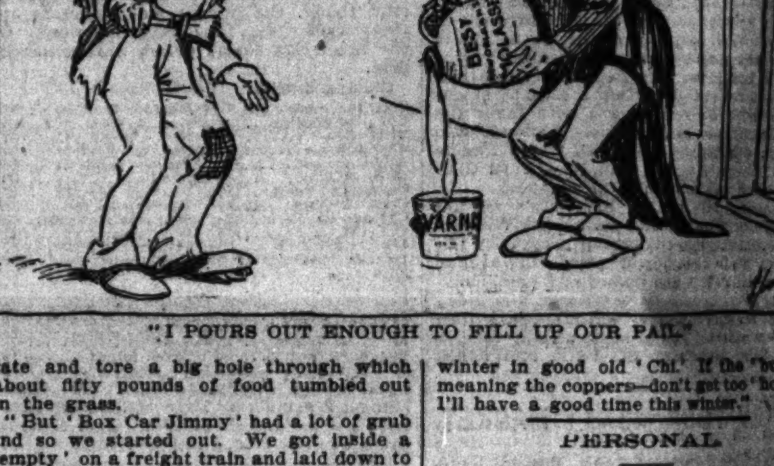
he gets every time a couple of thick slices of 'punk'—that's bread—with two pounds of 'Pennsylvania sass' between them.

"We got tired of a diet of apple sauce and started to bum our way through Ohio and Indiana on our way to Chicago. Before we 'hit the road' we went out to collect enough 'handouts' to keep us in food during a journey of 250 miles, which we expected to make on the brake beams of a freight train. I was wearing a long cutaway coat, which a woman in Pittsburg gave me. In order to fix a place to put away the grub I got I pinned the tails of the coat together with safety pins and cut a big hole in the lining, into which I could slip a good sized handout. I had got my coat tails almost full of 'punk' and apple sauce and was waiting for the last 'handout' I expected to ask for, when a dog got busy with me. He caught me by the coat tails just as I got out the the brakebeam. It is a dangerous seat at best, and I had all I could do to hold on to keep from falling off. Then the brakeman got busy.

"He tied a coupling pin to the end of a long rope and, sitting up in the door of the car, kept throwing the coupling pin down under the car, doing his best to strike me with it. Half a dozen times the heavy pin almost struck my head. If it had done it I would have lost my hold and been ground into sausage meat.

"Fortunately I succeeded in dodging the pin and keeping my seat. But all the way to 'Chi' I had to keep out of the way of that 'brakie,' and when I finally ducked down in the freight yards he chased me three blocks, threatening to 'knock my block' off if he caught me.

"But I'm located now for the rest of the



"I POURS OUT ENOUGH TO FILL UP OUR PAIL."

gate and tore a big hole through which about fifty pounds of food tumbled out on the grass.

"But 'Box Car Jimmy' had a lot of grub and so we started out. We got inside a 'empty' on a freight train and laid down to take a nap. When we woke the train was running through Ohio at about twenty miles an hour. We wanted to get off near Columbus, and just outside of Newark Junction we jumped the train. 'Box Car Jimmy' jumped first and landed all right, but my trousers caught in the lock of the car door. When I finally landed in the bottom of a ditch and looked ahead I saw one leg of my trousers going down the road attached to the door of the box car, while one leg of a pair of red flannel unmentionables somewhat marred my personal appearance. I managed to 'bum' a pair of old overalls at a section shanty, and when I had turned them up about a foot at the bottom I found that they were a good fit.

"'You look just like a workingman now,' said 'Box Car Jimmy' as he looked at me. 'Wait a minute,' he said, 'till I get my wheels spinning.' He sat down by the side of the road for a few minutes, saying nothing. Then he springs the greatest scheme I ever heard of tramps trying.

"'I'm thinkin',' he said, after he had studied it all out, 'that the houses around here need painting badly. At any rate they'd look a lot better if the front doors was refinished and varnished. You can put up a front that'll fool 'em all. Come on with me.'

"I was just a 'stiff' and 'Box Car Jimmy' was an old hand, so I follows him and asks no questions. He has a half dollar that we 'shook our feet for' in Pittsburg and he goes straight up to a paint shop and buys a little pail of red paint and a brush. Then we starts out.

"We picks out little houses that look poor and unpainted and walks up to the front door together.

"'I'll make the spiel,' says 'Box Car,' 'and while I'm talking you be sure to smear some of that red paint on the front door kind of careless like.'

"'We are engaged in putting the hard oil finish on old furniture and houses,' says 'Box Car' at the first place we come to, 'and we are artists in our line.'

"The woman who come to the door was busy listening to him and didn't notice what I was doing until I had smeared red paint up and down her front door.

"Then she gives a holler.

"'What are you spoiling my front door for?' she says.

"'We ain't,' says 'Box Car'; 'my assistant was simply illustrating the great improvement which one of our hard oil finishes would make on your door.'

"'But I don't want it painted red,' says the woman.

"'What color do you want?' says 'Box Car.'

"'O, a sort of a light pink,' she says.

"'Well, this paint dries out light,' says 'Box Car.' 'It looks red, but it dries out pink, and that's why it holds its color. We'll finish the job for 75 cents,' he says. 'It'd look bad to let it go now.'

"Well, there was nothing for the woman to do but to pay us the money and let us finish it up. It would certainly have looked like sin with big daubs of red paint all over it if she had refused.

"We worked the same game at a dozen places near Newark, and then we got on a blind baggage and rode over to near Terre Haute, Ind. There we got off and 'Box Car' buys another pail of varnish and I digs up the brush. We only had about half a pint of varnish, and the first place we struck—it was a little house on the outskirts of town—the woman says she would like to have a 'hard oil finish' put on her old piano.

"She takes us in through the kitchen and I notices a big two-gallon jug standing there—I worrying because we haven't got enough varnish to put a 'hard oil finish' on more than one leg of the piano. Seeing the jug gave me an idea.

"'Box Car,' I says, when we got started on the piano, 'we haven't got enough gum stickum to half finish the piano. I saw a big jug in the kitchen, and I'll bet it's full of molasses. If it is it'll be just the stuff to finish the piano up with. I'll send the woman down in the cellar after something and pinch the molasses.'

"'We need some vinegar, if you please,' I said to the woman, 'to use in cutting the old varnish.'

"She ducks down cellar and I picks up the winter in good old 'Chi.' If the 'bulls'—meaning the coppers—don't get too 'hostile' I'll have a good time this winter."

## PERSONAL.

The President works hard but does not show it. He always takes his daily exercise.

Mr. Henry Blount, son of Sir Edward Blount, recently took his thousandth trip across the British Channel.

Russia is doing her best to exterminate the Tungus tribes in Manchuria. General Grodekow is carrying out the work.

General Emilio Pallavicini, who commanded the expedition that wounded and captured Garibaldi at Aspromonte, is dead at the age of 77 years.

Switzerland's new President is Joseph Zemp of Entlebuch, who was Vice President last year. He is a lawyer, 68 years of age, and has been forty years in politics.

Herman Ruess, who claims to be the oldest German newspaper man in the United States, and who helped to found the Republican party, has just celebrated his golden wedding in Cleveland.

Uganda is to build a cathedral. For a foundation stone the gravestone of the Rev. Mr. Pilkington, who was killed by the Baganda some years ago, has been used. He was a graduate of Cambridge, where he distinguished himself as an athlete.

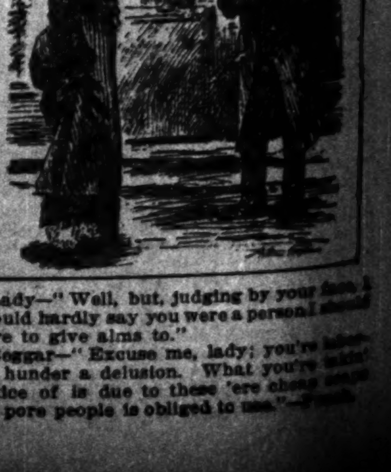
Sir Albert de Rutzen, who is now Chief Police Magistrate of London, rowed in the Cambridge crew against Oxford in 1840. In the same boat was Waddington of Trinity, who became Prime Minister of France, and in the Oxford boat was the later Lord Justice Chitty.

The memorial tablet to Sir Walter Besant, which is to be placed in the crypt of St. Paul's, will be set next to that which commemorates Charles Reade. The memory of R. D. Blackmore, the author of "Lorna Doone," is to be honored by the placing of a marble slab upon the wall of Exeter Cathedral.

A few months ago a committee was appointed in Vienna to raise funds to provide a monument in memory of Robert Hamerling, the Austrian poet, whose "Ahasuerus in Rome" and other works have been translated into English. In due course the body was exhumed, placed in a metal coffin and reinterred, and the monument was placed over it. Then it was discovered that the head was missing, it having been given to Professor Kratter to make a cast.

Prince Victor Emmanuel, Count of Turin, is a brother of the Duke of Aosta and a cousin of the King of Italy. He has just passed his 31st year, and of all the Princes of the House of Savoy he is said to be the most popular. He is an officer of the Italian army, and intensely patriotic. In 1897 he fought a duel with Prince Henri of Orleans, who had impugned the courage of the Italian army men and aspersed their valor for having allowed the Abyssinians to put them to rout.

Hard on the Face.



Lady—"Well, but, judging by your face, I should hardly say you were a person I should care to give alms to."

Beggar—"Excuse me, lady; you're labor-in' hunder a delusion. What you're takin' notice of is due to these 'ere cheap soaps we pore people is obliged to use."—Punch.

# IN THE SOCIETY WORLD

## COTILLON FOR MISS MARGARET MACVEAGH THIS EVENING.

**Dr. and Mrs. R. H. Babcock Give First of Two Receptions—Miss Grace Sanger's Dance Tomorrow Evening to Be a Young People's Affair—Midwinter Musical of Mary Noble Club at Residence of Mrs. James G. Steever—Benefit for Day Nursery.**

Mrs. Franklin MacVeagh's cotillon for Miss Margaret MacVeagh of Washington is the principal social event today. Mr. Marshall Field will be a dinner host, and Mrs. Watson Blair and Mrs. Dudley Winston will give dinners before the dance.

Dr. and Mrs. Robert Hall Babcock of 466 Dearborn avenue gave a reception last evening, which will be followed by a second reception this afternoon. A feature of each affair is a personation by Miss Katherine Jewell Everts of Boston taken from "To Have and to Hold." Dr. and Mrs. Babcock received alone last evening, but this afternoon Mrs. Babcock will be assisted by her sister, Mrs. Ernest Robert Hall of Evanston, Miss Edith Jordan Hall, and the Misses Zasson. Two hundred invitations were issued for each reception.

Miss Grace Sanger's dance tomorrow evening will be a young people's affair, and will be given at the residence of Mrs. George M. Pullman, 1729 Prairie avenue. Mrs. Pullman and Mrs. H. O. Stone leave on Friday for California, and Miss Sanger will then stay for some time with Miss Blanche Estabrook of 524 Dearborn avenue.

Mrs. James G. Steever of 4718 Madison avenue opened her house yesterday afternoon for the midwinter musical of the Mary Noble club. She was assisted in receiving by Mrs. L. A. Cardon, the club's President. Miss Schoyer and Miss Florence Williamson presided at the tea table.

The Young Fortnightly met yesterday afternoon in the Fine Arts Building. Miss Lancaster read a paper on the "Saving Grace of Humor."

Dr. and Mrs. Charles A. Williams have issued invitations for the marriage of their daughter, Miss Evadnah Williams, to Mr. Wayne Wills on Monday evening, Feb. 10, at St. Paul's Church, Kenwood, the ceremony to be followed by a reception at the Chicago Beach Hotel.

Mrs. George H. High of 63 Lake Shore drive gave a dinner last evening.

Miss Lillian Gillett of 3334 Michigan avenue will give a luncheon on Wednesday, Jan. 29.

Mrs. Clarke of 86 Astor street will give a luncheon tomorrow.

Mrs. Thomas C. Adsit of 45 Bellevue place gave a dinner last evening for Miss Lyon and Mr. John W. Gary.

Mrs. W. S. Chapman of 307 Schiller street will give a whist party this afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Mrs. Francis Lackner of 579 Dearborn avenue will give a young people's masque party on Wednesday evening, Jan. 29, for her daughters, the Misses Lackner.

Mrs. John Spiegel of 411 Grand boulevard will give a stag party for her son, Gustav Spiegel, on Saturday evening, followed by a supper at the Lakeside club.

Mrs. I. D. Sperlinger of 5218 Jefferson avenue will give her first post-wedding reception tomorrow afternoon and evening from 3 till 10 o'clock.

Mrs. Ferdinand W. Peck and Miss Arline Peck are going to California in a few days to visit the family of Miss Peck's fiancé, Mr. Robert Bien, on an estate near San Francisco. The wedding of Miss Peck and Mr. Bien will take place in the early spring.

Mrs. Pierre Kissam Tyng of Buffalo is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. Warren Lamson, 3991 Ellis avenue.

Mrs. Paul Morton and Miss Caroline Morton are in the East, where they went to attend the Yale promenade. They will go to Mexico on Feb. 1 and from there to California.

Mrs. McKay Le Roy left on Sunday to join her mother, Mrs. James McKay, who is ill in San Antonio, Tex.

A series of eight euchre parties will be given for the benefit of St. Elizabeth's Day nursery on Monday afternoon at the Lincoln Cycling club, Dearborn avenue and Maple street, commencing on Jan. 27. They are given under the auspices of the North Side branch philanthropic department, Catholic Woman's National league. Tickets may be secured from Mrs. T. L. Dillon of 336 Oak street, Mrs. Mary J. Cox, 254 North Franklin street; Mrs. T. W. Bushman, 1467 Wellington avenue; and at the nursery, Wendell and Orleans streets.

The Club Français will give an entertainment tonight at the Fine Arts Building. The program offers a varied assortment of numbers, including music, monologue, recitations, and a comedy.

## AMONG THE NEW BOOKS

**Travel in Ireland.**

"The Isle of the Shamrock." By Clifton Johnson. The Macmillan Co.

In "The Isle of the Shamrock" (The Macmillan Co.) Mr. Johnson does for Ireland what he has already done for England and France. "Among English Hedgerows" and "Along French Byways" are too well known now to need comment, and serve as a most alluring introduction to the present volume. By making his own illustrations Mr. Johnson achieves that harmony so pleasantly noted when a good singer plays well his own accompaniments. The pictures and the text balance and emphasize each other, and between them leave nothing to be desired to complete the picturesque impression. As in his other excursions, so here Mr. Johnson does not follow the beaten track of travel, but wanders at will through a country where he finds something of interest at every turn. He puts up with discomforts as a matter of course, mentioning the bad roads, deep mud, and uncertain food, and a certain prevalent lack of neatness only as casual incidents of a journey not at all marred by them.

It is the Ireland of Jane Barlow that Mr. Johnson puts before us; the dark hills, with cottages huddled in their shelter; the poor fields, where the year's supply of potatoes grows meagerly; the chickens, living in the house with the rest of the family; if they were rich, a pig lived there, too, or a cow, but always chickens. One of Mr. Johnson's most interesting chapters tells of his visit to Miss Barlow's home, which is quite on the other side of the island from Connemara, at Raheny, a suburb of Dublin. In his walk through the village he visits the school, finding, as he says, "the scene in the schoolroom was easy-going, social and domestic, but I was not impressed that the children were making any determined progress in the acquisition of knowledge." He attempts to pay a visit to the boys' side of the school, but the clatter of voices and buzz of lips was so great that he could not make himself heard, so abandoned them to their uproar. Miss Barlow need not, Mr. Johnson thought, have gone so far away from home for material for her stories of peasant life.

The people whom Mr. Johnson meets in the course of his travels are mostly kindly and courteous, with the touch of wit that we have come to expect in their philosophizing. They are poor almost beyond our comprehension; they live, often, in places where we would hesitate to house a yellow dog; and yet we are made to feel the charm of the country and the love for it which lives always in the hearts of its people. Almost every family has relatives who have emigrated, but so rarely do they lose touch with their homes that one woman says confidently: "I have had no account from her (her daughter) for a long time, so I suppose she is dead." Mr. Johnson does not stop to account for the condition of things in Ireland. He is not writing a sociological survey of its people. He offers us what he frankly calls first impressions—a view from the outside, just what every one of us might see for ourselves, if we had Mr. Johnson's seeing eyes and sympathetic temperament. For more kindly appreciation no people could ask. If Mr. Johnson some day moved to write such a book about America, may he show the same tolerance and humor in dealing with our own people.

## Marquise de Fontenoy Letter.

Copyright, 1902, by the Marquise de Fontenoy.

LORD MOUNTMORRES has been associated with the Earl of Rosslyn in the latter's attempt to break the bank at Monte Carlo by means of a "system," for the putting into execution of which the two young peers had succeeded in getting a number of foolish and confiding people to subscribe a sum of $50,000. Of course, the system has proved a lamentable failure. But, judging from the smallness of the stakes played by Lord Rosslyn, it would appear that the major part of the capital invested in the scheme would be swallowed up by the hotel expenses of the two peers and of their attendants at Monte Carlo.

That Lord Rosslyn should be engaged in an enterprise of this nature is not surprising. But there are many people who, like myself, will be sorry to find that Viscount Mountmorres is concerned in the affair. Lord Mountmorres will be remembered in this country in connection with the wild attempt to avert the war between the United States and Spain, and there is some reason to accord belief to his contention that he at any rate managed to delay the outbreak of the conflict for the space of forty-eight hours by acting as self-appointed negotiator for the sale of Cuba by Spain to the United States. The American embassy in London got the impression that the Viscount, in sounding them as to whether the United States would be willing to buy, was acting in behalf of the Spanish legation, while the latter, when asked by the Viscount whether Spain would be willing to sell, got the idea that he was sounding them on behalf of the United States embassy. The matter, at any rate, was referred from London by the two embassies in question to Washington and to Madrid respectively by wire, and the actual declaration of the war was delayed for a couple of days, until it was definitely ascertained that Spain would not sell under any circumstances, and that Lord Mountmorres, in approaching Ambassador Hay on the subject in London, had been acting purely on his own behalf, and without the slightest vestige of authority on the part of the Spanish government or legation.

Lord Mountmorres is the son and heir of the ill-fated Viscount Mountmorres, who was killed in the west of Ireland during the agrarian troubles of 1880. Queen Victoria did what she could for the widow and orphan of the murdered peer, who were left in impoverished circumstances. She granted the Viscountess a suite of apartments in Hampton Court Palace and a pension of $2,000 a year, and likewise offered to make the present Lord Mountmorres, then a 13-year-old boy, one of her pages of honor, a court office carrying with it a yearly pay of $1,500, and, as a general rule, the gift of a commission in the army at the close of four years' service.

The young Viscount, on receiving the appointment, was taken to pay his respects to her Majesty, after being instructed as to how he should approach her and kiss her hand. So embarrassed, however, was he when the critical moment arrived, that in kneeling down he tripped and, losing his head entirely, and in the hope of preserving his balance, clutched hold of the hand which the Queen had extended to be kissed. Totally unprepared for such a contretemps, the august lady lost her balance as well, and, according to the story, sustained a fall which was responsible to a great extent for the injury to the knee from which she suffered so much during the closing years of her life.

It is said that the Queen, notwithstanding the proverbial shortness of her temper, managed to keep it under control on this occasion, and even sought, with kindly words, to soothe the fears of the horror-stricken lad, who, judging from his looks, expected nothing less than instant confinement in the Tower of London, to be followed by decapitation, or possibly even hanging and quartering. While the Queen showed no resentment, she considered it prudent to cancel his appointment as a page, being of the opinion that he was scarcely fitted for the exigencies of court life. With the generosity which characterized her, however, she made him an allowance of the same amount that he would have received as page of honor during the four years that he would have held the office.

Since growing up Lord Mountmorres has tried many things. He has been in turn a director and even a chairman of a number of companies which have gone to smash. He has been the agent for a great Paris dressmaking establishment. He has been a merchant, likewise, in an unsuccessful way. In fact, the only career in which he has distinguished himself has been in newspaper work, and he has been associated in turn with Lady Colin Campbell's society journal, the Realm, in Lord Rosslyn's Scottish Life, in the London illustrated weekly, Black and White, in Tit-Bits, and was recently in the employ of Harmsworth, doing work on the Daily Mail and other of the Harmsworth publications, and turning out excellent copy. He has written a number of special articles describing his experiences disguised as a tramp, a crossing sweeper, and as a member of many other odd callings, including that of stoker on a river steamer, one of his experiences of this kind landing him in jail for a technical offense for a term of a few days, which, of course, gave him the opportunity of describing vividly the internal economy of a jail as seen by a peer. Lord Mountmorres is married to a charming actress, a Miss Bessie Rowe, and has one little girl. His peerage is an Irish one, and, while it gives him no seat in the House of Lords, he will have a right, as a peer, to attend the coronation, and he will be thus in a position to furnish the paper in whose employ he happens to be at the time with an exceptionally true and vivid description of the ceremony.

The new Prince of Wales has just received the remarkable collection of arms and of walking sticks bequeathed to him by the late Lord Keane, who died the other day, leaving no heir. While the royal family have, owing to some rather unsatisfactory experiences of the late Queen Victoria, established a rule of declining to accept the bequests of money which are often made to them by perfect strangers, and which are liable to involve the royal legatee in legal conflicts with relatives determined to contest the will, the Princes and Princesses of the reigning house do not object to accept bequests of collections such as that left to the Heir Apparent by Lord Keane, or art treasures, especially when the testator has been one of their personal friends.

I hear from Rome that Ricciotti Garibaldi and his brother-in-law, General Canzio, are engaged in raising a large corps of volunteers there to fight under the Argentine flag against Chile, and is meeting with considerable success, owing to the immense number of people in Italy who have relatives in the Argentine Republic. Indeed, the Italian element in that republic is so large that today the Italian immigrant population outnumbers the native-born Argentine by two to one. It must not be forgotten that it was in the Argentine Republic that Ricciotti was born, his mother having been Anita, the heroic first wife of the famous Italian patriot, Giuseppe Garibaldi, who fought for Argentine independence. Ricciotti is, like the other four children of his father, in receipt of a pension of $2,000 a year from the Italian Treasury, in spite of which he has been identified in a strange attempt to overthrow the existing government of Italy, and the establishment in its stead of a number of separate Italian republics federated under the Presidency of the Pope. He took part in the war between Greece and Turkey, under the Hellenic flag, at the head of a brigade of Italian volunteers, and likewise played a certain rôle in the Franco-German war of 1870 as a commander of a regiment of Franctireurs.

## ARMOUR GIFTS ARE STOLEN.

**Pickpockets Take Watches Presented to Old Employes by the Late Packer.**

Two gold watches, each valued at $400, the gifts of Philip D. Armour Sr. before his death to two of his old employés, and which were stolen from their owners by pickpockets, are being sought for by Detective Sergeants John Hartford and Dennis Tierney of detective headquarters. The men who lost the watches are J. E. Dunton, 28 Walton place, and W. J. Calvert, 799 Fairfield avenue. Mr. Dunton lost his watch recently while riding south on a crowded Wentworth avenue electric car. Mr. Calvert lost his watch on a car bound for the Stock-Yards.

## NEWS OF THE COURTS.

**Superior and Circuit Court Judgments.**

Judge Gary—10150—McDonald, Sullivan & Jarrett vs. Charles J. Leiendecker; on findg., debt., $310, das., $107.65; debt. to be discharged, etc.

Judge Chetlain—9884—Seed Dry Plate Company vs. International Photo-Color Company; judt. on afft., $631.49.

Judge Chytraus—2854—Mary Holstedt vs. City; on findg., $350.

Judge Horton—9010—James Peace vs. S. A. Buffington and Ralph Walton; mo. n. t. overrld. and judt. debt., $1,000, das. 1 cent; debt to be discharged, etc.—9391—Henry W. Austin vs. Jan M. Charmley; on ver., $50.10; appl.

Judge Burke—10560—Charles Dolinge vs. City; on findg., $450.—18254—Rosanna Marshall vs. City; on ver., $2,000.—217091—Charles S. Burt et al. vs. Annie Danlicker; on findg., $25.

Judge Roberts—3778—Frank Busczik vs. Garden City Wire and Spring Company; mo. n. t. overrld. and judt., $750; appl.

Judge Tuthill—9882—Charles H. Meshow vs. Samuel E. Gross; mo. deft. each party to pay own court costs; mo. n. t. overrld. and judt.; $80.20. appl.

**Decrees.**

Judge Chytraus—1899—Thompson vs. Anderson; def. dec.—213061—Bernheimer vs. Henry; dec. sale.—2863—Gregware vs. Gregware; dec. div.

Judge Holdom—2380—Herring vs. Herring; dec. div.—2818—Hill vs. Hill; dec. div.—218386—Hughes vs. Hughes; dec. div.—1483—Teusch vs. Martens; dec.—218193—P. L. & T. Co. vs. Brown; dec.

Judge Hanecy—10237—The Oak Park B. & L. Assn. vs. Anderson; dec. sale.—8288—Loeb vs. Alexander; dec.

Judge Shirley—4605—McBride vs. McBride; dec. div.

Judge Clifford—221171—In re. petn. of Guilfoyle; dec.

**Petitions in Bankruptcy.**

7025—Egbert C. Misner, liabilities $500, assets $300; L. M. Kane, atty.

7026—Otto Jacob, liabilities $1,400, assets $400; Hoyne, O'Connor & Hoyne, attys.

7027—Thomas McGovern, liabilities $800, assets $200; H. J. Kearns, atty.

7028—D. Morris of Elgin, liabilities $7,000, assets $2,100; R. S. Egan, atty.

7029—Mary J. Starring, liabilities $500, no assets; W. A. Sheridan, atty.

7030—Jacob Philipowsky, liabilities $4,500, assets $300; J. G. Grossberg, atty.

7031—Lester E. Phillips, liabilities $1,600, assets $200; J. H. McCulloch, atty.

7032—Maude Andrew, liabilities $400, assets $100; Harvey Strickler, atty.

7033—Louis Vehon, liabilities $198,200, assets $200; Cratty, Jarvis & Latimer, attys.

7034—Harry C. Barbour, liabilities $900, assets $300; L. M. Kane, atty.

7035—Edward W. Tuttle, liabilities $500, no assets; Derby & Rothschild, attys.

**Court Calls for Today.**

CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge Goodwin—Trial call [law], 9795, 10054, 9114, 10145, 9412, 8873, 6036, 10247, 5953, 10432, 10448, 10460, 10471, 10478, 10232. 2665 on trial.

Judge Tuley—Set motions.

Judge Hanecy—Trial call [law], 10758, 10709, 10651, 10862, 10884, 10921, 10940, 10987, 10990, 11010, 11028, 11087, 11056, 11065, 11112.

Judge Shirley—Trial call [law], 6193, 7463, 3966, 7089, 7101, 7114, 7131, 7137, 7155, 7177, 7183, 7224, 7253.

Judge Tuthill—Trial call [chancery], 10119, 7979.

Judge Horton—Trial call [law], 6967, 9818, 9828, 9838, 9844, 9850, 9947, 9995, 7638, 8161.

Judge Neely—Chancery trial call, 8255, 9295, 3320, 7114. Trial call [law], 11831, 11945, 12230, 12283, 12351, 12362, 12384, 11736, 12410½, 12439, 12484, 12503½, 12517, 10632, 11758, 9622, 11371.

Judge Clifford—Trial call [law]—13125, 10653. On trial 13714.

Judge Burke—First call, 701 to end of the calendar. Trial call [law], 24939, 16105, 16241, 15741, 16453, 16464, 12708, 15785, 16510, 16521, 16532, 16543, 16555, 16566, 16577, 16588. On trial 15899.

Judge Baker—Trial call [law], 216358, 10314.

Judge Roberts—Motions for new trial. Chancery and law and contested motions and trial call [law], 3671, 3270, 3730, 6947, 3558, 2930, 5862, 6992, 6325, 9742, 211149, 3605, 791, 2354, 6374, 215437.

Judge Bishop—No court.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Judge Holdom—Trial call [chancery], 842, 2202, 726. Riedell vs. Riedell. On hearing, 146.

Judge Brentano—Trial call [law], 4043, 4113, 4110, 4114, 4184, 4190, 4315, 4317, 4320, 4418, 3996, 4420, 4421.

Judge Chetlain—Trial call [law], 3399, 3401, 3457, 3460, 3464, 2967, 3563, 2915, 2916, 3763, 2572, 2582, 3262, 3566, 3289, 3580, 3607, 3608, 3612, 3671, 3673, 3674.

Judge Chytraus—Trial call [chancery], 131, 2459, 2345, 1925, 1929, 2215, 2637, 2655, 935. On hearing, 2409.

Judge Hutchinson—Trial call [law], 3914, 2326, 3915, 4165, 4235, 4238, 4391, 4392, 4394, 5534, 3992, 3851. On trial, 3841.

Judge Gary—Trial call [law], 4628, 4779, 709, 4342, 4228, 3649, 4818, 4824. On trial, 3943.

Judge Stein—Motions for new trial. Trial call [law], 4536, 4529, 3754, 929, 502, 537, 3538, 4375, 4127, 3948, 3041, 4533, 4526, 718, 771. On trial, 962.

COUNTY COURT.

Judge Ridet—Trial call [law], 18482, 19192, 19167, 16509, 19182, 19282, 19284.

Judge Carter—Motions of course, in re. Hladilek I. D. case, 19812, and 21165; city special, 16737, City vs. Morgan.

CRIMINAL COURT.

Judge Ball—Branch No. 3—Call not extended.

Judge Dunne—Branch No. 4—1814, 1815, 2045, 2046, 1775, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 1769.

Judge Smith—Branch No. 5—1846, 1847, 2284, 2183, 2169, 2170, 2148, 2149, 80, 81, 82, 83.

Judge Kavanagh—Branch No. 6—2023, 1917, 2134, 1856.

PROBATE COURT.

Judge Cutting—10:30 a. m.—Estates of John Woodbridge, Edward J. Steele, Nickolas Marky, Adam A. Rabig, Michael Spath. 2:15 p. m.—Estate of N. J. Brown.

FEDERAL COURT.

Judges Jenkins and Grosscup—U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals—854.

Judge Kohlsaat—U. S. Circuit Court—Call of new law calendar and assignment of cases for trial. Calendar 2 to 30, inclusive.

Judge Kohlsaat—U. S. District Court—Motions of course.

**United States Supreme Court.**

Washington, D. C., Jan. 20.—[Special.]—Supreme Court of the United States, Monday, Jan. 20, 1902:

Present—The Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Brewer, Mr. Justice Brown, Mr. Justice Shiras, Mr. Justice White, Mr. Justice Peckham, and Mr. Justice McKenna.

257—Arthur E. Mueller, trustee, etc., petitioner, vs. William T. Nugent; on writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit; decree of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals reversed with costs and the decree and order of the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky affirmed and cause remanded to the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Kentucky with liberty to take such further proceedings as it may be advised; opinion by Mr. Chief Justice Fuller.

The Chief Justice also announced the following orders of the court:

280—John S. Swann et al., trustees, etc., plaintiff in error, vs. The State of West Virginia; motion to dismiss postponed to the hearing of the case on its merits.

509—The United States, appellant, vs. James A. Rickert, as County Treasurer, etc.; motion to advance granted and case advanced as under the 32d rules to be taken on printed briefs on or before April 14 next, or it will be heard orally on the second Monday of the next term, Oct. 20.

479—The Lakeland Transportation Company, etc., et al., petitioners, vs. Peter P. Miller et al.; second petition for a writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit denied.

462—Davey Pegging Machine Company, petitioner, vs. Isaac Prouty & Co., incorporated, et al.; petition for a writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the First Circuit denied.

514—The President, etc., of The Insurance Company of North America et al., petitioners, vs. The Steamship Harrogate; petition for a writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit denied.

507—The Singer Manufacturing Company, petitioner, vs. Herman Cramer; petition for a writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit granted.

513—The Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland, petitioner, vs. The Bucki & Son Lumber Company; petition for a writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit granted.

92—The Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railway Company et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. Georgia C. Elliott et al.; in error to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Eighth Circuit; judgment affirmed with costs by a divided court and cause remanded to the United States Court for the Northern District of Indian Territory.

84—Clarence E. Collins, plaintiff in error, vs. The State of New Hampshire; restored to the docket for reargument.

104—The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, petitioner, vs. Frank E. Dingley, administrator, etc.; on writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit; judgment of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals and of the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Washington reversed, with costs, on the authority of Mutual Life Insurance vs. Cohen, 179, U. S. 262, and cause remanded to said Circuit Court for further proceedings in conformity to law.

503—The United States, appellant, vs. Lee Yen Tai; motion to advance submitted by Mr. Solicitor General Richards for the appellant.

505—Asa M. Swain, petitioner, vs. Holyoke Machine Company; petition for a writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the First Circuit submitted by Mr. George W. Rea in behalf of Mr. Charles F. Perkins, Mr. Causten Browne and Mr. Charles H. Drew for the petitioner, and by Mr. Elmer P. Howe for the respondent.

442—A. C. Finney, as receiver, etc., et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. Mary A. Guy; motion for a writ of certiorari submitted by Mr. F. G. Coldren in behalf of counsel.

380—Kokomo Fence Machine Co., petitioner, vs. Alva L. Kitselman et al.; motion for supersedeas or stay order submitted by Mr. Thomas A. Banning for the petitioner in support of motion and by Mr. R. H. Parkinson for the respondents in opposition thereto.

18—The Southern Pacific Railroad Co. et al., appellants, vs. The United States, and.

24—The United States, appellant, vs. The Southern Pacific Railroad Co. et al.; motion to modify decree herein submitted by Mr. Joseph H. Call for the United States, with leave to counsel for the Southern Pacific Railroad Co. et al. to file brief in opposition on or before Thursday next.

400—Charles L. Bernard, plaintiff in error, vs. The People of the State of Michigan; motion to advance submitted by Mr. John L. Lott for the plaintiff in error.

451—Joseph J. Martin et al., petitioners, vs. The Steamship Southwark; petition for a writ of certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for Third Circuit submitted by Mr. Horace L. Cheyney and Mr. John F. Lewis for the petitioner and by Mr. J. Rodman Paul for the respondents.

151—George Schuerman et al., appellants, vs. The Territory of Arizona; passed to be heard with 388 as one case, on motion of Mr. Alexander Britton in behalf of counsel.

486—George H. Dobbs et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. The State of Kansas; motion to advance submitted by Mr. John Stowell for the plaintiffs in error.

Original—Ex parte, in the matter of James H. Cochnower, petitioner.

Ex-parte: In the matter of William B. Shafer, petitioner, and

Original—Ex-parte: In the matter of John W. O'Brien, petitioner; motion for leave to file petitions for writs of mandamus submitted by Mr. W. H. Van Steenbergh for the petitioners.

122—Ann M. Studebaker et al., executors, etc., plaintiffs in error, vs. John Perry, receiver, etc.; argument continued by Mr. F. F. Oldham for the defendant in error and concluded by Mr. Hugh C. Ward for the plaintiffs in error.

121—Frederick Howard et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. The United States, to the use of David D. Steward; argued by Mr. John C. Gage for the plaintiffs in error and by Mr. Edwards A. Krauthoff for the defendant in error.

123—John C. Goodrich et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. The City of Detroit et al.; argued by Mr. E. F. Bacon for the plaintiffs in error and by Mr. T. A. Tarsney for the defendants in error.

124—The French Glenn Live Stock Company, plaintiff in error, vs. Alva Springer, and

125—The French Glenn Live Stock Company, plaintiff in error, vs. James Colwell; argument commenced by Mr. C. A. Keigwin for the plaintiff in error.

Adjourned until tomorrow at 12 o'clock. The call for Tuesday, Jan. 21, will be as follows: 124 [and 125], 6, 126, 127 [and 128], 129 [and 109], 40, 131, 134, 137, and 138.


# DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder

The difference of cost between a good and a poor baking powder would not amount for a family's supply to one dollar a year. The poor powder would cause doctors' bills many times this.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder is the most economical in the end, because it goes further in leavening and insures perfect, wholesome food.

Used always in making the biscuit and cake it saves both health and money. Made from pure, grape cream of tartar, most healthful of fruit acids.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., CHICAGO.

NOTE.—You cannot, if you value good health, afford to use cheap, low-grade baking powders. They are mostly, in spite of the pure food laws, made from alum, which endangers the health. All physicians will tell you that such powders in food are injurious.


**MARRIAGE LICENSES.**

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO wed to the following couples yesterday, the parties living in Chicago where no place of residence is given:

| | Age. |
|---|---|
| William P. Ligon, Gertrude De Moss | 38—27 |
| William Dechert, Therese Richter | 33—33 |
| Fred Goede, Martha Braun | 26—21 |
| C. Peter Abays, Hansena Johnson | 45—27 |
| Thurman G. Ross of St. Louis, Mo., Maud Burrell | 26—27 |
| William Klunda, Martha Blume | 34—25 |
| Albert B. Henniger of Milwaukee, Wis., Cora B. Watrous of same | 38—21 |
| Robert Langton, Eliza A. Lenon | 24—23 |
| Michal Mastralsky, Katarzyna Wengler | 24—18 |
| William J. Langer, Edith Brown | 25—18 |
| Ben R. Leonard, Hattie B. Waterman | 25—25 |
| Stanislaw Pzordow, Regina Skarbek | 40—38 |
| Gerhard Carstens, Ella Barre | 24—20 |
| Andrej Zielenski, Marcijanna Poliwoda | 33—28 |
| Henry Borhrens, Mamie Murphy | 28—19 |
| Louis Korf, Emelie Arnold | 31—44 |
| Valentine Byczynski, Helena Wajerska | 22—18 |
| Gabriele Tosti, Carmela Lavorata | 26—17 |
| William Lendabarker, Olga Ments | 27—21 |
| Anton Bernatowicz, Maryanna Ciper | 29—20 |
| George Winslow, Genava Woodard | 27—30 |
| Charles W. Lamborn, Mildred M. Moser | 35—25 |
| Charles H. Lake, Ella E. Lowe | 26—25 |
| Lars P. Larson, Anna Johnson | 36—29 |
| Morris Stone, Katie Weil | 26—20 |
| Felix Malion, Julia Duffy | 30—27 |
| Max Podgur, Sarah Noviliski | 21—20 |
| Izydor Klos, Weronika Klosozak | 40—20 |
| Conrad Drezewski, Mary Chudzinska | 22—20 |
| Anton Dreher, Maria Bittner | 28—22 |
| Alphonse Delcourt, Emma Mackinson | 22—21 |
| John Palkey, Etta Donohue | 47—27 |
| John Siems of Evanston, Ill., Dora Timm of same | 33—30 |
| Reinhold Beyer, Mary Iwick | 24—19 |
| Johann Harmel, Natalie Loukstadt | 23—24 |
| Louis Zawacki, Martha Pietrowski | 23—19 |
| Thomas H. Caffrey of Garrett, Ind., Sarah O'Hara | 30—21 |
| Hugh H. Asher, Ada M. Thompson | 30—22 |
| George H. Redmier, Ella Nelson | 33—20 |
| William T. Maher of Grand Haven, Mich., Agnes L. Thomas | 25—20 |
| Frank J. Slatkowski, Hattie Borkowicz | 24—20 |
| Morse Randells, Daisy Bush | 23—19 |
| Charles J. Marck, Florence Myers | 23—21 |
| Frederic E. Lyster, Mary P. Critchell | 40—20 |
| Maurice Schumacher of Minneapolis, Minn., Sarah T. McNulty | 31—24 |
| Frank Chapek, Daisy Mierendorf | 21—18 |
| Frank Rapziawicze, Katrina Drlaniszinkia | 25—19 |
| Vassely Cjishohy, Anna Hata | 26—20 |
| Charles H. Maher, Mary Ligler | 21—19 |
| Richard Clark, Nancy J. H. Smetters | 69—56 |
| Frank P. Hayes of Evanston, Ill., Therese Byrns of same | 26—20 |
| Herman C. Weber, Martha M. Ziekert | 28—20 |
| Michael L. O'Malia of Evanston, Ill., Anna Connor of same | 33—23 |
| Wincenty Grygenz, Stanislawa Biniak | 26—19 |
| Andrew C. Beck, Amanda Marine | 24—22 |
| Nathaniel Rosasco, Mary Hefferson | 21—19 |
| Charles Hochstadt, Ida Rambow | 27—24 |
| Jacob Ssen, Lena Laskowitz | 27—19 |
| Frank Gorz, Rose Matyla | 24—20 |
| Ralph L. Kennedy, Vivian F. Walden | 22—18 |
| Herman Frentz of Blue Island, Ill., Edith Mundt of same | 21—22 |
| Edgar Schattie, Mathilda Speicer | 21—19 |
| Carl Soranson, Minnie Bockelmann | 22—21 |
| J. Frederick Ahlborn of Anahein, Cal., Grace C. Raymond | 33—23 |
| Edward Clancey, Bertha Ferman | 36—41 |
| Fred Kirchner, Annie Hutter | 28—25 |
| Joseph Harazmus, Carrie Wiattrok | 22—19 |
| Oscar Thielen of Oshkosh, Wis., Jennie Edmunds of Le Mars, Ia. | 21—19 |
| Stephen A. Douglas, Agnes MacDowell | 51—27 |
| John Quinn, Helen G. Hanauer | 47—24 |
| Herman Reiser, Martha Skibitski | 24—23 |
| Robert S. Cook, Gena V. Nichols | 28—23 |
| Sol Mollack, Clara Postel | 30—22 |
| Isaac Bloomenthal, Rose Fischman | 30—22 |
| Herman Sisling, Catherine Hamell | 23—18 |
| William Hermann, Mae M. Beck | 21—22 |
| Magnus Arnold, Helena Gierloff | 23—20 |

**REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.**

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS FILED FOR RECord Monday, Jan. 20, 1902:

| | |
|---|---|
| Washington-blvd., 521 w of Falls-st., n f, 37x125¼, more or less, incumbrance $13,500, revenue $12.25, Dec. 28, 1901 [Sarah A. Bard and Charles W., her husband, to Margaret Lawbaugh of Calumet, Mich.] | $27,000 |
| Central Park-av., 475 s of Kinzie-st., w f, 25x154, more or less, Dec. 28, 1901 [same to same] | 10,000 |
| Wallace-st., s w cor 56th, e f, 50x265¼, Dec. 18, 1901 [The Chisholm, Boyd & White Co. to Commonwealth Electric Co.] | 7,000 |
| Washington-st., 22 e of Jefferson, s f, 22x120, incumbrance $7,000, Jan. 18 [Maurice Weill to Reinhold Reichardt] | 18,000 |
| 49th-st., s e cor Ellis-av., n f, 297x297½, Jan. 15 [Marvin Hughitt to Julius Rosenwald] | 60,000 |
| Calumet-av., premises 5201 and 5203, 56x196 5-10, Ionic Building, incumbrance $17,000, revenue $7.75, Jan. 15 [Frank P. Burket to Minnie M. Seymour] | 35,000 |
| Railroad right of way, from 106th-st. to 130th, lying w of Calumet River and adjacent to the right of way of C. and W. I. R. R., various dimensions, revenue $128.50, Aug. 2, 1900 [Edwin A. Warfield and James T. Maher to Calumet Western railway company] | 128,181 |
| Oak-st. [extended], 392 w of Lake Shore-drive, n f, 108x108¾, und 1-3 in., Jan. 16 [M. C. McNeill et al., by M. in C., to Victor Elting] | 9,587 |
| Same property, und. 2-3 inst., Jan. 16 [same to Ellen M. Crudup] | 9,587 |
| Sheridan-drive, 252 n of Glenlake-av., e f, 48x150, Jan. 7 [estate of M. E. McDowell to Katharine M. Krause] | 4,800 |
| Malden-st., 194 s of Wilson-av., e f, 50x151, Jan. 14 [W. W. Willitts to Thomas N. Koehler] | 5,000 |
| Halsted-st., 385 n of Diversey-blvd., w f, 30¼x150, Dec. 30, 1901 [A. Halsted to Clara A. Hieronymus] | 3,050 |
| 53d-st., cor railroad right of way [between Armour and La Salle-sts.] n f, 100x145, Jan. 16 [B. C. Faurot to Frank L. Wean] | 3,570 |
| S. Chicago-av., 201 n w of Commercial, n e f, 25x130, Jan. 17 [J. Schneegass to Frederick C. Taylor] | 4,000 |
| Wells-st., 225 n of Goethe-st., w f, 25x162, Jan. 17 [J. T. Dale et al., by M. in C., to Augusta Knab] | 6,000 |
| Wallace-st., 376 s of 33d-st., w f, 25x125, Jan. 17 [William A. Hendrie to Mary Zeman] | 1,100 |
| Noble-av., 341 w of Racine, s f, 25x125, Jan. 2 [E. Hartmann to Peter Balmes] | 2,200 |
| W ½ [except w 20 acres] in S E ¼ Sec 14, T 39 N, R 12, etc, 60 acres in Proviso, Jan. 15 [Charles E. Stannard to The Forest Home Cemetery company] | 45,000 |
| Springfield-av., 121 s of Marianna-av., w f, 25x125, Jan. 11 [M. E. Curtis to Anna Rathjen] | 1,800 |
| California-av., 150 s of Augusta-st., e f, 25x125, Jan. 17 [A. Anderson to Joseph Gillis] | 1,200 |
| Throop-st., n e cor 48th, w f, 24x124 7-10, Jan. 2 [J. Frendenthal to Frank Choft] | 1,000 |
| Sangamon-st., 50 s of 86th, 35 1-3x125, Jan. 13 [W. L. George to James L. Cornell] | 1,300 |
| 13th-pl., 24 e of Robey-st., s f, 48x124, Jan. 13 [J. W. Bent et al., by M. in C., to est. of Mary C. Artz] | 1,394 |
| 47th-st., 194 e of Wentworth-av., s f, 48x100, Jan. 14 [W. L. Hoffman to Sebastian Krug] | 2,000 |
| Same property, Jan. 13 [Sebastian Krug to Clara J. Hoffman] | 2,000 |
| Same property, Jan. 16 [Clara J. Hoffman to W. L. Hoffman company] | 2,000 |
| Union-av., 80 n of 76th-st., e f, 40x125, Dec. 20, 1901 [E. McCormick to Fred H. Brown] | 2,000 |
| Aberdeen-st., 244 s of 60th, w f, 25x124¾, incumbrance of $2,800, Jan. 16 [J. A. Larsen to Oscar Anderson] | 4,800 |
| Halsted-st., 150 n of 46th, w f, 50x125¼, Jan. 18 [C. F. Marten to James O'Leary] | 2,000 |
| Turner-av., 205 s of Douglas-blvd., w f, 25x124 85-100, Aug. 23, 1901 [P. J. Joyce to Mary A. Joyce] | 6,500 |
| Huron-st., 168 e of Noble, n f, 24x110, Jan. 17 [F. Marcinski to V. Varczynski] | 3,600 |
| Gault-ct., 130 n of Hobbie-st., e f, 26x100, April 14, 1897 [C. J. Anderson to Alfred A. Peterson] | 4,500 |
| Pleasant-pl., 154 e of Maplewood-av., n f, 28x110½, Jan. 18 [A. M. Kolakowski to Joseph Wisniewski] | 3,000 |
| Same property, Jan. 18 [J. Wisniewski to Emelia Kolakowski] | 3,000 |
| Barry-av., 69 e of N. Clark-st., s f, 50x159, Jan. 8 [B. Mullen quit claims to James M. Mullen] | 1 |
| Osgood-st., 141 s of Belmont-av., e f, 25x124, incumbrance of $100, Jan. 18, B. S. Anderson to A. N. Anderson] | 1 |
| N. 41st-ct., 47 s of Montrose-av., w f, 50x181, Jan. 18 [M. Kovan to Cassius W. Gould] | 2,500 |
| Argyle-st., 368 w of Evanston-av., s f, 40x144, Dec. 11, 1901 [C. M. Hedenbergh to Chas. H. Ambler] | 2,000 |
| Monroe-st., 187½ w of Albany-av., s f, 42x191, Jan. 16 [E. T. Allen to Oliver H. Richards] | 1 |
| Same property, Jan. 17 [Oliver H. Richards to the Beulah Home and Maternity Hospital] | 1 |
| Waller-av., 308 s of Chicago-av., w f, 38x130¼, 35th Ward, Jan. 8 [D. Munstermann to Louis F. Hoeft] | 1,800 |
| Maple-av., 120 w of Waller, n f, 40x118, and other property, 35th Ward, Jan. 17 [G. H. Bush to Percy V. Castle] | 4,400 |
| Western-av., 78 s of Winona-st., w f, 33x125, Jan. 14 [B. Schmidt to Michael Duerrstein] | 1,000 |
| Madison-av., 76 s of 82d-st., w f, 64x114, Jan. 14 [M. D. Pearce to John S. Miller] | 1,000 |
| Ballou-st., 115 s of Dunning, e f, 35x125, Jan. 11 [L. S. Heafield to Peter G. Johnson] | 1,000 |
| Premises 1418 Michigan-av., 25x170¼, und 1-5 inst; premises 180 Lake-st., 20x148, und 1-5 inst, Jan. 2 [Samuel A. Lock to Eliza W. Lock] | 10,000 |
| Calumet-av., 66 n of 69th-st., w f, 16x71, Jan. 16 [E. B. Camp et al., by M. in C., to Blanche L. Banchor] | 2,600 |
| Premises 3010 Wabash-av, 24x115½, Jan. 20 [S. Chadwick, quitclaims to Mary E. Fay] | 3,500 |
| N. 51st-ct., 147 s of Ontario-st., e f, 26x125½, incumbrance $1,600, Dec. 26, 1901 [L. C. Hetzel to Henry T. Hotchkiss] | 3,000 |
| Smalley-ct., 229 n of Dunning-st., w f, 38x125, Dec. 3, 1901 [M. N. Kimbell to Rasmus Birkelund] | 1,200 |
| 40th-st., 92 w of Rhodes-av., s f, 17x109, incumbrance $2,000, Jan. 20 [F. H. Bartlett to George Sheppard] | 2,800 |
| Lincoln-st., 146 s of 38th, e f, 24x125¼, Jan. 18 [F. Roempler to Wilhelm Miltzow] | 1,550 |
| Wallace-st., 120 n of 78th, e f, 40x100, Jan. 16 [O. T. Wilson et al., by M. in C., to Calvin Young] | 1,303 |
| 42d-st., 241 w of Vincennes-av., n f, 30x122.8, Jan. 20 [M. E. Barton et al., by M. in C. to Ida M. Ray] | 3,689 |
| Grand-blvd., 164 s of 45th-st., w f, 25x150, Jan. 14 [S. J. Kline to M. Jacob Daube] | 7,125 |
| May-st., 246 n of 66th, e f, 25x124, Dec. 17, 1901 [M. H. Born to Emilie B. Eastman] | 1,800 |

**BUILDING PERMITS.**

THE FOLLOWING PERMITS WERE ISSUED by the Building department yesterday:

| | |
|---|---|
| C. C. Ry. Co., 1-story brick addition, 5220 Wabash-av. | $6,000 |
| John Dwyer, 2-story frame stone, 5602 Throop-st. | 1,800 |
| J. F. Schmidt, 2-story brick store, 8678 Vincennes-road | 2,400 |
| John Kindberg, 3-story brick apartment building, 6630-32 Ellis-av. | 20,000 |
| W. E. Corcoran, two 2-story brick flats, 2314-2316 Gladys-av. | 5,000 |
| John A. Gauger & Co., 2-story brick factory, 481-3 W. 22d-st. | 2,000 |
| E. Ellsworth, 2-story brick flat, 2213 W. Jackson-blvd. | 4,000 |
| Peter Johnson, 2-story frame residence, 1417 Ballou-st. | 1,500 |
| John Miller, two 2-story brick residences, 1294-1296 Wabansia-av. | 4,000 |
| Charles Peterson, 3-story brick store, 762 W. Division-st. | 5,000 |
| G. Lamprecht, 2-story brick store, 1399 W. North-av. | 5,000 |
| R. M. Eddy Foundry Co., 1 and 2 story brick foundry, 34-52 Ohio-st. | 25,000 |

**NEW INCORPORATIONS.**

THE SECRETARY OF STATE AT SPRINGfield yesterday licensed the following corporations:

Staunton Coal Mining company, Staunton; capital, $150,000; mining; incorporators, Daniel G. Taylor, Eleneious Smith, Joseph Dickson Jr.

Chemung Creamery company, Chicago; capital, $3,500; manufacturing butter and cheese; incorporators, Jacob Walter, David Lee, H. H. Barrows.

Chicago Coffee Mills, Chicago; capital, $20,000; roasting and dealing in coffee and peanuts; incorporators, Edward R. West, Charles Schoenberger, Louis A. Rinehart.

A. D. Loar Medicine company, Bloomington; capital, $2,500; manufacturing and dealing in drugs and chemicals; incorporators, A. D. Loar, James L. Bonnett, Belle Loar.

W. S. Mills company, Chicago; capital, $2,500; general tailoring business; incorporators, Eugene L. Sarre, Carel Goot, Robert C. Sturgeon.

Western Medical and Toilet company, Chicago; capital, $2,500; manufacturing medical and toilet preparations; incorporators, Sallie Cain, Mabel C. Pool, S. G. Phelps.

Moore-Maguire Roofing company, Chicago; capital, $2,500; general contracting business; incorporators, C. Edward Moore, W. H. Maguire, Olive Maguire.

M. and B. Mercantile company, Eureka; capital, $10,000; general mercantile business; incorporators, William B. McCullough, George N. Blumenschein, Lincoln F. Mostoller.


**HORSES AND CARRIAGES.**

SADDLE HORSES EDUCATED IN ALL GAITS AND HIGH SCHOOL MOVEMENTS. VISITORS WELCOME EVERY DAY. The correct riding of these horses by an easy and original method is taught by Mr. Sims, who can be seen or written to at his riding ring stable, 77 16th-st. Phone South 251. Residence, South 217. EDWIN R. SIMS.

$350 BUYS THE HANDSOMEST CHESTNUT cob in city, good as new Goddard phaeton, harness, robes, and blankets. 268 33d-st.

FOR SALE—A FINE, LIGHT, HIGH-SETTING, speeding sleigh and a small pony sleigh; will be sold at a bargain. Stable, 4630 Indiana-av.

**STORAGE.**

OLD RELIABLE VAN BUREN STORAGE CO., 306 and 308 W. Van Buren-st.; phone Halsted 541; store furniture 4 rooms, $2; 6 rooms, $2.50; private rooms; free cartage; money advanced.

**AUTOMOBILES.**

EVERYTHING TO BUILD OR REPAIR AUTOmobiles [gas or steam], electric ignition outfits. Get 1902 catalogue. Dasey Co., 19 La Salle-st.

**GAS AND ELECTRIC FIXTURES.**

E. BAGGOT CO., 169-71 E. ADAMS-ST., MANufacturers and retailers. Special designs.

**PICTURES, FRAMES, ETC.**

PICTURE FRAMES, REGILDING. F. A. BRYden & Co., 331 Wabash, nr. Congress. Tel. H. 1961.

**COWS, BIRDS, DOGS, ETC.**

SINGING CANARIES, PARROTS, GOLDFISH, etc. Kaempfer bird store, 88 State-st.

**LOST AND FOUND.**

LOST—43D AND INDIANA-AV., BLACK ALLIgator bag, containing black seal purse, money, receipts, card with name, etc. Reward. MRS. A. C. TERRY, 4217 Grand-blvd.

LOST—AT KUBELIK CONCERT LAST SATurday afternoon, round silver bonbonaire, monogram R. L. M. Suitable reward to finder. Address R 581, Tribune office.

LOST—IN THE FAIR, MONDAY, CHAMOIS bag containing money and jewelry; liberal reward. Return to C. L. WEAVER, 6446 Harvard-av.

LOST—SUNDAY, ON S. S. ELEVATED, BET. Indiana and Clark, purse containing money and keys. Return to 3847 Indiana-av. Reward.

LOST—BLACK MARTEN MUFF IN SIEGEL & Cooper café Friday noon. Return Educational Pub. Co., 378 Wabash-av., and receive reward.

LOST—GREEN ENAMELED PIN, DIAMOND center. Suitable reward. Address P P 403, Tribune office.

LOST—DIAMOND RING, INDIANA-AV. LIBeral reward. RICHEIMER & CO., 65-67 S. Water-st.

LOST—A LADY'S GOLD WATCH, ON FRIDAY. Notify MISS E. B. KEYES, 18 Beecher Hall, University of Chicago.

LOST—DIAMOND PIN, SUNBURST, FRIDAY night, Jan. 10. Liberal reward paid for return to No. 3 The Walton, 307 N. Clark-st.

**PERSONAL.**

PERSONAL—AM INTERESTED; CANNOT believe it; would like to communicate or see you. JOLIET.

PERSONAL—I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE for any debts contracted by my wife, Nellie R. Fries. A. H. FRIES.

**BUSINESS PERSONALS.**

PERSONAL—CLEARING SALE OF DIAMONDS. Bargains in 1⅛-karat stones, set any way you wish at $35 per karat. Some slightly imperfect ¾-karat and ½-karat at $50 per karat, making stones cost you $30 and $40. These goods cost more than this to import today, but we have too many and they must go. They can't last long at these prices, so make your selections early. We will make terms to responsible parties, so the payments won't be a hardship. Catalogue free. GEO. E. MARSHALL, IMPORTER, Columbus Memorial Building. 103 State-st.

PERSONAL— THOUSANDS OF SALARIED PEOPLE and families in moderate circumstances do their trading with us on "Special Credit" at cash prices. You can select from our elegant new stock everything worn by men, women, and children or used in furnishing a home complete from "parlor to kitchen." Beautifully decorated chinaware given away with all purchases amounting to $5 or over. Established in 1886. E. SHOWERS & CO., 2d and 3d floors. 217-219 State-st.

PERSONAL—THERE IS NO BETTER TIME than the present to open a charge account for a diamond; any honest man or woman can have all the courtesies of credit, without publicity, annoyance, or other disagreeable features. LOFTIS BROS. & CO., 8th floor, Columbus Memorial Building, 103 State-st.

PERSONAL—"GOOD SENSE" BEAUTIFYING. According to Mme. Qui Vive's "Good Sense" ideas. Facial treatments, scalp treatments, egg shampoos. Creme Marquise, 35 cents; complexion brushes, 75 cents. MRS. M. E. FRANCIS, 36 Washington-st., city.

PERSONAL—MEXICAN DRAWN WORK—UPON receipt of New York draft will send drawn work, any quantity and style, at Mexico prices; satisfaction guaranteed; correspondence solicited; Chicago reference. E. A. SCHMIDT, Aguascalientes, Mex.

PERSONAL—FUR GARMENTS MADE TO ORder and repaired at a special rate this month. DAVID BECKER & CO., Formerly of Marshall Field & Co., 90 Wabash-av., cor. Washington. Telephone Cent. 2549.

PERSONAL—MANICURING, FACIAL AND SCALP TREATMENT. LADIES! GENTLEMEN! MME. BARTONE, Suite 522, 263-269 Dearborn.

PERSONAL — SUBURBANITES, THEATERgoers, you can never lose your tickets if you use a constant reminder; worn inside hat, made of aluminium; sample 10c. Kenwood Supply Co., 53 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

PERSONAL—LADIES, ON RECEIPT OF 10C IN stamps we will forward you receipt of our famous skin food and wrinkle remover, Creme Zin. Johnstone Pharm. Co., 1476 Newport-av., Chicago, Ill.

PERSONAL — MILLINERY FOR EARLY spring and for Southern tourists, including the genuine "Connelly" turbans. MAISON NOUVELLE, 310 Wabash-av., Auditorium.

PERSONAL — BUY WHEAT AND CORN ON present conditions; present prices look cheap; send for our book, "Successful Speculation," free. J. K. COMSTOCK, 23 Traders' Building, Chicago.

PERSONAL—MANICURIST—YOUNG LADY, DIrect from LEVY'S NEW YORK ESTABLISHMENT solicits the patronage of FASTIDIOUS PEOPLE. 1006 MASONIC TEMPLE.

PERSONAL—YOUR FEET MADE COMFORTABLE—Corns, bunions, and all foot ills relieved and cured. Expert chiropodist. MRS. ROSS, 1006 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL — SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, warts, birthmarks; 12 years' experience; 7 years in present office; indorsed by prominent physicians. MME. STIVER, M. E., 1417 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL — CONFECTIONERY, FINE BONbons, and chocolates, famous throughout the United States. Send for wholesale and retail catalogue. C. F. Gunther, Confectioner, 212 State-st.

PERSONAL—COCKROACHES AND BEDBUGS exterminated from your premises under guaranteed contract. Frederick Peres & Co., 427 State-st.

PERSONAL—FREE—ONE $1 BOX ATROPHY balsam; send 19c in stamps for postage and packing. Universal Vitaline Co., Hammond, Ind.

PERSONAL—MANICURING, CHIROPODY, AND ELECTRIC TREATMENT. ALICE LIND, R. 60-61, 95 WASHINGTON-ST.

PERSONAL — ECZEMA AND ALL SKIN DIScases permanently cured. Book free. The F. F. F. Remedy Co., 719, 167 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

PERSONAL—FOR MONEYMAKING OIL AND mining stock address DAVID RUSSELL CARRIER, fiscal agent, 560 E. Division-st.

PERSONAL—CHINESE AND JAPANESE FANcy goods and fine teas and bric-a-brac. Don Sang & Quin Tuck Lung Co., 30 Washington-st.

PERSONAL—ALL CHRONIC DISEASES CURED —Tumors dissolved, nervous vitality restored. DR. DELLANSO, 1214 Masonic Temple, 10 to 4.

PERSONAL—ALL KINDS OF FURS AT A SACrifice this month. Henry Kessler, R. 43-44, 88 Washington-st.

PERSONAL—SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, red nose, etc., destroyed by electric needle; book free. N. Y. Electrolysis Co., 1118 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL — WRINKLES, MOLES, AND traces of old age removed permanently; acne cured. TOMPKINS, M. D., 1308 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL—SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, etc., destroyed by electric needle; cure guaranteed. MME. A. KALLMAN, 1210 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL — HYPNOTISM; PRIVATE INstructions; results guaranteed. FRANKLIN, 411, 21 Quincy-st.

PERSONAL—BARGAINS, CALL AND SEE OUR $3.50 tailor-made skirts, made to your measure, this week. Illinois Skirt Co., 182 State-st., R. 56.

PERSONAL — FACIAL, SCALP TREATMENT; also manicuring. 56 5th-av., Suite 313-314.

PERSONAL—WICKS, PRIVATE DETECTIVE; civil, criminal investigations. 1800 Wabash.

PERSONAL—MANICURING, CHIROPODY, AND electric treatments. R. 1006 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL—DE LASCAU INSTITUTE MOVEment and water cure. 3031 Cottage Grove-av.

**BUSINESS CARDS.**

THE PAGE WOVEN WIRE FENCE CO. WAS organized in 1889 and has been manufacturing and selling fences since that time. Over one hundred varieties are made, and prices range from 2 cents to 8 cents per foot for wire fence and from 50 cents to $1.50 per foot for ornamental iron fence. If you own any property which is worth fencing I would like to send you a catalogue and make an estimate for furnishing material and erecting fence complete if desired. We refer to 30,000 satisfied customers located all over the United States and Territories. AUSTIN CLEMENT, Vice President, 200 Monroe-st., Chicago.

BUILDING PLANS, SKETCHES, AND ESTImates furnished; consultation free. JOHN HULLA, architect, 84-86 La Salle-st.

**LAWYERS.**

DOES ANY ONE OWE YOU ANY MONEY? We quickly collect wages, notes, rents, board bills, claims of every description on percentage. NO ADVANCE FEES FOR OUR SERVICE. THE SPENCER AGENCY, Suite 315, 89 Washington-st. Telephone Cent. 2723.

A. GOODRICH, LAWYER, 124 DEARBORN-ST., established 1864; advice free; confidential, quiet service; references, 9,000 successful clients.

IF YOU NEED TRUSTWORTHY, CONFIDENtial lawyer call at Room 700, 123 La Salle-st. Advice free.

TROUBLES, PRIVATE MATTERS, ACCIDENT and damage cases, any kind, quietly settled; legal advice free. MORRIS, 115 Dearborn-st., R. 608.

BANKRUPTCY AND LAW BUSINESS—EASY terms. KANE, Atty., R. 801, 101 Washington-st.

**TRUSSES, DEFORMITY APPARATUS.**

DR. WOLFERTZ, SPECIALIST, 60 5TH-AV., expert truss fitter. Rupture and deformities positively cured with my latest appliances. Trusses 50c to $10. Elastic stockings, abd. sup. Sun. 9 to 12.

**BOOKS, MAPS, ETC.**

10,000 OLD BOOKS WANTED—HIGHEST CASH price paid. ADAIR, 121 Dearborn-st.

**MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.**

UPRIGHT PIANOS TO RENT AT LOWEST possible terms, with privilege of applying one year's rent to purchase of an "EVERETT" piano. THE JOHN CHURCH CO., 200 to 206 Wabash-av.

AT ANY PRICE—THE BEST. THE BUSH & GERTZ PIANO. You buy of the manufacturer. $275 to $500. JOSEPH T. LEIMERT, Mgr., 207 Wabash-av.

MAHOGANY UPRIGHT PIANO, FULL SIZE, up to date; only used 5 months; like new; at one-third its cost. 653 N. Clark-st. Must sell.

CLAYTON F. SUMMY CO., 220 WABASH-AV.—Chickering and Gabler pianos. Send for secondhand list. Compare prices before buying.

LADY MUST SELL FINE MAHOGNAY UPright, little used. This is the biggest bargain in Chicago for cash. Call at once. 406 La Salle-st.

$250 BUYS A LARGE STEINWAY UPRIGHT IN fine condition, nearly good as new. THOMPSON MUSIC CO., 269 Wabash-av.

$350 BUYS HAZELTON BROS.' GRAND. NELSON & CRANE, 268 Wabash-av.

UPRIGHT PIANO, NEARLY NEW; MAKE OFfer; must sell. 54 St. Clair-st., near Ontario-st.

UNEEDA PIANO TUNED? $2; EXPERT; UPrights for sale, $75. NICHOLSON, 11 Lincoln-av.

GENUINE NEW STEINWAY AND NEW Knabe pianos are sold only by Lyon & Healy.

**MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.**

THE GREAT ANNUAL EVENT IN THE PIANO WORLD.

According to their custom, Lyon & Healy offer this month extraordinary price inducements in pianos. A sweeping clearing sale is in progress.

TWO SALESROOMS FILLED WITH BARGAINS IN NEW PIANOS.

Among the pianos included in this sale you will find Steinways, Knabes, Fischers, Krakauers, Sterlings, and other well-known makes. Also a special lot of popular-priced pianos left over from Christmas that must be sold at once and that have been

MARKED DOWN TO $150 EACH to close out. Nothing to equal these values can be seen elsewhere. SPECIAL NEW PIANOS AT $115, $125, AND $145.

This is a rare opportunity for shrewd purchasers. Do not neglect to make an early visit of inspection.

Also note the following pianos taken in exchange. All in first-class playing order: Weser upright, $95; Bradley upright, $90; Royal upright, $125; Bauer upright, $135; Lyon & Healy upright, $125; Decker Bros. upright, $150; Reed upright, $100; Wheelock upright, $150; Ludwig upright, $150; Colby upright, $100; Chase upright, $165; New England upright, $105; Hallett & Davis upright, $180; Huntington upright, $170; Vose upright, $185; Steinway upright, $250; Fischer upright, $175; Kurtzmann upright, $225, and many others.

Easy monthly payments may be arranged. Modern stool and handsome scarf included at above prices. Out-of-town purchasers should not fail to take advantage of the above special offer.

LYON & HEALY, Wabash-av. and Adams-st.

IT'S THE TALK OF THE PIANO WORLD. Such sensational price reductions on fine pianos were never known before, and they are attracting the attention of the piano world.

Mr. T. E. Northen, for many years a member of this firm, will retire from the piano business Feb. 15, and the remaining partners will absorb his interest. It is necessary that we reduce our stock as well as to raise a large amount of ready cash.

To accomplish these results we have made startling reductions on our entire stock of fine pianos, both new and used [Steger 1902 patterns excepted], and have created

THE GREATEST PIANO SALE THAT CHICAGO HAS EVER KNOWN.

Our stock is in excellent condition, and instruments of almost any style or price may be found on our floors. Look over this list of a few of the many bargains offered.

NEW UPRIGHT PIANOS.

34 standard upright pianos—regular price $290—now ... $190

45 standard upright pianos—regular price $270—now ... 178

30 standard upright pianos—regular price $250—now ... 147

The above are not Steger pianos, but all good standard instruments. Our own guarantee goes with every piano we sell.

USED UPRIGHT PIANOS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 $300 Krakauer | $145 | 1 $280 Sterling | $140 |
| 1 $300 Hallet & Davis | 145 | 1 $350 Standard | 165 |
| 1 $300 Emerson | 145 | 1 $200 Adam Schaaf | 90 |
| 1 $700 Steinway | 345 | 1 $250 Bradford | 125 |
| 1 $450 Sohmer | 275 | 1 $700 Hallet & Davis | 355 |
| 1 $300 Decker | 145 | 1 $350 Weber | 185 |

A number of Steger upright pianos not represented in our 1902 catalogue at a heavy discount. Every piano fully guaranteed. All prices in plain figures. Easy terms to responsible parties. Steger & Sons Piano Mfg. Co., 235 Wabash-av., cor. Jackson-blvd.

ADAM SCHAAF PIANOS—NEW STYLES; PERfection in tone; light touch; every piano warranted for ten years; prices reasonable; buy of the manufacturer; established 1873.

SECOND-HAND PIANOS AT REDUCED PRICES.

$165 buys Hallett & Davis piano.
$100 buys Kingsbury upright piano, mahogany case.
$125 buys Julius Bauer upright piano.
$90 buys Smith upright piano.
$135 buys Decker & Son upright piano.
$260 buys Steinway piano.
$100 buys Emerson upright piano.
$125 buys Everett upright piano, walnut case.
$115 buys Vose & Sons upright piano.
$55 buys Arion upright piano.
$135 buys J. & C. Fisher upright piano.
$100 buys J. P. Hale upright piano.
$155 buys Decker Bros. upright piano.
$155 buys Mason & Hamlin upright piano.
Square pianos, each $20, $25, $30, $45, $50.
Organs, $15, $25, $35 each.

WE SELL ON MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

For Rent—$3 and $4 per month, 200 new upright pianos; one year's rent allowed if purchased. Pianos tuned, moved, stored, and exchanged. ADAM SCHAAF, 147-149 W. Madison-st., corner Union-st.

KIMBALL PIANOS IN GREAT VARIETY.

Rare colonial designs—beautiful art nouveau—choice mahogany, oak, walnut, rosewood, and burl finish.

MANUFACTURERS' PRICES for new parlor uprights, containing the KIMBALL BRASS ACTION RAIL, which embodies both hammer and damper flanges formerly of wood.

$250 AND UPWARDS for parlor size upright to $1100 for concert grands.

You can pay for a piano while it is in your possession.

SPECIAL CLEARING SALE BARGAINS in used pianos—$90 and upward. A few more of the modern uprights from Eastern markets at practically your own price to close.

Used reed organs, $15 to $25.
Self-playing organs [second-hand], $60 and up.

W. W. KIMBALL CO., [Established 1857], S. w. cor. Wabash-av. and Jackson-blvd.

BENT'S BARGAINS— 209 WABASH-AVE. EASY TERMS. LOW PRICES. NEW CROWN PIANOS. $300, $325, $350, $375, $400 up. Many styles and woods. USED "CROWN" PIANOS, $225, $250, $275, and up. OTHER NEW PIANOS, Various makes, woods, and styles, $125, $135, $150, $160, $175, $200, and up. USED PIANOS.
1 Conover ... $175
1 Russell ... 190
1 W. W. Kimball ... 200
EASY TERMS. PLAY WHILE YOU PAY. Pianos to Rent—New: $4, $5, and $6. Used: $2, $3, and $4. One year's rental applied if purchased. GEO. P. BENT, Estab. 1870. Manufacturer "Crown" Piano, 209 WABASH-AVE.

JANUARY CLEARING SALE—

VOSE PIANOS.

Such a host of bargains that we cannot properly enumerate them in limited space.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Square pianos | $10 | $15 | $20 | $25 |
| Parlor organs | $10 | $15 | $20 | $25 |
| Used uprights | $85 | $95 | $110 | $115 upwards. |

A few discontinued styles in Vose pianos at 35 per cent discount from regular price. Also a number of special styles of Ludwig pianos received too late for our HOLIDAY TRADE, at reduced prices.

DO NOT MISS THIS GREAT SALE.

EASY TERMS OF PAYMENT.

VOSE & SONS PIANO CO., 246 WABASH-AV.

BALDWIN'S INCOMPARABLE BARGAINS—
$87.50, McPhail upright, worth $150.
$117, Clemons upright, worth $175.
$95, Arion upright, worth $165.
$160, Kranich & Bach upright, worth $250.
$165, Ernest Gabler upright, worth $260.
$187.50, Colby & Co. upright, worth $275.
$190, Hallet & Davis upright, worth $300.
$220, Chickering upright, worth $350.
$285, Kimball grand, worth $400.
Terms to accommodate. Full guarantee. Call and see them, or write for full description. Renting, tuning, repairing, etc. D. H. BALDWIN & CO., Mfrs., 257 Wabash-av. HARRY J. STRONG, Manager Retail.

STOP AND READ THIS LIST OF PIANOS LEFT OVER FROM THE HOLIDAYS:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 Mahogany upright | $ 75 | 1 Steinway | 230 |
| 1 Chickering upright | 90 | 1 walnut upright | 75 |
| 1 Bijou mahogany upright | 95 | 1 Rintoul walnut upright | 85 |
| 1 Decker Bros. upright | 125 | 1 Stone upright | 110 |
| 1 Chase walnut | 145 | 1 Fischer walnut | 120 |
| 1 Hallet & Davis, fancy case | 175 | 1 Crown walnut | 140 |
| | | 1 Emerson upright | 150 |
| | | 1 Emerson upright | 190 |

Organs, $10, $15, and $20 and upwards. A few select Emerson pianos taken back for nonpayment at half price.

Call early to get a bargain.

J. O. TWICHELL, 231 Wabash-av.

DON'T MISS THIS CHANCE— Our recent holiday sales brought us in a larger number of used pianos and organs [taken as part payment on Schulz pianos] than we can find room for. In consequence we offer them at tremendously reduced prices—viz.:
Square pianos, $25.00 and up.
Upright pianos, $90.00 and up.
New pianos, $125 and up.
Used organs, $18.00 and up.
New organs, $25.00 and up.
Orleons organs, $25.00 and up.
Easy terms. M. SCHULZ CO., Temporary address, 333 Milwaukee-av.

JULIUS BAUER & CO., 250-252 WABASH-AV.— We offer some exceptional values in used BAUER PIANOS. BAUER PIANOS. A number of uprights, used for some time, but THOROUGHLY RENOVATED and remodeled at our factory, various styles and sizes, at prices ranging from $185 to $250. Most of these instruments are practically equal to new, all are fully guaranteed, and represent a rare opportunity for economically disposed buyers. Easy payments when desired. JULIUS BAUER & CO., 250-252 Wabash-av.

JANUARY BARGAINS—
50 upright pianos, odd makes, some new, $60, $75, $80, $95, $100, $125 and up.
20 square pianos, $15, $20, $25, $35, $40 and up.
40 organs, new and used, $5, $15, $25, $35, $50 and up.
5 Story & Clark pianos, 1900 styles, $260, $275, $300, $320, $350.
20 new style Story & Clark pianos, $400 to $1,000.
STORY & CLARK, 255 Wabash-av.

150 PIANOS FOR SALE ON EASY PAYMENTS; Wegman, Haines & Co., Foster, Bryant, Holmes, and others; easy payments, $5, $6, and $7 per month; rent $3 and $4 month; second-hand pianos, $90 and up. J. A. BRYANT, 144 and 146 Wabash-av., 2d floor, near Madison.

CAUTION—STEINWAY PIANOS—BEWARE OF bogus instruments offered as genuine Steinway pianos. A fine stock of used Steinway uprights at very low prices may be found at LYON & HEALY'S, Wabash-av. and Adams-st., and they are the only authorized Steinway agents in Chicago.

CHASE, HACKLEY AND CARLISLE PIANOS— Call and see these instruments before you purchase. Fine line of slightly used and second-hand pianos of various makes; exceptionally low prices. CHICKERING-CHASE BROS. CO., 209 Wabash.

FULL SIZED BEAUTIFUL TONE MAHOGANY upright piano at less than half original cost four months ago. 5300 South Park-av.

## SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

### Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—AS GENERAL OFFICE clerk or manager and correspondent; thorough experience as advertising manager of prominent trade paper; new ideas; experienced in printing business; speak and write German fluently and understand some French; best of references as to ability and character. Address R 535, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — I KEEP BOOKS FOR small concerns; this in one or more visits monthly; also systematize your accounts, giving information conducive to business success; small monthly charge. HENRY MILLARD, 907 Royal Insurance Bldg.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, 24 years of age, wishes to learn drug business; would like a position in a drug store; small wages. Address P 173, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, aged 20, at any kind of office work; has plenty of experience; honest and reliable; $9. Address R 582, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—PRACTICAL EXPERIenced bookkeeper, competent of handling any number of accounts, desires immediate engagement. A. F., 12 N. State-st.

SITUATION WANTED — AS BOOKKEEPER, correspondent, cashier, or any good office position, by young man, aged 24, thoroughly experienced; city ref.; bond. Address R 548, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—AS OFFICE MAN OR collector; twelve years' experience in office work, banking, and real estate loans; best of references. Address R 600, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — GENERAL OFFICE clerk and accountant; 7 years in railroad business; experienced in coal business; age 28; hard worker; clean record. R 523, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY ENERGETIC MAN of 30 as office manager; understand bookkeeping; good collector and salesman; A1 references. Address R 524, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—COLLEGE GRADUATE, having knowledge of bookkeeping; quick and accurate at figures; moderate salary; in an office. Address R 526, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — YOUNG MAN, ASST. bkpr. and bill clerk; salary moderate; A1 refs. Address R 573, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY BOOKKEEPER and general office man; A1 references; salary moderate. Address R 501, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — SET OF BOOKS TO keep, requiring couple hours each day. Address R 567, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — OFFICE WORK, AGE 28, ten years' experience; thorough, accurate, and executive ability; A1 refs. R 547, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — BY GOOD CLERK, IN wholesale stationery; 17 years' experience. Address R 506, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY EXPERIENCED grocery clerk; best of references. R 540, Tribune.

### Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—LINE OF CHILDREN'S caps, millinery, or ladies' neckwear for Chicago and vicinity. Address V 534, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—FIRST-CLASS CLOTHing salesman; good refs. R 550, Tribune.

### Trades.

SITUATION WANTED — BY GOOD JAPANESE cook and baker; $8. R. 512, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — PAINTING, PAPER hanging, calcimining. PAINTER, 140 N. Clark.

SITUATION WANTED — BY CUSTOM CUTter; 14 years' experience. R 563, Tribune office.

### House Servants.

SITUATION WANTED — BY YOUNG MAN, AS houseman or valet; refs. R 508, Tribune office.

### Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—COACHMAN, FIRST-class, English, married, age 35; five years' best city references; thoroughly competent and reliable. Address L X 158, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—COACHMAN, GARDener, and general man; good all-round and willing, in or about house, any capacity; city or country; strictly temperate; city references. Address R 579, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—SOBER, INDUSTRIOUS man wants steady hauling; large truck and single wagon; day work accepted. R 537, Tribune.

### Employment Agencies.

SITUATIONS WANTED — FOR MEN, ALL lines. Stroup's Bureau, 199 Clark. Tel. Cen. 1395.

### Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—STENOGRAPHER, BEginner, and telegraph operator; forenoons. Address P 488, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — YOUNG MAN, WELL educated, wishes to learn typewriting during spare hours; state offers in full. R 570, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN STENOGrapher and typewriter, wishes temporary position; $8 week. Address R 565, Tribune office.

### Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED — YOUNG MARRIED man, 23 yrs. of age, inexperienced, not afraid of work, wishes position in wholesale house; either in shipping or stock departments; high school education; small wages to start. Address R 515, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, LAW graduate, of good address; but am also capable stenographer, long experienced, but position outdoors or partly outdoors preferred; highest qualifications and references. Address R 577, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — EXPERIENCED COLlector, 5 years on road, well acquainted with city; reliable firm only; A1 references and bond. Address R 536, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS WATCHMAN; UNderstands firing boiler; A1 references. Address M X 528, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—ELEVATOR MAN, PASsenger; ref. What have you to offer industrious, honest, young man? Address R 583, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—HANDY, SOBER MAN wants work. Address A., 374 Chicago-av.; references given.

SITUATION WANTED—AT LIGHT JANITOR work or care of an office, by a middle-aged man with No. 1 city ref. Address R 551, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—GENERAL REPAIR man or janitor; can do all repairs in flat. CHAS. BEARD, 436 State-st.

## CLEANERS, DYERS, AND LAUNDRIES.

GOODHART'S LAUNDRY
IS
A
GOOD
LAUNDRY.
374-376-378 Winchester-av.
Telephone West 736.

EXCELSIOR LAUNDRY CO.,
144 22D-ST. PHONE SOUTH 168.
Branches, 374 Wabash-av., 96 N. State-st.; high grade of work laundered on short time. Wagons call everywhere.

WASHINGTON LAUNDRY,
405 W. MADISON-ST.
PHONE MONROE 2.
HIGH GRADE WORK; LOWEST PRICES.
WAGONS CALL EVERYWHERE.

ANCHOR LAUNDRY CO.
WE'RE IT; TRY US AND SEE.
382-384 E. 39th-st.

AUG. SCHWARTZ, LADIES' AND GENTS' garments. Three stores: 158 Illinois-st., 126 Dearborn-st., 539 West Madison-st.

DEHMLOW'S CHEMICAL CLEANING WORKS. Stores 400 Center-st., 117 N. State, and 1050 Lincoln-av. Phone Irving 394.

GLOBE LAUNDRY CO., PHONE MONROE 1165, 145-147-149 S. Morgan-st. New work for shirt factories and stores.

BIRCK & CO., FANCY DYERS AND CLEANers. 4410-12 State-st. Phone Oakland 1348.

ROUGH DRY 25C PER DOZEN. CRESCENT Laundry. 1323 West Lake-st. Tel. W. 1518.

COOK & McLAIN, 80 DEARBORN-ST., PHONE Main 3047. 54 and 56 39th-st. Phone Oak. 539.

CRYSTAL LAUNDRY—FIRST-CLASS WORK only. 509 N. Clark-st. Tel. Black 1481.

## TYPEWRITERS.

ALL MAKES RENTED $3 PER MONTH AND sold at cost to responsible purchaser at terms to suit; write for specimens of our special bargains and get prices. C. R. Carpenter, 100 Jackson-blvd.

TYPEWRITERS OF ALL MAKES RENTED, sold, repaired; large assortment and low prices. Chicago Typewriter & Supply Co., W. C. Goodhue, Mgr., main floor, Suite 5 to 8, 122 La Salle-st.

TYPEWRITERS — BARGAINS; STANDARD makes a specialty; machines shipped subject to trial. Typewriter Exch., 124 La Salle-st., Chicago.

FOR SALE—BRAND NEW REMINGTONS, S.-P., Densmores, Barlocks, Chicagos, etc. C. R. CARPENTER, 100 Jackson-blvd.

DAVIES' TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 185 Dearborn-st.—Machines bought, sold; rentals,$3.

C. R. LITTLE, 119 LA SALLE-ST.—TYPEwriter repairing; bargains. Telephone Main 4519.

WANTED—TO CLOSE OUT 3 TYPEWRITERS; BARGAIN. HENRY, 20 Van Buren, main floor.

## PARTNERS WANTED.

PARTNER WANTED—IN GOOD LIVE COMCL. printing office; must have good connections. Address R 576, Tribune office.

A GOOD BUSINESS-MAN, WITH $300, IN ESTablished, paying business; bank references and close investigation. Address R 584, Tribune.

WANTED—GOOD, RESPONSIBLE PARTNER, $350, to buy out South Side saloon. Call 3407 State-st., 3d floor.

## SEWING MACHINES.

BUY ONLY THE ELDREDGE B 2-THREAD, $20 to $35, or the B. ELDREDGE, single thread, genuine automatic, $40 to $50; guaranteed to be the finest and highest grade sewing machine made. National Sewing Machine Co., 49 E. Jackson-blvd. M. G. GLEASON, Mgr. Machines rented and repaired reasonably. Call or 'phone Harrison 356.

YOU CAN BUY ALL KINDS OF MACHINES from AKAM, 12 Adams-st., Pullman Building; wholesale prices. New Singer, $10; high arm, $12; new Wilson, $10. Examine before you buy.

## LEGAL NOTICES AND PROPOSALS.

SEALED BIDS FOR $15,000 OF 5 PER CENT high school bonds, payable $1,000 Nov. 30, 1903, and $2,000 yearly thereafter, will be received by the undersigned at Desplaines, Ill., on or before 7 o'clock p. m., Jan. 27, 1902. For further information inquire of Ning Eley, 79 Dearborn-st. JACOB SCHAFF, Clerk Township Board of Edgewater, T. 41, R. 12, Cook Co., Ill.

## BICYCLES AND BICYCLE GOODS.

WANTED—FIFTY SECOND-HAND WHEELS at once for country orders; bring wheels and get our cash offer. We will send a buyer to inspect at pawnshops, repair shops, etc. Mead Cycle Co., 355 Wabash-av.

## BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES, ETC.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND BILLIARD AND pool tables; we rent tables with privilege of buying. The Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., 263 and 265 Wabash-av.

## SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

### Domestics.

SITUATION WANTED — BY WOMAN WITH baby; very capable in housework; excellent chance for reliable help. COOK, 3742 Cottage Grove-av.

SITUATION WANTED—NORWEGIAN LADY wishes position as cook or housekeeper; no laundry. MRS. A. ELL, 353 Orleans-st., Francisco Sisters.

SITUATION WANTED—GENERAL HOUSEwork; private family; $3 per week. 6608 Vincennes-av.

SITUATION WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL, 2D or general work. 5058 State-st., Flat G.

SITUATION WANTED — BY COLORED WOMan, general housework. 3554 Armour-av.

SITUATION WANTED—SECOND WORK; EXperienced; references. R 561, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — EXPERIENCED Swedish general girl. 342 E. 43d-st.

SITUATION WANTED — GENERAL HOUSEwork. Address by mail, 139 Oakwood-blvd.

SITUATION WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL, housework; small family. R 569, Tribune office.

### Housekeepers.

SITUATION WANTED — YOUNG LADY, 19, first-class cook and manager, for widower with children; only first-class need apply. Address R 585, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS HOUSEKEEPER; have furniture for 6 rooms; or will take charge of house owner's absence; best city references. Address R 549, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — WIDOW, GERMAN, good cook, as housekeeper for couple; North Side. 8 Menominee-st.

### Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

SITUATION WANTED — BY A COMPETENT dress and coat maker; tailor suits in 2 days; Eton jackets, fancy waists, shirt waists, 1 day; fitting a specialty; $2 per day. Answer by letter only. MISS KELLY, 5479 Kimbark-av., 3d flat.

SITUATION WANTED—AS DRESSMAKER; good fitter; day or week. 244 E. 55th-st.

### Laundresses.

SITUATION WANTED—WASHING AND IRONing to bring home, or day's work; reference. 3438 Cottage Grove-av.

### Employment Agencies.

SITUATIONS WANTED — COOK, GERMAN housemaid, general housemaids; all nationalities; private telephone, 1591 Ashland. MRS. SMITH, 871 Monroe.

### Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED — LADY STENOGRApher; 8 years' experience; GERMAN AND FRENCH CORRESPONDENT AND TRANSLATOR; A1 refs.; only legitimate business wanted. MISS HERMANN, 810 Atwood Building.

SITUATION WANTED — PUBLIC STENOGrapher; lady does public work. Private office, R. 614, 167 Dearborn-st.

SITUATION WANTED—LADY STENOGRAPHer and correspondent; experience in mail order business; Remington; ref. R 539, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY STEnographer; 3 yrs.' experience; best of refs. Address R 572, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—STENOGRAPHER AND office lady; some experience; salary moderate. Address R 571, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY STEnographer; experienced, well educated; good refs.; salary reasonable. R 560, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY LADY STENOGRApher and typewriter; English, German, and French language. Address R 545, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS STENOGRAPHER; well educated young lady; 6 years' experience; city refs.; salary reasonable. R 558, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — EXPERT STENOGrapher; Remington; wide exp. R 541, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — COPYING OR ADdressing, typewritten. R 510, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—OFFICE WORK; UNderstand stenography; exp. 161 Artesian-av.

SITUATION WANTED — LADY STENOGRApher; 11 yrs.' exp.; law preferred. R 552, Tribune.

### Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—A YOUNG GOVERNess speaking German and French fluently desires a place, for one or two children. R 542, Tribune.

## BUSINESS CHANCES.

TO INVESTORS—THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNity to make an investment which will net you 2½% dividends quarterly; this dividend is bound to increase with the increased output of the production. The Ventura Consolidated Crude Oil company of Los Angeles, Cal., own in fee simple 2,720 acres of the very richest oil lands; they have three producing wells and are thus on a dividend-paying basis; they wish money to drill five more wells to enlarge their output and increase their dividends, and with that end in view offer a limited amount of stock at 20 CENTS PER SHARE. Par value $1. Act at once. If you purchase at once you will receive your share of the next dividend, which will be paid Feb. 15. "Never leave till tomorrow which you can do today." Write today; price will soon advance to 25c per share. Delays are dangerous. Write for oil prospectus No. 301. Address UNION SECURITY CO., R. 301, 234 La Salle-st.

DON'T INVOKE THE LAW.
KEEP IT AS THE LAST RESORT IN THE ADJUSTMENT OF YOUR BUSINESS TROUBLES. Many lawsuits are ill-advised, unwise, and unnecessary, until after all conciliatory methods have been exhausted.
Logical reasoning is more effective than an expensive and complicated lawsuit.
Particular attention given to the adjustment of complicated disputes and accounts, the organization of copartnerships, corporations, etc.; the investigation of business chances, and other inducements to prospective investors. For further information apply to EDWARD S. RICHARDS, 1012-13 New York Life Building.

DON'T OVERLOOK THE FACT THAT OUR GOLD STOCK ADVANCES TO 5 CENTS PER SHARE ON JAN. 25. ONLY 5 DAYS MORE TO SECURE THIS VALUABLE STOCK AT THE PRESENT PRICE OF 2 CENTS.
THE ARIZONA PROSPERITY GOLD MINES COMPANY, 208, 263 DEARBORN-ST., CHICAGO, ILL.

A YEARLY INCOME FOR LIFE.
Easily secured by monthly payments. We can tell you how, but must hear from you first. Send for "Conservative Investing." Planters of Palenque, 1010 Monadnock.

A GENTLEMAN OF 25 YEARS' EXECUTIVE and practical experience in the manufacture of wire rope and thoroughly posted in all details, wishes to secure capital and form company having for its prime object the manufacture of same; correspondence confidential. Address T 336, Tribune.

A SMALL MANUFACTURING BUSINESS, well established and well known to the trade; profits large; will sell cheap for cash on account of other business requiring my time. Address R 566, Tribune office.

WANTED—SECRETARY AND TREASURER for mining corporation; take charge offices; mines now in operation; investigate.
GRAHAM, 79 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—ONE-THIRD INTEREST IN OLD established department store in good Indiana city, 6,000 inhabitants; stock, $20,000; sales last year, $80,000. Particulars, Golsen, Tacoma Bldg.

TRANSIENT EUROPEAN HOTEL CLEARING $300 monthly; rent, $50, paid to April 1; fine location; part cash, balance time; good chance for lady. HALL & CO., 167 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—AN HONEST MAN TO FURNISH A small amount of money, whereby he can make a fortune; references given; an honest proposition. Address R 511, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—$350 FOR WEST SIDE RESTAUrant; have a buyer for same willing to pay $550 on time payments; need the cash and will take $350. Address R 527, Tribune office.

WANTED—SLOT MACHINES OF ALL DEscriptions, suitable for penny amusement. Address S 226, Tribune office.

WILL PAY $7,000 TO $9,000 CASH FOR GOOD business corner or good flat building; must be first-class. Address R 507, Tribune office.

LEGITIMATE ADVERTISING OR HOUSEHOLD novelties wanted by competent firm for manufacturing and marketing purposes. R 99, Tribune.

ILLUSTRATED PROSPECTUS FREE. Address Ash Rapids Gold Mining Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

FOR SALE—MONEYMAKING OIL AND MINing stock. Address DAVID RUSSELL CARRIER, fiscal agent, 560 E. Division-st.

IF YOU ARE LOOKING FOR HIGH-GRADE MINING INVESTMENTS, SEE US.
O. F. GIBBS & CO., 125 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—DRY GOODS AND NOTION STORE on South Side, near elevated; no agents; by owner; invoice. Address P 161, Tribune office.

CAPITAL WANTED FOR LEGITIMATE BUSIness; 50 per cent profit guaranteed. PROFESSOR MANNING, Leland Hotel.

FOR SALE—DRUG STORE, FINE FIXTURES and fountain; good North Side corner; $1,000. Address R 502, Tribune office.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS FISCAL AGENT, TO sell stock in best oil proposition in Texas. AddressR 505, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—$600 CASH, GOOD PAYING LUNCH room, inside Loop; owner sick. R 504, Tribune.

FOR SALE—FINE HARDWARE AND IMPLEment business, if can sell soon. F F 16, Tribune.

FOR SALE—DRUG STORE; PRICE $8,000. Address R 554, Tribune office.

TO RENT—BAKERY, WITH OVEN AND FIXtures. 250 Wilmot-av., cor. Armitage.

## STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES.

ROLL-TOP DESK, $11.50; BOOKKEEPER'S desk, $7; safe, $20; rug, $8; letter press, $2.50; office rail and partition; flat desk, $6. Chicago Safe & Mdse. Co., 49 Dearborn-st. Phone 2082 Central.

JULIUS BENDER, 236 AND 238 W. MADISON-st.—Complete line store and office fixtures; new and 2d-hand; suitable for all classes of business.

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF NATIONAL cash registers and billiard and pool tables. H. TUCKHORN & CO., 171 E. Randolph-st.

CASH REGISTERS BOUGHT, SOLD, AND EXchanged and highest cash price paid for old registers. Cash Register Exchange, 198 Madison-st.

## PATENTS AND PATENT ATTORNEYS.

PATENTS WITHOUT FEE UNLESS SUCCESSful; consultation free. MILO B. STEVENS & CO., 163 Randolph-st. Main office, Washington. Established 1864. Telephone Franklin 431.

## PHOTOGRAPHY.

5X7 CAMERA, R. R. LENS, UNICUM SHUTTER, $9.45. Cameras exchanged. Developing and printing. Central Camera Co., 31 E. Adams-st.

## POSTAGE STAMPS, COINS, ETC.

BEGINNERS' OUTFIT, ALBUM, STAMPS, HINges, etc.; stamps bought. P. Wolsiefer, 38 Madison.

## ASSAYERS AND REFINERS.

ORES ASSAYED—GOLD, SILVER, PLATINUM bought and sold. Goldsmith Bros., 63 Washington.

## WANTED—MALE HELP.

### Bookkeepers and Clerks.

ASST. BKPR. AND BILL CLERK—GOOD writer, well educated, age 24; $12. J. MACDONALD, 134 Monroe-st.

ASST. BOOKKEEPER AND BILL CLERK—Exp.; age 21-25; $12. A. B. NYMAN, R. 46, 92 La Salle-st.

ASSISTANT STOCKKEEPER—TAILORS TO the trade. MARKS, 200 Market-st.

BILL CLERK—RAPID WRITER AND FIGURer; $10. 740, 148 Washington-st.

BILLING CLERK—YOUNG MAN, WRITING good hand and having some experience; $7. Address K N 359, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER—AGE 25; EXP. IN ELECTRICal bus.; $50. WILSDON, Fort Dearborn Bldg.

BOOKKEEPER — SINGLE MAN, FOR PITTSburg, Pa. Room 911, 185 Dearborn-st.

BOOKKEEPER—AND STENOG. — S.-P.; $10. WOLFF, R. 46, 151 Washington-st.

BOOKKEEPER — YOUNG MAN; EXPERIenced; South Side; $50. 740, 322 Dearborn-st.

CASHIER AND STENOGRPHER—EXP.; MUST furnish bond; $12-$15. K. WILSDON, Fort Dearborn Bldg.

CASHIER—AND STENOG.—REM., AGE 25-30; $12-$15. A. B. NYMAN, 151 Washington, 4th fl.

CLERK—OF GOOD ADDRESS, IN A MORTgage office, to keep up mortgage register, conduct correspondence, and take entire charge of business with country agents; liberal salary to competent man; state what experience with real estate papers. Address P P 66, Tribune office.

COST ACCOUNTANT—WHO UNDERSTANDS thoroughly modern systems of keeping shop costs in an establishment, manufacturing agricultural implements; a man having practical shop experience, who can compare cost of operations between departments preferred; state salary expected. Apply D. M. OSBORNE & CO., Auburn, N. Y.

DO YOU BELIEVE IN "EMPLOYMENT agencies"? If you don't, we want to see you. Read our ad. under "Employment Agencies" head. EDUCATIONAL REGISTER COMPANY.

MAN—A BRIGHT YOUNG MAN LIVING AT home for clerical work; rapid writer and correct; state age. Address M X 562, Tribune office.

NIGHT BOOKKEEPER AND CASHIER—BY A grocery house; must be rapid, accurate, and good penman; give age, experience, and references. Address M X 230, Tribune office.

OFFICE MAN—GOOD PENMAN; SINGLE man; $12. L. HOWARD, 324 Dearborn-st.

SHIPPING CLERK—EXP.; GOOD REFS.; $9. HOWARD, 408, 134 Monroe-st.

YOUNG MAN—ABOUT 20, PREPOSSESSING ADdress, of strictly temperate habits, bright and capable of adapting himself to responsible office work; none others need apply. Address R 580, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION, good refs., work in bank. K. WILSDON, Fort Dearborn Bldg.

### Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

AN IMMEDIATE INCOME ASSURED TO MEN WHO CAN SELL LIFE INSURANCE.
ILLINOIS LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, 134 MONROE-ST.

CANVASSERS — GOOD, FOR DOWN-TOWN trade; liberal commission. R. 313, 189 Dearborn.

COMPETENT PRODUCERS OF LIMITED-PAYment life insurance can obtain highly advantageous contract for special work. T 152, Tribune.

DRIED FRUIT SALESMAN—30 TO 35 YEARS of age, acquainted with all wholesale grocers; must be a hustler. Address R 532, Tribune office.

ENERGETIC MAN TO HANDLE A LINE OF medium and fine pocketbooks and fancy leather goods on commission, in connection with similar lines; they are especially suited for fine retailers, as they range in price from $9 per dozen up; should have some knowledge of the goods to handle them successfully; in replying give age, experience, reference, and territory proposed covering. POCKETBOOKS, Box 537, Philadelphia.

GOOD SOLICITOR—MUST BE OF GOOD APpearance and a fluent talker; steady employment given such a man; references required. Room 62, 70 La Salle-st.

HUSTLER—ON TEA AND COFFEE ROUTES; young man, speaking Scandinavian preferred. COLTON, SANDBERG & CO., 704 Lake-st.

MAN—
WHO CAN
SELL STOCK
of established company now in successful operation, can make liberal arrangements. Address T 494, Tribune office.

MAN—ENERGETIC, FOR WELL ESTABlished article to wholesalers and manufacturers. 9:30 to 1, 1019 Chicago Opera-House.

MEN—WHO ARE NOW ENGAGED IN REPREsenting wholesale tailoring firms, and who have been successful in the line; the very largest wholesale tailoring concern in the United States will give such men an opportunity t omake more money than they are making at the present time; the very best samples equipment, such as woolens, on consignment, swatches, etc., will be furnished; branch stores will be opened without requiring investment of the salesmen, salaries guaranteed to good parties; good salesmen will find this their opportunity. Address T. W. NICOLL, Lock Box 529, Chicago, Ill.

SALESMAN—RUBBER GOODS, TO REPRESENT manufacturer on the road; must have considerable experience and understand mechanical goods, drug sundries, etc. Do not reply without stating actual experience in these goods. S 146, Tribune.

SALESMAN—FOR 1902, WELL DRESSED, WHO can earn $40 per week; no whisky drinkers or poker players need apply. Address; do not call. B. C. BOWEN, Great Northern Hotel.

SALESMAN—TRAVELING, EXPERIENCED, to sell incandescent mantles and supplies; state experience and salary expected. Address LIGHT, Room 516, 34 S. Clark-st., Chicago.

SALESMAN—HUSTLING SALESMAN FOR ILL. by well established wholesale house; high commission contract with $25 weekly allowance while traveling. Jess. H. Smith Co., Detroit, Mich.

SALESMAN—YOUNG MAN, TO SELL FAIRbank's family soap, gold dust, scouring soap, to office buildings, hotels, hospitals, drug trade. S. STONE, 175 Dearborn-st.

SALESMAN — AN EXPERIENCED CAP SALESman for Mich.; one who has a good trade; no other need apply. Address P 505, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—FIRST-CLASS, TO SELL BESTmade automobiles in the world; must have money to buy one sample. T 403, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—EXPERIENCED, PHARMACEUtical; give references and territory traveled. Address T 414, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—FOR BALZAC, SELLING AT $15; clean territory; big money. J. C. THORNE, 1506 Fisher Bldg.

SALESMAN—REAL ESTATE, FOR SPECIAL work; salary or commission. T 376, Tribune.

SALESMAN—CALLING ON GROCERY TRADE. Call 4249 St. Lawrence-av.

SALESMAN—TO HANDLE CANDY AS A SIDE line. Address R 559, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—P. F. COLLIER & SON'S NEW edition of Shakespeare, 8 volumes, deckeled edge, gilt tops, colored plates, with crash buckram binding, also our new 25-volume edition of orations is now ready, and having a large sale; very low prices and big earnings for the salesmen; splendid opening for energetic men. I. P. ROBINSON, 524 Rand McNally Bldg.

SALESMEN—I WANT THREE HIGH-CLASS salesmen, capable of submitting a gilt-edge, dividend-paying proposition to conservative men and women of means; live workers with A1 reference only need apply. Address P 353, Tribune.

SALESMEN—2 WELL DRESSED, GOOD OIL salesmen, for lubricating oil; the oil is in the crude state and is in great demand; good pay to good salesmen; answer quick, as I am only in the city for a few days. Address R 509, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—$10,000 FOR FIRST-CLASS STOCK salesman for six months, to place stock for a corporation of national reputation, paying large, increasing dividends, with Board of Directors worth over $40,000,000; give experience. Address T 409, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—SEVERAL COMPETENT, GOOD address, to represent fine, legitimate, recognized business; permanent positions; good pay; references. THORPE BROS. & CO., General Financial Agents, Dixie Irrigation company, 414 Reaper Blk.

SALESMEN — OF BUSINESS EXPERIENCE and good address; the right party will secure profitable employment and good pay. Apply between 9 and 12 a. m. International Society [DAVIS], 131 Wabash-av.

SALESMEN—IN FIRST CLASS WHOLESALE liquor house, two salesmen; one for city and one for Wisconsin; for the right man a good opening; give full particulars, otherwise not considered. Address T 482, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—TO SELL OUR FINE GROCERIES in towns or country; profitable, steady; desirable headquarters for carload men; established 25 years; satisfaction guaranteed in all cases.
LOVERIN & BROWN, Chicago.

SALESMAN—BY A WHOLESALE GROCERY house, to sell teas, coffees, and groceries to farmers; liberal inducements; exclusive territory.
JOHN SEXTON & CO., 20-22 State-st.

SALESMEN—TO SOLICIT CITY CARRIAGE trade on article of large consumption; position one of good promise; state ref., experience, and salary expected. Address E R 335, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—BY MFG., LOCAL AND TRAVELing; office and stationer's specialties; users and trade. Universal Specialty Co., 52 Dearborn-st.

SALESMEN — TRAVELING; SOMETHING new; side line; waterproof gloves; comn., 8 per cent. Address P 491, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—FOR BIG SELLING SPECIALTY; good money; permanent position for right party. Call 9:30 to 1, 504, 21 Wabash-av.

SALESMEN—BY WHOLSALE LIQUOR HOUSE, for city and country. Address T 405, Tribune.

SALESMEN—FOR CITY; GOOD ADDRESS; $18 a week. Call 142 Lincoln-av.

SALESMEN—EXPERIENCED PATENT RIGHT men preferred. 517, 35 E. Randolph-st.

SALESMEN—FIRST-CLASS; NO OTHER NEED apply. Lekko Soap, 126 N. May.

SALESMEN—FOR SIDE LINE TO THE FURniture trade. Address T 511, Tribune office.

SOLICITOR—FIRST-CLASS, ONE WHO HAS solicited insurance preferred; big money to right party. Address T 477, Tribune office.

SOLICITOR — IN COMMERCIAL PRINTING business; interest to right party. Address M X 559, Tribune office.

SOLICITORS—TO SELL THE MONTHLY Premium Policies issued by the National Life Insurance company of the U. S. of A. Salary and commission. The best opportunity for ladies. Apply at the Ogden-av. agency, 571 W. Madison-st.

SOLICITORS—THREE GENTLEMEN AND two ladies of good address, with honest records, to call on clergymen and some other professional people; proper persons can make $35 to $50 a week; city work. Address P 195, Tribune office.

SOLICITORS—COMPETENT BOOK SOLICITors; city proposition; salary. Call evenings. 107 W. Madison-st. Ask for Mr. Squire. Experience unnecessary.

SOLICITORS—TWO, GOOD, FOR THE STRONGest life insurance company in the world; we give the best contract. Address T 516, Tribune office.

SOLICITORS—BOTH SEXES, FOR IDEAL SICK Benefit and Accident Association of Chicago; good commission. Room 305, 218 La Salle, 9 to 2.

SOLICITORS—WILL NOT INTERFERE WITH other employment. Call 818, 84 La Salle-st.

### Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SOLICITORS—GOOD, 2 OR 3; NO COMPETItion; good pay. 1035 W. Van Buren-st.

SPECIALTY GROCERY SALESMEN—FIRST-class, city or country. T 406, Tribune office.

SPECIALTY MEN—CLEVER, FOR GROCERY trade; salary. Schub, Fort Dearborn Bldg.

TRAVELER—EXPERIENCED IN PICTURE frames; state references; full particulars. Address P 520, Tribune office.

TRAVELING SALESMAN—JEWELRY, TO travel on commission, by an old established wholesale house; stock carried and bond required. Address, giving age, experience, and references, M R 422, Tribune office.

TWO YOUNG MEN—ABOUT 25—OF GOOD address, as traveling salesmen; good opportunity for promotion; refs. required. 517 Manhattan Bldg.

YOUNG MEN—TWO ENERGETIC, OF GOOD address, for soliciting on salary or commission; unusual opportunity for the right parties. Call Room 511, 356 Dearborn-st.

### Boys.

BOY—16 TO 20, STUDY SHORTHAND EVENings, free. Address R 578, Tribune office.

BOY—NEAT, BRIGHT, AGE 14, BANK MESsenger; $3.50. J. MACDONALD, 134 Monroe-st.

BOY—STRONG, ABOUT 17, IN STORE; $5 WK. Address R 553, Tribune office.

BOYS—SEVERAL, AGE 16, TO WRAP BUNdles, run errands, and work around store; good chance to learn the business; must be clean and neat, and live with parents; salary to start $3.50; permanent position. Address P P 402, Tribune office.

BRIGHT OFFICE BOY—FOR LOCAL INSURance office; state age and apply in own handwriting. R. A. NAPIER, Room 603, 153-155 La Salle-st.

ERRAND BOY—NEAT APPEARING, $3.50. OTIS, R. 46, 151 Washington-st.

MESSENGER BOY—FOR BANK; MUST BE neat appearing; $20 per mo.; age 18-19. OTIS, 92 La Salle-st.

OFFICE BOY—LIVING ON NORTH SIDE; $3.50, $4. WOLFF, 92 La Salle-st.

OFFICE BOY—GOOD PENMAN; NEAT APpearing; $4. BAYNE, 324 Dearborn-st.

### Trades.

BINDERS, RULERS, FORWARDERS, GILTedgers, finishers, and embossers; good wages; non-union. Room 21, 167 Adams-st.

CLOCK REPAIRER—APPLY ROOM 937 ANnex, Wabash-av. and Washington-st.
MARSHALL FIELD & CO.

DRAFTSMAN—MECHANICAL; USED TO GENeral engineering works. Address, giving experience, reference, and pay expected, M X 231, Tribune office.

DRAFTSMAN—ARCHITECTURAL, USED TO warehouse and mill construction works. Address, giving experience, references, pay expected, M X 232, Tribune office.

ELEVATOR MACHINIST—EXP.; MUST BE competent; $12-$15. NYMAN, 92 La Salle-st.

FIRE CLAY MINER BOSS—EXPERIENCED; must be sober and steady. Apply at EVENS & HOWARD F. B. CO., No. 920 Market-st., St. Louis, Mo.

GOLD PLATER—ACCUSTOMED TO LARGE work; strictly first-class; references and particulars. Address P 521, Tribune office.

MECHANIC—EXPERIENCED IN SHEET ALUminium goods. Address V 247, Tribune office.

MOLDERS—5 FLOOR AND 4 BENCH. PLANO Mfg. Co., West Pullman.

PRINTER—ALL-AROUND, FOR BOOK WORK. 5817 Madison-av.; private house; call.

PHOTOGRAPHER—A YOUNG MAN, FIRST-class in all branches; prefer one who could take a financial interest in business; commercial business exclusively. Address R 568, Tribune office.

STAINED GLASS DESIGNER — THE BEST IN Chicago. Apply Von Gerichten Art Glass Co., Columbus, O.

TWO FIRST-CLASS COMBINATION PAINTERS and paperhangers; must be steady. Write Ellis Paint Co., Butte, Mont. Apply with references Devoe & Raynolds Co., 176 Randolph-st.

TUCK POINTERS AND CLEANERS—PITTSburg. JOHN LANGELUND, 216 Bakewell Bldg., Pittsburg.

### House Servants.

HOUSEMAN — EXPERIENCED; GOOD APpearance and habits; refs. R 508, Tribune.

### Agents Wanted.

PROFITABLE WORK OFFERED AGENTS IN every town to secure subscriptions to the Ladies' Home Journal and the Saturday Evening Post. We want agents who will work thoroughly and with business system to cover each section with our illustrated little booklets and other advertising matter, and to look sharply after renewals from old subscribers. The pay is first-rate, and at the end of the season $20,000 will be given the best workers as extra prizes for good work. How well some of our agents have succeeded is told in a little booklet we would like to send you—portraits of some of our best agents, with the story of how they made it pay. The Curtis Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

YOU ARE A SLAVE
To work for others; be your own boss; start a mail order business of your own at your home in any village or town; use your spare hours to an advantage in building up a business that in a short space of time will net you a grand income. For the small sum of 50c we send you full instructions how to start and conduct an honest money-making mail order business. Write today. Address
HENLEY SUPPLY COMPANY,
916 McMillan-st., Cincinnati, O.

AGENTS—TO SELL "SCHLEY AND SANTIago," by Geo. E. Graham. Autograph introduction and personal account of battle by Rear Admiral Schley. True story of Santiago told for first time by the only eyewitnesses of the fight. Sells faster than "Life of McKinley." Liberal commissions. FREE OUTFIT READY. Send seven 2-cent stamps for postage. Books now ready. Beware of imitations. Can be had only from sole publishers,
W. B. CONKEY COMPANY, Chicago, Ill.

WE CAN PROVE THAT OUR GENERAL agents make $25 per day; no experience needed; our circulars teach you the business and our patented goods do the rest; if you are making less than $300 per month write to us; don't waste stamps and money on catch-penny advertisements; we forfeit $50 to any person proving we do not send free samples at once on receipt of application, with full information to start right to work to earn $25 per day. Braham Co., R 1160, Cincinnati, O.

DON'T WAIT FOR US TO TELL YOU AGAIN. Thousands of orders will be taken in next few weeks for new book, "Rulers of Our Republic, WASHINGTON to ROOSEVELT, an historical review of our glorious country with biographies and life-like portraits of all our 25 PRESIDENTS. Best seller on market. Over 600 pages, $1.75; big discount, credit, freight paid. Complete outfit, 25c; exclusive territory. H. J. SMITH & DEVEREAUX Co., Publishers, 334 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

START THE NEW YEAR WITH A 20TH CENTURY PROPOSITION. Don't waste your time with a poor seller. Why not make from $5 to $15 a day in your own county selling stereoscopic views? Over 5,000 original subjects from every part of the globe. EXCLUSIVE TERRITORY. Write today. GRIFFITH & GRIFFITH, Suite 925 Abel Bldg., Chicago.

WANTED—1,000,000 MEN, WOMEN, BOYS, girls, libraries, to buy a 15-volume set of the works of Theodore Roosevelt, President of the United States; Winning of the West, American Ideals, Naval War of 1812, Rough Riders, and four other hunting stores, all by the typical American. Agents wanted. S. STONE, 175 Dearborn-st.

AGENTS—ON SALARY OR COMMISSION; THE greatest agents' seller ever produced; every user of pen and ink buys it on sight; 200 to 500 per cent profit; one agent's sales amounted to $620 in six days; another $32 in two hours. Monroe Mfg. Co., X 88, La Crosse, Wis.

AGENTS—WOULD YOU KNOW A GOOD THING if you saw it? The only perfect burner before the public is Kern. Saves 80 per cent of gas. Big money for the right man.
KERN INCANDESCENT GAS LIGHT CO., 76 E. Jackson-blvd.

RELIABLE FIRM WANTS RELIABLE MEN TO place reliable suspenders and belts; exclusive or side line; ability and push insures permanent position and big money. Berry Mfg. Co., B. 56, Cincinnati, O.

AGENTS—NEWLY PATENTED HOUSEHOLD necessity; just out; entirely new article; immense seller; large profits; stamp for particulars. Sims Mfg. Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

AGENTS WANTED—SIDE LINE, SALOON SPEcialty; big winner for trade and salesman. Address T 504, Tribune office.

AGENTS—AUTOMATIC SELF GAS IGNITER, new thing; sells itself; big money; splendid side line. Call 9 E. Adams-st.

25 CENTS STARTS PAYING BUSINESS IN country towns; send stamp for reply. Consumers' Supply Co., 529, No. 218 La Salle-st.

PORTRAIT AGENTS EVERYWHERE QUIT "crayons." Try washable enamelines; no glass; don't rub; cheap. Family Portrait Co., Chicago.

AGENTS WANTED—FOUNTAIN PEN, 75 CTS doz., $8 gross; send 8 cents for sample. HORDER, 149 Washington-st., Chicago.

AGENTS—TO SELL AUTOMATIC PRINTERS to grocers, butchers, etc.; rapid sellers; good commission allowed. Address T 538, Tribune.

AGENTS — EXPERIENCED SOLICITOR TO sell Mexican plantation shares; good proposition; strong directory. Address T 123, Tribune.

AGENTS—A NEW INDUCEMENT IN PREmium magazine; high salary and commission; investigate. 155 Washington-st., Room 17.

ADVERTISING AGENTS—4, A1, ALL ROUND; good commission. Address T 467, Tribune office.

AGENTS—MEN AND WOMEN TO SELL PERfumes. 313, 167 Dearborn-st.

READ BRAHAM'S STRAIGHTFORWARD OFfer in agents' column and write to them.

### Employment Agencies.

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| BOOKKEEPER—EXP. | $15.00 |
| Cashier and stenographer, W. S. | 15.00 |
| Man to look after elevator machinery | 15.00 |
| Stenographer, exp. | 12.00 |
| Shipping clerk, exp. | 12.00 |
| Asst. bookkeeper and bill clerk | 12.00 |
| Bookkeeper, exp. | 12.00 |
| Bookkeeper and stenographer, S. P. | 10.00 |
| Solicitor, exp. in architect's plans | |
| Stenographer, exp. | 8.00 |
| Office clerk, good writer and figurer | 7.00 |
| Young man for factory work | 6.00 |
| Gatekeeper for safe deposit vaults | 5.00 |
| Boys, clean, bright, etc. | $3.00 to 3.50 |

LICENSED BY THE STATE.
KING'S MERCANTILE AGENCY,
134 Monroe-st. 324 Dearborn-st. 92 La Salle-st.

WE ARE CONSTANTLY FILLING POSITIONS for STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS, AND GENERAL OFFICE CLERKS. NO ADVANCE FEE. NO ANNOYANCES.
We desire your application and will give it every courteous attention. Positively no charge until position secured.
THE LOGAN CO., 401, 40 Dearborn-st.

STENOGRAPHER—COMPETENT YOUNG MAN for law office. Call. The Oliver Typewriter Co.

## WANTED—MALE HELP.

### Employment Agencies.

YOU TELL THE GIRL
at the telephone exchange, what number you want, and you get it. Suppose there were no exchange—you would have to try one wire after another, blindly.
YOU WANT A POSITION—
Why hunt for it blindly? Tell us what you want—we act as the exchange and save you the necessity of hunting. Our work is different from that of "employment agencies."
THE EDUCATIONAL REGISTER COMPANY, 1007, 160 Washington-st. Phone 2573 Main.

MEN—LOOKING FOR WORK, CALL—POSItions secured for watchmen, janitors, truckers, checkers, callers, packers, wholesale and warehousemen, $10 up; engineers, firemen, oilers, elevator men, $12 up; bookkeepers, stenographers, telegraphers, collectors, cashiers, billing, entry, shipping clerks, and office assistants, $9 up; farm managers, caretakers, men for street car lines, railroad wipers, oilers, engineers, firemen; distributing samples and circulars, tacking signs; other work. RELIANCE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 209-211 State-st., Room 56. Licensed.

MEN—DESIRING STEADY POSITIONS AS collectors, cashiers, clerks, salesmen, bookkeepers, general office, bill, entry, grocery, stock, $10, $12, $15, $20 weekly. Elevator drivers, packers, helpers, shopmen, $8, $10, $12, $15 weekly. Watchmen, janitors, railroads, porters, packers, drivers, engineers, firemen, oilers, factories, wholesale houses, freight depots, collectors, shippers, office men, clerks, etc., $8, $10, $12, $15, $18 weekly. Call at GUARANTEE AGENCY, 195 La Salle-st., Room 14, between Monroe and Adams. LICENSED BY STATE.

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| CREDIT MAN | $50 |
| Assistant credit man | 25 |
| Stenographer, for Cleveland, Ohio | 18 |
| Bookkeeper, for Pittsburg, Pa | 18 |
| Extender for wholesale grocery | |
| Salesman, experienced in stationery business | |
| Typewriter operator, young man | |
| Bill clerk, young man | 10 |
| Boy, for wholesale house | 4 |

MERCANTILE EXCHANGE, 185 DEARBORN-ST.

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| STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER | $15 |
| Stenographer, railroad | 60 |
| Stenographer, railroad | 55 |
| Stenographers, four | $10, 12 |
| Office man, first-class | 60 |
| Office man, young | 40 |
| Voucher clerk, disbursing dept | 50 |
| Bill clerk, good | 10 |
| Young man for packing-room | 7 |

Merchants' Clerical Exchange, 740, 108 La Salle-st.

TUESDAY—POSITIONS OPEN TODAY—

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| 3 lunch men. | 2 laundry drivers. |
| 5 colored boys. | 5 houseman. |
| 9 porters. | 3 grocery drivers. |

Courteous treatment. MORRELL, 146 State.

MEN—LOOKING FOR POSITIONS IN WHOLEsale house, railroads, office work, etc., call STROUP'S BUREAU, 199 and 201 S. Clark-st.

### Stenographers.

SEE AD. OF THE OLIVER TYPEWRITER Company under Employment Agency Column.

STENOGRAPHER—A1; ACCURATE; AGE 23; first-class in every respect; $15. SMITH, 408, 134 Monroe-st.

STENOGRAPHER — RAPID, FOR MFG. CO., Cleveland, O. Room 911, 185 Dearborn-st.

STENOGRAPHER — REM.; YOUNG MAN; must be accurate; $15. 740 Monon Bldg.

TYPEWRITER BILL CLERK—EXPERIENCED; $12. 740, 108 La Salle-st.

### Miscellaneous.

ACTIVE MEN—CAPABLE OF EARNING $3,000 a year and upward, of exceptional ability, to qualify as district managers; a proposition whereby rent is converted into payments on home without interest; choice territory to right men; your past record must stand investigation. Call mornings, 510 Atwood Bldg.

ACTIVE, ENERGETIC, THOROUGHLY RELIAble party, whose time, day or evening, is not fully occupied, can learn how to secure annual income for life outside of regular employment, without investing a dollar, by addressing T 472, Tribune office.

ASSISTANT CHEMIST—APPLY LABORATORY of Consumers' Co., 35th and Butler.

BASSO—CATHOLIC CHURCH, WEST SIDE; reader; state terms. Address M S 62, Tribune.

EXPERIENCED WIRE HAT FRAME MAKERS; also want capable overseer for frame department. Apply at once. COMEY & JOHNSON, 744 Superior-st., Cleveland, O.

EXPERIENCED GENERAL MERCHANDISE auctioneers, with references. C. C. O'NEILL & CO., 115 Monroe-st.

GENTLEMAN—OF ABILITY, WITH STRONG personality and possessing qualities of application and temperance, can secure a permanent position by addressing M X 597, Tribune office.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZER—CAPABLE TO take charge of district. T 377, Tribune office.

FREIGHT CLAIM INVESTIGATOR—RAILROAD claim dept.; state salary and experience. Address R 522, Tribune office.

MAN—TRAVEL, ASSIST MANAGER; SALARY, $20 week, with expenses paid; experience unnecessary; cash required secure position, $250. 71 Dearborn, R. 14.

MAN—SOBER, INDUSTRIOUS, WELL-EDUcated man for an outside position with responsible firm who will work with a view of being advanced. Address M X 598, Tribune office.

MAN—OF EXPERIENCE, AS MANAGER OF subscription book house; state age and experience. Address V 108, Tribune office.

MAN—COMPETENT TO SELL HIGH-GRADE gold mining stock. 927, 112 Clark-st.

MAN OR WOMAN—TO SELL INVESTMENT bonds; any size. Address T 588, Tribune office.

MEN—TO LEARN THE BARBER TRADE; JOIN now and complete for the spring rush; the increased call for graduates compels us to make a special offer for thirty days; can earn scholarship, board, tools if desired; particulars mailed free. Moler Barber College, 435 Wabash-av.

MEN—TWO, BETWEEN 25 AND 35 YEARS OF age, who have had a high school education, to represent a good concern. Ask for MR. H. B. GAMBLE, Room 23 Howland Block.

MEN—EMPLOYED OR OTHERWISE, ALL ages, can make money easily. Call or write 608 Schiller Bldg.

PACKER—EXPERIENCED, DRY GOODS AND general merchandise; salary $12 per week; state age and experience. Address P P 405, Tribune office.

WANTED—RELIABLE MAN IN EVERY TOWN able to devote two hours daily and invest $50 to start in clean, straightforward, honorable business; new, novel, profitable proposition; can positively make $25 every week for first year and double that amount thereafter; answers wanted only from bright, active men possessing the elements of success and anxious for a permanent business. A. E. CROCKER, 169 Broadway, Room 14, New York.

YOUNG MEN—ANY DISTANCE, COPY LETters, home evenings and return to us; we pay $8 per 1,000. Send addressed envelope, particulars, and copy. F. M. C., Dept. 5, Box 1411, Philadelphia, Pa.

YOUNG MAN—TO WORK ON A POULTRY farm; must understand farm work. Call at Coliseum for Supt. Norton exhibit.

YOUNG MAN—TO DO PORTER WORK FOR A North Side photographer; a chance to learn the business; state salary. H W 532, Tribune office.

YOUNG MEN—TO RUN ON RAILROAD trains. Union News Co., 367 5th-av.

YOUNG MAN—TO COLLECT AND SELL goods; references. Brumgaugh, 970 W. Madison.

YOUNG MAN—AGE 18; FOR GATEKEEPER IN bank. 740 Monon Bldg.

## HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

FURNITURE OF 12 ROOMS MUST BE SOLD this week, consisting of mahogany upright piano, silk parlor furniture, mahogany and Turkish leather library furniture, leather couch, brass beds, hair mattress, box springs, ¼ oak dining set, mahogany and oak dressers, bookcase, combination desk, mahogany parlor tables, odd rockers, 9x12 rugs, Turkish rugs, pictures, etc. These goods are all first quality and must be seen to form an opinion. Will sell any piece at ½ its value. Call today or evening. 653 N. Clark.

FOR SALE—CHEAP; PIER MIRROR, 5 FT. BY 14 ft., cost $300; rosewood cabinet, cost $500; inlaid library table, cost $250; pink satin parlor set, cost $700; bedroom sets, cost $400; mirror, 9 ft. by 6 ft.; big lot carpets; must sell at some price; make offer.
Van Buren Storage Co., 298 W. Madison-st.

MAJESTIC MALLEABLE IRON AND STEEL ranges; all refitted; BEST IN THE WORLD; porcelain lined steel cooking utensils. Send for Majestic cook book, free.
Orr & Lockett Hardware Co., 71-73 Randolph-st.

KENWOOD STORAGE AND TRANSFER CO.—Move, pack, ship, store h. h. furniture. 314 E. 43d-st. Tel. Oakland 80. T. W. PHILPOT, Mgr.

I PAY CASH WITHOUT DELAY FOR FURNIture of residences, flats, and dealers' stocks. R. WALLS, 352 W. Madison-st., 'phone Halsted 55.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, SLIGHTLY USED, SPEcial sale every day; cheapest place in Chicago. 65 to 75 E. 31st-st. PHALIN, BENNETT & CO.

FLEXIBLE ROLL-UP, NEVER BREAK, STEEL door mats, all sizes. Keystone Steel Matting Co., Room 212, 175 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—GOOD FURNITURE; HIGHEST cash price. BURD, 2224 Cottage Grove-av.

## WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETC.

WE OFFER THE FINEST DIAMONDS SHOWN in Chicago, the lowest prices, and the easiest terms; any well meaning man or woman can open a confidential charge account with us for a diamond without publicity or any disagreeable features; we deliver goods on small first payments and arrange the balance in a series of such easy monthly or weekly payments that they are not burdensome to any modest salary. LOFTIS BROS. & CO., 8th floor, Columbus Memorial Building, 103 State-st., Chicago. Catalogue, calendar, etc. on request.

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR DIAmonds, watches, old gold, jewelry, silver, etc.; liberal exchanges for new goods; bargains offered. HUGININ & CO. [Established 1851], 501 Columbus Memorial Bldg. Telephone Central 1025.

CLAPP & COWL, JEWELERS, 68 WASHINGton-st. Est. 1868.—Diamonds, watches, silverware, etc.; prices lower than any house; full value paid diamonds, gold, duplicate wedding presents; responsible parties only.

STRELITZ BROS., WHOLESALE JEWELERS, 167 Dearborn-st., sell diamonds and watches at lowest cash prices and the very easiest of monthly or weekly payments.

SPOT CASH PAID FOR DIAMONDS, OLD gold and silver; will call, confidentially.
BREDT & CO., Room 812, 57 E. Washington-st.

HONEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR OLD GOLD and silver. DEE & CO., refiners, 67 Washington.

## SAFES.

FIREPROOF SAFE, $20—SAFES EXCHANGED; second-hand safes at all prices; also bought. Phone 2082 Central. Chicago Safe and Mdse. Co., 49 Dearborn-st.

BEST FIREPROOF SAFES AT LOWEST prices for cash or easy payments; all sizes.
SABATH SAFE COMPANY, 158 Fifth-av.

LARGE DOUBLE AND SINGLE DOOR SAFES, new and 2d-h. Seitmann Safe Co., 17 N. State-st.

## WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

### Bookkeepers and Clerks.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER—THORoughly competent as bookkeeper and cashier and fairly rapid at dictation and machine; must have good education and of good appearance; a quick, smart young lady, with business training; $15 to $18. 401, 40 Dearborn-st.

BOOKKEEPER—MUST BE FIRST-CLASS IN figures, rapid and accurate, and good penman; fine salary to right party. L. PERRY, 402 Ft. Dearborn Bldg.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER—FIRST-class; $15. 740, 108 La Salle-st.

CLERKS — EXPERIENCED SALESLADIES; West Side store; good salary and permanent position to those capable of taking charge of gloves, corsets, and muslin underwear departments; state experience and salary. H R 83, Tribune office.

SEVERAL YOUNG LADIES — BETWEEN 18 and 28 years of age, for permanent office positions with large mercantile house; must be well educated, write a first-class, rapid hand, be quick to learn, and capable of retaining instruction and applying it in discharging the duties of the position. To those who can satisfactorily meet our requirements we offer permanent positions at $6 per week to begin with and rapid advancement on proving ability and worth. Previous business experience is not absolutely essential. Those living at home preferred.
Address immediately, stating age, experience [if any], and references, M X 547, Tribune office.

### Domestics.

COMPETENT GIRL—FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; Protestant preferred. 154 E. 50th-st.

GIRL—FOR HOUSEWORK; WAGES $5. APply 4208 Cottage Grove, first flat.

HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT GIRL, GENERAL housework; best wages; private family. 4033 Lake-av.

HOUSEWORK—RELIABLE GIRL FOR GENeral housework; small family; refs.; German preferred. 4504 Ellis-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; small family; ref. 3152 S. Park-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; good wages. 3317 Calumet-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. 3343 Forest-av.

YOUNG GIRL—TO ASSIST IN HOUSEWORK; small family. 2353 Calumet-av.

### Housekeepers.

WILL GIVE SEAMSTRESS OR MUSIC TEACHer room, piano for taking care three rooms; no washing. Address R 520, Tribune office.

### Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

OPERATORS—ON SILK SKIRTS.
MORRIS NEWMAN CO., 258 FRANKLIN-ST.

### Nurses.

NURSE GIRL—REFINED GERMAN; MUST BE good seamstress; ref. required; good wages. 4834 Forrestville-av.

### Agents Wanted.

LADY AGENTS—INTELLIGENT, PERSISTent; city or country; to sell article of apparel; samples free. 194 E. Van Buren-st., 6th floor.

### Employment Agencies.

WE ARE CONSTANTLY FILLING POSITIONS for STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS, AND GENERAL OFFICE CLERKS. NO ADVANCE FEE. NO ANNOYANCES.
We desire your application and will give it every courteous attention. Positively no charge until position secured.
THE LOGAN CO., 401, 40 Dearborn-st.

IT'S HACKNEYED
to say "we are headquarters," but it's a fact, and many young ladies for whom we have found good positions, as stenographers, bookkeepers, bill clerks, general office assistants, etc., will tell you so. Call and see what we can do for you. Our work is different from that of "employment agencies."
THE EDUCATIONAL REGISTER CO., 1007, 160 Washington-st. Phone 2573 Main.

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|---|---|
| STENOGRAPHER OR GRAPHOPHONE operator | $12.00 |
| Stenographer, S. P. or Rem. | 10.00 |
| Stenographer and bookkeeper | 10.00 |
| Stenographer, Rem. | 8.00 |
| Bookkeeper, card system | 8.00 |
| Stenographer, temporary, per day | 1.25 |
| Smith Premier operator, rapid, exp. | 6.00 |

LICENSED BY THE STATE.
KING'S MERCANTILE AGENCY,
134 Monroe-st. 324 Dearborn-st. 92 La Salle-st.

TUESDAY—POSITIONS OPEN TODAY—

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|---|---|
| 3 colored house girls. | 8 cooks. |
| 14 chambermaids. | 7 housework. |
| 6 kitchen girls. | 9 paint cleaners. |
| 10 scrub women. | 15 waitresses. |

No job no pay. MORRELL, 146 State.

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BELLHANGER AND LOCKSMITH'S OUTFIT snap for starter. Address V 363, Tribune office.

WILL EXCHANGE GOOD STOCK FOR FURnished office. Address T 336, Tribune office.



EASTMAN

# MORGAN UNITING OHIO RIVER LINES

## Forming Combination to Meet Vanderbilt-Pennsylvania Competition.

## FOUR SYSTEMS INVOLVED.

## Monon, Eastern Illinois, Evansville and Terre Haute, and Hamilton and Dayton.

## NEWS OF THE RAILWAYS.

Another gigantic railroad combination is in process of formation, and is likely to be completed before spring. The plan is to unite the Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville (Monon), Chicago and Eastern Illinois, Evansville and Terre Haute, and Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton railroads. J. Pierpont Morgan is engineering the deal.

Mr. Morgan already controls the Monon, and is interested in the Evansville and Terre Haute. General Thomas and his son, E. R. Thomas, control the latter road, and E. R. Thomas is its President. That Morgan and Thomas have joined hands is shown by the election a few days ago of E. R. Thomas as a director of the Monon.

The Chicago and Eastern Illinois is controlled by H. H. Porter, who is not averse to selling out to Mr. Morgan if he can get his price. The joining together of the Monon and Evansville and Terre Haute would place the Chicago and Eastern Illinois in a rather awkward position, as it now depends upon the latter road for its outlet to the Ohio River from Terre Haute to Evansville. Without this connection the Eastern Illinois would no longer figure as the Southern Short line via the Louisville and Nashville, and its place would be absorbed by the Monon. The Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton affords the Monon an outlet from Indianapolis to Cincinnati, and close traffic relations have existed between the two roads for many years.

### Combination a Necessity.

The formation of this combination of Chicago-Ohio River roads is said to be deemed necessary by Mr. Morgan to checkmate the Big Four road, which is controlled by the Vanderbilts and the Panhandle system of the Pennsylvania. Against these powerful interests the Monon, Eastern Illinois, Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton, and Evansville and Terre Haute railroads, if permitted to remain in control of separate and probably antagonistic interests, will have no show, while, united and guided by one mind, they will be able to hold their own against the powerful Vanderbilt and Pennsylvania interests.

J. P. Morgan now practically controls the Southern railway situation. He owns the Southern railroad and has a large interest in the Louisville and Nashville, and these lines will be greatly benefited by a coalition of the Eastern Illinois and Monon lines, as it will give them direct outlets from Cincinnati, Evansville, and Louisville to Chicago.

President McDoel of the Monon and President Carpenter of the Eastern Illinois are now in New York, and it is understood that they were called there to aid in the negotiations now in progress.

### Week's Shipments of Freight.

East-bound freight shipments from Chicago last week were rather light, most of the old business secured at cut rates having been cleaned up, and shippers do not appear to be anxious to forward grain at the advanced rates. Flour shipments from Chicago last week were the smallest in two months, and grain the largest in over six months, while provisions were about an average. Shipments of flour were 177,500 barrels, a decrease of 10,834 barrels from the previous week and 12,213 barrels less than the same time last year. Grain shipments were 2,545,000 bushels, an increase of 31,000 for the week and a decrease of 187,000 as compared with the same time last year. In the provision shipments of 25,081 tons there was an increase of 312 tons for the week, and a gain of 3,385 tons over the corresponding week last year.

Freight rates in the West are in better shape than the reports recently sent out indicate. Grain and provision rates from Missouri River points eastward are unsettled, but there is seldom a period when provision rates are not irregular. Colorado-Utah rates have been fixed up temporarily, and will be taken up again at a meeting of Western lines on Feb. 11.

Last week's receipts of grain in this city were 100,000 bushels in excess of the previous week, and aggregated 2,766,000 bushels. The deliveries were below the average of recent years, and have not been so light for the third week in January in any year since 1895. The loss from last year was 3,336,000 bushels. The loss is entirely in corn and oats, the receipts of corn being only 740,000 bushels, the smallest in any year at this period since 1895, which was the year following the short crop of 1894. The general traffic of the Western roads holds up remarkably well.

### Award to Santa Fe Agents.

The $1,000 in cash awarded to station agents of the Santa Fé road who have made the best showing in business during the last year as compared with the preceding year has been distributed as follows: First prize, H. B. Keeler, Santa Ana, Cal., $250; second, L. R. Delaney, Wichita, Kas., $200; third, F. S. Brooks, Weatherford, Tex., $150; fourth, W. O. Skinner, Pueblo, Colo., $125; fifth, J. W. Kavanagh, Cameron, Tex., $100; sixth, P. E. Hall, Blackwell, Ok. T., $75; seventh, W. F. Tyler, Chanute, Kas., $60; eighth, W. G. Dozier, Visalia, Cal., $40.

The prizes are awarded to agents of towns where competition with another road exists.

The reason for the awards is set forth in a circular as follows:

"The prosperity of this company is largely influenced by the work of the individual employés, and no station is so insignificant as not to be a factor in the general result. Solicitation of traffic is one of the most important elements, and too much attention cannot be given it."

### Transportation Notes.

The Norfolk and Western has engineers at work surveying for a branch line fourteen miles long from the main line to Welsh, W. Va., where 50,000 acres of undeveloped coal lands, leased by the United States Steel company, lie. The steel company, besides giving a royalty on the coal mined, agreed to give all its shipping to the Norfolk and Western.

The Elgin, Joliet and Eastern railroad has bought from Drexel & Co. a strip of ground 950 feet long and 50 feet wide for the purpose of laying side tracks and furnishing additional shipping accommodations to the various Industries on the Calumet River in the vicinity of One Hundred and Sixth street.

## THREE I ROAD'S NEW PLANS.

### Indiana, Illinois, and Iowa System to Be Operated as an Independent Line.

South Bend, Ind., Jan. 20.—[Special.]—Officers of the Lake Shore say the Indiana, Illinois and Iowa railroad will be operated as an independent line, and that no through passenger service from Fulton or Peoria to the East will be established. The new stockholders of the Indiana, Illinois and Iowa railroad company have held their annual meeting and elected the following Board of Directors: W. K. Vanderbilt, W. H. Newman, W. C. Brown, E. D. Worcester, E. V. W. Rossiter, H. McK. Twombley, H. B. Ledyard, T. P. Shonts, and W. J. Calhoun. The directors will meet in New York tomorrow to elect officers.

# BABY DEAD; PARENT HELD

### KENOSHA FATHER IS CHARGED WITH MURDER OF INFANT.

**Coroner's Jury Fastens Suspicion on Leslie M. Polhamus, Formerly of This City—Child's Mother, Once Miss Ida Forsythe of Chicago, in a Hysterical Condition and Friends Fear for Her Reason—Preliminary Hearing Is Set for Today.**

Leslie M. Polhamus, formerly of Chicago but now employed by the Simmons Manufacturing company of Kenosha, was arrested yesterday in Kenosha, charged with the murder of his infant daughter. The Coroner's jury found the child had died from asphyxiation and recommended that its father be held. Four physicians held an autopsy and found the infant's skull crushed behind the right ear.

Polhamus is said to be the son of William Polhamus, a contractor living at 666 Carroll avenue, Chicago. He is about 30 years old and well appearing. At the inquest he protested his innocence and said the baby had come to its death from natural causes. The mother, formerly Miss Ida Forsythe of 656 West Chicago avenue, Chicago, was in a hysterical condition last night, and it is feared by her friends she may become demented.

### Married in Kenosha.

Polhamus and Miss Forsythe went to Kenosha from Chicago during December and were married. Miss Forsythe had been employed in Mandel Bros.' as a cashier. They boarded with Mrs. J. C. White, in Park avenue. The baby was born on Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock. At 10 o'clock, according to those present, Polhamus asked that he might take the infant, which was apparently in good health, and went with it to his room. Later he returned the baby to the nurses, Mrs. White and Mrs. Burr, and said that it had died. At midnight the body was given to an undertaker.

### Death Starts Suspicion.

The suddenness of the death aroused some suspicion, and Drs. J. L. Cleary, Frank Lansdowne, B. F. Stalker, and Windesheim came together to hold a post mortem. They discovered the skull crushed in behind the right ear, and all agreed the break had been made before death.

Dr. Lansdowne, who is the Coroner, impaneled a jury and held the inquest yesterday. Polhamus took the stand and declared that he had laid the infant down and had gone to bed. After half an hour he arose and looked at the baby and found that it had died. The jury's verdict recommended that he be held, and a warrant was at once sworn out and served. The preliminary hearing will take place today.

## SPARRING MATCH STOPPED BY "COPPER" IN NEGLIGEE.

### Six Boys Arrested at Elmore Club, but Justice Dismisses Them with Warning Not to Disturb a Policeman.

Half dressed and barefooted, Detective William O'Donnell of the Maxwell street police raided the Elmore club at 376 Taylor street. He not only fulfilled Chief O'Neill's injunction to the police ever to be on duty, but his unannounced appearance of the club in negligée costume at the hour of midnight caused consternation among the inmates.

A sparring match between two boys with padded gloves was in progress at the club, and there were several spectators. The enthusiasm over the bout reached such pitch that it extended across the street, where O'Donnell lives, and he was awakened. He arrested Frank O'Hara, Michael Howard, John Roland, Frank Tighe, Frank Wixted, and James Kelly.

The case was called before Justice Dooley yesterday, and Mrs. M. Howard, mother of one of the boys, told the court she considered prizefighting and sparring bouts respectable.

"Why, I'd like to go and see one of those sparring bouts myself," said Mrs. Howard. "I think they are all right."

"Would you have your own son be a prize fighter?" asked the magistrate.

"Why, yes," she replied. "I'd like to see my son develop into a good prize fighter. I think a prize fighter can be just as manly and respectable as a banker or Board of Trade man."

After hearing the evidence and arguments Justice Dooley allowed the boys to go, but admonished them to be less noisy in their club.

"Don't let your enthusiasm carry you away, and, above all, take care that you do not disturb the slumbers of a policeman," said he.

## SUPPOSED "GET-RICH-QUICK" OPERATOR IS UNDER ARREST.

### Man Wanted Here Captured in New York by Postoffice Inspector Mayer—Had Office in La Salle Street.

Herbert R. Fulton, who is wanted here in connection with an alleged "get-rich-quick" concern, was arrested in New York City yesterday by Postoffice Inspector Walter S. Mayer of Chicago. Fulton was arraigned on a charge of using the mails for fraudulent purposes. He pleaded not guilty, and said he would return to Chicago without requisition papers.

Inspector Mayer said Fulton was wanted in connection with the operations of Fred E. Parker & Co., brokers, who, in September, 1901, opened an office at 155 La Salle street, which advertised that "$25 and upwards invested with us will earn from 30 to 40 per cent monthly." According to Mayer, Parker disappeared in December, having learned the authorities were investigating. The inspector claims the firm took in $40,000 during the short time it was in business. He asserts Fulton was connected with the firm.

When arrested Fulton carried a silver-mounted, handsomely engraved pearl-handled revolver, fully loaded, and possessed many diamonds. In his pocketbook were six new $100 bills and $100 in smaller money.

## ANTI-PASS RULE IS BROKEN.

### Freight and Passenger Agents in New York City Continue to Receive Complimentaries.

New York, Jan. 20.—[Special.]—The anti-pass agreement of the railroads belonging to the Trunk Line association continues to be the chief topic of interest in railroad circles.

Freight and passenger agents on Broadway are continuing to receive annual passes from the roads in central territory, but the only large road in the territory between New York and Buffalo which is sending out annual passes is the Delaware and Hudson, which, however, does not belong to the Trunk Line association.

It is reported that several executives of Western railroads have received passes from trunk line roads, marked "complimentary."

Vice President Samuel Rea of the Pennsylvania railroad, who, with President Baldwin of the Long Island railroad, has made a study of underground railroads in Great Britain, will have charge of the construction of the Pennsylvania's tunnel into the heart of New York City from Jersey City.

### Associated Press Petition Denied.

Judge Baker denied the petitions of the Associated Press yesterday to transfer the mandamus proceedings brought by the New York Evening Journal and Hearst's American from the Circuit Court of Cook County to the Circuit Court of the United States.

### Extension Lecture This Evening.

The third lecture of the second series of courses announced by the University Lecture association of the University of Chicago will be delivered at the New England Church this evening at 8 o'clock by Professor Albion W. Small on "Democracy as Architect of Society."

# WANT TO RAZE SHERMAN HOUSE

## Owners of Corner Hope to Arrange for Erection of an Office Block.

## PEARCE LEASE UP MAY 1.

## Building Project Still Indefinite and Dependent on Tenant to Be Found.

## TRANSFERS OF REALTY.

There is a possibility of the Sherman House being torn down and replaced by a great office building much after the general style of the Ashland Block on the opposite corner of Randolph and Clark streets.

This is said to be the plan cherished by the Sherman estate, but its consummation is dependent on several contingencies. It is not the purpose of the estate itself to erect the building. Its plan is said to make a ninety-nine year ground lease of the property to parties with the ability to carry out the building plans indicated. While some negotiations are said to have been conducted with this end in view, it is not believed they have yet reached a decisive basis.

### Available for Office Purposes.

The fine location of the hotel property, its suggested availability for office purposes by reason of its contiguity to the County Building, together with the good return made by office buildings within the last two years, are said to have influenced the estate to the belief the property could be utilized to better advantage in this way than by allowing it to be used for hotel purposes.

The lot is 100x180 feet in dimensions and is one of the largest corners under one control in the business district. The 1899 valuation of the property was $994,770. The hotel is under lease to J. Irving Pearce till May 1, and for several months past several hotel men have been figuring with the view of leasing the property. The further plans of the estate will probably be determined within a short time. Mr. Pearce has been the lessee of the property since 1882.

### Sales of Lots and Acres.

Marvin Hughitt has sold to Julius Rosenwald of Sears, Roebuck & Co. the vacant ground at the southeast corner of Ellis avenue and Forty-ninth street, north front, 297x297½ feet, for $60,000. It is the purpose of Mr. Rosenwald to improve the property with a handsome residence.

A Michigan avenue sale has just been closed by Matson Hill, who sold for Simon Mandel to J. R. Marron, President of the Diamond Glue company, the brown-stone residence at 3206 for $24,000 cash. Mr. Morron will expend $10,000 on the house and will occupy it as his family residence. The property has 44 feet frontage.

Charles E. Stannard has sold sixty acres in the Town of Proviso to the Forest Home Cemetery for $45,000.

Frank P. Burkett has sold to Minnie M. Seymour the premises 5201-5203 Calumet avenue, 56x196 feet, with three-story apartment building, the Ionic, for $35,000, the purchaser assuming an incumbrance of $17,000.

Sarah A. Bard and husband have sold to Margaret Lawbough of Calumet, Mich., the premises on Washington boulevard, 521 feet west of Falls street, north front, 37x125 feet, with flat improvement, for $27,000, subject to an incumbrance of $13,500.

Maurice Weill has conveyed to Reinhold Reichardt the premises on Washington street twenty-two feet east of Jefferson, south front, 22x120 feet, for $18,000, subject to incumbrance of $7,000.

Samuel A. Lock has conveyed to Elisa W. Lock an undivided one-fifth of the premises 1418 Michigan avenue, 25x170 feet, and the premises 180 Lake street, 20x148 feet, for $10,000.

### Loans on Real Estate.

In connection with his purchase of the property at the southeast corner of Ellis avenue and Forty-ninth street, Julius Rosenwald gave a trust deed to the Chicago Title and Trust company for $40,000, five years, at 4½ per cent.

Addie G. Weaver gave a mortgage to the Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance company for $30,000, five years, at 4½ per cent, covering the property in Drexel boulevard 100 feet north of Forty-eighth street, east front, 75x214 feet.

The same company made a loan of $15,000, seven years, at 4½ per cent, on 50x160 feet on Indiana avenue, 581 feet north of Twenty-ninth street.

Sarah Woolacott gave a trust deed to the Chicago Title and Trust company for $20,000 for six months at 5 per cent, covering the premises in Halsted street fifty feet north of North Clark street, west front, 93x293 feet.

## TO MANAGE REPUBLIC COMPANY

### W. L. Simonton of East Chicago Reported to Be Successor to W. E. Taylor.

W. E. Taylor, general manager of the Republic Iron and Steel company, has been succeeded by W. L. Simonton, manager and part owner of the Emlyn iron works of East Chicago, according to an announcement made in Youngstown, O., yesterday.

Mr. Simonton is 36 years old. He began work in an office in Youngstown twenty years ago, and has held nearly every position in a steel mill up to general manager. For several years he was connected with the American Car and Foundry company, at Detroit, and later, for a short time, with the Republic company. He left that organization in February, 1901. He lives at 4841 Oakenwald avenue. He refused to confirm or deny the announcement of his appointment.

J. F. Taylor, treasurer of the company, and the only general officer in Chicago last night, said he had "heard of no such appointment." J. F. Taylor is a brother of W. E. Taylor.

## SOON TO BEGIN USING 'PHONES.

### Illinois Central Company Will Install Them at Once at Its Terminals.

It was said yesterday by officials of the Illinois Central railroad that the installation of telephones over the system to take the place of the telegraph in handling the private business of the road would be commenced as soon as possible. The larger cities like Chicago, St. Louis, New Orleans, Memphis, and Louisville are to be equipped first and connected by private long distance lines. The system will be extended to the smaller cities as fast as possible.

The first use of the telephone will be in the administrative department. The next to be taken in will be the traffic department. Then, it is believed, the dispatchers will use the telephones to ascertain the location of cars, and the last link in the development will be the dispatching of trains with the "hello" instrument.

In each city the road will have a complete local exchange of its own, connected with the central offices of the local telephone companies.

### Louis Vebon in Bankruptcy Court.

Debts amounting to $198,274 are scheduled in a petition in bankruptcy filed yesterday by Louis Vebon, formerly engaged in the general merchandise business on the West Side. His assets are placed at $25,000, consisting of insurance policies. The largest creditors are Fenny Ullman, for $30,000; Kohn Bros., for $27,355; F. Siegel & Bros., $41,317.

### Denmark Opposes Divorce Case.

Aberdeen, S. D., Jan. 20.—In the divorce case of Arnee Arnetsen against Mary Arnetsen Judge McCoy received a telegram from Secretary of State Hay asking for a postponement by request of the Danish authorities in Copenhagen. The nature of the proceedings instituted in Denmark cannot be learned.

# DOWIE FIGHTS NEW CASE

### OPPOSES AMENDED BILL REQUESTED BY JUDGE TULEY.

**Attorney Packard Declares That Charges of Fraud Made by Samuel Stevenson Are Dropped Without Vindicating the General Overseer—In Changed Declaration Plaintiff Is Said to Have No Recollection of Signing Secret Agreement.**

Attorney Samuel Ware Packard wore himself out yesterday morning in Judge Tuley's courtroom resisting the introduction of an amended bill of complaint in the Stevenson-Dowie litigation, although Attorney Edwy Logan Reeves had been advised by the court to present the bill. Three times during an argument of two hours Attorney Packard had to rest, and when the court adjourned at 1 o'clock he left the room thoroughly exhausted.

Though the new bill will be filed Attorney Packard claims a victory, he having secured the striking out of such expressions as Dowie's "voice was like unto a dove's and his cunning like unto that of a serpent." In all the main statements, save that which tells of the signing of the secret agreement, the two bills are practically the same.

### Change as to Contract.

The change respecting the signing of the two agreements was made by Attorney Reeves, who in the first bill alleged that Dowie and Attorney Packard had manipulated the contracts until Stevenson did not know what he was signing. In the new bill he states that Stevenson has no recollection of what occurred on that night.

"This amended bill makes a new case," declared Attorney Packard in his argument. "We have been branded as defrauders and we want that issue settled. 'To Cæsar has this man appealed, and by Cæsar's judgment must he be bound.' We have been branded as criminals and charged with deceit before the whole world. Now this man comes along and wishes that phase of the matter dropped out, and we be forced to accept judgment on other issues."

### Explains New Bill.

To this Attorney Reeves refused an answer further than to state that these charges were not withdrawn and that the Judge would not be asked to allow them stricken out. He said the bill was drawn to strengthen his case, in that it contains a definite statement as to the wealth, personality, and influence of Dowie over his followers. In the bill Dowie is charged with asking his followers to accept him as Elijah II., and it says he disciplines them when they refuse. It places his wealth at $2,000,000, and states that even in financial matters his people follow him blindly.

Judge Tuley told the two attorneys to amend the bill so both might agree and then submit it to him. He said he would make his decision on the old bill.

### Answer in Williams Case.

Attorney Packard filed a general demurrer yesterday to the declaration of Benjamin Williams in his case against Dowie, John G. Speicher, and Cyrus B. Fockler in which he seeks to recover $50,000 for an alleged alienation of his wife's affections. The demurrer alleges that Williams' declaration is not sufficient in law for the plaintiff to maintain his action.

## FOUR GENERATIONS IN REUNION.

### Nelson Lay, on His Ninetieth Birthday, Meets His Descendants at Residence of His Daughter.

Three generations of his descendants gathered about Nelson Lay yesterday to celebrate his 90th birthday. Of the company of twenty-four that met at the house of Mr. Lay's eldest daughter, Mrs. W. A. Pierce, 4227 Berkeley avenue, five were his children, nine were grandchildren, and one was a great-grandchild. Nine grandchildren and eight great-grandchildren were unable to be present. The surviving children present were: Mrs. Pierce, Mrs. N. W. Watson, Charles C. Lay, Hiram T. Lay, and E. Richard Lay.

Mr. Lay was born in 1812 at Saybrook, Conn., and moved to Chicago in 1835. For many years he lived at Kenosha, and later returned to Illinois to assist in founding the Town of Kewanee.

Mr. Lay's experiences cover nearly seventy years of constant activity, fifty of which were devoted to business. Mrs. Lay died four years ago, after sixty-one years of married life.

### Client Sues Lawyers for Damages.

Attorneys J. J. McDannold and C. Porter Johnson have been sued for $10,000 damages by Miss Margaret Dwyer, 2725 Vincennes avenue. According to Attorney S. J. Shaefer, counsel for Miss Dwyer, the latter engaged the defendants in 1898 to prosecute a personal damage suit against the city, and it is alleged that as a result of their neglect the suit was dismissed and Miss Dwyer prevented from prosecuting.


If Coffee Agrees Stick to It. If Not, Try Postum.

People who think they can digest coffee and yet are sick half the time might learn a valuable lesson in health and get some happiness out of life if they would make up their minds to quit coffee and take Postum Food Coffee.

You can trace the results so accurately as to leave no possible doubt of the cause of the sickness and the reasons for the return of health.

A lady from Blue Mount, Miss., gives her experience. She says, "I always used to drink milk but in '98 I went down to the southern part of the state to teach school and boarded in a family of coffee drinkers. I began drinking one-half of a cup at a meal. The habit grew on me and I increased the amount.

"Gradually I became nervous, my complexion grew sallow and yellow and finally my stomach would frequently throw off the food. I gradually ate less and less depending upon the coffee to keep me up. Finally I concluded that the trouble was malaria, and the doctor advised me to leave that part of the country. So I went back up to the hills in the hope of getting better. Instead of that I got worse. Palpitation of the heart set in and I got so weak I could scarcely work.

"I took a great many remedies but found no relief. I went to the mountains in California for two months without improvement. I was thoroughly discouraged about my condition when one day a friend said, 'Why don't you give up coffee?' 'Quit coffee,' I said, 'Why that is about all I live on.' She begged me to try leaving it off and use Postum Food Coffee.

"I did not have much faith in the experiment, I had tried so any things without benefit, but I decided to yield to her entreaties. In less than two weeks after I quit coffee and began using Postum the pall of ill health had left me and I began to sleep as sound as anyone. My complexion improved, and my stomach began to regain its strength.

"Now, after three months' use of Postum, I feel as well as I ever did. I would not be without Postum Food Coffee and will never drink another drop of coffee. It came too near killing me." Mrs. Vera Deniat, Blue Mountain, Miss.



# MARSHALL FIELD & Co.

## Fine Furs at Great Reductions.

THE LOWEST PRICES OF THE YEAR ARE NOW IN FORCE IN OUR FUR SECTION. MANY EXTRAORDINARY VALUES ARE OFFERED.

*Note. In this advertisement we give previous selling price as well as the present reduced price. This will show in plain figures the exact amount of the reduction, and will reveal the extensive saving afforded by this sale.*

### PLAIN SEAL COATS.

1088 Seal coat, size 38, 24 inches long, formerly $175.00, reduced to $135.00.

1107 Alaska seal short coat, size 38, formerly $225.00, reduced to $150.00.

1102 Seal coat, size 42, 23 inches long, formerly $175.00, reduced to $135.00.

1083 Choice Alaska seal short coat, size 36, formerly $275.00, reduced to $210.00.

1081 Genuine Alaska seal coat, size 36, formerly $265.00, reduced to $225.00.

1086 Alaska seal coat, size 36, reduced from $300.00 to $250.00.

1171 Alaska seal coat, size 38, reduced from $285.00 to $250.00.

1072 Alaska seal coat, size 36, 22 inches long, reduced from $275.00 to $250.00.

1103 Alaska seal coat, size 40, 22 inches long, reduced from $235.00 to $200.00.

1004 Alaska seal coat, size 38, shawl collar, formerly $300.00, reduced to $250.00.

1176 Alaska seal coat, size 38, formerly $275.00, reduced to $225.00.

### TRIMMED SEAL COATS.

1172 Seal coat with pointed marten collar and lapels, reduced from $300.00 to $200.00.

1112 Seal short jacket with Hudson Bay sable collar and lapels, reduced from $325.00 to $250.00.

1111 Seal coat, blouse front with collar and lapels of blended Hudson Bay sable, reduced from $350.00 to $300.00.

1162 Seal jacket with collar and revers extending to waist of Hudson Bay sable, reduced from $325.00 to $275.00.

### PLAIN PERSIAN LAMB COATS.

1716 Choicest broadtail Persian jacket, size 38, 22 inches long, formerly $200.00, reduced to $135.00.

1739 Plain Persian coat with blouse front, size 34, formerly $150.00, reduced to $115.00.

1713 Choice broadtail Persian coat, size 34, 22 inches long, formerly $150.00, reduced to $100.00.

1712 Choice flat Persian coat, size 34, 22 inches long, reduced from $175.00 to $125.00.

1706 Good plain Persian coat, size 38, 20 inches long, reduced from $200.00 to $150.00.

1731 Choice flat Persian coat, size 38, reduced from $165.00 to $125.00.

1732 Good quality of plain Persian jacket, size 38, reduced from $200.00 to $150.00.

### TRIMMED PERSIAN COATS.

1943 Choicest broadtail coat with Russian sable collar and lapels, size 36, formerly $275.00, reduced to $165.00.

1937 Choice Persian coat with shawl collar extending to waist of chinchilla, formerly $175.00, reduced to $125.00.

1922 Persian lamb jacket, with chinchilla collar and revers, formerly $225.00, reduced to $125.00.

1736 Choice broadtail Persian coat, with beautiful embroidered fronts, size 36, formerly $325.00, reduced to $200.00.

1737 Flat Persian coat, Hudson Bay sable collar and lapels, size 38, reduced from $200.00 to $150.00.

1940 Choice quality of flat Persian coat with shawl collar of blended Hudson Bay sable, size 36, reduced from $275.00 to $200.00.

1941 Choice broadtail Persian short jacket, Hudson Bay sable shawl collar, reduced from $300.00 to $200.00.

1926 Choice grade of Persian Eton jacket, size 34, with chinchilla shawl collar extending to waist and cuffs, reduced from $135.00 to $100.00.

1944 Choice Persian lamb coat with blended Russian sable shawl collar, size 36, reduced from $250.00 to $175.00.

1949 Persian lamb coat with chinchilla collar and lapels extending to bottom of coat, size 36, reduced from $165.00 to $125.00.

1961 Choice Persian lamb coat, with belt of cut steel, collar and lapels of handsome chinchilla, size 36, reduced from $325.00 to $250.00.

1705 Choice Persian coat, collar and extra large lapels of chinchilla, reduced from $300.00 to $200.00.

1934 Choicest broadtail Persian coat, with real chinchilla collar and revers, reduced from $300.00 to $225.00.

1932 Very handsome model coat of glossy Persian, collar, front facings and cuffs of chinchilla, reduced from $275.00 to $200.00.

1930 Persian Eton coat with collar of chinchilla, size 36, reduced from $135.00 to $100.00.

1933 Very choice quality of Persian jacket with chinchilla collar and lapels, size 36, reduced from $250.00 to $175.00.

1927 Persian lamb coat with deep shawl collar of chinchilla, size 38, reduced from $135.00 to $100.00.

1953 Persian lamb jacket with chinchilla collar and lapels, size 38, reduced from $165.00 to $115.00.

1935 Choicest quality of Persian Automobile coat with natural crown Russian sable collar, revers, cuffs, and facings, reduced from $850.00 to $550.00.

2130 Beautiful Persian coat, size 36, trimmed with black lynx, formerly $300.00, reduced to $190.00.

1704. Persian lamb jacket, with blended Hudson Bay sable collar and lapels, size 36, formerly $350.00, reduced to $225.00.

1945 Choicest broadtail Persian coat, with natural dark brown Russian sable collar, lapels, and facings, size 38, formerly $350.00, reduced to $235.00.

1924 Persian Eton coat, with collar of chinchilla, size 34, formerly $150.00, reduced to $90.00.

### BROADTAIL COATS.

1966 Choice broadtail coat, with natural crown Russian sable collar and cuffs, formerly $450.00, reduced to $300.00.

2123 Choicest quality of broadtail jacket, with ermine collar and facing, formerly $450.00, reduced to $250.00.

2129 Choice broadtail coat, embroidered with gold braid, trimmed with mink tails, reduced from $350.00 to $200.00.

2128 Choice broadtail coat, with ermine collar, facing, and cuffs, reduced from $350.00 to $250.00.

### CARACUL JACKETS.

2198 Pleated Caracul coat with chinchilla collar, cuffs, and facings, formerly $500.00, reduced to $250.00.

2201 Beautiful flat Caracul jacket, choicest quality, formerly $200.00, reduced to $125.

2200 Very handsome, choicest grade moire astrakhan pattern coat, size 38, formerly $275.00, reduced to $125.00.

2253 Flat astrakhan coat, bolero fronts with velvet girdle, reduced from $120.00 to $75.

2195 Moire astrakhan jacket, postilion back, collar, lapels, and cuffs of natural [illegible] Bay sable, reduced from $175.00 to $[illegible].

2254 Plain Caracul coat, very choice, size 36, reduced from $150.00 to $[illegible].

### PLUCKED OTTER COATS.

1475 Plain box front, natural otter [illegible], size 34, reduced from $150.00 to $100.00.

1464 Choice quality of plucked otter coat, reduced from $125.00 to $100.00.

1470 Natural otter coat, size 31, reduced from $150.00 to $100.00.

1485 Choicest natural plucked otter coat, size 32, 22 inches long, reduced from $135.00 to $120.00.

1487 Natural plucked otter coat, large collar and lapels, size 34, 22 inches long, reduced from $200.00 to $135.00.

1479 Otter box front coat, size 32, 24 inches long, reduced from $125.00 to $100.00.

1466 Choicest quality of plucked otter shawl collar coat, size 36, reduced from $[illegible] to $125.00.

1500 Plain otter jacket, size 34, 24 inches long, reduced from $175.00 to $125.00.

1484 Natural otter jacket, reduced from $135.00 to $115.00.

1483 Plain otter coat, size 34, 22 inches long, reduced from $165.00 to $135.00.

1506 Good quality of plucked otter coat, size 36, 22 inches long, reduced from $[illegible] to $125.00.

1462 Very handsome shawl collar sheared otter coat, size 36, reduced from $[illegible] to $100.00.

1481 Good quality of dark natural otter coat with lapels, size 34, 24 inches long, reduced from $175.00 to $125.00.

1474 Box front, dark, natural otter coat, size 38, 24 inches long, reduced from $[illegible] to $100.00.

1468 Choicest quality of golden otter shawl collar coat, size 34, reduced from $[illegible] to $125.00.

1469 Very handsome golden otter coat with shawl collar, size 32, reduced from $[illegible] to $125.00.

1463 Good quality of otter coat, size 36, reduced from $135.00 to $100.00.

### ODD GARMENTS.

Garnet velvet evening wrap, bolero front, with gold and pink passementerie, large roll collar and wide facings and cuffs of white fox, lined with gray and white Siberian squirrel, formerly $400.00, reduced to $100.00.

3504 Beautiful evening wrap of pale green brocade, trimmed with panne velvet and gold embroidered yoke with jewels, lined with Siberian squirrel, collar and trimming down front and around skirt of blended baum marten, formerly $400.00, reduced to $150.00.

3505 Chamois broadcloth evening wrap with broadtail short cape and epaulets of gold braid and jewels, lined with white lamb, collar and trimming of white fox, formerly $350.00, reduced to $100.00.

2393 Pearl broadcloth evening coat, with broadtail Persian yoke, Siberian squirrel lined, reduced from $[illegible] to $[illegible].

3508 Castor brown broadcloth long coat, lined with Siberian squirrel, collar and lapels of dark Eastern mink, reduced from $150.00 to $100.00.

2386 Fawn colored broadcloth evening coat, lined with Siberian squirrel, top collar of dark Eastern mink, size 38, reduced from $200.00 to $125.00.



# Decided Reductions in Women's Coats

*Ulsters, Automobiles, Autocycles and Short Jackets.*

Sweeping reductions have been made throughout our entire stock of this season's garments. In a few lines the sizes are fairly complete, but in most instances there are only a few of these garments at each price—the remainder of many of the season's *best selling lines.* We must have space for spring goods now arriving, and *prices have been made that should immediately* sell every one of these coats. Fourth floor.

*Long Coats.*

**Reduced to $15.00**—Ulsters, broken sizes in the season's preferred styles.

**Reduced to $20.00**—Ulsters of an extra quality of cheviot; double shoulder capes, full lined with Skinner satin.

**Reduced to $22.00**—Ulsters, one of the best selling garments of this season, made of cheviot, full lined, half fitting back.

**Reduced to $30.00**—Latest style Ulsters, exceedingly well made and tailored in a fine quality of Venetian, lined throughout with Skinner satin, velvet collar.

*Three-Quarter Coats.*

**Reduced to $10.00, $14.50, $15.00, $22.50** — Three-Quarter Coats in several different styles, well made of good kerseys and cheviots, satin lined.

**Reduced to $14.50**—Fine tailor-made Three-Quarter Coats—these were exceptionally good values at the original price of $17.50.

**Reduced to $20.00**—Three-Quarter Coats, finely tailored in extra quality cheviots, full satin lined—formerly $25.00.

**Reduced to $22.50 and $25.00**—The same style coat as the preceding, in finer quality fabrics—formerly $30.00.

**Reduced to $25**—Three-Quarter Coats and Ulsters, excellent materials, large fur collar and revers.

*Short Jackets and Autocycles.*

**Reduced to $7.50**—Autocycles of fine cheviots, self collar, trimmed with tailor stitching—former price $13.50.

**Reduced to $7.50** — Autocycles of Oxford frieze, with velvet collar, new sleeves, turn back cuffs, double breasted, excellent fitting—formerly $10.75.

**Reduced to $7.50**—Autocycles of Oxford frieze with storm collar, handsome large lapels faced with stitched silk, lined with Skinner satin.

**Reduced to $10.00**—Autocycles of fine navy cheviot, velvet collar lined with good quality of satin.

**Reduced to $12.50**—Short Jackets of excellent kersey, lined with brocaded satin, strapped seams; only a few.

**Reduced to $17.50**—Fine tailor-made Short Jackets of an excellent quality of fancy weave Oxford cheviot, cut and tailored in attractive styles.





# Men's Coats, Suits and Vests.

*Clearance Sale at Great Reductions.* Second floor.

To close out incomplete lines rapidly we list an excellent selection of handsome, finely tailored Coats and Vests and Fancy Mixed Suits at very greatly reduced prices. All are in styles strictly correct today.

Blue, black or Oxford Cheviot Sack Coats and Vests; single or double breasted. Reduced to $12.00 and $15.00.

Black or Oxford Vicuna Cutaway Coats and Vests; silk lined. Reduced ⅓ to close. Now $20.00.

Fancy Mixed Cheviot Business Suits; small lots. Reduced to $15 and $20.

# The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME LXI.—NO. 22. WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 22, 1902—SIXTEEN PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.


## FRIEND TO SCHLEY WHEN A CADET IN LOVE.




Mrs. John Morris, 4442 Grand boulevard, who introduced Rear Admiral Schley to his wife when the Admiral was a cadet at Annapolis, will entertain them at dinner on Sunday evening at 8 o'clock at her residence. Mrs. Morris was a Carvel of Maryland, and it was at her old home that Admiral and Mrs. Schley met.

## NEWS—Summarized and Indexed.

*THE WEATHER—* WEDNESDAY, JAN. 22, 1902.

Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday; moderate temperature, winds shifting to southerly. The maximum temperature in Chicago during the 24 hours ending last midnight was 34 degrees above at 5 p. m. and the minimum 31 degrees above at 8 a. m. Sun rises at 7:22; sets at 5:00. Moon sets at 5:54 a. m.

**FOREIGN:—**

German Foreign office issued statement denying assertion made by Lord Cranborne that Germany attempted to form coalition against the United States during the Spanish war.

Budget debate in the French Chamber of Deputies almost led to a duel between M. Lasies and M. d'Estournelles de Constant, but the trouble was settled.

[illegible] officials declare Prince Henry not [illegible] by Anarchists [illegible] willing to [illegible] risk as the President.

Ransom for Miss Stone and Mme. Tsilka forwarded from Constantinople to Americans negotiating with brigands.

Loss of Colombian gunboat Lautaro declared to be due to information given insurgents by exchanged prisoners.

England gratified by Lord Cranborne's explanation of British policy during the Spanish-American war.

Boer prisoners at Bermuda offered to swear allegiance to the British government. Anxious to end the war.

Alfonso XIII. to be crowned King of Spain at Madrid on May 17, his sixteenth birthday.

**LOCAL:—**

Policemen's Protective association appealed to the courts for an injunction to prevent Chief O'Neill enforcing the rule making membership in the association ground for dismissal from the force.

Couple who were sent to the bridewell for fighting over form of their wedding ceremony married there by a priest and pardoned by the Mayor. Began married life with 10 cents.

Board of Trade directors appointed a committee to investigate the recent failure of George H. Phillips. Collapse thought to be due to carelessness in business methods.

School budget for 1902 will be presented at tonight's meeting of the board. Expenditures of the board criticised by Citizens' association.

Interstate Commerce commission will resume its inquiry in Chicago tomorrow concerning the merger of Northwestern railroads.

Professor E. J. James of Chicago University elected President of Northwestern University by unanimous vote of the trustees.

Appellate Court decided two tracks of the Pennsylvania road in Stewart avenue were illegally laid and must be removed.

Judiciary committee of the City Council recommended repeal of ordinances limiting the height of fireproof buildings.

Drainage Canal board will receive bids today for $2,000,000 Sanitary District bonds bearing 3½ per cent interest.

Charles J. François de Neufchatel, who claims to be a French Count, arrested for failure to pay hotel bill of $300.

United States Circuit Court of Appeals decided life insurance policies are not assets in bankruptcy cases.

Fire scare at Grace Hotel, Jackson boulevard and Clark street, drove 100 guests in a panic to the street.

"Members'" ticket, headed by H. F. Frink, was successful at election of Chicago Athletic association.

Social Economics club criticised the Woman's club for its treatment of the Farson letter affair.

W. J. Bryan and Governor Yates spoke at banquet of Illinois College alumni.

Judge Brentano freed three boys illegally transferred to Joliet from Pontiac.

**DOMESTIC:—**

Governor Taft, who arrived at San Francisco yesterday, announced that real war no longer exists in the Philippines. Insurrection confined to two provinces and peace there is in sight.

W. C. Collier, a merchant of Harrisburg, Ill., and traveling salesman, missing four weeks, and it is believed he was murdered and robbed.

Admiral Schley made formal appeal to the President from the finding of the Court of Inquiry. Errors in law and facts pointed out.

Engagement of Marconi and Miss Josephine Holman of New York broken. Announcement made by latter's mother.

Ambassador Cambon made address before the New York State Bar association at Albany on "Diplomacy and Law."

Charles Thomas, who is charged with the murder of Mabel Schofield, set free by the [illegible].

[illegible] lumbermen burned to death in a [illegible] camp near Fairmount, W. Va.


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13 Views of Editors on Current News.


**WASHINGTON:—**

Secretary Wilson urged Congress to appropriate $40,000 for continuing the microscopical inspection of meat intended for the export trade, which otherwise will stop on March 1.

Favorable report made by a House committee on the resolution providing for the election of Senators by popular vote.

Dr. Rixey, McKinley's family physician, appointed Chief of the Naval Bureau of Medicine, with rank of Rear Admiral.

Senator Aldrich confident canal legislation will be passed at this session of Congress.

**NEW YORK:—**

Richard Croker given a farewell dinner at the Democratic club before his departure today for England. Many Tammany leaders present.

District Attorney Jerome to take up his residence among the poor of the lower east side in order to keep a campaign pledge.

Damage suits for nearly a million dollars will be filed by victims of the Park avenue tunnel wreck.

Lewis Nixon denied report he had ordered Tammany Congressmen to support ship subsidy bill.

Annie Thoms, 17 years old, and her 13-year-old sister charged with trying to poison their mother.

**POLITICAL:—**

Mayor Harrison announced his determination to help defeat unfit candidates for Council nominations.

Indiana Republican State committee elected James P. Goodrich of Winchester chairman.

**SPORTING:—**

Nationals of New York made the highest score—2,782—on the first day of the Buffalo bowling tournament.

Fitzsimmons badly bruised by falling downstairs in a Brooklyn theater.

Entries for the fifteenth American Derby given out. Total is ninety-nine.

Sharkey posted $2,500 forfeit for Jeffries fight.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

| Port. | Arrived. | Sailed. |
|---|---|---|
| GIBRALTAR | K. M. Theresa | |
| HONGKONG | Emp. of India | |
| NAPLES | Commonwealth | |
| NEW YORK | Anchoria | W. der Grosse. |
| NEW YORK | Lahn | Georgic. |
| ROTTERDAM | Ryndam | |
| S. FRANCISCO | Alameda | Alsos. |

## POLICE ASK WRIT TO CHECK MAYOR.

### Members of Protective Association Seek Relief Through an Appeal to Judge Hanecy.

### MEANS VICTORY OR WOE.

### If Injunction Is Denied O'Neill's Men May Be Brought to Trial for Insubordination.

### SAY CHIEF WENT TOO FAR.

### Plaintiffs, in Their Petition, Assert Their Superior Has Acted Unreasonably and Unlawfully.

### SALARY ORDINANCE VETO LIKELY

The members of the Policemen's Protective association appealed to the courts yesterday to save their organization from dissolution.

A petition for an injunction to prevent the execution of the order of Chief O'Neill, inspired by Mayor Harrison, making membership in the society a violation of police rules, was filed in Judge Hanecy's court in the afternoon.

On representation of the city officials that no steps would be taken against the society or any of its members pending a hearing on the petition, Judge Hanecy decided that a temporary injunction was unnecessary. The hearing was set for Thursday morning.

**Means Victory or Trouble.**

Comment upon the act of the policemen was concise, but full of meaning.

"The fellows have nerve," said one city official.

"I'd rather win than lose if I were in their shoes," said another.

If the policemen lose, the act of setting themselves thus stubbornly against the edict of the Mayor may be considered insubordination. Mr. Harrison looked displeased, but he mildly said that the courts might decide that the policemen were only exercising their privilege as citizens.

"I am not going to make a scapegoat out of one man," he said.

This one man would be the policeman in whose name the society filed its petition—Joseph A. Raycraft, a patrolman in Inspector Kalas' district.

**Says Chief Went Too Far.**

The ground for the petition is the allegation that Superintendent O'Neill, in carrying out Mayor Harrison's request and issuing a general order against the society, acted unreasonably, unlawfully, and went beyond the scope of his office.

This general order was issued on Jan. 15. In it the assertion was made that the Protective association, having been organized ostensibly for the protection of its members, had been diverted from its original purpose and had become an oath-bound secret society, including in its intentions "the coercion and intimidation of the City Council, and possibly more serious offenses which the raising of a large fund by the assessment of its members would seem to indicate."

The policemen were notified by the Chief that hereafter no association but the Benevolent association would be tolerated in the department. Chief O'Neill proclaimed his ability to enforce his order and began to make transfers of offending policemen.

**Deny Breach of Rules.**

These charges are answered in the petition filed by the policemen, who deny that the rules of the association are in any way opposed to their duties as policemen. The petition says:

"The original purposes of the association have not been diverted at any time since its organization, nor is it about to be diverted or changed to a secret, oath-bound society. The association is not promoted or controlled by malcontents.

"One of the highest objects of the association is to promote a spirit of harmony among the police officers of the city and to encourage them to perform their duties faithfully, to discourage wrong doing among them, and to give faithful and obedient officers such support as is possible. The objects of the association have been carried out, and the moral influence of the association has had a tendency to increase the efficiency of the police force and has benefited the members of the association and the public generally."

**Mayor and Chief Explain.**

Mayor Harrison said that the action of the administration against the organization had not been taken until Corporation Counsel Walker had reported that it was justified and legal.

Chief O'Neill said that the only steps he had taken against any member of the association thus far had been to transfer Sergeant Enright and to suspend him.

"I removed Enright because he left his post of duty and lectured to the men at roll-call upon this association," the Chief said. "It may be the privilege of a free citizen to leave his work and do something he has no right to do, but I don't see it that way. He had no business to leave his desk for any purpose whatever. He had no right to lecture the men on any subject whatever. And that's why he was removed. I had no intention of suspending or removing any one else.

Assistant Corporation Counsel Fyffe will defend the city's case when it comes to a hearing tomorrow morning.

**Salary Ordinance Veto Likely.**

A veto of the ordinance giving the policemen a graded and increased salary is expected from Mayor Harrison, although it is not necessary. The ordinance is ineffective unless backed by the appropriation bill, and the fight will be repeated over the budget in all probability.

"It was a good deal as Brenner said," declared the Mayor. "Pass it and let the Mayor veto it. Put the responsibility up to me. It is worthless unless the appropriation bill backs it up. If the budget does not then the ordinance is repealed. The last ordinance always is the one effective.

"I am totally opposed to giving the men more money and then laying them off for a month. Citizens could [illegible] the city from any such action."

## BEST GIRL JILTS MARCONI

### ENGAGEMENT OF INVENTOR TO MISS HOLMAN BROKEN.

**Young Woman's Mother Makes Formal Announcement That Marriage Will Not Take Place, and Family Sails for Europe—Explanation of Reasons for Separation Refused by Man, Who Released His Sweetheart at Her Own Request—Says He Is Disappointed.**

New York, Jan. 21.—[Special.]—Much surprise was caused today to the friends of Sig. Guglielmo Marconi, the inventor of the Marconi wireless telegraph system, and Josephine Bowen Holman by the announcement that the marriage engagement of the young couple had been terminated.

The announcement of the engagement was made last April, and although it was several times reported that the wedding was to take place soon, the exact date of the ceremony, it is learned, was never decided upon.

H. H. McClure, a close friend of the Holman family, on Monday received the following letter from Mrs. Holman:

"As my daughter and I are leaving for an indefinite stay, I request you kindly to make public the announcement that Josephine has asked Mr. Marconi to release her from her engagement, and also that Mr. Marconi has complied with the request."

**Former Fiancee Goes to Europe.**

Mr. McClure said that Miss Holman and her mother sailed for Europe today on the steamship Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse and would travel extensively on the continent.

Sig. Marconi also will leave the country tomorrow, when he will sail on the steamship Philadelphia. He will go direct to London where he will remain for some time.

Sig. Marconi, when seen at the Hoffman House today and asked whether he had anything to say concerning the letter of Mrs. Holman, said: "No, except that I am sorry."

"Is it true that the engagement was broken off at Miss Holman's request?" was asked.

"Yes, at Miss Josephine's request."

**Marconi Refuses Explanation.**

Mr. Marconi was asked if the breaking off the engagement, in view of the previous reports of postponement of the wedding owing to the non-completion of his experiments, was due to the same cause. He answered: "I can only say that it was by Miss Holman's request. All further information must come from her."

Sig. Marconi stated that decision had not been reached hastily. He said Miss Holman had left it to him, and after giving it two days' consideration, he had decided to grant her request.

"Have your feelings in any way changed toward Miss Holman?" was asked.

"I don't think I can answer that—just say simply, please, that I am sorry."

"Was it broken off because of any delay in the completion of your invention?"

"Well, I would not like to say as to that. We agreed not to make the reason public. I said nothing about it because I thought it best that she should make the announcement."

"Had your experiments reached the point where you were at liberty to be married?"

"Well, hardly; but if other things had not occurred things might have been arranged."

**Depressed Over the Decision.**

"I have not one word of criticism to make on Miss Holman's action. She concluded, I suppose, that her future happiness did not rest in my keeping, and the letter of request followed. I had reason to believe that our relations were quite happy and mutual until lately, and it is only natural that I should feel a little depressed at the result."

Mr. Marconi appeared to take the affair much to heart.

H. H. McClure, discussing the announcement he had made, said:

"I have known Mrs. Holman and her daughter for years, and in an effort to settle this incident with as little fuss as possible I agreed to make the formal announcement of the breaking of the engagement. I will not mention the reason for Miss Holman's action. It is evident she must have one, but what this is I will not say. There is no chance of a reconciliation."

**Experiments Held to Blame.**

Mutual friends said it was merely a case of two young persons who had thought they were fitted for each other coming to another conclusion. One explanation offered was that Mr. Marconi had been so engrossed in his experiments that he had forgotten to be as attentive as an engaged young woman has a right to expect her sweetheart to be, and what was at first a feeling of pique had developed, with the result that Miss Holman insisted upon Mr. Marconi releasing her from her promise to marry him.

Mr. McClure said that not the faintest breath of anything which might be construed as reflecting upon the sincerity of either was responsible for the broken engagement.

## MORE PONTIAC PRISONERS ARE SET FREE ON WRITS.

**Judge Brentano, Following Judge Tuthill, Declares the Transfers to the Joliet Penitentiary Were Illegal.**

Following the recent ruling of Judge Tuthill, Judge Brentano yesterday discharged on writs of habeas corpus John Rose, James Thompson, and Leo Prindiville from the Joliet Penitentiary, to which they had been transferred from the Pontiac Reformatory. It is expected that the rulings of the two Judges will result in the release of thirty-five other prisoners who can come before the courts on similar grounds. These prisoners were rushed from Joliet back to Pontiac, but lawyers say that the second transfer will have no effect in law.

"I am of the opinion," said Judge Brentano, "that the action authorized by section fifteen of the reformatory act, being a judicial action, is void as being repugnant to our constitution, which restricts the exercise of judicial powers to the courts, and that the Legislature had no power to enact section fifteen, granting to the Board of Managers judicial powers."

Before handing down his decision, Judge Brentano submitted it to Judge Tuthill, who approved it. Assistant State's Attorney Barnett, who opposed the habeas corpus proceedings on behalf of the State, made a motion to remand the boys back to the reformatory at Pontiac.

"I will not consider any such motion," said Judge Brentano. "Their detention in the penitentiary was illegal and they are absolutely free."

## HOTEL WILL COST $5,000,000.

**Henry C. Frick Promises to Erect in Pittsburg Finest Building of Its Kind in the Country.**

Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 21.—[Special.]—It is announced that Henry C. Frick purposes to erect in this city a hotel building to cost $5,000,000. The plans contemplate a structure to surpass anything of the kind in the country.

## GERMANY DENIES UNFRIENDLY ACT.

### Kaiser's Foreign Office Feels Deeply Hurt by Charge Made Public in British Parliament.

### DECLARES IT BAD TASTE.

### Says Overtures Toward Interference Were Not Encouraged Nor Sanctioned by German Authority.

### PRESS MAINTAINS SILENCE.

BERLIN, Jan. 21.—Germany is deeply hurt by the statements given publicity at the British Foreign office in London, after Lord Cranborne had opened the way by replying to the questions of Henry Norman, M. P.

It is held here that any desire to strengthen the friendship between England and the United States by a preconcerted attack on Germany is in decidedly bad taste and poor politics at a moment when Prince Henry is preparing to visit America on a friendly mission.

The German denials are all aimed at the official statement of Lord Cranborne and dismiss curtly the supplementary statements from sources kept obscure.

The Foreign office here makes the following written statement:

"The Foreign office declares with all positiveness that Germany, neither before the outbreak of the Spanish-American war nor during its course, proposed intervention to other powers. Neither did Germany support such a proposition made by other powers. It is true that in several instances suggestions (anregungen) were made to the German government from another source, in the sense of intervention. But the German government without exception maintained a negative attitude toward such suggestions, and made known its negative standpoint whenever occasion offered. It must further be remarked that it was not from an Austrian source (nicht gerade von Oesterreichischer seite) that such suggestions reached the German government."

**Effort to Embarrass Germany.**

The interpellation in the British House of Commons yesterday to which Lord Cranborne replied is here considered to have been gotten up especially to give the opportunity of saying something in Parliament which might be taken as a basis for reviving stories adverse to Germany in the matter of German relations with the United States.

**Berlin Press Holds Aloof.**

A telegraphic report of Lord Cranborne's statement in reply to the interpellation by Henry Norman was distributed to the German newspapers by the news agencies early in the day, yet none of the Berlin evening papers, with the exception of the North German Gazette, prints it. The North German Gazette does not comment upon Lord Cranborne's statement. This suppression of what, at another time, would be regarded as news, is taken to mean that the German press is determined not to revive unpleasant discussions at an inopportune moment.

**Reasons Moving Austria.**

VIENNA, Jan. 21.—Inquiries at the Austro-Hungarian Foreign office confirm the essential points of the statement made by Lord Cranborne, the British Foreign Under Secretary, in the House of Commons, yesterday. The dynastic relations of Austria with Spain, the Queen Regent being an Archduchess of Austria, led Austria before the declaration of war between Spain and the United States to begin a peace propaganda, which was carried on not only in England but throughout Europe. France was ready to second the efforts of Austria. Germany and Russia maintained a passive attitude.

Great Britain was at first disposed to sign the proposed note, but after a confidential report from Washington declined either to sign such a note or to take any further steps. Afterwards Austria and France made direct representations at Washington, but ceased their efforts after the declaration of war, from that time forth relying on the efforts of the Pope, who was backed by the tacit approval of all the powers.

**Credit Good Intent of Powers.**

Washington, D. C., Jan. 21.—The State department will not be drawn into the controversy which has sprung up between the European powers respecting the efforts made by them to prevent the United States from going to war with Spain. Lord Cranborne's statement in Parliament yesterday is recognized as absolutely correct as far as it went, but there are chapters in the story which he did not touch upon, and it is recognized here as inexpedient to develop all the facts even now, lest animosities spring up without sufficient reason. The frank statement of Lord Cranborne touching Austria's earnest efforts to prevent war caused no resentment here, where it is realized that there were dynastic and sympathetic reasons that justified, or at least extenuated, the Austrian purpose.

## FLAGMAN DIES WITH WORDS OF LONGFELLOW ON LIPS.

**Struck by Engine, Victim Tries to Repeat Lines from "The Day Is Done," but Fails.**

Dying beside a railroad track, where he had been struck by a passing train, John Gage, an aged flagman for the Western Indiana railway company, quoted a line from Longfellow's "The Day Is Done." Then he passed to unconsciousness and died before the ambulance from the police station at Thirty-fifth and Halsted streets could reach him.

The accident occurred at 5:30 o'clock in the evening. Gage was on his way to work from his home, 3208 South Canal street. As he was crossing the tracks of the Grand Trunk railroad at Thirty-first street he stepped directly in front of a north-bound train. The trainmen evidently did not see the old man.

Gage was thrown far to the side of the track by the force of the engine, where he was found by Samuel Boal, 3249 Wentworth avenue, and James Classey, 3622 Ashland avenue, who witnessed the accident. The dying man was moaning when they raised him. He seemed to be trying to talk. He was heard to say: "The day is done, the—darkness——" and then his head fell back.

Gage was an Englishman. The body was taken to Blake's undertaking rooms, 708 Thirty-first street.

## PARDON GIVES LIFE TERM

### BRIDE AND GROOM TO QUIT THE BRIDEWELL TODAY.

**Sent Up as Result of Quarrel as to Form of Wedding Ceremony—Prison Officials Learn Facts, Have a Priest Tie the Knot, and Get Mayor to Release the Pair—Begin Wedded Life with 10 Cents—Boy Let Out to Go to Bedside of Dying Sister.**

With a bridewell pardon, 10 cents in cash, and the official blessing of Mayor Harrison a bride and groom will leave the House of Correction this morning to begin wedded life. The bride will hold the 10 cents until it is spent for street car fare. Each will have a pardon freshly signed by the Mayor.

Few people find so many things intervening between the securing of a marriage license and the words of the minister, "I pronounce you man and wife," as Mr. and Mrs. Henry Warner have found.

Everything was ready for the ceremony when the trouble began to brew. The marriage license had been secured, but the kind of ceremony had not been decided upon. The bride wanted a church service. She wanted to hear the words: "With this ring I thee wed."

The groom wanted to go to a justice court and have the wedding over quickly.

The argument became more than a love quarrel. It grew boisterous and both were arrested on the eve of their wedding. They were sent to the House of Correction, and instead of facing matrimony the bride and groom had a bridewell sentence ahead of them.

**Ceremony Performed in Prison.**

Their story having become known to the prison authorities, efforts were made to enable them to carry out their matrimonial plans. The bride and groom had not changed their minds about marrying simply because they had a fight over the way the ceremony should be performed.

The Rev. Father John T. Bennett of the Blessed Sacrament Church was asked to unite them in marriage, and he married them. So the bride secured her wish even if she did have to go to the bridewell to have her own way. They were married by a priest.

Even Superintendent Sloan appreciates that it is not a pleasant thing to spend a moneymoon in the House of Correction, and as a wedding present to the bride and groom he endeavored to get a pardon from Mayor Harrison. He was successful yesterday afternoon, and with the record of their marriage they now have two bridewell pardons, which can all be put in one frame.

One of their wedding presents—the only one up-to-date—was 10 cents from a prison official, who thought they might need car fare.

**Boy Released to See Dying Sister.**

Having helped two people to start in the world afresh the prison officials then tried to make the way smoother for one to get out of it. In the John Worthy School was a small boy, John Kopliek, whose little sister was dying at 95 Frye street. She wanted to see her brother before she died, and fifteen sympathetic Bohemian women made a pilgrimage to the bridewell to make the plea in broken English that the boy might be released to see the girl.

They were successful, and before they left the prison the boy was scurrying for home.

**Temperance Pledge Paroles.**

To meet conditions where justice interferes with humanity, Superintendent Sloan, with the consent of the Mayor, has arranged a system of pledge paroles. How it works has been illustrated in the case of a man who at times became drunk and beat his wife. If the man were confined for the time of his sentence his family would become destitute. By the plan which is now in operation he was released after he had signed a formal pledge to mend his ways. He understands that any violation of it will result in his being brought back to serve out his sentence.

This keeps his family from the poverty which would threaten them if their only means of subsistence were cut off.

## POISON IN CITY SMOKE IS FOUND BY EXPERT CHEMIST.

**Theodore W. Schaefer of Kansas City, Mo., Says Large Quantity of Sulphur Dioxide Is Contained in Vapors.**

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 21.—[Special.]—Theodore W. Schaefer, a chemist of Kansas City, says there is poison in smoky air. He said tonight:

"When our city is in a smoke bank it is not a desirable place to live in, for then the air is exceedingly unpleasant and at the same time unfit to breathe. The active constituents of these pungent, irritating vapors is largely of sulphurous acid, or sulphur dioxide, so2, as the chemists call it. Sulphur dioxide is a suffocating gas with a disagreeable odor. When inhaled in a pure state it is poisonous; when diluted with air it produces coughing and severe irritation of the air passages.

"Recently, when the fogs were so bad, strips of moistened blue litmus were exposed to the air. In a comparatively short time these papers were colored red, showing the highly acid nature of the atmosphere. These reddened strips of litmus paper were submitted to Dr. A. M. Wilson and Dr. John C. Kerner for verification.

"The outside window panes and roofs of buildings, when moistened, give the acid reaction to blue litmus paper. This sulphurous acid is derived from the combustion of the cheap coal used in Kansas City."

The responsibility of a city for maintaining a smoke nuisance is soon to be tested in court.

Because the throat and lungs of Ferdinando Avedano, a singer, were injured by St. Louis smoke the City of St. Louis and Charles H. Jones, Chief Smoke Inspector, are sued in a mandamus proceeding asking that they be compelled to abate the smoke nuisance forthwith.

## STONE RANSOM IS FORWARDED.

**Money Subscribed in America Said to Be in Hands of Americans in Touch with Brigands.**

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 21.—Notwithstanding the efforts made to keep the matter secret, it was ascertained today that the money subscribed for the ransom of Miss Ellen M. Stone and Mme. Tsilka, her companion, has been forwarded to the Americans who have been negotiating with the brigands for the release of the two women. The whereabouts of the negotiators is withheld by the officials here.

**Captives Hidden at Djumaja.**

LONDON, Jan. 22, 3 a. m.—The Sofia correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says that the American delegates to effect the release of Miss Stone, the captive missionary, have arrived at Djumaja, on the Bulgarian frontier, where it has been ascertained that Miss Stone and Mme. Tsilka are hidden.

## NO WAR IN ISLES, SAYS GOV. TAFT.

### Philippine Executive Declares All Opposition Will End During the Present Year.

### LANDS FROM TRANSPORT.

### Needs of Natives of Eastern Archipelago Are Discussed and Will Be Laid Before the President.

### TROOPS MAY RETURN SOON.

### Legalization of Tariff Rates Important and Government Will Be Asked to Purchase Land Now Held by Friars.

### CIVIL RULE LIKED BY NATIVES.

San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 21.—[Special.]—Real war no longer exists in the Philippines, according to Governor William H. Taft of the islands, who came ashore at noon today from the transport Grant, just in from Manila.

The insurrection now is confined to two localities—the Province of Batangas and the Island of Samar—said Governor Taft, who holds that even in those places peace is in sight. The surrendering of 700 rifles by the natives of Batangas, reported today by Lieutenant Governor Wright, leaves few weapons in that province, and the Governor deemed it improbable that General Bell would have to inaugurate his reconcentrado plan.

**Opposition Nearing Its End.**

That all opposition to the United States will be ended before the end of the present year was predicted by the Governor, and he said by that time the occupation army could be reduced to 17,000 men, who, with the native constabulary, would maintain order.

Other points which Governor Taft would impress upon the people here are the importance of legalizing the present tariff law to provide ample revenue for the island government, and the necessity of purchasing the lands held by the friars and reselling them to the present tenants on easy terms.

**Natives Good Christians.**

Despite the general denunciation of the friars, the Governor said they did much in Christianizing the natives, who at heart are Catholics and would return to the religion were the abuses which have grown up in recent years done away with.

Governor Taft came ashore today at noon and is at the Palace with his family. He will remain here until tomorrow evening, when he will take the train for the East, going by way of Cincinnati, his home, where he will leave his family. He then will proceed to Washington for consultation with the President concerning the situation in the Philippines and coming action by Congress for the islands.

**Health Improved by Voyage.**

Governor Taft is looking well in spite of his recent operation and the fact that he is not strong. He had been in a hospital at Manila for nearly four months. He improved much on the voyage and says he feels almost well.

Many old friends, former college men at Yale, attorneys, army officials, and not the least in number of people who wanted to know about the chances for going into business in the islands, were among the Governor's callers this afternoon. An invitation from the Chicago Yale association to attend a banquet in that city on the trip East was declined by Governor Taft. President Benjamin Ide Wheeler and Major General Young were among the callers.

**Present Tariff Held Just.**

"We have recommended to Congress that the tariff schedules as adopted by us be affirmed by Congress, which was done," said Governor Taft, in discussing Philippine affairs. "In that we impose an ad valorem duty running from about 15 to 25 per cent. This is giving the islands a revenue sufficiently large to pay the expense of government and provide the improvements which the commission has decided upon.

"We need a tariff adapted to the needs of the islands. Only through a large revenue obtained from customs can we meet those expenditures. Money cannot be obtained through direct taxation in sufficient amounts. The Spanish derived a revenue of about $7,000,000 Mexican from the personal tax and about $5,000,000 Mexican from the customs. We get about $9,000,000 to $10,000,000 in gold from the customs. Only in certain districts is the personal tax imposed, and then only when it is asked by the people themselves. In time we will be able to derive a revenue from whisky and tobacco.

"We have asked that the Dingley tariff be reduced for the products of the islands at least 50 per cent. We hope that Congress will be as generous to the Philippines as it was to Porto Rico. I understand that here you want free trade, but with only half you will be benefited greatly.

**May Reduce Army This Year.**

"Captain Allen, head of the constabulary, says that, in his judgment, in one year from the date of the report, which is Dec. 15, 1901, the force of American troops may safely be reduced to 17,000 men, stationed in garrisons at convenient points.

"The troops would be used only for a show of authority and in case of emergency. The actual policing and guarding of life and property and the operations against the ladrones and other criminals would be conducted entirely by the constabulary.

"The constabulary is an organized force of 5,000 natives, of which only about 500 had been organized, armed, and equipped when I left. It is inteded that a force of about 150, nearly all mounted, be placed in each province. They are commanded by three or four provincial inspectors, of whom two or three are Americans and at least one Filipino. The American officers have gained the confidence of the natives under them, and they go into parts of the islands with them feeling confident of their loyalty and trustworthiness.

**Trouble Caused by Ladrones.**

"The great trouble at all times has been the ladrones, but the constabulary is rapidly cleaning them out, and in three or four

months more the islands will be cleaner than they have ever been either under Spanish or American rule.

"The cost of an American soldier in the islands is about $1,000 a year and the United States government pays for it. On the other hand, the cost of the constabulary is only about $250 a man and the expense is borne by the Filipino island government."

Speaking of the friars, Governor Taft mentioned the recommendation which the commission had made, that the lands of the four great brotherhoods, the Franciscans, Augustinians, Recollectos, and Dominicans, be purchased by the United States and then sold to the natives, the tenants being given the preference, on long payments. He continued:

"The natives are in a great majority devout Catholic Christians and accustomed to obey the rites and sacraments of the church. However, they had for years, prior to the outbreak in 1896, been subjected to great oppression. The Spanish priests were the political masters and the police officials, as well as the head of the church. Up to 1896 the Spanish government had only a small army, not over 5,000 men, in the entire islands. The friars were the masters and ruled the people.

**Can Settle Friar Problem.**

"In consequence of their oppression the feeling grew strong against the friars, and has not yet subsided, and never will under the old circumstances. But the people are good Catholics and want priests who will be their spiritual leaders. Their feeling is not against the church, but against the friars. Therefore we believe that the settlement of the trouble will be accomplished by buying the lands of the friars, which amount to about 400,000 acres, and reselling it to the tenants. That will settle our agrarian question.

"Whatever wrongs may have been done by certain friars and the brotherhood we must not overlook the fact that the Spanish priests made the Filipino a Christian. Because of that for many years they exercised their authority through the church and had no need for soldiers.

"There is a disposition to bring in American priests, who, with the native friars, can continue the work that has done so much in the past for the good of the natives. Yet these are not enough, and it will be many years before the mass of the natives are again in touch with Christianity.

**Teachers Are Treated Well.**

"This morning I received a most encouraging cable from General Wright, who is Acting Governor. The dispatch says that there are 943 teachers in the islands, in 450 places, and 200 of these places are unoccupied by United States troops. I may say that the Filipino is not hostile to the teacher. One was captured some time ago, but he was sent back in a hammock. The inference is plain that they entertain no hostility toward pedagogues or pedagogy.

"I wish to impress upon everybody that civil government is a success. There is a strong peace party in the islands, and it is composed of the most influential men among the Filipinos. There has certainly been a great change in the sentiment of the people. They are beginning to appreciate the fact that civil government means better times for them."

## NATIVE COMMAND SURRENDERS

**Laque's Insurgents in Batangas Province Yield to Americans—Captain Is Assassinated.**

MANILA, Jan. 21.—The insurgent leader, Briecio Laque, and his entire command, on Jan. 20, surrendered unconditionally to the American military authorities in Batangas Province.

Laque's command had become so scattered that it was unable to hold out longer. He has been given one week to round up and hand over his entire party to the Americans. Laque has been operating in the neighborhood of Mount Macolod, in Batangas Province, Luson.

Captain J. M. Hartshorne Jr. of the Seventh Infantry was shot from ambush and killed on Jan. 2, in the eastern part of the Island of Samar. Captain Hartshorne was recently transferred from the Ninth to the Seventh Infantry.

## ATTEMPTS TO KILL WIFE, THEN SWALLOWS POISON.

**Supposed Victim of Dementia Beats Estranged Helpmeet Into Insensibility —His Own Condition Critical.**

After beating into insensibility his wife, from whom he was separated, and attempting to pour poison down her throat, Joseph Paronski last night swallowed muriatic acid in an attempt to take his own life. He was removed to the County Hospital. Early this morning the physicians there said his condition was critical, but that he had a chance for recovery.

The attempted murder and suicide took place at 652 Loomis street, where Mrs. Paronski has been living since leaving her husband. Paronski had gone there from his boarding-house at 77 Fisk street, and was said to be demented because of ill-health.

According to the story told by the woman to the police, as soon as she entered the room Paronski seized her by the throat and attepted to pour the poison down her throat. She resisted, the acid spilling over her face, inflicting severe burns. Failing in this attempt, she says, Paronski beat her until she fell unconscious to the floor.

Seeing the woman in what he thought a dying condition, Paronski is thought to have swallowed the remainder of the muriatic acid in the bottle. When his wife revived the man was still unconscious. Her screams brought help and a physician and the police were summoned.

Mrs. Paronski was severely bruised in her struggle and fainted twice from weakness and excitement while telling her story to the police. Her physician thinks she will recover.

John Boi, 19 years old, was found dead yesterday in the barn at the rear of the family residence, Seventy-fourth street and Center avenue. Beside him lay a half empty bottle of carbolic acid. It is thought he committed suicide because he was unsuccessful in securing work. Less than a year ago a child of the family was accidentally burned to death in the structure.

## ARREST OF NEELY DESCRIBED.

**Many Witnesses Are Heard in Trial of Man Accused of Cuban Postal Frauds**

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

HAVANA, Jan. 21.—Assistant Chief of Police Hayden of Rochester, a witness today in the cases growing out of the postoffice frauds, testified to the arrest of C. F. W. Neely, ex-director of finances of the Cuban postoffice, on a train at Rochester.

Postoffice Inspector Coats testified that he ordered the arrest of Neely, who said his arrest was a mistake and he had not done wrong. Coats said he found a postoffice account book in Neely's bag. This he returned to Neely. The government contends that this book is the missing ledger.

Postoffice Inspector King testified that Neely put up for his bonds two $10,000 bills, which were not on his person when he was arrested.

Inspectors Seybold and Nell testified to the examination of Neely's cash on April 23 by order of Rathbone. They said the account balanced with the auditor's statement and that they thought Neely knew of this intended inspection.

## DROP DAYTON POISON CHARGES.

**Grand Jury in Ohio City Ignores Case of Mrs. Witwer, Accused of Killing Patients.**

Dayton, O., Jan. 21.—The grand jury, because of lack of evidence, today ignored the case of Mrs. Mary Witwer, who was charged with poisoning her sister, Mrs. Pugh. The case attracted considerable attention last fall because of the allegation that the deaths of a number of persons were caused by Mrs. Witwer, who had acted as a nurse. She will go to her home in Michigan.

**Stops the Cough and Works Off the Cold.**

Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No cure, no pay. Price 25 cents.

## JAMES CHOSEN BY NORTHWESTERN.

**University of Chicago Man to Become President of the Evanston School.**

**ALL VOTE IN HIS FAVOR.**

**Trustees, After a Year and a Half of Deliberation, Reach Unanimous Decision.**

**OLD TREMONT HOUSE'S FATE.**

Professor Edmund J. James, director of university extension work at the University of Chicago, was elected yesterday to be President of Northwestern University. He will take up his work there on Feb. 1.

The election was made at the quarterly meeting of the university trustees, held at 97 Washington street. The choice came after nearly a year and a half of debate by a special committee of trustees appointed to find a President.

Professor James' name was under consideration a year and a half ago, but the committee was unable to agree on him or on any one of the other college men whose names were suggested. Among these were Dr. R. D. Sheppard and Dr. Daniel Bonbright, both officials of the university; Professor George E. Vincent of the University of Chicago, and the heads of several smaller colleges in other cities. Some of these educators were offered the position in an informal way, but no direct offer was made.

Professor James will receive a salary of $7,500, which is $2,500 greater than Dr. Henry Wade Rogers received as President. It was found impossible to attract a suitable head to the college for less than that sum.

The special committee of the trustees which canvassed for a President was made up of M. H. Wilson, H. H. C. Miller, Gustavus F. Swift, Henry S. Towle, A. H. Revell, Dr. N. S. Davis Jr., and Frank P. Crandon.

**Interest Centers in Election.**

When the full Board of Trustees of the university met at 3:30 in the afternoon, Professor James' election, although a foregone conclusion, was the matter of greatest interest. Other issues, however, engaged attention. It was believed some action would be taken on Professor Charles W. Pearson's attack on the infallibility of the Bible. It also was expected the future of the old Tremont House, which the university has bought, would be decided.

News that the special committee had chosen Professor James was known to all the trustees, and most of them came to vote on it. At the meeting were Judge O. H. Horton, H. H. C. Miller, Frank P. Crandon, Dr. R. D. Sheppard, W. A. Dyche, H. H. Gage, J. B. Hobbs, John R. Lindgren, J. J. Parkhurst, M. H. Wilson, the Rev. J. P. Brushingham, Lorin C. Collins, the Rev. J. W. Frizselle, Harvey L. Hurd, the Rev. E. G. Lewis, the Rev. F. T. Ladd, Miss Cornelia G. Lunt, the Rev. George R. Palmer, J. H. Raymond, Mrs. Henry R. Shumway, Gustavus F. Swift, and Henry S. Towle. Dr. N. S. Davis Sr., the oldest member of the board and the oldest practicing physician in Chicago, was one of the first trustees to arrive, and sat close to the presiding officer. Judge O. H. Horton presided in the absence of William Deering, President of the board.

**Secret Session Held.**

The trustees hardly had been called to order when the board went into executive session, and the doors were shut to the public. It was said to be the first trustees' meeting in the history of Northwestern University from which the public was excluded.

Professor James' name was brought before the trustees through a typewritten report of the special committee. This report dealt chiefly with Dr. James' biography, and with the history of Northwestern University. The report declared that Professor James was the unanimous choice of the special committee. It announced that he had accepted the appointment. The report was adopted by the full board without an opposing vote, and Professor James was declared President.

No plans for the future of the university were discussed. The endowment increase, which has had a good deal to do with the controversy regarding the Presidency, was not mentioned at the meeting in a formal way. One trustee declared after the meeting that the chief object was to get Professor James installed, thus giving the university an executive head, before considering any more plans.

"It will be Professor James' business to increase the endowment, and make plans," said this trustee. "That is what we elected him for."

**Plans for Old Tremont House.**

Before the election of Professor James the trustees voted to abandon the project for an auditorium in the old Tremont House. An offer was made by the Thomas Orchestra to rent a suitable auditorium, if the trustees would rebuild the hotel. Central Church, of which the Rev. Frank W. Gunsaulus is President, also offered to make a lease. The trustees agreed with Dr. Sheppard that the expense, estimated at $500,000, would be too great.

The fate of the Tremont House now rests with a special committee of trustees. As soon as plans can be drawn, quarters will be provided in the building for the law, dental, and pharmacy departments of the university, which now are scattered in various parts of the city. The rest of the building will be fitted up for offices and stores.

Professor James was non-committal last night as to his plans for the future.

"I have heard nothing formally from the meeting of the trustees of Northwestern University this afternoon," he said, "and consequently I have nothing to say."

Professor Edmund James James was born on May 21, 1855, at Jacksonville, Ill. He prepared for college in the classical school connected with the State Normal School at Bloomington, from which he graduated in 1873. He then entered Northwestern University, remaining only one year. In 1875 he entered Harvard and from there went to Berlin, Leipsic, and Halle, receiving his Master's and Doctor's degrees in 1877.

When he returned to America in 1878 he became principal of the Evanston High School, where he remained for two years. He then became principal of the State High School at Normal, Ill., and remained in that position for four years. In 1883 he was called to the University of Pennsylvania.

**Instructor Wins Fame.**

It was in the University of Pennsylvania that Professor James' work in economics first attracted attention. He was made professor of public administration, and soon he organized the graduate school of the university. He also was director of the Wharton School of Finance and Economy—the first school of finance and commerce and industry in America. He was editor of the Political Economy and Public Law Studies, issued by the university.

For thirteen years Professor James remained at the head of the University of Pennsylvania public administration department, until it became one of the strongest of any American university. In February, 1896, he was called to the University of Chicago.

Professor James is known outside of university life for his active interest in public affairs, as a writer and speaker. He was one of the organizers of the American Economic association and the organizer of the American Academy of Political and Social Science. He was President of the society and editor of its publication for eleven years.

One of Professor James' educational hobbies had been the extension of commercial education in American colleges and universities. He was sent to Europe by the American Bankers' association in 1903 to report on the education of business men in Europe.

Professor James was married in 1879 to Anna M. Lane, daughter of a Lutheran clergyman and granddaughter of Gottlieb Gerlach, the famous professor of philosophy at Halle University.

## ELECTED PRESIDENT OF NORTHWESTERN.



PROF. EDMUND J. JAMES

Professor Edmund J. James, who was elected unanimously yesterday to be President of Northwestern University, has been prominent in educational circles for almost twenty years. He first became conspicuous when he was at the head of the University of Pennsylvania's department of public administration, a position which he resigned in 1896, after thirteen years of service, to accept a call from the University of Chicago. He leaves the position of director of university extension at the University of Chicago. Professor James is said to have assured the trustees of Northwestern that he would accept the Presidency of their university.

## WANT SILENCE FROM PEARSON.

**Northwestern University Board Said to Favor Leniency if Professor Does Not Fan the Flame.**

Professor Charles W. Pearson, head of the English literature department of Northwestern University, who stirred up the church and university Saturday by his attack on the infallibility of the Bible, is to have his case considered by a special committee of the University Executive board. He is said to face the alternative of silence or possible dismissal.

It is thought likely, however, no punishment other than a severe lecture or reprimand will follow the professor's startling article, because the policy of the special committee is said to be to smooth the affair over, for the present at least, although the pacific action may hinge on Professor Pearson's tacit agreement not to fan the flame of controversy with other radical statements at the present time.

The trustees and Executive board are all pledged to secrecy in accordance with this purpose, and yesterday a Press committee of three was appointed to give out any news to the public. Professor Pearson was said not to be at home by the servant at his residence, and also was absent from evangelical services in the First Methodist Church last night, which he had attended the evening previous. No charge had been preferred as yet by any member of the church.

Official action on Dr. Pearson and his essay on "Open Inspiration versus a Closed Canon and Infallible Bible," was taken at the regular session of the Executive board of the university. There were present, out of thirteen members, H. H. C. Miller, F. P. Crandon, John R. Lindgren, J. J. Parkhurst, W. A. Dyche, Dr. Robert D. Sheppard, Milton H. Wilson, and Dean Bonbright. All are university trustees.

There had been some informal discussion of the Pearson article before the board met, and the resolution for a committee was practically decided upon then. Dr. Bonbright, Milton H. Wilson, and Dr. R. D. Sheppard were appointed by the chairman to take the matter up. With that it was dropped by the board. When the full board of university trustees met yesterday afternoon a majority wanted no official action by the board and the matter was left untouched.

H. H. C. Miller, who acted as chairman of the meeting Monday night, and who appointed the committee, said:

"The committee was appointed, but I don't know whether it ever will hold a meeting or not. The members have power only to consider whether it is best to do anything at all."

Dr. Bonbright, dean of the university and a member of the committee, said:

"I think it quite possible Dr. Pearson's article has been misunderstood in part, and the whole affair may simply adjust itself."

The committee is expected to confer with Dr. Pearson the latter part of the week.

**Steel Firm Buys Big Tract.**

Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 21.—Jones & Laughlin's, Limited, the largest independent steel manufacturing firm in the country, have just concluded an important real estate transaction, paying over $1,000,000 for several blocks on the South Side. The ground is to be used for an enlargement of the plant, and improvements estimated to run up into the millions.

## FITZ FALLS DOWN STAIRS

**PUGILIST COVERS TWENTY STEPS AT LIGHTNING SPEED.**

**Makes a Misstep in the Orpheum Theater in Brooklyn and Is Badly Bruised —Manages to Protect His Head, but Says He Saw Many Heavenly Bodies —Assisted to Manager's Office and Is Soon Able to Go Home—Will Be All Right in a Few Days.**

New York, Jan. 21.—[Special.]—Former Champion Bob Fitzsimmons met with a painful accident this morning, and but for the fact that the lanky pugilist kept his head a tragedy might have resulted. At 9 o'clock Fitz called at the Orpheum Theater, Brooklyn, to see Percy Williams, the owner. Williams is the Cornishman's backer and friend and has been piloting his business affairs since Fitz fell out with his brother-in-law, Martin Julian, about two years ago.

**Falls Down Twenty Steps.**

Upon leaving the office the boxer missed his footing and slid down a flight of stairs to the rathskellar. These steps are made of marble and there are twenty of them. The theater was dark when Fitz left his manager's office. He had gone only a few paces when he stumbled and plunged down the stairs. He was dazed and stunned, but recovered sufficiently to be assisted to Mr. Williams' office.

In a short while Fitzsimmons was himself again, and came to this city to show his friends, as he afterward said, the accident was not so serious as described. Bob arrived at his home at Bath Beach in the afternoon.

**Had a Premonition.**

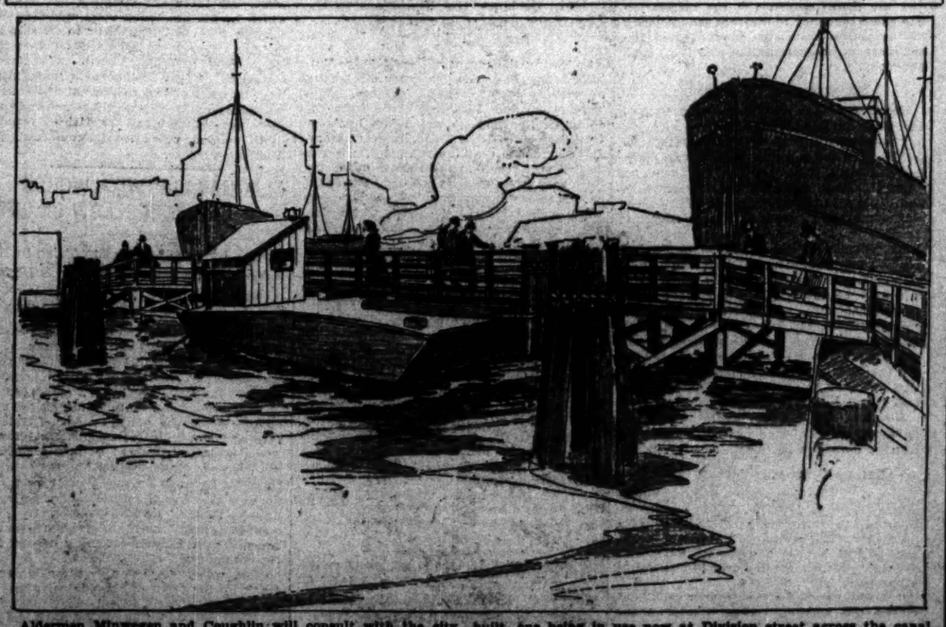
In describing how he came to fall, Fitz said:

"I made a mistake when I left Mr. Williams' office in passing on to the rathskellar instead of to the main doorway. The theater was dark, and I had to grope my way. The first thing I knew I was sitting at the bottom of the stairs, seeing stars, comets, and other astronomical symbols. I thought my head was hurt and I rubbed it to see if I was not bleeding. I was dazed, and if I had been temporarily put to sleep with a punch I could not have felt dopier. But when my senses returned I knew that I was not badly injured, and I quickly pulled myself together.

"Before I fell and while I was stumbling along in the dark I thought to myself that I might fall down some stairway and disable myself so I could not fight Jeffries. Sure enough, I did take a tumble, and the first thing that flashed through my brain was that I must save my head. I drew my head up between my knees and slid. As I slid down I had only one thought, and that was to protect my head. I accomplished this all right, as you will observe. My leg and side are sore, but I will work that out in a few days and it will not bar me from fighting.

"I don't wont to box Jeffries without a side bet. I had an offer from two men yesterday who wanted to back me, but I am not satisfied that their offer is a genuine one, and until I find out that they are on the level I shall not make any reply to Jeffries."

## HOW THE PROPOSED FOOT BRIDGE AT STATE STREET WILL LOOK.



Aldermen Minwegen and Coughlin will consult with the city engineers today relative to the placing of a temporary foot bridge across the river at State street for the use of foot passengers while the bascule span is being put in by the Sanitary District. The interests of the First and Twenty-first Wards will be consulted in the placing of the foot bridge.

The bridge must be located at some distance from the present structure, so as not to interfere with the cofferdam and the operations of the builders. Similar structures have been placed across the river at other points where new bridges were being built, one being in use now at Division street across the canal. The "lift" in the foot bridge consists of a scow which can be swung to one side to permit the passage of boats.

Commissioner Blecki declared that the city could not act on the Council order until the appropriatoin bill had provided the $5,000 which it is authorized to spend. He said that as the Sanitary District is building the new bridge the commissioners probably would put in the temporary structure. City Engineer Ericson considers $5,000 insufficient for the work.

## TAMMANY BIDS CROKER ADIEU.

**Tiger's Old Master Weeps as He Says Farewell to Friends at Dinner.**

**JEROME TO AID THE POOR**

**District Attorney Will Live on East Side and Assist Needy at All Times.**

**GENERAL NEW YORK NEWS.**

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, New York, Jan. 21.

Richard Croker will sail for Europe on the Philadelphia tomorrow morning. He will go to his home at Wantage, Berks, England, for an extended stay. Tonight, at one of the most notable dinners ever given in the Democratic club, Croker's speech of farewell to his friends was punctuated with tears, and many of the old Tammany leaders gathered there had difficulty in checking their expressions of feeling.

**Tammany Bids Croker Farewell at Dinner.**

Mr. Croker made a speech of some length. He spoke about his victories—fifteen in number—and of his two defeats—during his seventeen years' leadership of Tammany Hall. He paid a high tribute to Lewis Nixon, the new leader of Tammany, and he declared finally that Mr. Nixon is "really bigger than our party."

The affair was supposed to be under the auspices of the "Honorary Colonel and Staff of the First Battery, N. G. N. Y.," of which organization Captain Louis Wendel is the commander. In carrying out the military side of the affair the menu was made up elaborately. It was of silk, and on the outside was attached a large sabre with a battle scene below. Inscribed on the outside was this:

"Dinner to Richard Croker by Honorary Colonel and Staff, Jan. 21, 1902."

The honorary Colonel of the affair was Richard Croker's personal friend, Andrew Freedman. Mr. Freedman acted as toastmaster and made several speeches.

After the dinner was served some of the military attendants brought on a large chest of oak, which was elaborately engraved in a silver plate with the initials "R. C." The chest was 3x4 feet and inclosed was a silver service. Freedman started the speechmaking and Mr. Croker responded in part as follows:

"I have retired from politics for good and all time to come. I have been at the head of our organization for seventeen years this month. I gained your confidence and we have got along well together. In the seventeen years we have lost just two battles. I feel now it is my duty to retire from the leadership of Tammany Hall.

"This work will be left to a younger and more progressive man. I was progressive seventeen years ago, but the times have changed. The city has progressed, and politics should progress in the same way, I realise that, and there is no man today I can think of who would carry on the progressive duty better than Lewis Nixon.

"I feel and know that this young man stands at the head of the party. He is really bigger than our party. Now, this should not be so. The party should be bigger than any man. But when you can get a man like that to lead you there can be no question about the success of the party in the city. No party of patronage-seekers can be built up to defeat you. The people are bound to return the Democrats to power."

Charles T. Yerkes sailed today for England aboard the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse to begin work on his contract for underground electric roads in London. "I came here merely on a vacation trip," he said. "I go back to finish up my business. The country has prospered greatly—and the prosperity has come to stay."

**Jerome Will Live Among East Side Poor.**

District Attorney William Traverse Jerome announced today that he meant to go and live among the people on the lower East Side, whom he championed on the stump, and on whom he placed his trust of being elected. He said further: "I have leased the house at 8 Rutgers street, which shall not only be my home but also a sort of suboffice of the District Attorney's office. It will be open at night and the members of my staff will take turns in doing the extra work there, of listening to the complaints of people and of aiding those who cannot help themselves.

"I believe that we will do good work for the crowded districts of the lower East Side, and at the same time I am carrying out ideas' I had formed and promises I made before I was elected. Just when I will take charge of the house I cannot say now, but I hope it will not be long before I am located there."

An abrupt end was put by Magistrate Higginbotham in the Lee Avenue Police Court, Williamsburg, today to the proceedings for a search warrant to hunt in Colonel Dady's safe for an alleged written agreement between Sheriff Guden of Brooklyn and Colonel Dady whereby Guden was to turn over to Dady all the fees of his office in excess of $12,000. Magistrate Higginbotham announced that he would not grant the search warrant.

**Recommends Changes in Raines Law.**

The committee of citizens headed by Willis L. Ogden, which is considering the excise question with a view to bringing about action on the subject, met again today. Mr. Ogden presided, and there were present Dr. Felix Adler, Wheeler H. Peckham, Arthur von Briesen, John G. Agar, E. H. M. Rosher, William F. King, and R. Corwine. These three propositions had been advanced for adoption as the expression of the committee's opinion:

First—That the Raines law be so amended as to provide for the sale of liquor in restaurants, as in hotels and under like conditions, with the idea that in such a case the Raines law hotel will be displaced and its peculiar abuses disappear.

Second—That saloons be permitted to open on Sundays from noon until 10 p. m.

Third—That a special election be held in the spring at which the people will have an opportunity to vote on the question of Sunday opening.

After today's meeting Mr. Ogden said: "By a unanimous vote it was decided to approve the first and third proposition and to pass over the second."

**Mystery in the Death of an Actor.**

Warwick Ganor, an actor who had appeared with Emma Juch's opera company and had recently been in the cast of "Colorado," which closed a week's engagement at the Grand Opera-House on Saturday night, died today in Roosevelt Hospital of what was said there to be brain fever. A story was circulated tonight that he met his death by violence and that there was something suspicious in the manner of it.

Ganor had been staying for a week or more at a boarding-house at 202 West Thirty-fourth street. He went to his room on Saturday night, and was visited the next day by a man named Simpson, who, it is said, remarked to one of the boarders on leaving that Ganor was sick and had had a bad night. The other boarders say they heard him making a racket in his room on Sunday and Sunday night, and also heard a noise like an explosion in the room.

On Monday afternoon Dr. B. S. Brush was called. He said tonight that Ganor was only partly conscious, that both of his legs were paralyzed, and that there was a big bruise on his nose, a cut on his cheek, and several cuts on the man's legs. Dr. Brush also said there was nothing in the room to show how Ganor came by his injuries.

**Charged with Trying to Poison Their Mother.**

Charles R. Flint and Wallace B. Flint have resigned as directors and also Vice President and Secretary, respectively, of the Export Lumber company.

**Mansfield Plays for Actors' Fund.**

Richard Mansfield was rewarded today for two weeks of work as a solicitor and an afternoon of acting by being the donor of $5,000 to the fund for an actors' home, supervised by the Actors' Fund of America. This extraordinary sum was paid to see him in four of his parts at the Herald Square. Much credit is also due to theatrical people, who paid large prices for seats that in some cases could not be used. Amelia Bingham, John Drew, and Denman Thompson were out of town, but they paid $100 each for "standing room." Joseph Jefferson sent a check for $500 for a box, but could not use it. His family did, and Christie MacDonald, his daughter-in-law, made a charming substitute for the dean of the American drama.

William J. Anderson, formerly a banker of Kansas City, died here today in the Loomis Sanitarium for Consumptives, 104 West Ninety-fourth street.

**Charged with Trying to Poison Their Mother.**

Annie Thoms, 17 years old, and her sister Lizzie, 13 years old, of 600 Park avenue, Hoboken, were arraigned before Recorder Stanton today charged with conspiracy to poison their mother, Mrs. Thoms. Mrs. Thoms, who made the complaint, said her daughters were beyond her control. She alleged that on Wednesday of last week paris green had been put in her tea. She detected it and set about making an investigation. Lizzie told her that Annie had put the poison in the tea, her object being to secure $300, for which the mother's life is insured. The following day her 12-year-old boy found a package of the poison under a mattress and gave it to his mother.

Annie said her mother had put her out of the house because she refused to work. While she was absent, she said, her brother bought the poison, and it was his proposition that they should poison their mother. The boy denied he had bought the poison. The first he knew of it was when his mother found the poison in the tea.

Recorder Stanton sent the two girls to the county jail to await the action of the grand jury.

John D. Crimmins took title today from Ada Rehan to a vacant plot of ground on the south side of One Hundred and Sixteenth street, 175 feet west of Broadway, 50x100. The consideration indicated by the revenue stamps on the deed recorded was $30,000.

**Tunnel Suits for Nearly a Million.**

The wills of five of the prominent New Rochelle residents who were killed in the New York Central tunnel collision have been filed in the Westchester Surrogate's Court at White Plains, while letters of administration have been issued in two estates of the victims. As soon as the proving of the wills has been disposed of, the heirs, it was learned today, will bring suits for heavy damages against the Vanderbilts and other officers of the railroad company. A lawyer representing the heirs of Alfred M. Perrin of New Rochelle, the Vice President of the American Paper Bag company, who lost his life in the tunnel wreck, when he filed his will this afternoon said that the heirs will immediately bring an action against the railroad company for $150,000 damages. Mr. Perrin was a widower and left about $82,000 worth of stocks and two life insurance policies for $20,000 to his four daughters, Juliette, Pauline, and Eleanor Perrin, who reside at 711 Genesee avenue, Cleveland, O., and Katherine Perrin, who is with relatives at 1800 Center avenue, Bay City, Mich.

Frank Washburn, one of the witnesses to the will, also was connected with the paper bag company, and he, too, lost his life in the tunnel catastrophe. His heirs will sue for more than $50,000. These suits and others which will soon be brought will bring the total of damages asked from the railroad up to nearly $1,000,000, as follows:

| Victim. | Amount sued for. |
|---|---|
| Alfred M. Perrin | $150,000 |
| William Leys | 150,000 |
| Oscar Meyerowitz | 150,000 |
| Ada Howard | 100,000 |
| William Howard | 100,000 |
| E. O. Dimon | 100,000 |
| Ernest Walton | 100,000 |
| Frank Washburn | 75,000 |

After all the circulars and threats of the last few weeks it is now announced that a virtual compromise has been reached between the Western Union interests and the stockholders who were seeking to get rid of the Western Union officers of the American District Telegraph company.

**Nixon and the Ship Subsidy Bill.**

Lewis Nixon, the new leader of Tammany Hall, today branded as untrue the report that he had sent for Tammany's Congressmen and issued orders to them to vote for the Hanna-Payne ship subsidy bill or any subsidy bill to come before Congress.

The new steamer Sardegna, recently put in service between Genoa and New York, arrived today on its maiden trip, having made the run in less than twelve days. The steamer's arrival was expected, as it sent a Marconi message Monday reporting its approach.

**French Ball Is Gayer than Usual.**

The French ball opened tonight at the Madison Square Garden, with everything indicating that before morning the merriment would be all that was anticipated. The crowd was there, the costumes and decorations were brighter and gayer than usual, but, as is the wont of this revel, the proceedings started with the solemnity that might be expected at a staid family function.



**MUSCLE**

is the product of a well nurtured physique. Many of us fail to properly assimilate our food—hence dyspepsia and its attending evils, insomnia, etc.—undoubtedly such people need

**MALT MARROW**

It pours vitality into the blood and makes anaemics and poorly nourished persons thrill with vital energy. It's the food for starved nerves.

Telephone South 287. 12 big bottles cost $1.00 delivered in Chicago.

**McAvoy's Malt Extract Dep.**
CHICAGO.

Outdoor sports in the captivating climate of California are uninterrupted by winter weather.

Golf, tennis, polo, coaching, bicycling, deep-sea fishing, shooting, kodaking, sailing, mountain climbing, surf-bathing—these and other diversions may be enjoyed any day in the year.

**Follow Your Fads in California Santa Fe**

No ice, no snow, no chilling blasts. One may pick oranges, bathe in the sea, visit ostrich farms, picnic among giant redwoods, or sit in the shade of tropical palms.

**The California Limited**

best train for best travelers—daily, Chicago to San Francisco, Los Angeles and San Diego.

Illustrated books—"To California and Back" and "Grand Canyon of Arizona"—10 cents.

Ticket Office,
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Ry.
109 Adams-st., Chicago.

**CROUP**



**Robbed of Its Terrors**

**Cured in half an hour by the New Germicide.**

South Londonderry, Vt., Jan. 8.
The R. T. Booth Co.

Dear Sirs—Not long ago my little boy was awakened in the night with a very bad attack of croup, choking, and seeming to experience the greatest difficulty in breathing. We placed 20 drops of HYOMEI on a piece of flannel and pinned it to his nightdress. He immediately began to breathe easier and in half an hour was fast asleep. Our child being subject to croup we now feel perfectly safe with HYOMEI in the house. It robs this disease of all its terrors.

GEORGE Atwood,
Pastor M. E. Church.

HYOMEI, the new Dry Air Germicide, has never failed to cure a case of croup in less than an hour if used as directed. Ten drops sprinkled on a piece of flannel and pinned to the nightdress on retiring will prevent a child's having the croup.

HYOMEI cures colds in one night, catarrh in a few weeks and its daily use practically all possibility of you or your family contracting pneumonia or consumption.

HYOMEI is sold by all druggists or sent by mail. Outfits complete, $1.00. Trial outfits, 25 cents. HYOMEI BALM, 50 cents. Five days' treatment free.

The R. T. Booth Co., Ithaca, N. Y.

**Neglect of a Cough or Sore Throat may result in an Incurable Throat Trouble or Consumption. For relief use BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES. Nothing excels this simple remedy. Sold only in boxes.**

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ell nurtured phy... fail to properly ... hence dyspepsia ... ils, insomnia, etc. ... uch people need
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o the blood and ... poorly nourished ... ital energy. It's ... nerves.
7. 12 big bottles ... Chicago.
Extract Dept.
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OUP
Robbed
of Its
Terrors
an hour by
Germicide.
Londonderry, Vt., Jan. 16.
... my little boy Walter ... with a very bad attack of ... ming to experience the ... eathing. We placed 20 ... iece of flannel and allow- ... e immediately began to ... an hour was fast asleep. ... to croup we now feel ... OMEI in the house. It ... terrors.
GEORGE SISSON,
Pastor M. E. Church.
... ry Air Germicide, has ... case of croup in half ... ted. Ten drops placed ... d pinned to the night ... prevent a child's hav- ...
... in one night, catarrh ... s daily use precludes ... or your family con- ... consumption.
... all druggists or sent ... ete, $1.00. Trial Out- ... EI BALM, 25 cents. ... Free.
... Co., Ithaca, N. Y.
... of a Cough or Sore ... may result in an ... s Throat Trouble or ... tion. For relief use ... N'S BRONCHIAL ... excels this simple ... boxes.



# SEEK TO REMOVE BUILDING LIMIT.

## Council Judiciary Committeemen Want No Restriction for Fireproof Work.

## SEE HARM IN ORDINANCE.

### Business-Men Say Refusal to Grant Permits Will Prevent Investment.

### MAYOR FAVORS A CHANGE.

All restrictions on the height of "full fireproof construction" buildings may be removed by an amendment to the building ordinance which was recommended to the City Council yesterday by the Judiciary committee. Whether the committee report will meet any other fate in the Council than did the recommendation of the Streets and Alleys South committee allowing sixteen stories in specific cases is a question.

There are a number of Aldermen opposed to the granting of special permits on the ground that it is special legislation. They are counted on to pass a general ordinance.

The amendment was offered to the committee by Alderman Goldzier after a long debate on the advisability of extending the building limit from 130 feet to 250. An ordinance to this effect had been introduced and the committee started to consider this.

Action was taken by the committee upon the representation of builders that the restriction was inimical to progress. It was shown that capital which would be expended in the construction of buildings was being held back because of the restrictions placed on buildings.

**Chicago Is Unique.**

Representatives of building firms asserted that in Chicago alone of all great cities in America were such limitations in effect and they declared that the competition with other cities would force the removal of restrictions here.

The amendment of Alderman Goldzier as passed will leave the limit still effective for all buildings other than "full fireproof construction."

Alderman Charles H. Gary declares that, in common with other members of the Council, he is not opposed to the erection of high buildings down-town, though he voted against the Otto Young special permit. He said:

"What many of the Aldermen object to is the way in which the permits have been obtained. Every special permit was in disregard to the existing ordinance. I shall vote for the ordinance to do away with the limit, and I am sure that it will pass. There are several Aldermen who think as I do."

**Mayor Against Restriction.**

Mayor Harrison favors the removal of the present restriction.

"Three or four years ago," the Mayor said, "when it was proposed to restrict the height of buildings I favored the proposition. Now, however, I think it impossible to divert business or to build up a district by the artificial aid of legislation. The unfortunate thing in this city is the fact that Chicago is a sort of wheel, the loop district being the hub, with the spokes radiating into the outlying wards.

"The arguments against high buildings are founded on fact they are good. The only question is whether business can be distributed by legislation. If the action of the Council would be a barrier to further concentration of business down-town it would be a benefit to the city. In the abstract the arguments are good, but they really mean injury to the city.

"With rentals being where they are and space so valuable in the district bounded by the loop, it is impossible to get enough out of property to make it a good investment unless the buildings are allowed to go up.

"Since the restricting ordinance was passed limiting the height to 130 feet there has not been a single office building constructed in Chicago except under permits taken out before that time or under special permit. Personally I oppose special permits."

**Building Projects Withdrawn.**

The action of the Council on Monday night in putting itself on record as opposed to the erection of buildings higher than 130 feet in the business district was followed yesterday by the announcement that the building projects of the First National Bank, Otto Young, and Henry Strong would be abandoned.

The estimated cost of these buildings was between $5,000,000 and $6,000,000, but the cost of other projected buildings contingent upon permission to build sixteen stories swells the total amount to over $12,000,000.

It is the testimony of experienced real estate operators that the present ordinance has completely failed in bringing about any expansion in the business district, its sole effect having been to prevent improvements therein.

Another phase of the question which promises to become of much prominence in case the Council fails to pass a more liberal ordinance concerns the legal right of the Council to pass any such restrictive measure. President D. R. Forgan of the First National Bank intimated that he had been advised that the Council had exceeded its power in passing the present ordinance, and Owen F. Aldis stated that he had been advised to the same effect.

**Much Criticism of Conditions.**

There was much general criticism of the condition which permits the owners of certain properties to have buildings sixteen or more stories high and yet refuses this privilege to others.

"It strikes me as an unfortunate thing, so far as the general interests of the city are concerned," said D. R. Forgan. "Why the owners of the Masonic Temple property should be permitted to erect a building of over twenty stories and many others of sixteen and seventeen and the same privilege denied to the First National Bank, which is at the center of the loop, I fail to understand.

"It simply means this: That if the bank is not permitted to erect a sixteen-story structure no office building will be erected. I made all the financial arrangements for an investment of $5,000,000, the bank being only a tenant. After a careful consideration of the matter it was decided that a sixteen-story building would earn a fair return on the investment, but that anything lower would not.

"If the sixteen-story project is not permitted the bank will fall back on the project of a two-story bank building covering the property. From the bank's standpoint it will be about the same, as there will not be much difference between the interest cost on the money invested and the rent the bank would pay."

Otto Young was as emphatic as Mr. Forgan in saying the attitude of the Council would put a stop to his building plans.

"I will certainly not build under any such conditions," he said. "I have ten years in which to improve part of the State street property I hold under a long lease, and am in no hurry unless I can build as I want to."

Owen F. Aldis said: "The attitude of the Council is short sighted and narrow in the extreme. It may please the present owners of high buildings, but it is certain to check contemplated large improvements. It is stated that buildings to cost $12,000,000 are involved. The figures really are much larger, as I know of several other large plans which will be abandoned if the Council stands on Monday night's action."

BUSINESS NOTICES.

When the hair is thin and gray, Parker's Hair Balsam renews the growth and color. Parker's Ointment makes a healthy skin. 50c.

Poke Effect in Collars. ... S. & W. STOSSET.

# BELATED WINTER'S FIRST SNOW OF THE YEAR DECKS TREES AND SHRUBS OF LINCOLN PARK IN WHITE.



NORTH OF THE SWINGS



WEST OF ANIMAL HOUSE.



EVERGREENS NORTH OF THE BOAT HOUSE.

[From photographs taken for THE TRIBUNE.]

The moist snow that fell when the weather man had predicted rain on Monday night made Lincoln Park a fairyland yesterday. Trees, shrubs, and buildings were covered with a downy coat of white that looked like the cotton that adorns Christmas trees. Here and there the wind soon played havoc with the winter's trappings of white, but north of the swings and near the pond the trees and bushes were beautiful in their glistening coat. West of the animal house the view was one vista of white, while north of the boathouse the evergreens were bending beneath their burden of snow.

# WORK ON SCHOOL BUDGET

## MEMBERS OF FINANCE COMMITTEE PUT IN TEN-HOUR DAY.

### Figures for the Annual Appropriation May Be Submitted at the Meeting Tonight—Citizens' Association Issues a Statement Criticising the Supply House in Monroe Street—Contends That the Institution Is Unnecessary—Probable Decrease in the Estimates.

The Finance committee of the Board of Education worked ten hours yesterday in an effort to complete the annual school appropriation, which may be presented to the board tonight. The committee was confronted with a statement issued by the Citizens' association, charging that the board had been extravagant with school funds.

Members of the Finance committee had little to say about the statement, but it was apparent that a great many of the figures submitted this year will be much smaller than they were last year.

The statement was issued as a reply to President Harris, who was quoted as saying that the board's critics had dealt in generalities. The Citizens' association goes into some figures and shows where, according to its judgment, considerable money might be saved.

**Supply House Is Criticised.**

The statement is in part as follows:

"At Monroe street, near Halsted, buildings valued at $96,200, standing on ground worth $117,000, have been appropriated for purposes of a barn and the storage of supplies for the schools. A large brick building, formerly a high school, occupying one-third of these premises, is used for the double purpose of barn and supply house and is filled from top to bottom with books, slates, pencils, ink, chairs, settees, blackboards, material for repairs, etc. In the stable are kept five teams and wagons for delivering these supplies. The cost of maintenance last year, including the interest on the investment, is as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Salaries— | |
| One superintendent of supply station, one bookkeeper, and five clerks | $7,020 |
| Five drivers supply wagons at $720 per year | 3,600 |
| One janitor | 1,148 |
| One watchman | 1,008 |
| One engineer | 1,440 |
| Cost of lighting and heating | 3,319 |
| Stable expenses— | |
| One foreman, two barn men, feed, purchase and repair of wagons, buggies, and harness, shoeing horses, etc. | 8,974 |
| Investment— | |
| Five per cent on $2,500 invested in supply horses and wagons and 10 per cent wear and tear | 375 |
| Interest and depreciation on value of buildings, figured at 10 per cent | 9,620 |
| Rental value of ground on board's own figures | 7,020 |
| Total | $43,525 |

**Says $25,061 Is Wasted.**

"As five repair wagons and teams are also kept at the stable and devoted to work of the repair department, we deduct from above total one-half the stable expenses, compensation of watchman, engineer, lighting and heating, and two-thirds rental worth of premises, amounting in all to $18,464, leaving $25,061 as the actual cost of maintaining the supply-house, delivery wagons, and drivers.

"There is absolutely no necessity for the maintenance of this expensive establishment for storage and delivery of supplies. The private firms that furnish the School board will gladly deliver supplies direct.

"Our object in publishing these figures is to give the board detailed and accurate information and to emphasize the fact that if it managed its resources with the same system and economy that a private concern is compelled to do to sustain itself there would be no necessity for considering even the possibility of closing the schools or cutting the teachers' salaries."

When the Finance committee presents its report it is expected that many departments will be reduced in appropriations. The departments of music, drawing, and manual training are slated for reductions, and other schemes of retrenchment are in view.

# WHISKY IN SODA WATER AS A HYDE PARK MENACE.

### Arthur Burrage Farwell Tells Protective Association That the Druggists Are Imperiling Their Customers.

Drug stores where liquor is sold at soda water counters and behind prescription cases were denounced last night as one of the greatest evils in Hyde Park. The attack came from Arthur Burrage Farwell and was made at the annual meeting of the Hyde Park Protective association. Mr. Farwell urged the necessity of devoting more attention to the drug store offenders during the present year.

"It is known," he said, "that drug store proprietors and clerks have been so under the influence of liquor as to unfit them for the preparation of prescriptions. Think of it—these men are endangering the lives of others."

In his annual report Mr. Farwell told how the association had routed out keepers of gambling-houses and "blind pigs." In several instances, he said, the association had acted and secured convictions after the city authorities had been notified and refused to act.

Mr. Farwell said State's Attorney Deneen had been of great service to the Protective association.

# NEW BOOK ON SCHLEY ISSUED.

### Copy Will Be Sent to President Roosevelt and a Special Messenger Is to Go Abroad.

The first copy of "Schley and Santiago" left the presses yesterday. The publishers will send a copy of the book to President Roosevelt and a special messenger will leave Chicago to carry two copies to the American Ambassador in London. One of these copies is for presentation to King Edward. The same messenger will deliver copies of the United book to the representatives of the United States in all the leading foreign countries and to the Commander-in-Chiefs of the navies of these countries.

E. W. GROVE.

This name must appear on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets, the celebrated Cold and Grip Cure. 25 cents.

# FIRE SCARE AT A HOTEL

## GRACE GUESTS FLEE TO STREET AT SIGHT OF SMOKE.

### Elevator Boy Remains in Cage Carrying Passengers to Ground Floor Until Building Is Emptied—Some Run Down-Stairs and Others Look for Fire Escapes—Cause of Excitement a Small Fire in Restaurant Due to a Defective Flue.

Nearly one hundred guests of the Hotel Grace, Clark street and Jackson boulevard, among whom were many women, were driven to the street at 8 o'clock last evening by dense clouds of smoke which came from a fire in Thompson's restaurant on the ground floor. A number of guests, preparing to go to the theater, fled to the elevator with hastily arranged toilets. Others scurried down the stairs, while a few tore open windows in a search for fire escapes until assured the danger was not immediate.

A dozen people were still in the restaurant when the cooks ran from the kitchen with a cry of fire. The customers grabbed coats and hats and rushed to the street, several forgetting the cashier in their hurry.

**Elevator Boy Stays at Post.**

The smoke wafted through the elevator shaft of the hotel and filled the corridors. Although its extent could not be seen, Richard Sebor, the elevator boy, remained in the car, and ran it to the top floor as long as there was any one left in the building to be taken out.

The fire started in a ventilating flue running from the kitchen to the alley. An electric fan connected with the flue had drawn the grease from the cooking into it until there was a thick coating on the inside. One of the cooks glanced at the opening and saw the whole inside in flames, which burst into the kitchen, scattering cooks and waitresses. A. W. Wiss, manager of the restaurant, ran into the kitchen and tried to put out the fire with salt. The smoke drove him away and soon filled the inside of the restaurant.

The women employed in the place had hurried to the street without wraps and stood on the sidewalk shivering in the cold. Paul Blanch, a pantryman, ran back through the smoke, to a room in the rear, and emerged a few minutes later with his arms filled with hats and jackets. He made the trip twice.

**Smoke Heavy and Black.**

Meanwhile the fire had worked its way through the ceiling of the kitchen into a lavatory connected with the hotel office on the second floor. The burning grease made a heavy black smoke, which was as alarming to the people in the hotel as the sight of fire.

Those on the top floor rang the elevator bell frantically, and three trips were made to take them out. Those on the lower floors walked down, holding clothing to their faces as they passed through the office to protect their lungs. The firemen finished their work in half an hour. The loss was nominal.

Fireman James W. Powell of engine company 10 was severely burned. He was standing near a hole which had been chopped around the steam pipes, made a misstep, and fell into the hole. He was removed to Mercy Hospital. His arm and shoulder was much burned, but he will recover.

THROUGH SLEEPER TO FLORIDA

Via Big Four Route

Leaves Central Station 1 p. m. daily, except Sunday, and arrives Jacksonville 8:10 p. m. and St. Augustine 9:30 p. m. next day.

"Only one night out." Reservations made at 234 Clark street. J. C. Tucker, G. N. A.

# FRINK IS C. A. A.'S HEAD

## MEMBERS' TICKET WINS THE DAY AFTER A SPIRITED CONTEST.

### Regulars Succeed in Electing Only Two Members of the Board of Directors of Athletic Association, Although Two Other Successful Candidates Have Places on Both Ballots—Opposing Parties Put Forth Every Effort, but All Is in Good Nature.

Decisive victory for the Members' ticket was the result of the annual election of the Chicago Athletic association, which took place yesterday. Every candidate on the ticket was elected by heavy majorities, Henry F. Frink, the dean of the directors and one of the oldest members of the organization, receiving 702 votes for President to Herbert S. Duncombe's 452. The new officers chosen are:

President—Henry F. Frink.
Vice President—William E. O'Neill.
Secretary—George Ads.
Treasurer—John Jay Abbott.

Mr. Abbott was the candidate for treasurer on both tickets.

The directors were elected at the same time as the officers, and only two of the candidates on the Regular ticket were chosen. The election of Fred L. Watson as director for one year was accomplished with no opposition. Those chosen for the three-year term were D. E. Hartwell, Walter Fitch, P. S. Eustis, Frank W. Teeple, and George H. Jenney.

Mr. Hartwell and Mr. Fitch were candidates on the Regular ticket, while Mr. Teeple's name was on both tickets.

**Contest Is Spirited.**

It was perhaps the most exciting election in the history of the association. Only once before was a larger number of votes polled, and that was in 1897, when Solomon Sturgis and E. A. Potter were pitted against each other for President. The tally sheet last evening showed that 1,154 votes had been cast.

From noon until 6 o'clock in the evening the library of the club presented a lively scene. At no time until late in the afternoon were any of the booths empty. During the first hour after the polls opened 250 votes were cast.

The result was not known positively until 9:30 o'clock, although the supporters of the members' ticket felt confident of victory. They relied on the vest pocket vote, as it is called, and their anticipations were realized. The tellers found that straight tickets were the exceptions.

**All in Good Nature.**

Every effort was made to insure a full vote. Cabs and carriages were employed by the candidates to make sure none failed to appear at the polls. The lobby was crowded all afternoon with workers for both sides. While it was a vigorous and determined fight, the utmost good nature prevailed when the result was announced at the annual meeting by the retiring President, J. K. Armsby.

# ACCUSED OF FORGING NOTE.

### John J. Moore of Chicago Put in Jail at Mankato, Minn.—He Denies Charge.

John J. Moore, a real estate dealer in the New York Life Building, who was arrested on Sunday by a deputy sheriff from Mankato, Minn., was placed in jail at Mankato yesterday. President W. F. Hoerr of the National Citizens' Bank of Mankato, charges Moore with forging a note and mortgage and selling them to the bank for $400. Moore is 45 years old and has a son in the real estate business in Minot, N. D. Moore denies the charge against him.

Florida.—Enjoy summer climate in winter at Tampa Bay Hotel. Information at Travelers' Inf. Co., 15 Congress street.

# CUPID AN ALLY OF LABOR

## LOCKED-OUT GIRLS STAND FOR UNION SWEETHEARTS.

### Custom Clothing Makers Will Demand to See Labels on Garments Worn by Prospective Suitors—If the Tag Is Missing the Door Is Open—Unique Plan of Warfare Arouses Enthusiasm at Meeting to Discuss Methods of Procedure.

Dan Cupid and the 150 girls who have been locked out by the Royal Tailoring company have formed an offensive and defensive alliance. Hereafter the swain who calls on young women members of the Custom Clothing Makers' union will have to show that he is a trades unionist or he will be shown the door.

Yesterday afternoon the locked out girls met at Society Hall, 328 East Division street. They decided they would institute a lockout themselves on all who wear non-union clothing. The arms that seek to encircle their waists must be inclosed in coats union made, the hats on the hall rack must have the little square pieces of paper, and even the vest pocket cigars must have come from a union box.

**Girls Cheer the Plan.**

In this way the girls hope to institute an effective campaign against the companies that have put them out of work. When the proposed alliance of Cupid and the girls was brought up at the meeting it was greeted with cheers and shouts of approval.

Some of the more timid, however, wanted to know just how to proceed in the matter.

"Suppose you are not on good enough terms to ask the young man to see his coat label," suggested one.

"Then get on such terms as quick as you can," came the reply, and the girls thought it a good plan.

**Vote to Keep Up Fight.**

The meeting was called to keep the girls in line, for the union leaders claim the employers have been offering inducements to the wavering to desert the union and go to work. This, the leaders say, the girls unanimously refused to do.

Circulars have been sent to all the central labor bodies of the country asking them to boycott the non-union goods sent out by the firm in question.

# QUITS HIS CHURCH AND WIFE.

### The Rev. Donald D. Donnan of Irving Park Resigns from the Ministry Because of Family Trouble.

The rectory of the Rev. Donald D. Donnan at Irving Park is closed and the Episcopal clergyman and his wife have left the suburb. They did not go together. After severing the ties that bound him to the church and his home the Rev. Mr. Donnan left the city, telling the clerk at the Brevoort House, where he stopped, that he would return in a few days. He declared that he had quit the ministry for good.

According to report, there has been an absence of congeniality in the pastor's home for some time. This condition, it is said, existed before he entered the ministry and remained after he became a clergyman. He married nineteen years ago, and for years was a trotting horse writer for the newspapers.

A few days ago Mr. Donnan went to Bishop McLaren and explained that the conditions of his life were not compatible with his duties as a minister and that he would like to be relieved of the Irving Park pastorate. His resignation was accepted.

Diamond rings, brooches, etc., on small monthly payments. Loftis Bros., 103 State street.

# FRENCH COUNT IN A CELL

## CLAIMS TO BE ON GOVERNMENT MISSION, BUT OWES HOTEL.

### Auditorium Annex Management Unable to Collect $300, So Sends Man to Station and Will Send Away His Wife and Children This Morning—Man Registers as Charles J. Francois de Neufchatel, Claiming to Be of Old Nobility.

Charles J. François de Neufchatel, who claims to be a French Count and to be here on a secret mission, was taken from apartments in the Auditorium Annex last night to a cell in the Harrison Street Station because he failed to pay a bill of $300 that he has run up at the hotel. His wife, who is a young English woman, and her two small children were permitted to stay at the hostelry until this morning, when it is said they will go to the home of friends on the South Side.

Neufchatel was taken into custody by Detective Frank Repetto of the Auditorium Hotel, who says he had given the man five days in which to settle his account. This time, he says, was enough to allow him to get money from abroad by cable.

Neufchatel, who speaks with a French accent, says that he has been traveling in America for three years and that he has a large business abroad with offices in France, Belgium, and Germany. In addition to pleasure touring he says he is discharging a secret mission for his government.

According to Repetto, the French Consul, M. Merou, looks with suspicion upon the papers the young man carries.

Neufchatel registered at the Annex three weeks ago. A week later his wife and the children joined him there. She, it is said, has been traveling through Canada. She said matters would be straightened out satisfactorily in a day or so.

The hotel management cabled last night to Oscar François, Brussels, Belgium, for $400 at the request of Neufchatel. He said that François was his business associate and that he would cable him money.

When told last night that the hotel authorities looked with some doubt on his papers the Count became indignant. He turned upon one of his inquisitors and declared that any insinuation of such a nature would result in a duel. Then he straightened up and declared that he has killed nine men and wounded seven with the sword. He will have a hearing in the Harrison street court this morning.

# DETECTIVE WORKED SO HARD BOARD CONDONED A "DRUNK."

### Edward Niland Confesses He Imbibed When Alderman Bought and Denies He Struck Prisoner.

Detective Edward Niland of the Thirty-fifth Street Police Station was let off yesterday by the Police Trial board with a fine of five days' pay. He had been charged with striking a prisoner, Charles Arcand, in the face, while intoxicated.

Niland admitted that he had drunk "his share" of three bottles of wine. In extenuation, however, he told the board that he had been working on one case, involving an Alderman's star, a day and a night, and was virtually off duty when he drank the wine.

"Because you let it go at part of three bottles," said Commissioner Ela, "having been at work a day and a night, and being virtually off duty, the board is inclined to let you off with a five days' suspension. Besides," he added, "you did well not to drink more when an Alderman was paying for it."

Patrolman William W. Scott of the Hyde Park Station was charged with failing to restore property which he had found. The board ordered his discharge from the police force.

# MINEHART AND WALKER NAMED IN TRUE BILLS.

### Indictments Voted by Grand Jury Against President and Secretary of Policyholders' National Union.

The grand jury yesterday voted indictments, charging obtaining money by false pretenses, against James T. Minehart and W. B. Walker, President and secretary respectively of the Policyholders' National union, which went into the hands of a receiver several weeks ago. The union, it is alleged, proposed to keep its clients informed of the reliability of companies in which they were insured, and sold for a consideration agency rights in outside territories.

J. L. Knoepfler, who claims to have purchased the general agency for Louisiana, Alabama, and Mississippi, was the complainant. He said that before he paid the concern $1,500 for the exclusive rights of these States Mississippi had been sold to several others persons, and after he purchased the supposed rights the State again was sold to another person.

Chauncey W. Walker, who was arrested here some days ago and taken back to New York on charges similar to those in this case, is said to be a brother of W. B. Walker.

# ROTHSCHILD CLERKS AT BALL.

### Annual Dance of Employes' Association, Held at Medinah Temple, Proves a Great Success.

Fifteen hundred employés of A. M. Rothschild & Co. were present last night at the annual dance of the A. M. Rothschild Mutual Benefit association, given at the Medinah Temple. Every employé is a member of the body. The dance was in charge of P. J. Dunne, manager of the store. Mr. and Mrs. S. Rich led the grand march. Refreshments were served at midnight.

**Judge Gibbons in Better Health.**

The alarming reports concerning the condition of Judge John Gibbons, who went West for his health some time ago, are denied in a note from him, received by the bailiff in his court, Deputy Sheriff P. W. Crowe. Among other things, Judge Gibbons says: "I make daily walks into the country and I have just returned from a long tramp."

# TURNS LIGHT ON PHILLIPS' CRASH

## Board of Trade Orders Special Committees to Make Formal Reports.

## RYE DEAL UNDER FIRE.

### Firms Suffering Losses Say Daring Young Speculator Faces a New Peril.

### MEMBER OUT FOR 30 DAYS.

George H. Phillips and his celebrated failure are to be officially investigated by the directors of the Board of Trade. For this purpose two distinct committees were appointed yesterday—one to turn its limelight on the failure proper and the other to deal with the sale of the Phillips line of rye, the property which broke the financial back of the young speculator.

This line of rye aggregated nearly 1,500,000 bushels, and on it there was an admitted loss of 5 cents a bushel. The failure was precipitated, it has always been claimed, by a sharp decline in the price of May rye, and Mr. Phillips' inability to put up margins called from him by members who had sold him the stuff.

The money loss distributed among the members of the Board of Trade by this failure and also among Phillips' customers was nearly $240,000. It was Mr. Phillips' second venture in the failure line, the first having been last August, when the losses were nearly $400,000. The first failure followed a successful deal in May corn, through which profits of about $300,000 were distributed throughout the country.

**Call a Halt on Failures**

The fact of one failure following so closely upon the heels of another has attracted a good deal of attention on 'Change, where a large share of the loss was sustained. Commission-houses where books are correctly kept and where balances are taken nightly to determine exactly the standing on the market, and where margins are actually in hand before the property is bought for a customer's account, have been unable to explain the two failures on any theory, except that of carelessnes of such a gross nature as to make the responsible party amenable to discipline. For in the minds of Board of Trade men who have successfully weathered a good many violent commercial storms there was a moral as well as a financial question involved.

This talk crystallized yesterday in the appointment of the committees, the fact of the appointment being announced by Vice President Adams after the meeting of the directors. The committees will begin the investigations at once, although the work before them is so vast, considering the condition of the books in the Phillips offices, that no report is expected for several weeks.

**Suspends Member Thirty Days.**

The directors took another important step in suspending "Sam" Wolff of the provision brokerage firm of Gregg & Wolff for a period of thirty days on charges of dishonorable conduct. The suspension lies against Mr. Wolff personally, his firm not being involved.

Complaint was made against Mr. Wolff by Irwin, Green & Co., and was the outcome of a provision trade on which the complainant firm received the check-slip in regular order of business and accepted it. Later, and through error, a duplicate slip was sent Irwin-Green. Although Mr. Wolff's trading card did not show a record of the second transaction, he entered it thereon, relying on the accuracy of the check-slip. The closing of the trade involved a loss of about $150, Mr. Wolff undertaking to hold Irwin-Green to the duplicated trade. For the clerical error Mr. Wolff's settling clerk was suspended the privileges of the floor for ninety days.

# LAWYER WOULD AMEND THE MANNERS OF THE JUDGES.

### Tells Members of the Bar Association That Standard of the Bench Should Be Raised—Carter Gives Advice.

"Improve the manners of the men on the bench," was the advice given the members of the Chicago Bar association at their monthly dinner at Kinsley's last night by Attorney John S. Miller. "How shall the Bar association increase its usefulness to the profession?" was the question under discussion.

"When a young lawyer at this bar," continued Mr. Miller, "the treatment I received from two Judges was such that I never have forgotten it. From one I received a rebuff, while Judge Rogers, then one of our best Judges, did me an act of kindness which is stamped in my memory.

"This association can do much to raise the standard of the bench, as it already has raised the standard of the bar. This association should not be used as an instrument for placing its members in judicial positions—the rules of this organization should prohibit that—but it can throw its influence against those aspirants for the bench who are unfit by training and temperament. It can do much to improve the manners of our Judges."

Judge Carter urged that the members of the association inquire into all proposed legislation and take active steps to defeat the passage of unwise laws. He also advocated that the association take an interest in public affairs.

Governor Yates was a guest at the dinner, but he left early in the evening. Judge Henry M. Shepard and Judge H. V. Freeman were among those who made addresses.

# KNIGHT'S PLAN TURNED DOWN.

### Evanston Council Refuses to Grant Request for Extra Policemen, Recording Defeat for Chief.

Chief of Police Knight met implied rather than actual defeat at the meeting of the Evanston City Council last night. After a short general session the Council went into Committee of the Whole to consider the annual budget, which contains, among other things, an appropriation for the salary of Chief Knight.

A letter from Chief Knight to the Finance committee, which makes up the budget, was read. It asked five extra policemen for a period of six months to aid in ridding the city of "blind pigs." Chief Knight offered to contribute half his salary, $750, toward paying the salary of these extra men. The proposition is said to have fallen flat by those Aldermen who would talk after the secret session. Moreover, two men allowed at a previous meeting were dropped.

The budget will come up at Thursday night's meeting and is likely to be passed as reported by the Finance committee. The attack on Chief Knight, however, is expected to come next Tuesday night, when it is said resolutions will be offered declaring vacant the office of Chief of Police and relegating his power to the Captain of police.

**Lighting War Expected in Waukegan.**

The Waukegan Council has granted a franchise to a new electric lighting company, and a lively rate war is expected between the competing concerns. The old company, at the same session of the Council, offered to sell its plant to the city if a satisfactory price could be agreed on.

**Two Cases of Smallpox Found.**

Two cases of smallpox were discovered yesterday afternoon, those of George Wright, 36 years old, and never vaccinated, 123 West Congress street, and of Margaret Martin, 4 years old, 10½ Seward street, who also had never been vaccinated. Each was taken to the Isolation Hospital.

# GREAT NATIONS DRAWN CLOSER.

## England Gratified at Effect of Reply to Question by Henry Norman.

## SHOWS REAL FRIENDSHIP

## Pall Mall Gazette Believes Colombia Will Behave If Panama Route Is Chosen.

## VICTORIA SERVICES HELD.

[Copyright: 1902: By the New York Tribune.]
[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Jan. 22, 3 a. m.—Henry Norman has been congratulated all round on the exceedingly interesting answer which he elicited from Lord Cranborne regarding the action of the British government at the outbreak of the Spanish-American war.

It had long been understood in this country that Lord Salisbury acted in a most friendly manner towards the United States, and the official statement which the Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs made in the House of Commons will, it is believed, strengthen those bonds of amity which are being slowly forged by the two great divisions of the Anglo-Saxon race. The Evening Standard says Lord Salisbury's attitude was something more than a diplomatic regard for the freedom of action of a friendly state; it was the expression of a deeper sentiment of kinship between those who have sprung from a common stock and whose past differences are being forgotten.

### Harcourt and Churchill Debate.

Winston Churchill and Sir William Vernon Harcourt lifted the debate in the House of Commons above the level of mediocrity last evening. When the junior member for Oldham rose to speak the House was crowded in a way some Cabinet Ministers might envy. He was not so brilliant as he has been on former occasions, but his speech was, notwithstanding, as impressive as the cogency with which it was enforced. Although opposing the Cawley amendment, he seized the opportunity to attack the War office for not sending Lord Kitchener more troops. Harcourt, who, as a parliamentary debater, is only equaled by Joseph Chamberlain, spoke for an hour in support of the amendment. He urged the government to encourage the Boers to make overtures for peace, and in regard to martial law he argued that it was a duty of the imperial Parliament to protect the constitution of self-governing colonies against the Colonial Secretary's arbitrary usurpation. He went out of his way to express agreement with the Rosebery policy.

### Cawley's Amendment Fails.

Cawley's amendment was rejected at midnight by 333 votes to 123.

The huge government majority was caused by the fact that all Nationalists and some of the pro-Boer Radicals and imperialist Radicals refrained from voting.

### Victoria Memorial Exercises.

Today is the first anniversary of the death of Queen Victoria, and memorial services were held yesterday at Westminster Abbey and St. Paul's Cathedral. At Frogmore special service will be held today, and it will be attended by the King, the Queen, the Prince and Princess of Wales, and other distinguished personages.

### Canal Decision Not Surprising.

The decision of the Isthmian Canal commission in favor of the Panama route does not occasion surprise here. The Pall Mall Gazette says: "The French company could not well help themselves, since they succeeded to the inheritance which had been mortgaged beyond redemption by rascality. Another organization or disorganization which will have to reconsider itself is the Republic of Colombia. When the United States takes the business in hand it will not tolerate party politics which take the explosive form of a pitched naval battle and the killing of the Governor."

### Fashionable Wedding at St. Paul's

A large and fashionable congregation assembled at St. Paul's Knightsbridge yesterday to witness the marriage of the Hon. Arthur O'Neill and Lady Annabel Crewe Milnes, eldest daughter of Lord Crewe. The ceremony was a brilliant one, and was conducted by the aged Archbishop of Armagh. Lord Crewe gave his daughter away, and his youthful appearance and the striking likeness of Lady Crewe to her father, Lord Rosebery, as she left church with him, were the subjects of much comment.

### Big Match Trust Forming.

Negotiations are on foot for the formation of a European union in the matchmaking industry, headed by Bryant & May and the Diamond Match company.

The deep sympathy of the council of the British Empire league has been conveyed to Mrs. Dobell and family in the bereavement which they have sustained by the death of the Hon. Richard Dobell, who took an active part in the work of the league as an original member of the Executive committee.

I. N. F.

"Bore Formalin" (Elmer & Amend), antiseptic dressing for burns, sores, cuts, bruises, or any similar accident or affliction.

## AMERICAN PROMOTER ARRESTED

### Charles Bright, Interested in Many Speculative Enterprises, Taken as Debtor in London

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Jan. 21.—Charles Bright, an American civil engineer, who is believed to be a Bostonian, and associated in commercial schemes with an American named Tandy, was arrested today on a debtors' warrant at the Hotel Cecil and was imprisoned in the Holloway jail.

Bright lately figured as a big Buenos Ayrean financier. He held several concessions from the Argentine government for the construction of water works, electric tramways, etc.

He resided for two years in Paris and at the Hotel Cecil, where he was a reputed millionaire. He entertained lavishly, but recently he appeared in the bankruptcy court. His liabilities are stated to amount to $1,000,000. Mr. Tandy is not involved in the proceedings.

## REMODEL REPUBLICS BUREAU.

### Organization Will in Future Be Under the Direct Control of Diplomatic Corps.

Mexico City, Jan. 21.—The plan for the reorganization of the bureau of American republics is completed. It places the bureau under the direct control of the diplomatic corps residing at Washington, with the Secretary of State as ex-officio chairman. Its chief feature, therefore, is to do away with the Executive committee of the bureau, formed by a limited number of members of the diplomatic corps at Washington and presided over by the Secretary of State.

## MARCONI'S FIANCEE HAS BROKEN WITH HIM.



There is much speculation as to the reasons for the breaking off of the engagement of Miss Holman to Sig. Marconi, the inventor of wireless telegraphy. The announcement was made in New York by Miss Holman's mother, who declined to add anything to the bare statement that her daughter had asked to be released from the engagement and that Sig. Marconi had consented.

## BOER PLEA MADE PUBLIC

### PRISONERS AT BERMUDA OFFER TO SWEAR ALLEGIANCE.

### Urge Prompt Ending of the War and Declare the Regaining of Independence Impossible—House of Commons Rejects by a Vote of 333 to 123 the Proposed Amendment to the King's Speech on the Policy of the Government.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Jan. 21.—The government has issued the text of the petition received from the Boer prisoners at Bermuda, which was referred to yesterday by Colonial Secretary Chamberlain in his speech in the House of Commons.

The petitioners say they are aware of the impossibility of the Boers retaining their independence and are averse to the continuance of the war, for which they blame those who are still fighting. At least 300 of the prisoners express their willingness to take the oath of allegiance to Great Britain, while the remainder are willing to take the oath of neutrality.

### King's Speech Not Amended.

The opposition amendment to the address in reply to the King's speech, practically censuring the government for its conduct of the war, was rejected by the House of Commons today by a vote of 333 to 123.

The division of the amendment illustrated the divisions in the opposition. Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the Liberal leader; Sir William Vernon Harcourt, John Morley, and Sir Charles Dilke supported it, as did Sir Henry Fowler, although some other Imperialists, including Sir Edward Grey and Richard Haldane, abstained from voting. Herbert Asquith was absent. All the Irish and extreme pro-Boers abstained from voting.

Sir Michael Hicks-Beach stated today that the cost of the war from April 1, 1901, the commencement of the current fiscal year, to Dec. 31 was $231,500,000.

### Congress Urged to Intervene.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 21.—Representative William Alden Smith of Michigan, a member of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs, today introduced a resolution directing the State department to request the British government to withhold the sentence of death passed on Commander Scheepers, who is about to be shot.

## TO CROWN ALFONSO ON MAY 17.

### Young King of Spain to Be Invested with Insignia on Sixteenth Anniversary of His Birthday

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Jan. 21.—The World says Alfonso XIII. will be crowned King of Spain at Madrid on May 17, on his sixteenth birthday. The Prince of Wales will represent King Edward VII., the Prince Consort will be present on behalf of Holland, Prince Adalbert of Prussia for Germany, the Grand Duke Alexis for Russia, the Archduke Frederick and the Archduchess Isabella for Austria, and the Duke and Duchess of Aosta for Italy. King Alfonso will visit the courts of Europe in 1903.

### Notes from Foreign Lands.

BERLIN—General Horace Porter, the United States Ambassador to France, and Mrs. Porter were presented at Emperor William's drawing-room. Emperor William did not speak a word during the presentations, which lasted an hour. He simply bowed automatically to each person.

BERLIN—Addressing the Association for Promoting Industry, Herr Moeller, the Prussian Minister of Commerce, foreshadowed the removal of trading restrictions on the boers.

NICE—Don Carlos, who received special authority from the French government to visit his son, Don Jaime, has arrived here. Don Jaime is improving.

## PRISONERS WERE SPIES

### COLUMBIA'S WEAKNESS REVEALED BY EXCHANGED MEN.

### Rebels Secured Valuable Information by This Means, So All Exchanges Are to Stop—General Garcia Chosen to Succeed Governor Alban, Who Was Killed in Engagement — Intrenchments Being Thrown Up to Head Off Attack by Land.

PANAMA, Colombia, Jan. 21.—The exchange of prisoners was responsible for yesterday's disaster to the government. From the former the revolutionists heard of the plans of the government. The Lautaro's circulating pump was out of order and it had no steam up when it was attacked by the Padilla.

The Padilla, which was recently painted white, so as to deceive the government officers as to its identity, advanced unrecognized to a spot about 300 meters from the Lautaro. It then began firing at the Lautaro. The position of the latter prevented it from using the two big guns mounted forward, but it returned the Padilla's fire with its small after guns. The gunner, however, was the first man killed. The foreign crew of the Lautaro refused to obey orders. General Alban, who displayed great courage, was shot off the steamer's deck.

### Garcia Succeeds Alban.

General Garcia, a veteran officer, has been appointed military commander of the district in succession to General Alban. Señor Arjona is the Civil Governor.

It is believed that the revolutionary warships were damaged.

The capture of Panama by the revolutionists is considered impossible, owing to the number of government troops here.

The revolutionists had seventeen wounded in yesterday's engagement. The number killed cannot be precisely ascertained. Of the government forces, five men were killed and four wounded.

### Revolutionists Are Gathering.

The revolutionists are reported to be at Los Llanos, eight miles from Panama.

Passengers who arrived here by the train leaving Colon this morning report having met a number of revolutionists at Gordona Station.

A spy sent by the revolutionary General Belisario Porras was captured here yesterday. Papers were found upon him which compromise certain important Liberals.

The government has issued a decree conferring honors upon General Carlos Alban, who was killed in yesterday's fighting in the bay.

### Government's Defense Measures.

COLON, Jan. 21.—The Colombian government is making every preparation, both here and at Panama, to repulse the land attack by the insurgents, which is momentarily expected. There are nearly 1,000 government troops at Panama under the command of General Garcia. Señor Arjona remains Civil Governor of this district pending the receipt of instructions from Bogota.

## "LA TERRE" PLAYED IN PARIS.

### Dramatization of Zola's Book Given a Rather Cool Reception by French Public.

PARIS, Jan. 21.—The dramatization of Zola's "La Terre" was produced at the Theater Antoine tonight. The dramatizers of Zola's work—M. St. Arroman and M. Charles Hugot—follow the lines of the novel closely, but the piece is more noteworthy as a succession of realistic pictures of French peasant life than for its dramatic interest and action. Hence it is not surprising that it failed to secure a successful reception from the first-nighters.

## PRINCE FEARS NO "REDS"

### ROYAL GUEST WILLING TO TAKE SAME RISK AS PRESIDENT.

### Reports That Chicago Anarchists Were Making Threats Cause Little Uneasiness in Berlin—Ambassador White Goes Over Maps of United States with Prince and Princess—Mayor Low Names Committee to Receive Guest in Metropolis.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

BERLIN, Jan. 21.—Interviews were had today with the best informed authorities here in regard to the story from Chicago that the Anarchists there had seized upon the occasion of Prince Henry's visit to that city to make threats against royalty, and that the German Consul at Chicago had informed the Mayor that unless sufficient protection was given the Prince's itinerary would be changed.

The officials who discussed the subject here said they believed the story was a fabrication designed to make the Prince uneasy and possibly deter him from visiting Chicago. It is asserted officially that while the Anarchists are likely to use the occasion for making a demonstration, all necessary precautions will be taken by the American police and that the Prince's visit to Chicago is settled. It is pointed out that Prince Henry would be the last man to shun a risk which the President must share.

### Study Maps at Embassy.

Prince and Princess Henry of Russia took tea yesterday afternoon at the American Embassy with Mr. White and examined charts connected with their coming trip. The Prince and Princess dine with the Ambassador next Friday. Among the guests who will meet them are Count and Countess von Bülow, the officers of Prince Henry's staff, and a few personal friends.

### France Shows Touch of Spite.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, Jan. 21.—The Temps prints an article this evening on the forthcoming visit of Prince Henry to the United States. It is couched in terms of admiration of America but suggests pin pricks in its political observations. The writer says that flattery has touched President Roosevelt's weak spot and that Americans love titles whether they are authentic or not authentic. An Italian Duke, a Spanish Marquis, a French Count, a German Baron, and especially an English Lord, can draw the money bags of the plutocrats with irresistible magnetism. "Still," reflects the writer, "America has the satisfaction of seeing England and Germany disputing for her favor."

### Conflicting Dates Unsettled.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 21.—The apparent conflict in the dates mentioned in the Washington and Berlin programs for the reception of Prince Henry is explained here by the statement that the Berlin authorities had before them when they made their statement only an original and tentative program, which was abandoned a day or two ago in favor of an arrangement that involves two trips of Prince Henry from New York to Washington and the launch of the Meteor on Feb. 25.

The committee in charge of arrangements tried hard to draw up an itinerary that would relieve the Prince of the necessity of making two trips between New York and Washington, but it has so far been unable to plan any other arrangement that would not involve an abandonment of social functions in either this city or New York.

The latest program was cabled to Berlin yesterday afternoon, and the committee here is waiting the approval of the Emperor and Prince Henry. If Berlin decides that the original program should be adhered to the committee here will amend the program to correspond, having in mind the fact that there are certain features, such as the date of launching, that may be regarded as fixed dates from reasons beyond their control.

### Low Announces Plans.

New York, Jan. 21.—[Special.]—Mayor Low announced today the names of the men whom he has selected to act on the Citizen's committee to take part in the welcome to Prince Henry of Prussia, when he arrives in this country to attend the launching of the German Emperor's yacht. In announcing the committee the Mayor made this statement:

"On the day of the launching of the Emperor's yacht, Feb. 25, the Mayor will give a dinner to the President and the Prince at the Metropolitan club. This will be followed by a gala performance of the opera, to be conducted through the cooperation of Mr. Grau, under the auspices of the committee herewith appointed.

"The dinner will be given by the Mayor personally, and the guests will be, in the main, those whom the official proprieties of the occasion indicate.

"In selecting the committee the Mayor has endeavored to name a body of men representing the public, press, education, science, literature, art, commerce, banking, manufacture, trade, transportation, medicine, and law.

"Any other arrangements that may prove desirable will be made by the committee."

### Members of Committee.

Some of the members of the committee are:

| | |
|---|---|
| Seth Low, Mayor, | Augustus St. Gaudens, |
| Edward M. Grout, | Robert A. Van Wyck, |
| Charles V. Fornes, | William C. Whitney, |
| George F. Baker, | William Zeigler, |
| August Belmont, | Felix Adler, |
| Emil L. Boas, | Cornelius N. Bliss, |
| Andrew Carnegie, | Archbishop Corrigan, |
| Samuel L. Clemens, | Clement A. Griscom, |
| George J. Gould, | Morris K. Jesup, |
| Henry O. Havemeyer, | John S. Kennedy, |
| Rev. R. S. MacArthur, | Daniel S. Lamont, |
| John A. McCall, | Dr. Charles McBurney, |
| Richard A. McCurdy, | Frederick MacMonnies, |
| J. Pierpont Morgan, | D. O. Mills, |
| Rev. C. H. Parkhurst, | Levi P. Morton, |
| Carl Schurz, | John D. Rockefeller, |
| Gustav H. Schwab, | William K. Vanderbilt. |

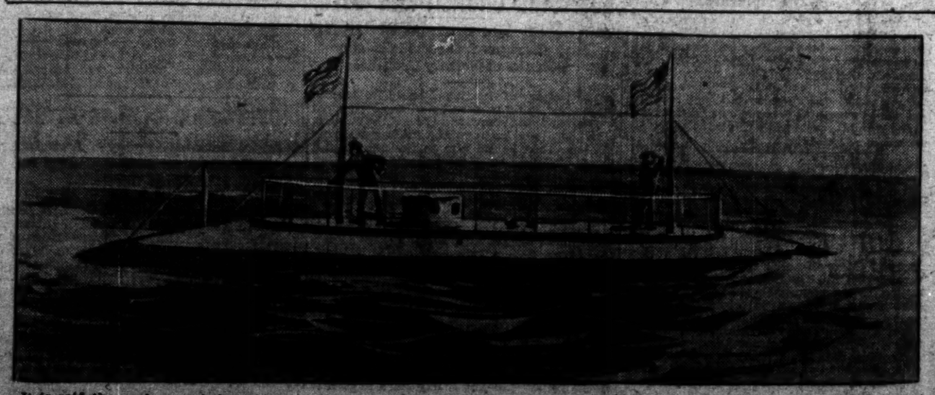
The German-American Republican Central Club of Cook County, at its annual meeting in the Grand Pacific Hotel last night, appointed a committee to represent the club at the entertainment of Prince Henry during his stay in Chicago. The committee appointed is Franz Amberg, Louis Klatler, O. L. Wullweber, and Emil Willwerth.

### Little Interest in Plebiscite.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Jan. 22, 3 a. m.—A dispatch to the Telegraph from Copenhagen says that less support than was expected is being given to the agitation for a plebiscite regarding the sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States. It is now regarded that no plebiscite will be taken.

## THE ADDER, AMERICAN SUBMARINE "PHENOMENON."



It is said the engineers of the Adder are able to bring it into position, fire a torpedo, and sink the boat out of sight in ten seconds. Five minutes has been considered good time for this perior of any submarine boat in the world. The official trial of the Adder is to take place within the next two weeks.

## DEBATE ALMOST LEADS TO DUEL.

### French Deputies Lose Their Tempers Over Budget and Seconds Hold Meetings.

## FIND NO MORTAL INSULTS

## Minister Delcasse Says Foreign Policy of Nation Has Raised Its Prestige.

## SEVERAL ITEMS ADOPTED.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, Jan. 21.—During the debate on the foreign estimates in the Chamber of Deputies M. Lasies (Anti-Semite) and M. d'Estournelles de Constant (Republican) took part in the discussion and in reply to M. Lasies M. d'Estournelles de Constant declared that he did not propose to be intimidated by any Nationalist.

This was taken as a personal insult by M. Lasies, who hastily summoned his friends, and, selecting two to act as seconds, sent them to wait upon the Republican Deputy.

The debate was in no way interrupted by the exchange of compliments between the seconds of the two speakers, but they found it difficult to arrive at a satisfactory conclusion as to whether the words of M. d'Estournelles de Constant constituted an insult justifying a resort to combat for settlement.

### Fight Idea Abandoned.

The seconds of M. d'Estournelles de Constant and M. Lasies, failing to agree as to whether the words constituted an insult, referred the question to arbitrators, who were unable to decide this point. The seconds then threw up their mission.

It is now said that M. Deschanel, the President of the Chamber, has decided to intervene and end the incident and that he has ordered the words of M. d'Estournelles de Constant to be suppressed from the report of the sitting.

### Foreign Policy Questioned.

The debate on the foreign estimates was opened by Count Boni de Castellane (Republican) asking for explanations of the government's policy. He complained that the French policy in China gave cause to doubt whether France had a comprehensive plan of diplomacy, as in the case of Russia, Germany, and Great Britain. The Deputy added that he would like to see imperialism exist in France as it did in Great Britain, Germany, and the United States.

M. d'Estournelles de Constant condemned the increase in armaments and the expansion policy, which, he said, multiplied the chances of conflicts and would lead to a frightful crash. He regretted that France had entered into an imperialistic policy in acquiescing to the Europeanization of China.

M. Lasies here interpellated a sarcastic remark, and M. d'Estournelles de Constant retorted, as already told.

M. Surcouf (Republican) asked the Foreign Minister, M. Delcasse, to put a stop to the threats against the French establishments on the French shore of New Foundland.

### Wants England Kept Away.

M. Etienne, Republican, made a long speech urging a more vigorous defense of French interests where they came in contact with those of Great Britain. He called attention to the efforts of Great Britain to supplant French influence on the Niger and in Abyssinia, Morocco, Siam, and the New Hebrides. France, he said, ought to closely watch the Persian Gulf.

Replying to questions, the Foreign Minister, M. Delcasse said France's position in the world was satisfactory. He recalled the signing of the Chinese protocol, which was to the honor of France, for France succeeded in inspiring confidence among the powers and in creating accord. France's position in Turkey was second to that of no other power. M. Delcasse recalled the success of the government's recent action towards Turkey, which, he said, had completely restored French influence.

Regarding various questions raised by M. Etienne, M. Delcasse replied that the government was closely watching all French interests. He spoke of the Franco-Italian agreement on the north African question, which had led to a complete understanding between the two powers, and said that the relations of France with the United States had become more friendly. The Foreign Minister also alluded to the Franco-Russian alliance, which was the result of perfect accord between the interests of France and Russia.

### Tells How Czar Was Impressed.

The Minister recalled France's recent enthusiastic welcome to the Czar, who was then enabled to see the daily increasing support which the French army and navy could give the alliance. The results achieved, said M. Delcasse in conclusion, were due to the constant support Parliament had given the government.

The Foreign Minister's statement was greeted with prolonged applause.

The Chamber then proceeded to discuss the various clauses of the estimate, several of which were adopted.

After a spirited debate on the subject the Chamber, on the demand of M. Delcasse, decided to maintain the appropriation for the French Embassy to the Vatican by a vote of 341 to 206. This appropriation had been suppressed by the Budget committee.

## KAISER'S GIFT TO BE LARGE.

### Harvard Will Receive a Most Valuable Collection When German Emperor Completes Plan.

BERLIN, Jan. 21.—The gift of Emperor William to Harvard University will be much larger than was at first supposed. The Emperor's gift consists of casts and some bronzes, illustrating every phase of the German plastic arts from the Romanesque period to the renaissance.

The casts number several thousand. The collection embraces casts of monuments and sculptures and architectural casts.

The entire cost of the collection will be defrayed from the Emperor's private purse, and is estimated at about half a million marks. The collection will require a special building.

## AUBREY DE VERE, POET, DEAD.

### Author of Irish Legends and Verses Dies at Home in County Limerick

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

DUBLIN, Jan. 21.—Aubrey Thomas de Vere, the poet, died at Curragh Chase, County Limerick, today.

Aubrey Thomas de Vere, the son of the late Sir Aubrey de Vere, was born in 1814. He was the author of many Irish poems and legends, picturesque sketches, and literary and ethical essays. His first poetry appeared in 1842 and his recollections in 1897.

NEW DEPARTURE.
The "Alton's"
MIDNIGHT SPECIAL
AS A THROUGH FAST TRAIN
TO KANSAS CITY
Lv. Chicago - 11:40 p. m.
Ar. Kansas City 8:15 p. m.
Sleeping cars, free chair cars & dining car service through every day.

Sleepers to California
Every Tuesday and Thursday, and on the latter day via
The True Southern Route.
The above new service is in addition to the long established 6:15 p.m. limited Kansas City train.
City Ticket Office—101 Adams-st.
Phone, Central 1767.

## JULES CAMBON DESCRIBES METHODS OF DIPLOMACY.

### Addresses New York State Bar Association at Its Annual Meeting in Albany —Goes to Reception Afterward.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 21.—The feature of the twenty-fifth annual meeting of the New York State Bar association was the gathering in Assembly Chamber this evening of a distinguished audience to greet the French Ambassador, M. Jules Cambon, and James M. Beck, Assistant Attorney General of the United States.

The French Ambassador's subject was: "Relations Between Diplomacy and Public and Private Law." He said in part:

"The fundamental duty of diplomacy is to enforce respect for the provisions of international law and to foster their continuous development, thereby rendering essential service to the advancement of civilization and strengthening the social bond which links together the nations of the world. While we are free to admit common rules in the domain of public law, we are forced to acknowledge there is nothing more mutable than private law, and the rule of diplomacy is to understand the divergence of these laws, to seek to reconcile them, and thus to endeavor to protect the rights of private parties even in a foreign land.

"We must aim," said M. Cambon, in concluding his address, "to destroy all those barriers between civilized nations which maintain between them a certain indefinable spirit of latent hostility, a lingering vestige of the old barbarism.

"While much still remains to be done, each day sees the nations grow more considerate of one another in their mutual intercourse. It is a notable fact that after the recent happenings in China, France returned to the Chinese government the works of art which had been shipped to her, while President Roosevelt has just restored to China a sum of $376,000 which had been seized in Tien Tsin. Such generous proceedings would have greatly astonished our ancestors."

After the meeting the visitors were given a reception at the Fort Orange club. Tomorrow they will be guests of Governor Odell at luncheon at the executive mansion.

## WILL BE PASSIONATE OR QUIT.

### Mrs. James Brown Potter Declines to Eliminate Emotional Acting in Part of Calypso.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Jan. 21.—Mrs. James Brown Potter has resigned her part as Calypso in the production of Stephen Phillips' "Ulysses" at Her Majesty's Theater on Feb. 1 owing to a disagreement between herself and Mr. Phillips regarding the rendering of the part. The actress says that Mr. Phillips told her at rehearsal that she did not realize his idea of Calypso, and adds:

"Calypso's great scene is a love scene occupying twenty-two minutes. I intended to play with all the passion and emotion of which I am capable. He objected, saying he did not want emotion and passion, only just clearly enunciated words, and desired that special attention be paid to the 'ands,' 'ifs,' and 'buts.'

"I have never played a love scene in that way, and do not intend to alter my methods now. Mr. Phillips also said that my voice could not be heard beyond the stalls, so I abandoned the part."

## SHIP POOL EXCLUDES GERMANY.

### Owners of Vessels Plying Between Great Britain and America Represented at London Meeting.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Jan. 22, 3 a. m.—The Express asserts that at an important meeting of transatlantic shipowners, held in London yesterday, all owners of vessels plying between Great Britain and America were invited to join a pool.

The Express names thirty lines concerned in the combination. It adds that one difficulty prevents an immediate settlement of the deal—viz.: the obstinacy of one small company, which refuses to join, two owners in Glasgow and Liverpool making their adhesion dependent upon this company's acquiescence. Some of the larger owners declare that its presence is not essential, and the difficulty will, perhaps, be removed by its absorption.

The paper adds that the German, French, Netherlands, and Scandinavian lines are excluded from the pool.

Good Food Will Cure Disease.
Use Grape-Nuts Nature's Food.
A good natural food that will correct constipation is a valuable thing. Grape-Nuts has that reputation among those that know. A lady writes from San Pedro, California, that after suffering a long time from indigestion and irregular bowels, she changed her food and used Grape-Nuts regularly. She says she immediately began to improve, and in a short time was entirely well. Commenting further, she says: "The only fault I find with it is that it is so good I want to eat it all the time.
"Please omit my name, but I will answer any letters if stamped envelope is enclosed." Name given by Postum Cereal Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

CATARRH
Catarrh has become such a common disease that a person entirely free from this disgusting complaint is seldom met with. It is customary to speak of Catarrh as nothing more serious than a bad cold, a simple inflammation of the nose and throat. It is, in fact, a complicated and very dangerous disease; if not at first, very soon becomes so.
The blood is quickly contaminated by the foul secretions, and the poison through the general circulation is carried to all parts of the system.
Salves, washes and sprays are unsatisfactory and disappointing, because they do not reach the seat of the trouble. S. S. S. does. It cleanses the blood of the poison and eliminates from the system all other foul secretions, and thus cures thoroughly and permanently the worst cases.
Mr. T. A. Williams, a leading druggist of Spartanburg, S. C., writes: "For years I had a severe case of nasal Catarrh, with all the disagreeable effects which belong to that disease, and which make life painful and unendurable. I used medicines prescribed by leading physicians and suggested by numbers of friends, but without getting any better. I then began to take S. S. S. It had the desired effect, and cured me after taking eighteen bottles. In my opinion S. S. S. is the only medicine now in use that will effect a permanent cure of Catarrh."

SSS is the only purely vegetable blood purifier known, and the greatest of all blood medicines and tonics.
If you have Catarrh don't wait until it becomes deep-seated and chronic, but begin at once the use of S. S. S. and send for our book on Blood and Skin Diseases and write our physicians about your case.
THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

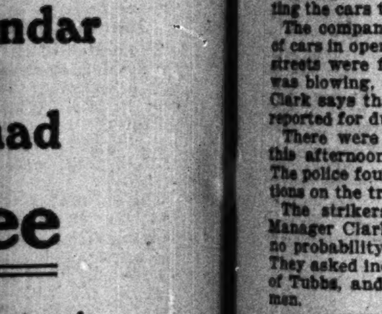
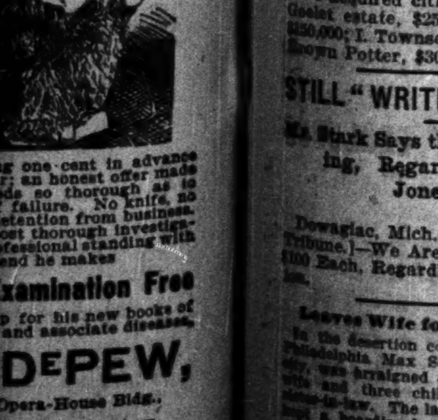
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WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY, ABLE-BODIED unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35, citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read, and write English. For information apply in person or by letter to Recruiting Officer, 194 South Clark-st., Chicago, Ill., or 16 Vermilion-st., Danville, Ill.

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# MINERS DECIDE TO INVESTIGATE.

## Charges of Concealing Shortage Preferred Against President and Others.

## STOPS CONVENTION WORK.

## Mitchell Demands a Probe and Young Woman Makes Public Accusation from Stage.

## ALL DENY THE ALLEGATIONS.

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 21.—[Special.]—President Mitchell of the United Mine Workers of America, Secretary-Treasurer Wilson, and the executive board were today charged with concealing the facts of the shortage of ex-Secretary-Treasurer Pearce and accused of having "willfully lied" before the miners' committee a year ago.

The charges were made in open convention and were read publicly by Miss Millie Meredith, formerly employed by the Mine Workers in the national office, and who was awarded a gold medal for discovering the Pearce shortage. Miss Meredith prepared the charges on the demand of President Mitchell, who requested an investigation of them before the convention proceeded to any other business.

The convention was divided on the question of investigation, but finally appointed a committee to investigate, and tonight the committee decided to make a complete examination of the books.

The unexpected announcement that the charges would be taken up caused a flurry of excitement. President Mitchell, in a voice full of emotion, addressing the convention, said:

"The election of officers was to have been the first thing on the program today, but I have to say with deep feeling and regret that charges have been made by Miss Millie Meredith, an ex-employé of the national office, affecting myself as President of the national body, against your national secretary, Mr. Wilson, and also against the National Executive board.

"The time has come for the election of national officers, and I am unwilling to have this proceed until these charges have been heard. I therefore ask the convention to hear these charges, and I ask William D. Van Horn of Indiana to take the chair while the charges are being heard."

### Miss Meredith Reads Charges.

Miss Meredith said she had prepared the charges in the form of a typewritten manuscript. The reading of the charges presented an unusual scene in a miners' convention. Miss Meredith stepped to the front of the platform and started to read, when there were cries of "Louder."

The charges concern the defalcation of ex-Secretary-Treasurer Pearce and allege that President Mitchell and Secretary-Treasurer Wilson did not give out all the facts concerning Pearce's actions, and that they "willfully lied" to the miners' committee a year ago.

An investigation of the books is demanded to see how much Pearce's defalcation was. Secretary-Treasurer Wilson denied the truth of the statement and said it was the outgrowth of spite.

President Mitchell made affidavit that the statement he made to the mine workers' convention a year ago was the truth, and the whole truth. He submitted the affidavit to the convention.

Following the conclusion of President Mitchell's statement there was a protracted discussion.

A resolution was offered expressing confidence in President Mitchell and the other accused officials and condemnation for Miss Meredith, but it was voted down, and National Organizer Evans submitted a substitute resolution calling for the appointment of a committee of seven to investigate all charges and report to the convention. This was adopted.

### Strikers Plan Big Boycott.

Terre Haute, Ind., Jan. 21.—[Special.]—The strike leaders deny that they will attempt to prevent the street railway company from operating its system, and say they depend entirely on the public boycotting the cars to win the strike.

The company had nearly the full number of cars in operation today, but, although the streets were filled with slush and a blizzard was blowing, people did not ride. Manager Clark says that a number of old men have reported for duty.

There were two riot calls for the police this afternoon on South Thirteenth street. The police found small boys placing obstructions on the track. The youngsters fled.

The strikers submitted a proposition to Manager Clark, but he told them there was no probability of serious consideration of it. They asked increased pay, the reinstatement of Tubbs, and that stools be allowed motormen.

# JUSTICE SETS THOMAS FREE.

## Man Charged with Murder of Mabel Schofield at Des Moines, Ia., Is Discharged Despite Protests.

Des Moines, Ia., Jan. 21.—[Special.]—Charles Thomas, charged with the murder of Mabel Schofield, was discharged this afternoon on motion of the defendant. The motion was made on two counts, first, that the evidence failed to establish the allegations in the information, and, second, that if Mabel Schofield was murdered the evidence did not prove Thomas was concerned in it.

This motion was sustained by Justice Dunn in spite of a strong plea by the prosecution. Thomas was discharged, although an effort probably will be made to have him indicted by the grand jury.

# NOW RHODE ISLAND CITIZENS.

## Mrs. William Astor and Other Wealthy New-Yorkers Are Given Chance to Reduce Taxes.

Newport, R. I., Jan. 21.—[Special.]—In the common pleas division of the Supreme Court this morning Justice J. Blodgett granted certificates of citizenship to Caroline W. Astor (Mrs. William Astor), William E. Schermerhorn, Samuel E. Huntington, and Hamilton Fish Webster. None of the applicants appeared in person, but presented their cases on depositions. Within two years Rhode Island has taken a dozen wealthy citizens away from New York. The personal property tax of some of those who have acquired citizenship here are: Robert Goelet estate, $250,000; Elbridge T. Gerry, $250,000; I. Townsend Burden, $50,000; James Brown Potter, $30,000.

# STILL "WRITING" AT DOWAGIAC

## Mr. Stark Says the Check Mill Is Grinding, Regardless of "Com." Jones' Opinion.

Dowagiac, Mich., Jan. 21.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—We Are Still Writing Checks for $100 Each, Regardless of Com. Jones' Opinion. E. B. STARK.

### Leaves Wife for His Sister-in-Law.

In the desertion court before Judge Beitler at Philadelphia Max Schiller, a machinist of this city, was arraigned on a charge of deserting his wife and three children and eloping with his sister-in-law. The latter is a widow and formerly kept a boarding-house here. Schiller was ordered to pay $7 a week to his wife.

### Young Boys Run Away from Home.

The police of South Chicago have been asked to search for three boys, missing from their homes since Monday morning. They are Richard Littler, 13 years old, 437 Seventy-third street; William ..., 12 years old, 223 Seventy-sixth street; Frank Nunnheur, 14 years old, Seventy-fifth street and Coles avenue.

# STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS, SENATOR'S SON, WEDS.




Stephen A. Douglas, a son of the ante-bellum Senator from Illinois, has become a Benedict. On Monday he married Mrs. Agnes MacDowell, the ceremony being performed by the Rev. C. M. Merton at Oak Park. Mr. Douglas is 51 years of age and his bride 27. They have gone on a honeymoon trip to Florida, and will return to Chicago early in February. Mr. Douglas has been connected with Alderman John J. Coughlin in the banking and mortgage brokerage business for some time. He served as a Master in Chancery in Chicago in 1880. In 1891 Mayor Washburne appointed him to a position as prosecuting attorney. For some time Mr. Douglas has had little to do with politics.

# ROBBER CHOKES A WOMAN

## MRS. CHARLES CEKANDER ATTACKED IN HER OWN FLAT.

## Returns from Shopping Tour and Discovers the Marauder at Work, Then He Attacks Her and Flees with Purse Containing $7 — Hyde Park Police Surround House and Catch Two Men Who Confess to Various Burglaries—Bellboy Arrested for Theft.

Mrs. Charles Cekander reported to the police yesterday that she returned from a shopping trip on Monday afternoon just in time to encounter a robber in her own flat, 135 La Salle avenue. The man, said Mrs. Cekander, was examining the contents of a table drawer when she interrupted him; then, abandoning his researches, he turned his attention to the woman, beating and choking her. The burglar secured Mrs. Cekander's purse, containing $7, then ran out the door and down the street. Mrs. Cekander screamed and followed the man, she says, but failed to attract any attention until after the fellow had disappeared.

### Burglars Caught at Work.

While two burglars were ransacking the residence of J. Nichols, 5137 Lexington avenue, the Hyde Park police surrounded the building and arrested Edward Fix and Edward Harris. The prisoners have confessed to Lieutenant Wood that they have committed several burglaries in the district.

### Thieves Get an Heirloom.

When burglars entered the residence of Gustave Norstrom, at 1128 Washington boulevard, and took silverware valued at $300 they carried away one spoon which Mr. Norstrom valued more highly than all the rest of the property. The spoon had been in the family more than 200 years, and so desirous is Mr. Norstrom to recover the relic that he has advertised in the newspapers offering $15 reward for its return. The spoon was given to Mr. Norstrom last summer in Malms, Sweden, by his mother.

### Says Bellboy Stole Diamond.

A. H. Larkin, a bellboy at the Auditorium Hotel, was arrested yesterday while he was attempting to pawn a $500 diamond which he is charged with having stolen in Minneapolis while employed at the West Hotel. J. P. Gray, a traveling man for a Chicago firm, is the complainant. The police say young Larkin confessed.

### Hapless "Hy" Williams.

Waite Crowley, alias "Hy" Williams, colored, was arrested yesterday by the East Chicago avenue police on the charge of imposing on the charitably inclined. This letter was found in the prisoner's possession:

Henry Williams got burned out last Saturday and his 2-year-old child got burnt mighty badly and has lost everything he had in this world. Please help him.
ELDER HENRY, Bethel Church.

The police say the letter is bogus.

# ONWENTSIA WANTS FOX HUNTS.

## Plan Proposed at Annual Meeting and Generally Indorsed—A. L. Baker Elected President.

"Riding to hounds" with foxes instead of the paper chase is expected to be on the Onwentsia club's program in the near future. At the annual meeting yesterday afternoon the plan was discussed on the suggestion of Arthur T. Aldis, the retiring President. Mr. Aldis said the club should take steps to get a pack of hounds to be used in this sport.

It was agreed that the proposition should be taken up at the next meeting of the governors.

Six members of the Board of Governors were elected, five to replace members whose terms expired and one to succeed A. B. Dick, resigned. The new members are:

Frederick C. Aldrich, Clive Runnells, Thomas Taylor Jr., Frank H. Jones, H. C. Chatfield-Taylor, Solomon Sturges.

The holdover members of the board are:

Howard F. Gillette, W. Vernon Booth, David R. Forgan, R. M. Bissell, Leroy W. Fuller, Francis C. Farwell, Alfred L. Baker, John Lowe, Herman B. Butler.

When the new governors had been elected they chose the following officers:

President—Alfred L. Baker.
Vice Presidents—Richard M. Bissell, Frank H. Jones.
Treasurer—John W. Lowe.
Secretary—Francis C. Farwell.

Frank H. Jones was reappointed chairman of the House committee.

The club now has 320 regular members. Fourteen are on the waiting list.

# TO TAKE GRACE CHURCH PULPIT

## Freeborn G. Jewett of Albany Appointed Priest in Charge Pending Selection of Permanent Rector.

Since it has been decided that Grace Church will send no call to the Rev. Mr. Barr of Norfolk, Va., the Rev. Freeborn G. Jewett Jr. has been appointed priest in charge till the election of a permanent rector.

Mr. Jewett was born in 1866, graduated from Williams College in 1882, and from Berkeley Divinity School in 1891. He became assistant to the late Dr. J. L. Reese, rector of St. Paul's Church, Albany, N. Y., in June, 1891, and became rector in January, 1892. In 1900 he resigned to travel abroad and study. He has a wife and two children.

He will arrive in Chicago on Friday, Jan. 24, and take charge of all the services.

# SONS OF NEW YORK BANQUET.

## Large Attendance of Former Empire State Residents at the Palmer House.

The eleventh annual banquet of the Sons of New York was held at the Palmer House last evening with a large attendance. Among those present were Frederick S. Thatcher, President of the society; William G. Hibbard, Vice President; W. S. Elliott, Second Vice President; J. Irving Pearce, Potter Palmer, La Verne W. Noyes, Charles T. Wilt, Edward E. Wilt, John B. Paine, and Fernando Jones. President Thatcher spoke briefly of the origin of the society, and then introduced Judge Frank Baker. He was followed by Judge Horton and by Dr. Milton S. Terry of the Garrett Biblical Institute.

# JUNIOR "PROM" AT YALE

## SOCIAL WEEK CLOSES WITH BRILLIANT EVENT.

## Society Girls from All Over United States Dance at New Haven with the Students—Many Chicagoans Attend Annual Function of College—Two Thousand Couples in Grand March—C. J. Hamlin and Miss Grey of Buffalo Lead.

New Haven, Conn., Jan. 21.—[Special.]—In the dingy old Second Regiment Armory, transformed by evergreen, bunting, and flowers, the "Prom" girl of 1902 danced away the last and grandest event of Yale's social week—the Junior Promenade.

Thousands of yards of yellow and blue bunting hid the rafters and bare walls of the building; tapestries, palms, and miles of smilax, interwoven about the massive girders, made the interior resemble a colossal bower. Sixty boxes were constructed around the floor and two bands sent forth a blare of music from 9 o'clock, when the dancing began, till daybreak.

### Four Thousand Dancers on Floor.

Nearly 2,000 couples were on the floor when Chauncey J. Hamlin, the floor manager for the Junior Promenade committee, formed the grand march, with Miss Emily Grey of Buffalo as his partner. They were followed by Albert Lamb of Waterbury, Conn., chairman of the Junior Promenade committee, dancing with Miss Betty Brooks of Germantown, Pa. Clive Duval of Washington, secretary of the committee, followed with his partner, Miss Pansy Roosevelt of New York.

In the box of President Hadley were Mrs. Hadley, Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, Miss Mildred Stokes, and Miss Anna Fisher of New York, and Secretary Anson Phelps Stokes Jr. of the university. Mrs. John Sloane and Miss Sloane of New York, and Mrs. H. C. Duval of Washington, Mrs. A. M. Dodge, Mrs. C. Howard Russell, and Mrs. Joseph B. Thomas of New York, and Mrs. Ashbel P. Fitch of New York were among the society dowagers in the Junior Promenade committee's box.

### Buds Among the Guests.

Among the dancers were L. A. Howard with Miss Alice Bond of Honolulu; J. W. Reynolds with Miss Julie Knapp of St. Louis; C. W. Littlefield with Miss Caroline Littlefield of Rockland, Me.; Winthrop Murray Crane Jr. with Miss Edith Eaton of Pittsfield, Mass.; J. S. Garvan with Miss Harriet M. Hazard of Peacedale, R. I.; H. S. Sherman with Miss Pauline Pratt of Dayton, O.; H. S. Stone with Miss Rhoda Stone of Syracuse, N. Y.; R. H. I. Goddard with Mrs. Madeline Goddard of Providence; W. F. Roberts with Miss Daisy Stewart of Atlanta; A. H. Bill with Miss Florence D. Reid of Fairbault, Minn.; W. A. Blount with Miss Ethel Haynie of St. Paul; P. J. Cronan with Miss Marion L. Aldrich of Evanston, Ill.; Thomas Hooker Jr. with Miss Alice Runnell of Chicago; E. C. Ostby with Miss Janet Gilfillan of Minneapolis; H. B. Vandeventer with Miss Ethel Hulburt of Chicago; and Kieth Smith with Miss Effie B. Smith of Chicago.

# TERMS WITH PRESSMEN MADE.

## Publishers and Union Committees Reach an Agreement Which Will Be Submitted for Ratification.

After a twelve-hour session a committee of the National Publishers' association and the officers of the International Printing Pressmen's union came to an agreement yesterday. It will be signed today and then submitted to the convention of the publishers on Feb. 19 and to a vote of the union. Should it be accepted by both it will go into force on May 1. It is stated that the men are willing to concede the employment of a nonunion foreman in the pressrooms, that they will call off all boycotts, and that the publishers do not have to employ union help unless they desire, but that if they do not they cannot receive the benefits of arbitration.

Before daylight yesterday morning eighteen non-union machinists were smuggled into the Twelfth street plant of the Allis-Chalmers company. The pickets were not on duty when the men marched into the shops and took their places at the lathes and furnaces. The newcomers are machinists, molders, and blacksmiths.

They were sent to Chicago from Philadelphia and New York, where the company has opened employment bureaus under the auspices of the National Metal Trades association. They arrived in Chicago on Monday night and stopped at the Garden City Hotel. At 5 o'clock yesterday morning they left for the plant, reaching it at 6.

# MAYOR IN ALDERMANIC CANVASS

## Mr. Harrison Says He Will Try to Defeat Unfit Candidates—State Committee Criticised.

Mayor Harrison declares that he will again pursue the policy of taking an active interest in Aldermanic elections. He said yesterday that his chief aim in the coming election would be to throw the weight of his influence in favor of good men for the Council.

"Where it appears that efforts will accomplish results I shall take part in the campaign," the Mayor said. "It is always important to have as many good men as possible elected to the Council, and where there is a show of beating some fellow who is not fit to be in the Council I shall go out against him."

The action of the Democratic State committee in deciding it has the right to call primaries is termed "undemocratic" by the City Hall faction.

"It has always been considered the right of local bodies to have jurisdiction over their own districts," said Mayor Harrison. The courts probably will settle the question.

# RUNAWAY TRAIN KILLS FOUR.

## Car on Which They Are at Work Is Wrecked by Engine Sliding Down a Decline.

Williamsport, Pa., Jan. 21.—Four men were instantly killed on the log railroad today of the Lackawanna Lumber company at Cross Fork, Potter County. The men were loading logs on a car when a runaway train came down the incline road and crashed into the car upon which the men were.

# IOWA TO REFORM TAX LAW

## SENATE LEADER PAVES WAY TO CHANGE RAILWAY LEVY.

## Houses Ballot Separately for Senators, Majority Party Vote Going to Allison and Dolliver—Herriot Announces Senate Committees and Gives Reason for Putting Ways and Means and Judiciary Into Hands of Men Favoring Changes in Assessments.

Des Moines, Ia., Jan. 21.—[Special.]—The Houses of the Iowa Legislature today balloted separately on candidates for United States Senator, but the feature of the day's session was the action of President Herriott of the Senate in announcing standing committees. President Herriott gave special recommendations to the Committees on Ways and Means and Judiciary, urging the necessity of reform in taxing railroads and other corporations, and he made up the committees of men holding reform views on the subject. President Herriott appointed a new committee, to be known as the Committee on Telephones and Telegraphs, to deal with taxation and other matters.

The balloting on Senators was without the interesting feature of a joint convention, there being little speechmaking. Allison and Dolliver were nominated by a strictly party vote. The Senate and House will hold a joint session tomorrow and will then take a joint ballot, after which formality certificates of election will be issued to Allison and Dolliver.

### Changes in Other Committees.

President Herriot's communication contained suggestions looking to a better arrangement of the committees in the matter of their rank. The Committee on Agriculture was advanced and enlarged from eleven to sixteen members because the predominant interests of the taxpayers are in the farm, dairy, and industries subsidiary thereto; the Public Libraries committee was increased from five to eleven members for the reason the number and influence of public libraries have greatly increased the desirability of promoting them; the Committee on Rules was increased from five to nine and the Committee on Fish from three to five because in the judgment of the President they would thus better serve the purpose for which they were created.

### Dawes Talks on Currency.

Galesburg, Ill., Jan. 21.—[Special.]—Charles G. Dawes, candidate for the United States Senate, passed the afternoon and evening here.

This evening Mr. Dawes made the chief address at the annual banquet of the Galesburg club. His theme was asset currency, and his address was largely a repetition of his well known views. He was received with enthusiasm.

He declared himself in favor of an emergency circulation unsecured by bonds, but subject to so large a tax that it not only be made safe, but cannot be used as an instrument of current business.

### Yates Guard on Parade.

Centralia, Ill., Jan. 21.—[Special.]—The Yates guard was out to meet Congressman Hopkins this afternoon. The Senatorial aspirant was accompanied by ex-Sheriff Robert Burke of Aurora and Editor Hemmons of the Elgin Courier.

### Reorganization in Indiana.

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 21.—[Special.]—The Republican State committee met this afternoon and reorganized by the election of James P. Goodrich of Winchester, chairman, George W. Self of Corydon as Vice Chairman, and Henry W. Bennett of Indianapolis Treasurer.

The contest for secretary was so determined that no choice was made, and the committee adjourned to meet again next Thursday to continue balloting. The candidates are Charles S. Haas, Will H. Whittaker, and O. M. Tichener. Efforts were made during the day to persuade Warren Bigler, present secretary, to again accept the office, but he declined, having pledged his support to Haas, who is his business partner at Wabash.

### New Tax Measures in Ohio.

Columbus O., Jan. 21.—Two important tax bills, indorsed by Governor Nash, were introduced in the Legislature today. One provides for an annual tax of one-tenth of 1 per cent upon the authorized capital stock of all Ohio corporations and upon the proportion of capital stock of foreign corporations represented by property or business in Ohio.

The other law increases the excise tax from one-half to 1 per cent upon the gross receipts of electric light, gas, pipe line, railroad, electric railway, express, telegraph, telephone, and messenger and signal companies.

# LUMBERMEN BURNED TO DEATH IN CAMP HOUSE.

## Seven Said to Have Perished in Flames at Otter Creek Workings in West Virginia—Attempt to Burn Down Town.

Fairmont, W. Va., Jan. 21.—Seven men burned to death in a lumber camp, and an attempt to burn up a town over a "speak easy" controversy make up part of the day's fire disasters so far reported.

The men burned to death were lumbermen in Camp No. 5 of the Otter Creek company. The men were all in bed in a big two-story log house on the company property. The fire started about 4 o'clock, and before the men could get out several of them were suffocated by smoke. Quite a number of the men reached the windows and jumped out, injuring themselves seriously. Seven were unable to get out of the shanty and were burned to death in the sleeping-room.

At Shinnston, just on the Ohio line, incendiaries made deliberate attempts to burn the entire town.

Houses had been set on fire in various parts of town at the same time, but by hard work the citizens prevented a spread and saved the entire village from burning.

The trouble at Shinnston is ascribed entirely to the liquor question which has caused much feeling there.

# ST. LOUIS MAN, DEFEATED IN ELECTION, COMMITS SUICIDE.

## W. H. Hoffmeister, Beaten for Supreme Recorder of Legion of Honor, Kills Himself by Shooting.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 21.—William H. Hoffmeister of St. Louis, who was defeated last night for reëlection as Supreme Recorder of the Legion of Honor, committed suicide at the Planters' Hotel today by shooting himself. The only witness was George M. Ackley of Kansas City.

Mr. Hoffmeister was defeated last night by C. R. T. White after a sensational contest.

George W. Teasdale said: "I wish to contradict a rumor which has already become current relating to Mr. Hoffmeister's accounts. His accounts were investigated by the Executive committee and the Auditing committee of the Supreme Council and were found to be in good shape."

Mr. Hoffmeister was 40 years old. He had held the office of Supreme Recorder for thirteen years. His wife is in New York visiting a sister.

## OBITUARY.

SIGISMUND W. ERRANT, who died at his residence, 5402 Kimbark avenue, on Monday evening, had lived in Chicago since 1873. Mr. Errant was born in Germany in 1821 and came to this country when about 25 years old. He established a business in Lumberton, N. C., and lived there until the outbreak of the civil war. Since living in Chicago and up to ten years ago Mr. Errant was occupied as an accountant. His widow, Mrs. Amalia Errant, and two sons survive him. Joseph W. Errant, founder of the Bureau of Justice, and Charles J. Errant, a contractor, are his sons.

MISS FREIDRIKA VOGELMAN, Chicago, will be buried this afternoon at 1 o'clock from the residence of Mrs. L. W. Borsen, 15 South Center avenue. Miss Vogelman, who was a native of Germany, was in America preparing herself to be a missionary. She had not a relative in this country.

# MAN IS NAMED IN RICHARDSON CASE

## Trial of Missouri Woman, Charged with Killing Husband, Has Sensation.

## THEORY OF STATE GIVEN.

## Intimated That Wife Conspired with Another Person to Murder Rich Merchant.

## WITNESSES AID DEFENSE.

St. Joseph, Mo., Jan. 21.—[Special.]—The trial of Mrs. Addie L. Richardson at Plattsburg had proceeded but a short time today when a sensation was sprung by Prosecuting Attorney Booher, who asked Witness J. G. Ellis, who lived near the Richardson home at the time of the murder of Frank W. Richardson in Savannah on Dec. 24, 1900:

"Did you ever see Mrs. Richardson and Stewart Fife together?"

The defense objected vigorously and the jury was excused while the point was being argued. It was claimed that Stewart Fife was not on trial and should not be brought into the case at all. Judge Burns stated that he would rule upon the objections of Mrs. Richardson's attorneys tomorrow.

It is evident that the theory of the State is that Stewart Fife and Mrs. Richardson connived to kill Richardson. The State is attempting to prove Mrs. Richardson is the murderer of her husband and also that she is guilty of being an accessory. This, too, is objected to by the attorneys for the defendant, who assert that the State should elect on which theory it will try the case.

### States Story of Murder.

In his statement to the jury Prosecuting Attorney Booher, after reciting the preparations that had been made by the Richardsons to attend the Christmas entertainment and of Mrs. Richardson's notifying her husband by telephone that she had concluded not to go, said:

"When Richardson left the store it was ten minutes before 9 o'clock. Ten minutes later the news came back there that he was dead. An arc light is in the street at the corner of Christian ridge and Market street. The light from it shone into the Richardson hallway and the south room. The light was turned on that night. When the police arrived at the Richardson house they found Mr. Richardson dead, with his head in the hallway. The evidence will show there was a spot of blood inside the room. His cigar was in the room. So far as the State knows now only one person was in the room at the time Richardson was killed. That person was the defendant.

### Brings Clerk Into Case.

"The State will show as a motive for this that the defendant was unduly infatuated with a young man who was a clerk in that store. It will show that Richardson remonstrated with her time after time. This clerk left the store at 7 o'clock that evening and was seen at King's corner, two blocks from the Richardson home, later. He was first seen after the murder by a man in W. B. Limerick's drug store walking west with his overcoat on his arm. This man saw him coming in the direction of the alley by Philips' livery barn."

### Testimony of the Witnesses.

Mrs. Kerr, next door neighbor of the Richardson's, to whose house Mrs. Richardson went to telephone before and after the killing, testified that she heard a peculiar sound, after which she heard the sound of buggy wheels driving away. Although Mrs. Kerr was subponæd by the State, she proved a strong witness for the defense. Her testimony had a tendency to revive one of the earliest theories advanced, that Richardson was shot by some one who drove away in a vehicle.

Mr. Crowley told of going with Richardson from his home early in the evening to Richardson's store. The children had gone to the entertainment and Mrs. Richardson remained alone. He was at the house after the murder and said Mrs. Richardson was prostrated. He told of making an examination of the premises and of discovering fresh buggy tracks in the snow.

## HEALTH DEPARTMENT ON CITY WATER.

| GOOD | BAD | USABLE | BAD |
|---|---|---|---|
| LAKE VIEW. | CHICAGO AVE. | 14th ST. | HYDE PARK. |

Central Park avenue and Rogers Park stations usable; Austin station, good.

Lake View station supplies all territory north of Fullerton avenue. Chicago avenue station supplies all territory between Fullerton avenue and Kinzie street. Fourteenth street station supplies all territory between Kinzie and Thirty-ninth streets, and Hyde Park all territory south of Thirty-ninth street except the Stock-Yards.

## FOREIGN MAIL SCHEDULE.

FOREIGN MAILS WILL CLOSE AT THE CHICAGO Postoffice today, Jan. 22, as follows:
For Switzerland, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt, Greece, British India, Belgium, and Cape Colony, 4:30 p. m.
For Jamaica, via New York, 12 p. m.
For Cuba, via Tampa, 6 p. m.
For Alaska, 9 p. m.
For Costa Rica, 5 p. m.
F. E. COYNE, Postmaster.

## OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., Jan. 21.—Forecast: Illinois and Indiana—Fair on Wednesday and Thursday, fresh northerly winds, becoming variable.

| Place of observation. Time taken: Jan. 21, 8 p. m. | Thermometer | Max. temp. | Direction of wind | Precipitation 24 hours | State of weather |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Abilene | 44 | 48 | N.W. | .... | Clear |
| Albany | 30 | 32 | N. | .04 | Sleet |
| Alpena | 24 | 30 | N. | .05 | Clear |
| Atlanta | 36 | 40 | N.W. | .42 | Clo'dy |
| Amarillo | 36 | 42 | S. | .... | Fair |
| Battleford | 28 | 30 | N.W. | Tr. | Clo'dy |
| Bismarck | 24 | 30 | S. | .... | Clear |
| Buffalo | 32 | 32 | N.E. | .51 | Snow |
| Boston | 38 | 38 | E. | Tr. | Rain |
| Cairo | 36 | 36 | N.W. | .02 | Clo'dy |
| Calgary | 18 | 32 | W. | .... | Clear |
| Charlotte | 32 | 38 | S.W. | .26 | Clo'dy |
| Cheyenne | 30 | 30 | S. | .... | Clo'dy |
| Chicago | 32 | 34 | N.E. | .13 | Clo'dy |
| Cincinnati | 30 | 38 | N. | .03 | Snow |
| Cleveland | 30 | 32 | N. | .16 | Snow |
| Concordia | 26 | 32 | S.E. | .04 | Clo'dy |
| Davenport | 32 | 36 | W. | .11 | Clo'dy |
| Denver | 34 | 40 | N.E. | .... | Fair |
| Des Moines | 28 | 32 | E. | .08 | Clear |
| Detroit | 30 | 30 | N.E. | .18 | Clo'dy |
| Dodge City | 34 | 42 | S. | .... | Fair |
| Dubuque | 34 | 36 | N.W. | .18 | Clo'dy |
| Duluth | 26 | 30 | S.W. | .02 | Fair |
| El Paso | 46 | 52 | E. | .... | Clo'dy |
| Edmonton | 22 | 32 | S. | .... | Clear |
| Galveston | 54 | 56 | N.W. | .... | Clear |
| Grand Haven | 30 | 34 | N. | .14 | Clo'dy |
| Green Bay | 30 | 32 | N. | .02 | Clo'dy |
| Havre | 28 | 30 | N.W. | .04 | Snow |
| Helena | 28 | 32 | N. | .... | Clo'dy |
| Huron | 22 | 32 | S.E. | .... | Clo'dy |
| Indianapolis | 30 | 34 | N.W. | .34 | Clo'dy |
| Jacksonville | 52 | 68 | W. | .02 | Clo'dy |
| Kansas City | 32 | 32 | N.W. | .06 | Clear |
| Lander | 22 | 30 | S. | .... | Clear |
| Little Rock | 38 | 40 | N.W. | Tr. | Clo'dy |
| Los Angeles | 54 | 64 | S.W. | .... | Clear |
| Marquette | 22 | 32 | S.W. | .01 | Clo'dy |
| Memphis | 38 | 40 | N.W. | .10 | Clo'dy |
| Medicine Hat | 26 | 32 | W. | Tr. | Clo'dy |
| Minnedosa | 24 | 28 | W. | .24 | Clo'dy |
| Montgomery | 40 | 52 | N.W. | .46 | Clo'dy |
| Montreal | 24 | 28 | N.E. | .28 | Snow |
| Nashville | 34 | 42 | N.W. | .63 | Clo'dy |
| New Orleans | 46 | 50 | N.W. | Tr. | Clo'dy |
| New York City | 46 | 48 | E. | .08 | Rain |
| Norfolk | 54 | 56 | S.E. | 1.01 | Clo'dy |
| North Platte | 32 | 36 | S.E. | .... | Fair |
| Oklahoma | 38 | 42 | N. | .... | Clear |
| Omaha | 30 | 34 | S.W. | Tr. | Fair |
| Oswego | 32 | 34 | N.E. | .60 | Clo'dy |
| Palestine | 46 | 50 | N.W. | .... | Clear |
| Parkersburg | 34 | 36 | N.W. | .44 | Clo'dy |
| Philadelphia | 44 | 52 | E. | .54 | Rain |
| Pittsburg | 38 | 38 | N. | .34 | Rain |
| Pueblo | 36 | 42 | E. | .... | Clear |
| Qu'Appelle | 22 | 28 | N.W. | .... | Clo'dy |
| Rapid City | 28 | 32 | N.W. | .... | Clear |
| San Francisco | 50 | 52 | S.E. | .10 | Rain |
| St. Louis | 36 | 36 | N.W. | .30 | Clo'dy |
| St. Paul | 28 | 32 | E. | .... | Clear |
| Salt Lake City | 34 | 40 | S.E. | .... | Clear |
| Ste. Marie | 28 | 30 | W. | .02 | Clo'dy |
| Springfield, Ill. | 34 | 34 | N. | .52 | Clo'dy |
| Springfield, Mo. | 30 | 30 | N.W. | .05 | Clo'dy |
| Vicksburg | 42 | 42 | N.W. | Tr. | Clo'dy |
| Washington | 50 | 50 | E. | .40 | Clo'dy |
| White River | 0 | 24 | Calm | .06 | Clo'dy |
| Williston | 28 | 28 | S.W. | Tr. | Clo'dy |



An auld Scot's proverb says: "The shirt's close, but the skin's closer."

If your supply of the "close" wearables is inadequate, here is a proposition that may attract you, viz.:

TWO BIG LOTS of shirts, dozens by hundreds, sizes from 14 to 18 neckbands, open back or open both back and front.
1st Lot—Striped percales, detached cuffs, regular dollar quality, now 55 CENTS each, $6 A DOZEN.
2nd Lot—White Shirts with linen neckbands, linen bosoms and linen cuff bands, made by Wilson Bros., Chicago, to retail at $1.00—now 65 cents, or $7.50 a dozen.
Superb choices of $1 and $1.50 neckwear now 50 cents, and whole bunches of popular shapes, were 50, now 25 cents.
Lots of other furnishings—broken-lots-end-of-the-season prices.

If your old style overcoat makes you tired, here are the new, long, full-back kinds; an ample variety; many of them just received into our stock this month.

F. M. ATWOOD,
THE ROGERS, PEET & CO. CLOTHING
"ATWOOD BLDG.," Cor. Clark and Madison Sts. We fill orders by mail.

## OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Winnipeg | 20 | 28 | N. | .... | Clo'dy |
| San Antonio | 54 | 60 | N.W. | .... | Clear |

## WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature as observed yesterday by L. Manasse, optician, 46 East Madison street, was as follows: Thermometer—8 a. m., 34; 9 a. m., 34; 10 a. m., 35; 11 a. m., 35; 12 m., 36; 1 p. m., 36; 3 p. m., 37; 6 p. m., 38. Barometer—8 a. m., 29.30; 6 p. m., 29.47.

## OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued yesterday by the Health department:
Anderson, Charles A., 40; 549 Ohio-st., Jan. 20.
Bloomgren, Erick W., 41; 2402 W. Indiana-st., Jan. 19.
Berkery, Eliza, 67; 360 W. Polk-st., Jan. 18.
Billing, William H., 54; 950 Adams-st., Jan. 19.
Barry, Johanna, 86; 77 Elburn-av., Jan. 19.
Beck, Ignatz, 55; 289 Blue Island-av., Jan. 18.
Barry, David S., 63; 6138 Peoria-st., Jan. 19.
Barrington, Sarah, 82; 1768 Milwaukee-av., Jan. 19.
Bensen, John, 48; 70 W. Huron-st., Jan. 18.
Carlin, Sarah, 73; Harrison and Throop-sts., Jan. 20.
Corbett, Thomas, 56; 1205 W. 22d-st., Jan. 19.
Cupp, Fridjoff, 36; 400 Root-st., Jan. 19.
Catlan, Patrick, 8; 748 Grand-av., Jan. 20.
Dickinson, Frank W., 16; 221 Dearborn-av., Jan. 20.
Dejaruth, J. C., 50; 952 N. Artesian-av., Jan. 20.
Elles, Ellen, 40; 6034 Morgan-st., Jan. 17.
Fagan, Helen, 24; 3626 Halsted-st., Jan. 18.
Frank, Rachel, 55; 196 39th-st., Jan. 19.
Gerlach, Margareth, 61; 1335 Newport-av., Jan. 19.
Hartnatt, Edward J., 42; 1467 Polk-st., Jan. 18.
Hochstetler, Eleanor N., 41; 4459 Woodlawn-av., Jan. 20.
Kubes, Marie, 19; 674 Fairfield-av., Jan. 19.
Kaster, Robert L., 60; 49 Bingham-st., Jan. 19.
Lehmann, Lizzie M., 21; 252 W. Division-st., Jan. 17.
Larson, Andrew, 53; 112 W. Huron-st., Jan. 18.
Moller, Fritz, 66; 112 Rhine-st., Jan. 18.
Matthe, Arnold, 11; 1533 Clybourn-av., Jan. 18.
Marquardt, William, 67; 54 W. 17th-st., Jan. 20.
McNeil, Sara, 44; 3947 Armour-av., Jan. 19.
McCormick, May, 12; 825 Cortez-st., Jan. 18.
McMahon, John, 25; 358 May-st., Jan. 19.
Morgan, Charles, 36; 6081 May-st., Jan. 18.
Nechel, Joseph, 46; 96 Orchard-st., Jan. 18.
O'Malley, Elizabeth, 55; 3619 5th-av., Jan. 20.
O'Connor, Julia, 73; 34 Johnson-st., Jan. 20.
Pagenstecher, Carl, 40; 1518 Wolfram-st., Jan. 19.
Poce, Joseph, 21; 4832 Ashland-av., Jan. 20.
Rozanski, Thomas, 42; 692 W. 17th-st., Jan. 19.
Riley, Maggie, 37; 38 Wilmot-av., Jan. 18.
Ryzak, Vaclav, 12; 1547 42d-av., Jan. 20.
Rish, Oscar, 29; 778 Milwaukee-av., Jan. 19.
Reno, Charles A., 84; 95 Walmet-st., Jan. 19.
Revers, Annie, 39; 849 Fulton-st., Jan. 19.
Snead, Elizabeth, 80; 3658 Western-av., Jan. 19.
Schiess, Michael, 68; 165 N. Center-av., Jan. 19.
Tomaszewska, Sewerina, 67; 1107 N. Leavitt-st., Jan. 18.
Vogelmann, Friedericka, 30; 2259 W. Harrison-st., Jan. 18.
Wartena, August, 29; Wesley Hospital, Jan. 19.
Wissman, Adolph, 50; 562 N. Halsted-st., Jan. 19.
Wursbarger, Carrie, 39; 3239 Rhodes-av., Jan. 21.
Williams, Ella, 40; 335 W. Randolph-st., Jan. 17.

## DEATHS.

BURTON—Jan. 21, Martha E. Burton, widow of Edmon Burton and mother of Mrs. George H. Hoggett, at residence, 157 South 51st-av. Funeral at 2 p. m. Thursday, Jan. 23, to Graceland Cemetery.

EDWARDS—Jan. 20, 1902, May Tyrrell, aged 28 years, beloved wife of Harry F. Edwards, and only daughter of James and Mary Tyrrell. Funeral services at Second Baptist Church, Monroe and Morgan-sts., Thursday, 1 o'clock. Burial at Forest Home.

ERRANT—Sigismund W., aged 80 years, beloved husband of Amalia Errant, and father of Joseph W. and Charles J. Funeral services at his late residence, 5402 Kimbark-av., Thursday, Jan. 23, at 11 o'clock. Burial private.

FOSTER—Caroline Bolles Foster, wife of the Rev. John O. Foster, on Jan. 17, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Stephen J. Herben, in Newark, N. J., after a brief illness, aged 71 years. Service and interment in Rosehill Cemetery, Thursday morning, Jan. 23, about 10:30 o'clock.

GRANDPE—Joseph M. Grandpe, Jan. 21, aged 81, at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. E. Deandin, 428 Huron. Interment Bourdonnais, Kankakee County, Jan. 23. Kankakee papers please copy.

HAYES—Jan. 21, 1902, Mrs. George A. Hayes, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Heaton. Funeral services at late residence, 1907 Michigan-av., Thursday, 1 p. m., to vault, Oakwoods Cemetery. Omaha papers please copy.

JENSEN—Jan. 21, Mads. H. Jensen, beloved husband of Johanna Jensen. Funeral Friday at 1 p. m. from his late residence, 678 West Lake-st., by carriages to Waldheim Cemetery.

LUNDH—Charles M. T. Lundh, Jan. 20, aged 69. Funeral from his late residence, 166 Locust-st., Wednesday, 2 p. m., to Graceland.

MADER—Charles, Jan. 19, aged 86 years, beloved husband of the late Dorothy Mader and father of Louise Donch, Charles B. Mader, and Lena Landau. Funeral from late residence, 347 Milwaukee-av., Wednesday, the 22d, at 12 o'clock, by carriages to Elmwood Cemetery.

MELICK—At his residence, 308 West-ct., Walter J. Melick, aged 39 years. Funeral from St. Peter's Church, Belmont and Evanston-avs., at 9:30 a. m. Thursday, the 23d inst. Burial private. Please omit flowers.

PANKER—Jan. 20, 1902, at 6 a. m., Ferdinand, beloved father of Miss Emma Panker, Mrs. John Reich, and Mrs. George R. Long, aged 76 years 3 months and 9 days. Funeral from his late residence, 447 Larrabee-st., Wednesday, Jan. 22, 1902, at 2 p. m., to Graceland.

RILEY—Emily Wentworth Riley, at her residence, 1060 S. Central Park-av., Jan. 21, 1902. Funeral at Millard Avenue Congregational Church, Thursday, Jan. 23, at 11 o'clock. Burial private. Please omit flowers.

SIBLEY—Entered into rest at his home, 2928 Lake Park-av., on Jan. 21, James A. Sibley, aged 69 years and 2 months. Funeral notice later.

SCHIESS—Michael Schiess, aged 68 years, Sunday, Jan. 19, beloved husband of Mary Schiess, née Uebele, and father of Mrs. A. Ollendorf, Mrs. A. R. Martin, and John and Ed Schiess. Funeral from his late residence, 165 N. Center-av., Wednesday, Jan. 22, 1 o'clock p. m., by carriages to Graceland.

SCHLOSSMAN—Sarah A. Schlossman, Jan. 21, in her 77th year. Funeral from residence of her son, Joseph B. Schlossman, Friday, Jan. 24, 10 a. m.

## UNDERTAKERS.

ESTABLISHED 1854.
C. H. JORDAN & CO.
SCOTT JORDAN. CADY M. JORDAN.
14 AND 16 EAST MADISON-ST., CHICAGO.
135 EAST 53D-ST., HYDE PARK.
Y. M. C. A. BUILDING, EVANSTON, ILL.

J. WHITTIER BUFFUM, (20 YEARS WITH THE late C. H. Jordan) and A. B. PERRIGO, undertakers, 1722 Wabash-av. Telephone South 953. Active bearers furnished when desired. Private ambulance to all parts of the city.

## FLORISTS.

H. N. BRUNS, 1409 WEST MADISON-ST. Artistic floral designs at lowest prices.

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THE AUDITORIUM.
CHICAGO ORCHESTRA
THEODORE THOMAS, Conductor.
LEOPOLD KRAMER SOLOIST
FRIDAY at 2:15. SATURDAY at 8:15
Tickets at Box Office. $1.50, $1, 75c, 50c, 25c.

Daniel Frohman and Hugo Gorlitz announce
AUDITORIUM.
Saturday Afternoon, Jan. 25, at 2:30.
KUBELIK
Seats—50c, 75c, $1.00 and $2.00. Boxes, $15, at Box Office, Wissner Piano Used.
F. WIGHT NEUMANN, MANAGER.

GREAT NORTHERN TONIGHT 25, 50, 75c 25c MAT. TODAY.
DAVID BELASCO'S ROMANTIC PLAY,
The Heart of Maryland.
Next Week—THE FATAL WEDDING.

COLUMBUS CHAS. P. ELLIOTT, Manager. Wabash & 13th. Tel. South 1580.
JESSIE BARTLETT DAVIS
—AND—
THE CHARITY BALL
Week Jan. 26, GISMONDA—ANNE SUTHERLAND

McVICKER'S—JACOB LITT, Lessee and Mgr.
The Safest Theater in the World—30 Exits.
BLANCHE WALSH
In the Great Colonial Play,
JANICE MEREDITH
Sunday-One Week Only
KELLAR
Seat Sale Tomorrow.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE
THIS WEEK ONLY. MAT. TODAY.
PRIMROSE AND DOCKSTADER
EXTRA PERFORMANCE SUNDAY NIGHT
NEXT MONDAY, JANUARY 27,
ARIZONA
SEAT SALE OPENS TOMORROW.

Important Paintings
BY
Cazin, Gerome, Roybet, Jacquet Schreyer, Henner, Van Marcke, Rosa Bonheur, Ziem, etc.
From the Galleries of
EDWARD BRANDUS.
391 Fifth-av. N. Y. 16 Rue de la Paix, Paris.
FOR A LIMITED TIME ONLY.
Auditorium Hotel, L. E. RALSTON. Parlor 108.

ILLINOIS—EVERY NIGHT. WED. AND SAT. MATS.
The Klaw & Erlanger Comedy Company
SAME OLD STORY
"ROGERS BROS. IN WASHINGTON."
WEDNESDAY MATINEE THIS AFTERNOON.

DEARBORN STOCK COMPANY
6TH WEEK OF
..THE STARBUCKS..
MATINEE TODAY............25C, 50C.
Every Thursday Picture Matinee.
THURSDAY, JAN. 23,
OPIE READ SOUVENIR NIGHT.

STUDEBAKER — ENGLISH GRAND OPERA.
ONLY 5 WEEKS MORE.
CASTLE SQ. OPERA CO.
Tonight and All Week,
GIOCONDA
"THE SCORE IS BEAUTIFUL."
—AMY LESLIE, Jan. 21.
Prices 50, 75, $1. MAT. TODAY 25, 50, 75
Next Week—LOHENGRIN.

POWERS' EVENINGS AT 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:15
SPECIAL MATINEE TODAY
JULIA MARLOWE
WHEN KNIGHTHOOD WAS IN FLOWER
Seats on sale for the entire engagement, which ends Saturday, February 8th.

OLYMPIC
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
Cressy & Dayne. Quaker City Quartette. Mlle. Ameta. Chester's Statue Dog. Margaret Scott. The Arcaris. Ed Cannon. Raymond Brothers. Smith & Campbell. Midgley & Carlisle. 3—Everett Trio—3. Arvello. Ozav & Delmo. John McNames. Barr & Benton. Baby Mildred.
PRICES—10, 20 AND 30 CENTS.

CHICAGO OPERA HOUSE
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
4—Probyn Sisters—4. Reichen's Great Dogs. Asitza's Dancing Girls. Annette Moore. Rossley & Lee. Bicknell. Standard Quartette. Chris Lane. Bobby Gaylor. Gardner & Madden. Duffy-Sawtelle-Duffy. Mons. Torcat. 3—The Delhauses—3. Ruth Nelta. The Kinodrome. Delabo Brothers.
PRICES—10, 20 AND 30 CENTS.

HAYMARKET
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
Patrice & Company. Mr. & Mrs. Mark Murphy. Sydney Grant. Leslie Brothers. Rowenna. Aerial Smiths. May Burton. The Kinodrome. Troubadors Toulousan. Andy Lewis & Co. 3—Dancing Dawsons—3. John & Lottie Burton. Elsecta & Sidney. Clarence Burton. Smith & Kimball. Ed Bennington.
PRICES—5, 10, 20 and 30 CENTS.

HOPKINS
"ROMEO and JULIET"
AND A GOOD VAUDEVILLE BILL.

CAT, DOG, POULTRY & PET STOCK SHOW
AT THE COLISEUM.
Interesting sideshows. Performing dogs every eve.
ADMISSION 50c. CHILDREN 25c.
Open 8 a. m. to 10 p. m.
Tickets on Sale at the Palmer House.


SAM T. JACK'S
Madison-st., nr. State. Tel Cent. 3191
2 Big Shows Every Day at 2 & 8.
BLUE BLOODS
EXTRAVAGANZA CO.
Prices - - 10—20—30—50

TROCADERO State and Van Buren-sts. Tel., Har. 2907
Mat. Daily. Prices—10, 20, 30, 50. Smoke if you like.
RICE and BARTON'S ROSE HILL CO.
Sensational Travesty on "NELL GWYNNE."

# DERBY ENTRIES ARE ANNOUNCED.

## Ninety-nine Nominations for the Star Event at Washington Park.

## LIST IS NOT OFFICIAL.

## Edward Corrigan May Send Additional Candidates from England.

## FIVE FROM DUNNE'S STABLE.

Entries for the fifteenth American Derby were given out last night by Secretary James Howard of the Washington Park club. The list, however, is not official and complete, according to Mr. Howard, inasmuch as it is possible E. Corrigan may have sent entries from England which have not yet arrived, and also because the entrance fees failed to accompany the nominations in a few instances, and the delinquent owners will be given a few days in which to send along the money before their nominations are thrown out.

The total number of entries is ninety-nine. Last year there were ninety-three.

The largest nominator is P. Dunne, the Chicago horseman, whose colors have been seen on local tracks for the last ten years or more. He has named five youngsters—Memnon, Arian, Henry Zitt, J. V. Kirby, and Hargis.

**Morris Will Bring Old England.**

G. B. Morris and George C. Bennett & Co. have each made four nominations, and at the present time appear to have a great chance in the big race. Morris has named Old England, Homestead, Cunard, and Sombrero. The first named is the latest wonder shown in California, and the others are colts of promise. Bennett's nominations are Abe Frank, Aladdin, Ed Austin, and Blennenworth. Abe Frank was pounds the best 2-year-old in the West last summer until accidents put him out of condition, and until it is demonstrated the approaching spring that he has not rounded into a good 3-year-old he will be in the front rank of candidates for the great race of June 22.

J. B. Haggin, Arthur Featherstone, Burns & Waterhouse, B. Schreiber, and J. W. Schorr have each named three youngsters. So far as is known Burns & Waterhouse's trio seems to be the best known of these allotments. San Nicholas is one of the great 3-year-olds of the Pacific coast, and Corrigan was a star youngster last spring, but has been asked to do little since then. The Featherstone and Haggin lots have yet to win renown, but are doubtless classy. J. W. Schorr's 3-year-olds are admitted to be the least promising he has had in years.

The appearance of Barney Schreiber's name as a nominee indicates that the differences between him and the Washington Park club, which led to his disbarment in 1900, may have been adjusted. Schreiber's 3-year-olds are fairly promising.

**Whitney and Endurance by Right.**

Among the other nominees the most conspicuous is William C. Whitney, the former Secretary of the Navy. Mr. Whitney was a nominator to the last Derby, naming three for that event. This year he has named two, but one of them is the star filly of America, and in the estimation of many turfmen is thought to be the best of her age America has produced. Endurance by Right is a Western product, and it was a clever act in the ex-Secretary to name her for the Washington Park classic. The other Whitney nominee is Goldseeker, a colt that has done little in public, but may have plenty of ability, inasmuch as Mr. Whitney had so many good 2-year-olds last season that he easily could afford to keep some in reserve.

Considering the uncertain condition of Abe Frank at the close of last season, Endurance by Right may be made the favorite in the advance betting on the Derby. If she is not it will be due to a belief that she is not likely to be sent here to start in the race.

**"Lucky" Baldwin Once More.**

Another interesting nominator is E. J. ("Lucky") Baldwin, who already has four Derbies to his credit. Mr. Baldwin quit racing a few years ago during the period that the Washington Park club shut down on its annual meetings; then he resumed again, and it has been suspected he did so chiefly with the idea that he could not afford to lose his apparent advantage with Dame Fortune in her smiles on American Derby day. Baldwin has two nominees this year, and one of them is a brilliant colt—Cruzados. Already the Californians are so rash as to say Cruzados will be the favorite in the betting if he starts on Derby day. He is unquestionably a colt of far more than ordinary promise. He has not raced outside of California.

Other former Derby winners who are going to try their luck again are Edward Corrigan and Richard Bradley. Corrigan who won the first Derby, has named two maiden colts, both by his California stallion Indio. One of them, Indian II., is out of the mare Fannie S., who raced on Chicago tracks a few years ago.

Edward Corrigan's nominations for the big race indicate that peace has once more been declared between him and the Washington Park club. Corrigan was generally credited with inspiring the crusade against President Wheeler and other officials of the South Side track in 1894.

**Sister to Robert Waddell.**

"Virginia" Bradley, whose Robert Waddell is freshest among Derby memories, has nominated a bay filly that has never faced the starter—Allie Virge by name. The Washington Park officials did not give out the breeding with the Derby entries, but, judging by the name, Allie Virge is possibly a full sister to Robert Waddell (Aloha—Virgie), although the 2-year-old sister to Robert Waddell which Mr. Bradley had on the local tracks last summer was generally supposed to have been named Julia Waddell. She never faced the flag.

John A. Drake's American turf début will, of course, be an interesting feature, and the showing of his two high-priced colts, Runnels and Wyeth, which he has named for the Derby, will be closely watched.

Clarence Mackay had a nominee in last year's Derby, and local race track followers are glad to see another colt named by R. T. Wilson Jr., the New-Yorker who sent out the gallant The Parader last June.

**Other Promising Colts.**

Among the star 3-year-olds in the Derby list not already referred to are Alan a Dale, close to the best of last season; Andy Williams, a fast sprinter that ran on the outlaw Western tracks until taken East late in the fall; Baron, a good Eastern colt that did not win as much attention as he deserved; Bessie Spahr, a fast Texas sprinter that will probably not be able to negotiate a long route like the Derby; Compute, a great colt belonging jointly to the Morrisses (A. H. and D. H.) and their trainer, Walden; Heno, which on performance probably ranks next to Endurance by Right and Abe Frank among all the candidates; McChesney, the colt for which S. C. Hildreth has received two offers of $20,000; Nellie Waddell, the filly belonging to Alderman Tom Carey of Chicago (she probably will not be able to negotiate a Derby distance); Pentecost, a colt of about the same class as Alan a Dale and interesting because he is nominated by John E. Madden, America's most famous and most successful trainer, the man who looks after W. C. Whitney's horses; and The Giver, a colt that raced much of last summer on the Chicago tracks without ever doing more than "show promise," while recently in California he has developed into a youngster of stake class.

# LIST OF THE AMERICAN DERBY ENTRIES.

| Horse. | Owners. | Horse. | Owners. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Abe Frank, ch. c. | G. C. Bennett & Co. | Inspector Shea, b. c. | J. G. McCarthy. |
| Aladdin, b. c. | G. C. Bennett & Co. | Inventor, ch. c. | T. W. Moore. |
| Alan-a-Dale, ch. c. | T. C. McDowell. | Jack de Mund, b. c. | Newton Bennington. |
| Allbert, b. g. | J. S. O'Brien. | Jaubert, br. c. | M. H. Tichenor & Co. |
| Allie Virge, b. f. | Mrs. R. Bradley. | Jed, b. c. | E. Corrigan. |
| Andy Williams, br. c. | W. Williams. | J. V. Kirby, b. g. | P. Dunne. |
| Anna Elliott, b. f. | E. J. Arnold & Co. | J. W. Rhodes, b. c. | Baker & Gentry. |
| Archie, ch. c. | Stevens & Rutledge. | Kaffir, br. c. | J. D. Dearing. |
| Arian, b. g. | P. Dunne. | Keynote, br. g. | J. G. Follansbee. |
| Arsenal, ch. c. | A. Featherstone. | Larry Young, ch. c. | J. W. Schorr. |
| Balm of Gilead, ch. c. | Mrs. M. Abadie. | Leonora Loring, b. f. | L. M. Myers. |
| Barouche, ch. f. | W. H. McCorkle. | Leroyd, b. g. | H. A. Cotton. |
| Baron, b. c. | John Daly. | Lord Quex, br. c. | A. Simons. |
| Belle's Commoner, b. c. | J. B. Respass. | Lou Woods, b. c. | C. K. Burdeau. |
| Bessie Spahr, ch. f. | F. Cook. | Lucien Appleby, ch. c. | S. C. Hildreth. |
| Blackmore, b. c. | S. S. Brown. | McChesney, ch. c. | S. C. Hildreth. |
| Blackthorne, br. g. | Burns & Waterhouse. | Memnon, b. g. | P. Dunne. |
| Blennenworth, ch. c. | G. C. Bennett & Co. | Merriment, ch. f. | G. W. Cook. |
| Bon Mot, b. c. | J. G. Haggin. | Merrymaker, b. c. | Liger & Brown. |
| Cameron, b. c. | J. G. Follansbee. | Nellie Waddell, b. f. | T. Carey. |
| Charles W. Meyer, br. c. | J. W. Schorr. | Northern Star, ch. c. | S. J. Smith. |
| Compute, ch. c. | Morris & Walden. | Old England, b. c. | G. B. Morris. |
| Corrigan, br. c. | Burns & Waterhouse. | Oom Paul, b. g. | Jacob Worth. |
| Cruzados, b. c. | E. J. Baldwin. | Otis, br. c. | B. Schreiber. |
| Cunard, ch. g. | G. B. Morris. | Owenton, ch. c. | J. C. Milan & Co. |
| Dark Secret, ch. c. | Hermann & Cassin. | Pentecost, b. c. | J. E. Madden. |
| Dewey, b. c. | B. Schreiber. | Picquart, b. c. | B. Schreiber. |
| Dixieline, br. c. | R. T. Wilson Jr. | Pretender, b. c. | Mrs. M. Mengis. |
| Dr. Burns, br. c. | W. C. Christie & Co. | Prowl, b. c. | J. U. Strode. |
| Ed Austin, blk. c. | G. C. Bennett & Co. | Quaker, ch. g. | E. J. Arnold & Co. |
| Emshee, b. c. | A. Featherstone. | Red Hook, b. c. | E. R. Bradley. |
| Endurance by Right, b. f. | William C. Whitney. | Red Tip, b. c. | Hermann & Cassin. |
| Enright, b. g. | William Lakeland. | Remorse, b. c. | J. B. Haggin. |
| Escalante, ch. c. | E. J. Baldwin. | Runnels, br. c. | J. A. Drake. |
| Fromage de Brie, ch. c. | W. E. Vater. | Sambo, b. c. | S. W. Street. |
| Glenwater, b. c. | Turney Bros. | San Nicholas, br. g. | Burns & Waterhouse. |
| Goldseeker, ch. c. | William C. Whitney. | Slipthrift, br. c. | J. E. Madden. |
| Hargis, ch. c. | P. Dunne. | Sombrero, ch. c. | G. B. Morris. |
| Heno, b. c. | C. H. Mackay. | South Trimble, ch. c. | Baker & Gentry. |
| Hermis, ch. c. | H. M. Ziegler. | St. Tammany, ch. c. | J. U. Strode. |
| H. L. Coleman, ch. c. | J. W. Schorr. | The Giver, br. c. | C. T. Boots. |
| Henry Zitt, b. c. | P. Dunne. | The Ledaean, b. c. | C. T. Boots. |
| Homestead, b. c. | G. B. Morris. | Tim D. Jr., b. c. | Sullivan & Harris. |
| Hopedale, ch. g. | Mrs. Elsie Harris. | Tom Keene, b. c. | J. S. Ward. |
| Hot, b. c. | Louis Thompson. | Trialmore, b. g. | W. S. Barnes. |
| Hunter Raine, b. c. | C. E. Jeffers. | Waswift, ch. c. | Turney Bros. |
| Huzzah, br. c. | S. J. Kelley. | Waterboy, br. c. | J. B. Haggin. |
| Hyphen, b. c. | S. S. Brown. | Waterscratch, ch. g. | G. Summers. |
| Igniter, b. c. | A. Featherstone. | Wyeth, b. c. | J. A. Drake. |
| Indian II., b. c. | E. Corrigan. | | |

# SCORPIO WINS PASO ROBLES.

## Captures Handicap at Oakland from Duckoy, a Prohibitive Favorite, by a Nose—Race in the Mud.

San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 21.—[Special.]—Today's races at Oakland were run in stiff and holding mud. Rain fell, which made it a cheerless sport, although the program had plenty of quality in it. The Paso Robles handicap, worth only $500, over the Futurity course, was the only stake affair, and Scorpio won.

O'Connor kept up his remarkable winning streak by landing Censor, a 12 to 1 chance, winner of the opening race. Royal Rogue, with the redoubtable Winnie astride, was the only one played extensively in the second race, and although admirably ridden failed to deliver the goods, being beaten by Malaspina.

Duckoy was a prohibitive choice over a clever field in the Paso Robles handicap, running for a big commission from Green Morris. Gusto was pounded down from 15 to 1. Scorpio got off flying, while O'Connor was away last with the favorite in a tangle, and at the end the former beat him a nose in a drive. Duckoy was many pounds best. Frank Bell was third.

**Oakland Summaries Jan. 21.**

Weather cloudy. Track muddy.

First race, 5½ furlongs, purse $400, selling:

Bet. Horse, weight, jockey. St. ¼ ¾ Str. Fn.
12-1 Censor, 106 [O'Connor]....9 6 4 2½ 1
7-1 Eldred, 91 [Redfern]....7 3 1 1 2
10-1 Marineuse, 93 [J. Daly]....6 6 3 3 3

Time, 1:09¾. Our Lizzie, 115 pounds [L. Jackson]; Chappie, 100 [McGinn]; Azuara, 111 [J. Woods]; Tiburon, 97 [J. Ranch]; Educate, 111 [J. Mathews]; Blanche Sheppard, 115 [Mounce]; Nona B., 105 [Bullman], finished as named. Winner, J. S. Rothert's ch. c., by Hermence—Veronica. Start good. Won driving. Censor ran in improved form. O'Connor outfinished Redfern on Eldred. Eldred showed the most speed. Marineuse finished strongly in the worst going. Our Lizzie ran well. Chappie was shut off. Tiburon quit badly after showing a good burst of speed.

Second race, 5½ furlongs, purse $400, 3-year-olds, selling:

Bet. Horse, weight, jockey. St. ¼ ¾ Str. Fn.
8-1 Malaspina, 107 [L. Jack'n]..7 1 1 1 1
8-5 Royal Rogue, 109 [O'Con'r]..2 4½ 2½ 2½ 2
20-1 Arthur Ray, 112 [E. Jones]..6 6 6½ 4 3½

Time, 1:10. Torila, 107 pounds [Bullman]; Bendara, 112 [J. Mathews]; Marsilio, 109 [Mounce]; Esternell, 107 [J. Woods]; Chandoo, 112 [Troxler]; Montana Peeress, 107 [J. Ranch]; John H. Carr, 109 [Conley]; Wandering Boy, 109 [See], finished as named. Winner, Mallowmot Farm's br. f., by Brutus—Miowera. Start good. Won handily. Malaspina stuck remarkably well throughout. Royal Rogue tired in the last quarter. Arthur Ray closed strongly. Bendara made up a lot of ground. Peeress showed much speed, but was anchored in the deep going.

Third race, ¾ mile, purse $400, selling:

Bet. Horse, weight, jockey. St. ¼ ¾ Str. Fn.
11-5 Dang. Maid, 107 [J. Ranch]..2 1 1 1 1
7-2 Dunblane, 110 [Bullman]....1 3½ 2 2 2
50-1 Mission, 102 [McGinn]....3 6 3 3 3

Time, 1:30. Monda, 102 pounds [Winslett]; Sea Lion, 105 [L. Jackson]; Coming Event, 110 [Mounce], finished as named. Winner, Burns & Waterhouse's ch. m., by St. Leonards—Handmaid. Start straggling. Won driving. Dangerous Maid ran a particularly game race. Her advantage at the start enabled her to beat Dunblane, who closed a tremendous gap. Mission closed much ground in the last half mile.

Fourth race, ¾ mile, purse $400:

Bet. Horse, weight, jockey. St. ¼ ¾ Str. Fn.
3-5 Kenilworth, 105 [L. Jack'n]..4 1 1 1 1
4-1 Paul Clifford, 102 [Gannon]..2 2 2½ 2 2½
6-1 The Fretter, 105 [O'Connor]..1 3½ 3 3 3

Time, 1:14. All Green, 105 pounds [J. Ranch]; Rey Dare, 102 [J. Daly], finished as named. Winner, W. H. Ketchiman's br. c., by Sir Modred—Queen Bess. Start good. Won driving. Kenilworth showed only moderate form in beating Clifford, who came strongly just at the end.

Fifth race, Futurity course, purse $500, the Paso Robles Handicap:

Bet. Horse, weight, jockey. St. ¼ ¾ Str. Fn.
9-1 Scorpio, 106 [L. Jackson]..5 1 1 1 1
9-10 Duckoy, 110 [O'Connor]....6 6 4 2 2
8-1 Frank Bell, 115 [Mounce]....1 4 3 4 3

Time, 1:11. Tower of Candles, 102 pounds [J. Ranch]; J. Boggs, 99 [J. Daly]; Gusto, 97 [Redfern], finished as named. Winner, W. H. Ketchiman's b. g., by Chorister—Zodiac. Start fair. Won driving. Scorpio opened up a winning gap early, but was tiring at the end. Duckoy closed resolutely and was much the best. Tower of Candles tired badly.

Sixth race, 1 mile and 50 yards, purse $400, selling:

Bet. Horse, weight, jockey. St. ¼ ¾ Str. Fn.
4-5 Floronso, 112 [O'Connor]...7 5 2 1 1
30-1 Hungarian, 106 [Troxler]...2 2 1 2 2
4-1 Sir Lewis, 89 [J. Daly]....1 4 5 3 3

Time, 1:46¾. Quadra, 93 pounds [L. Jackson]; Anna B., 94 [Redfern]; Captivate, 102 [J. Ranch]; Lode Star, 110 [Mounce]; Bragg, 92 [W. Knapp], finished as named. Winner, P. McGuire's b. g., by Fonso—Florence E. Start good. Won in a canter. Floronso took a good position and forged to the front in the stretch. Hungarian finished strongly after swerving badly in the stretch. Sir Lewis ran well throughout. Quadra tired in the going. Captivate showed speed. Lode Star broke down. Floronso was bid up by F. W. Doss to $800, which was $400 over his entered selling price, but was retained by his owner.

# STIFT BACK FROM LOUISVILLE.

## Chicago Fighter Who Lost to Hart Returns—Wants Another Match—Duffy and Simms Tonight.

[BY GEORGE SILER.]

Billy Stift, who met defeat at the hands of Marvin Hart at Louisville on Monday night, returned with his brother Charley to Chicago last night, showing no outward marks of the encounter. Billy took his defeat sorely to heart, and before leaving Louisville placed a forfeit of $50 in the hands of Humler and Nolan to remain up at least two weeks for a return match with Hart for $250 a side.

Stift, in speaking of his sudden collapse, said: "I was the most surprised man in the hall when the wallop that put me away landed, and I must admit it was the queerest knockout I ever experienced. The blow that did the trick was a right hand swing that circled my neck, the glove landing on the back of my head, while Hart's wrist and a part of his forearm covered the left side of my neck. The force of the forearm caught me on the jugular and dropped me like a log. It was like being hit with a bar of iron, and I thought my neck had been broken. I never experienced such a sensation before, and must say it was a new one on me. I felt pretty sure of winning, and as it was a twenty-round contest I went along leisurely, reserving my right hand until he slowed up a bit. He did not hit me a hard blow until the knockout. I am sure I can beat him, and I have got $250 to back up my claim."

Stift's neck is still sore, and his groin is badly discolored from the effects of Hart's low hitting during the clinches. Marvin's manager partly promised Billy a return match within a month.

Tonight at Detroit, under the auspices of the Twentieth Century A. C., Martin Duffy of Chicago and Art Simms of Akron, O., will engage in a 15-round contest at 135 pounds, ring side. This will be their second meeting, the first, a ten-round affair, resulting in a victory for Duffy.

Simms was dissatisfied with the outcome of that contest and demanded another trial, which Martin readily granted. The meeting of these scientific lightweights is causing considerable interest, as upon the result hinges the championship of the Middle West, and a look-in for the championship of America. Both boys are on the battleground, and reports have them in the pink of condition and down to weight.

Paddy Carroll is determined to inveigle Benny Yanger into meeting young Mowatt. He has repeatedly challenged Yanger on behalf of his protégé, but without success, and after witnessing Benny defeat Herrick at the America A. C. Monday night is more convinced than ever that Mowatt is Benny's superior. To sustain his belief he last night issued the following challenge: "I will offer a purse of $1,000, with a privilege of 50 per cent of the gross receipts, for a six-round contest, Queensberry rules to govern, for Benny Yanger and young Mowatt, weight 126 pounds at 3 o'clock. The stipulations are that the contestants are to post a forfeit of $500 for weight and appearance; if desirable the forfeit to go as a side bet. Also that the purse be divided any way Yanger's manager wants it, the winner to take all if preferable, and that the contest take place within three weeks of signing the articles."

It is doubtful whether the weight will be agreeable to Yanger, as he can easily scale 122 pounds ringside.

"Chicago" Jack Daly knocked out Jim Brennan of St. Louis in the first round before the Harris-Tri-City A. C. of Rock Island on Monday night.

"Rube" Ferns started work yesterday afternoon for his contest at the America A. C. on Monday night with "Australian" Tim Murphy. The weight agreement between the fighters is 150 pounds at noon Monday, and both men have posted forfeits to make it. The main preliminary to the Ferns-Murphy contest will be a six round affair between "Chicago" Jack Daly and Hugo Kelly, the Italian welterweight.

Mike Schreck and Jim Judge of Scranton, Pa., were matched yesterday to box at the new Acme club.

# BLISS STOPS A PRIZE FIGHT.

## Governor of Michigan Refuses to Allow Bout Between Santry and Goulette to Take Place at Grand Rapids.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Jan. 21.—[Special.]—Eddie Santry of Chicago and Kid Goulette of Rochester were scheduled to go ten rounds at the Olympic Athletic club tonight, but Governor Bliss vetoed the mill. A crowd of 500 had gathered in the hall to witness it when Sheriff Chapman put in appearance and stated that he had orders from the Governor to stop the fight. The mill was declared off and the money returned to the ticket-holders.

**Sharkey Posts Forfeit to Fight Jeffries.**

New York, Jan. 21.—[Special.]—Tom Sharkey today posted $2,500 to bind his match with Jim Jeffries, which was arranged several weeks ago. In company with his manager, Barney Reich, and Alvie King Sharkey deposited a certified check at a down-town office. Similar amounts are to be posted on Feb. 1 by Jeffries and Jim Kennedy, matchmaker of the Yosemite A. C. of San Francisco. The entire sum will be then forwarded to Harry Corbett, who has been chosen as final stakeholder.

**Sullivan Defeats McMahon.**

Jackson, Mich., Jan. 21.—Danny McMahon of Philadelphia was put out in five rounds tonight by Tommy Sullivan of Brooklyn. In the first round McMahon showed up like a winner, but Sullivan gave him a stiff uppercut on the chin and he never fully recovered. In each round he was knocked down several times, and was knocked out in the fifth. The preliminary bout between Fred Vanuck of New York and Frank Hamel of Detroit resulted in a draw.

**Fitzgerald Knocks Out Haley.**

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 21.—George Fitzgerald of St. Louis knocked out Dan Haley of Omaha in the sixth round of what was scheduled as a twenty-round bout in this city tonight. A right-hand blow on the jaw ended the contest. Haley had Fitzgerald all but out in the fifth round.

# PLANS FOR OLYMPIAN GAMES.

## Committee Appointed to Provide Spectacular Evening Performances—C. A. A. Pledges Its Support.

The International Olympian Games association through its President has appointed a committee of Chicago men to arrange spectacular evening performances on an enormous scale for the Olympian games of 1904.

Harry J. Powers, proprietor of Powers' Theater, John R. Morran, Vice President of the Diamond Glue company, Professor William B. Owen of the University of Chicago, John H. Turrill, and George C. Rew of the Chicago Athletic association have accepted places on the committee.

The committee will immediately begin to plan the arrangements for evening displays during the Olympian games. Correct scenes from the games of ancient Greece and Rome will probably be a part of the evening entertainments in order to carry out the general purpose of the games. In a setting of an ancient Roman circus chariot races, contests with weapons of the period, and other characteristic displays will be given, always with the idea of appropriate historical setting for the performances.

At the meeting of the Chicago Athletic association yesterday afternoon the following resolution, presented by E. A. Potter, was adopted and was presented by Alderman William Hale Thompson to the Olympian Games association committee:

Whereas, The United States has been selected by a congress of delegates representing all the nations of the world as the site for the quadrennial international Olympian games of 1904, which said games are to take place in the City of Chicago, in the State of Illinois; and

Whereas, Every detail of the said enterprise will be conducted on a scale of excellence and in a manner comparable with the high standard established by the World's Columbian Exposition of 1893; the program to be presented including the world's championship contests in standard sports, exhibitions of the games peculiar to the different nations of the earth, spectacular reproductions of the ceremonial and contests of ancient Greece and Rome, and a comprehensive exposition of sporting equipment; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Chicago Athletic association pledge its earnest coöperation in promoting interest in the games, and in so far as lies within its power use its best efforts toward making the Olympian games of 1904 an unqualified success.

**Cahill Runs Fast Half Mile.**

Coach Stagg discovered a fast new half-miler for the maroon track team yesterday. Cahill, lately of the Hyde Park High School, who has been regarded as a quarter-miler exclusively, was paced for a half mile and came within a little of equaling Bill Moloney's best half mile record for the gymnasium of 2:05. The distance was made by Cahill in 2:08 4-5, without an attempt for a hard finish. Stagg said he felt sure Cahill had at least another second in him.

**Jimmy Ryan Signs with Washington.**

Tom Loftus of the Washington American league team yesterday signed Jimmy Ryan, the ex-Orphan outfielder, to play with the Senators next season. This addition practically completes the Washington outfield.

**Richmond Defeats Muncie at Polo.**

Richmond, Ind., Jan. 21.—[Special.]—Richmond defeated Muncie at roller polo tonight, 7 to 3, in Western championship series.

**Billiard Notes.**

Avery defeated Arms by a score of 50 to 39 in the Mussey class A three-cushion tournament last night. Riley and Thorne play tonight.

In the three-cushion tourney at Foley's Hall last night Beard won from Goodwin by a score of 30 to 27.

Two games at balk line and one at three cushions were played in Bensinger's tourney last night. In the balk line games Franks and Price defeated Farrar and Edson respectively, and Brunswick beat Lawrence 35 to 30 at three cushions.

Huntley [225] defeated Chandler [175] 225 to 157 in Schaefer's handicap balk line tourney last night. Glickauf [165] and Arnold [150] play tonight.

**Florida Through Service.**

Leaving Dearborn Station 9 p. m. daily. Best scenery and trip through Florida by daylight. Information at city office, Monon Route and C. H. and D. Ry., 232 Clark street. Tel. Harrison 1245.

# FOUR FAVORITES IN FRONT

## FORM PLAYERS HAVE INNINGS AT NEW ORLEANS TRACK.

**Merry Sister, Sevoy, Frank M., and Shut Up Win and Races Are Spirited, with Close Finishes—Miserable Showing of El Ghor, Badly Ridden by Blake, Mars Afternoon's Sport—Two-Year-Olds Do Well—Summary of the Results.**

New Orleans, La., Jan. 21.—[Special.]—After a week of reverses a turn came in the public's favor with the success of Merry Sister, Sevoy, Frank M., and Shut Up, all of which were heavily played at the Crescent City track this afternoon. The racing was spirited, and but for the wretched showing of El Ghor, who was at odds on in the opening event, the sport could be classed with the best seen here in some time.

El Ghor seemed to outrank the poor lot he was asked to meet. The fact that Blake had the mount made it look all the more likely that he would win. Blake's exhibition was the worst seen here this winter. Blake had other mounts during the afternoon, but made a sorry showing on all.

One of the features of the card was a race for 2-year-olds. Five of the eleven starters were making their first appearance. Little was known of their ability. The public played Merry Sister, and she was backed from 8 to 1 to 7 to 5. Merry Sister made an exhibition of the lot, winning by five lengths from Frances Porter. The time for the distance, :35¾, marked a new track record.

**New Orleans Summaries Jan. 21.**

Weather clear. Track fast.

First race, 1 mile and 20 yards, purse $300, selling:

Bet. Horse, weight, jockey. St. ½ ¾ Str. Fn.
20-1 Syncop. Sandy, 116 [Lyne]..3 8nk 4 3nk 1h
11-2 Jessie Jarboe, 119 [McC'n]..1 2½ 3 2h 2h
3-5 El Ghor, 121 [Blake]......2 7 7 7 3nk

Time, 1:44. Ignis, 116 pounds [T. Dean]; Hop Scotch, 121 [Odom]; Frank McConnell, 121 [Mountain]; Hutch Miller, 111 [Hope]; El Moran, 124 [J. Wilson], finished as named. Winner, P. Kuykendall's b. g., by Darebin—Sibyl. Start good. Won driving. Syncopated Sandy stood a long, hard drive gamely. Jessie Jarboe hung when called on. El Ghor closed a big gap, was coming strongly at the end, and would have won in a few more strides. Ignis was cut off.

Second race, ⅜ mile, purse $300, 2-year-olds:

Bet. Horse, weight, jockey. St. Str. Fn.
7-5 Merry Sister, 110 [Lyne]..........2 1½ 1
20-1 Frances Porter, 111½ [Slack]......1 3½ 2
12-1 Julia Lisem, 110 [Richards]......4 6nk 3h

Time, :35¾. Lady Winkle, 110 pounds [Dominick]; Chameleon, 113 [Coburn]; Step Rround, 110 [Louden]; Sue Vius, 110 [Blake]; Halcyondale, 113 [J. Winkfield]; Gold Ornament, 110 [T. Meade]; Brulo, 110 [Cochran]; Dark Planet, 113 [R. Williams], finished as named. Winner, R. W. Walden & Sons' ch. f., by The Friar—Merry One. Start good. Won easily. Merry Sister came away with a rush in the last sixteenth. Frances Porter ran an improved race. Lady Winkle was closing fast when straightened.

Third race, ¾ mile, purse $300:

Bet. Horse, weight, jockey. St. ¼ ¾ Str. Fn.
9-20 Sevoy, 114 [Coburn].......1 2 1nk 1½ 1
6-1 Wiedemann, 96½ [A. Jones]3 5 5 3 2
7-1 Amigari, 90 [W. Waldo]...6 3½ 2 2 3

Time, 1:13¾. Star of Bethlehem, 95 pounds [T. Meade]; Tour, 99 [Earle]; Dr. S. C. Ayres, 98 [Boyd]; Handicapper, 110 [Brennan]; Carl B., 100½ [Blake], finished as named. Winner, J. Cail & Co.'s ch. g., by St. Saviour—Kassie. Start fair. Won eased up. Sevoy was pulled up in the last twenty yards. Wiedemann was cut off rounding the far turn, but finished strongly. Amigari tired in the stretch.

Fourth race, 1 1-16 miles, purse $300, selling:

Bet. Horse, weight, jockey. St. ¼ ¾ Str. Fn.
3-2 Frank M., 101 [T. Dean]...1 3 3nk 1 1½
15-1 H. of Trast're, 104 [J. M'r].4 4h 5 2 2
8-1 Free Admission, 97 [Earle].8 7 7 4 3

Time, 1:49¾. Swordsman, 106 pounds [Dangman]; Joe Doughty, 105 [Brennan]; Deloraine, 90 [Boyd]; St. David, 106½ [Blake]; Dutch Carter, 97 [Helgeson], finished as named. Winner, James Arthur's br. g., by Prophecy—Levity. Start good. Won easily. Frank M., when called upon, overhauled the leaders without much of an effort. Henry of Trastamare was cut off. Free Admission finished strongly.

Fifth race, ¾ mile, purse $300, 3-year-olds, selling:

Bet. Horse, weight, jockey. St. ¼ ¾ Str. Fn.
11-2 Wild Bess, 90 [Helgeson]..2 1 1 1½ 1h
5-2 Leenja, 97 [R. Steele].....6 6 5 3nk 2
13-5 Meme Wastell, 90 [Boyd]..5 4½ 3 4 3h

Time, 1:29¼. Ernest Parham, 111 pounds [Landry]; Florham, 94 [R. Brown]; Busty C., 90 [Feicht], finished as named. Fullen, 98 [T. Dean], broke down. Winner, A. C. McCafferty's br. f., by Iroquois—Bessie K. Start good. Won all out. Wild Bess rated in front all the way, but was tiring at the end. Meme Wastell outgamed Ernest Parham in the last sixteenth. Fullen broke down rounding the far turn.

Sixth race, 1 1-16 miles, purse $300, selling:

Bet. Horse, weight, jockey. St. ¼ ¾ Str. Fn.
6-5 Shut Up, 95 [Helgeson]....4 1 1 1½ 1½
15-1 Dandy H., 100 [Boyd].....9 6 4nk 3 2nk
10-1 Azua, 98 [T. Dean]........3 2nk 2nk 2h 3

Time, 1:51. Frank Ireland, 103 pounds [Nutt]; Afra, 100½ [Lyne]; Beauty Book, 100 [Cochran]; Del Allen, 100 [Louden]; Zack Phelps, 94½ [J. Rice]; Lord Howard, 105 [Blake], finished as named. Winner, V. Hughes & Co.'s b. c., by G. W. Johnson—Silence. Start good. Won all out. Shut Up went to the front without an effort in the run down the backstretch, and was doing his best. Dandy H. outgamed Azua.

# GAMES IN BOWLING LEAGUES.

## Normal Parks Average 915 1-3 for the Series in Englewood League—Hemingway Rolls Consistently.

The Normal Parks averaged 915⅓ for a series in the Englewood league last night, which is liable to prove a record for the week that most of the local cracks are at Buffalo. Hemingway was the most consistent performer. Scores:

| Normal Pk. | 1. | 2. | 3. | Monarchs. | 1. | 2. | 3. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Storfer | 171 | 172 | 200 | Kastner | 145 | 146 | 170 |
| Keywood | 153 | 183 | 151 | Young | 168 | 169 | 148 |
| Vand'syke | 188 | 163 | 220 | Torm'hlen | 175 | 133 | 139 |
| McRill | 193 | 202 | 159 | Burfiend | 110 | 162 | 113 |
| Hem'gway | 212 | 200 | 174 | Bonsema'n | 154 | 182 | 232 |
| Totals | 917 | 925 | 904 | Totals | 747 | 792 | 797 |

BUSINESS-MEN'S LEAGUE.

| Publishers. | 1. | 2. | 3. | Brokers. | 1. | 2. | 3. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| La Salle | 153 | 200 | 201 | Lamb | 177 | 162 | 139 |
| Kasten | 160 | 158 | 152 | Scripps | 143 | 142 | 177 |
| Rider | 145 | 175 | 203 | Smith | 163 | 165 | 133 |
| Quinn | 213 | 186 | 182 | Howard | 126 | 172 | 155 |
| Blake | 182 | 166 | 213 | Laib | 170 | 156 | 144 |
| Totals | 853 | 885 | 951 | Totals | 779 | 797 | 748 |

| Opticians. | 1. | 2. | 3. | Produce. | 1. | 2. | 3. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Dixson | 169 | 213 | 167 | Stolt | 158 | 185 | 151 |
| Ruhland | 151 | 138 | 190 | Zulfer | 145 | 180 | 146 |
| Capouch | 188 | 178 | 181 | Bietz | 127 | 170 | 155 |
| Medinus | 161 | 177 | 199 | Dzur | 178 | 156 | 208 |
| Hall | 175 | 196 | 159 | Barth | 196 | 205 | 124 |
| Totals | 844 | 902 | 896 | Totals | 804 | 896 | 784 |

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

| Crystals. | 1. | 2. | 3. | Aristos. | 1. | 2. | 3. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Renfrany | 179 | 158 | 169 | Reiss | 157 | 161 | 189 |
| A. McBride | 190 | 162 | 187 | D'kendorf. | 187 | 201 | 124 |
| Karstens | 151 | 177 | 158 | Ehrmeyer. | 191 | 210 | 158 |
| W. M'Bride | 163 | 211 | 167 | Kramer | 159 | 159 | 136 |
| Becker | 143 | 113 | 206 | Schiller | 172 | 141 | 176 |
| Totals | 826 | 826 | 887 | Totals | 875 | 872 | 783 |

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| JEWELERS LEAGUE. | | | | | | | |
| J. & A. Co. | 825 | 818 | 701 | M. & S. Co. | 699 | 778 | 803 |
| BANKERS LEAGUE. | | | | | | | |
| First Nat. | 875 | 835 | 948 | Merchants | 805 | 767 | 729 |
| BANKERS LEAGUE. | | | | | | | |
| Corn Exch. | 886 | 752 | 803 | Foreman | 778 | 764 | 793 |
| OWL LEAGUE. | | | | | | | |
| Bogus | 706 | 715 | 820 | Inter Ocean | 819 | 673 | 795 |
| DRUG LEAGUE. | | | | | | | |
| Fuller & F. | 628 | 596 | 644 | Sargent Co. | 677 | 718 | 791 |
| Lord-Owen | 615 | 625 | 637 | Park Davis | 705 | 641 | 722 |
| Buck & R. | 656 | 797 | 665 | Sharp & S. | 679 | 726 | 638 |
| NORTHWEST LEAGUE. | | | | | | | |
| Irving Pks. | 825 | 888 | 883 | Atlas | 848 | 806 | 749 |
| WEST CHICAGO LEAGUE. | | | | | | | |
| Rex | 982 | 880 | 863 | Premiers | 857 | 865 | 794 |
| METROPOLITAN LEAGUE. | | | | | | | |
| Remnants | 785 | 833 | 781 | Taylors | 643 | 815 | 946 |
| SPECIAL. | | | | | | | |
| Warrens | 900 | 947 | 859 | Cent. Pks. | 724 | 668 | 668 |
| BOARD OF TRADE LEAGUE. | | | | | | | |
| Logan & B. | 790 | 795 | 757 | J. W. Wood | 799 | 825 | 884 |
| MERCANTILE LEAGUE. | | | | | | | |
| Furniture | 800 | 846 | 774 | Hub | 700 | 738 | 663 |
| Bond & Co. | 752 | 774 | 741 | McClurg | 684 | 828 | 805 |
| BENSINGER'S LEAGUE. | | | | | | | |
| W. Shirt Co. | 786 | 826 | 881 | B. Note Co. | 718 | 802 | 705 |

In the Wholesale Grocers' league Durand-Kasper company forfeited to Reid, Murdoch & Co. and W. M. Hoyt company forfeited to Deane Bros. & Lincoln. Reid, Murdoch & Co. and Deane Bros. & Lincoln rolled for averages.

# WINDUP OF THE BONSPIEL.

## Final for the International Cup Is Played Between Two Rinks of Duluth.

Duluth, Minn., Jan. 21.—The Northwestern Curling association's bonspiel came to a close tonight, when Harry Hurdon's rink of Duluth defeated that of A. H. Smith, also a local rink, for the international cup by a score of 14 to 12. Hurdon skipped for McLeod, who in the morning won from Reese, St. Paul, by the score of 13 to 12.

Stocking of Duluth, who won the Flour City trophy, also won the Duluth Curling club event against Ash, Duluth.

The list of winners in the seven events of the bonspiel are:

Duluth Jobbers—L. P. Ordway, St. Paul.
St. Paul Jobbers—W. D. Stewart, St. Paul.
Flour City—D. W. Stocking, Duluth.
Duluth Curling club—Stocking, Duluth.
International club—Hurdon, Duluth.
Green Rinks—F. A. Green, Duluth.
Consolation—Otto Fowle, Sault Ste. Marie.

**E. W. GROVE.**

This name must appear on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets, the celebrated Cold and Grip Cure. 25 cents.

# NEW YORK MEN ARE IN THE LEAD

## Progress of the National Bowling Tournament at Buffalo.

## CHICAGO MEN BEHIND.

## Hofmanns Finish Fourth in the First Evening Series of Games.

## WRANGLE OVER OFFICIALS.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Buffalo, N. Y., Jan. 21.—[Special.]—Play was resumed in the American bowling tournament today. The work of the experts was watched by a large crowd, which braved a severe snow-storm.

As was anticipated, the rolling was of a far higher quality than that of the previous night. The feature of the day was the fine work of the Nationals of New York, a team composed of five of the finest bowlers in the East. Their total of 2,782 is expected to capture first prize. Starr and Vorheis, who led the side, are the two-men team champions.

The standing of the teams at the end of the first night series was as follows:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Nationals, New York | 907 | 976 | 899—2,782 |
| Rosedale, New York | 887 | 830 | 987—2,274 |
| Farmers, Cleveland | 883 | 878 | 902—2,663 |
| Hofmann, Chicago | 849 | 894 | 879—2,622 |
| Reiskys, Rochester | 908 | 826 | 840—2,574 |
| Thompson's Colts, Chicago | 840 | 826 | 881—2,547 |
| Grand, Akron | 805 | 886 | 836—2,527 |
| St. Louis, B. C. | 817 | 939 | 765—2,521 |
| Marion, Indianapolis | 769 | 823 | 913—2,505 |
| Monarch, Brooklyn | 814 | 856 | 825—2,495 |
| Crescent, Chicago | 774 | 856 | 843—2,473 |
| Palace, Columbus | 848 | 881 | 736—2,465 |
| Collins, Columbus | 754 | 866 | 853—2,473 |
| Badgers, Erie | 775 | 862 | 797—2,434 |
| Arlington, Brooklyn | 747 | 819 | 784—2,350 |
| Weber, Chicago | 783 | 761 | 785—2,329 |

The individual score of the Nationals was as follows:

| | 1. | 2. | 3. | Total. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Shiman | 162 | 174 | 190 | 526 |
| Clinch | 157 | 164 | 192 | 513 |
| Beam | 162 | 186 | 178 | 526 |
| Vorheis | 223 | 208 | 170 | 601 |
| Starr | 203 | 244 | 169 | 616 |
| Totals | 907 | 976 | 899 | 2,782 |

**Chicago Teams Drop Behind.**

The Chicago teams that rolled first at night scored as follows:

HOFMANNS.

| | 1. | 2. | 3. | Total. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Brill | 192 | 165 | 165 | 522 |
| Waller | 172 | 216 | 168 | 556 |
| Eddy | 176 | 186 | 162 | 524 |
| Beck | 129 | 144 | 196 | 469 |
| Forch | 180 | 183 | 188 | 551 |
| Totals | 849 | 894 | 879 | 2,622 |

CRESCENTS.

| | 1. | 2. | 3. | Total. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Mrosek | 179 | 149 | 159 | 487 |
| W. Burkhardt | 147 | 182 | 193 | 522 |
| Bastian | 124 | 192 | 167 | 483 |
| Langhenry | 137 | 143 | 163 | 443 |
| G. Burkhardt | 187 | 190 | 161 | 538 |
| Totals | 774 | 856 | 843 | 2,473 |

WEBER'S STARS.

| | 1. | 2. | 3. | Total. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Labahn | 157 | 142 | 159 | 458 |
| Murray | 156 | 127 | 152 | 435 |
| Weber | 150 | 132 | 137 | 419 |
| Slawson | 131 | 128 | 169 | 428 |
| Sievers | 189 | 232 | 168 | 589 |
| Totals | 783 | 761 | 785 | 2,329 |

Thompson's Colts were the only Chicago team engaged in the opening series. The men started nervously, and as Graf and Taylor never really got going the total reached was 840. In the second they did not do so well, but their third effort was better, netting 881. The individual contributions were:

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| W. V. Thompson | 169 | 187 | 190 | 546 |
| Lee | 199 | 149 | 175 | 523 |
| Taylor | 145 | 162 | 166 | 473 |
| Graf | 136 | 160 | 168 | 464 |
| Alten | 191 | 168 | 182 | 541 |
| Totals | 840 | 826 | 881 | 2,547 |

The total was the second best made by any of the eight teams, the leaders being the Farmers of Cleveland, who made 2,663. Jesse Gruver, formerly of Chicago, played for the latter team, making 213 pins in his first game. Knox of the Marion team made high score, 230.

When the night series finished the four Chicago teams were well up on the list, the Standards, last year's champions, being in third place. Grieshaber's men fully sustained their reputations. Worden's Stars, who also rolled in the last squad, finished in seventh place, forty-five pins behind the Hofmanns.

The scores of the second night squad were:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Standards, Chicago | 912 | 902 | 866—2,680 |
| Worden's Stars, Chicago | 861 | 869 | 847—2,577 |
| City, Indianapolis | 839 | 826 | 877—2,542 |
| Prosperity, Brooklyn | 857 | 821 | 811—2,489 |
| All Stars, Detroit | 838 | 845 | 780—2,463 |
| Peoria B. C., Peoria | 808 | 784 | 831—2,423 |
| Erie, Pa | 816 | 827 | 779—2,422 |
| Munson, Toronto | 669 | 711 | 843 2,223 |

The individual scores of the two Chicago teams in the last squad were:

STANDARDS.

| | 1. | 2. | 3. | T'ls. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| E. Peterson | 210 | 173 | 149 | 532 |
| Kiene | 189 | 177 | 153 | 519 |
| Grieshaber | 157 | 186 | 195 | 538 |
| Berlin | 167 | 190 | 203 | 560 |
| Canfield | 189 | 176 | 166 | 531 |
| Totals | 912 | 902 | 866 | 2,680 |

WORDEN'S STARS.

| | 1. | 2. | 3. | T'ls. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Barton | 127 | 202 | 169 | 498 |
| Leonard | 177 | 154 | 188 | 519 |
| Pasdeloup | 192 | 145 | 142 | 579 |
| Steers | 185 | 178 | 190 | 553 |
| Worden | 180 | 190 | 158 | 528 |
| Totals | 861 | 869 | 847 | 2,577 |

The remaining three Chicago teams—the Ansons, Levys, and Tosettis—will roll tomorrow. The two-men team championship will begin at 8 o'clock tomorrow.

**Tosettis Are Weakened.**

Fred Strong of the Tosetti team received a telegram announcing the death of his father-in-law and will leave for Chicago at once. The team will be greatly handicapped in consequence.

With Strong absent the Tosettis will be forced to rely on Henry Haselhuhn to take his place. Haselhuhn is a seasoned player, but has not been going such a heavy gait as the rest of his team mates.

# WRANGLE OVER OFFICIALS.

## Much Bitterness Engendered in the Fight for President of the Bowling Congress.

Buffalo, N. Y., Jan. 21.—Much bitterness developed at the convention of the American Bowling congress today and the struggle for supremacy between the Eastern and Western delegates may lead to a split and the formation of two distinct bodies. The convention was called to order by President Langhenry and Secretary Samuel Karpf reported a gratifying increase in the membership and great strides in the work of organization of clubs and leagues. President Langhenry strongly advocated a revision of the constitution of the congress that would place the organization on a broader basis, the position occupied by the national body at the present time, he said, being fallacious and misleading.

The Executive committee reported that they had been unable to arrange their work and asked for an adjournment until tomorrow morning. It has been found that the credentials of a large number of proxies had not been properly filled out and it was almost impossible to tell who or what they represented. Western delegates favored an adjournment, but the East voted no emphatically. A roll call was begun and bitter words came from both factions. Bernard J. York, former Police Commissioner of New York, who is leading the East in the fight, held that the constitution did not provide that one delegate could vote for three, which was contrary to President Langhenry's ruling on the question. Discussion on this point continued for an hour, the Eastern delegates finally agreeing to an adjournment.

After adjournment Charles H. Ebbetts, the baseball magnate, who is the candidate of the Eastern men for President, said:

"The East is up against a lot of straw ballots. One man told me today that he held thirty-one proxies. We are willing to meet them in a square fight, but this proxy business is being carried to extremes."

**Lake View, 46; Evanston, 23.**

The Lake View High School team won their third victory yesterday afternoon in the High School Basketball league when they defeated Evanston High by a score of 46 to 23. At the end of the first half the North Side boys had rolled up 24 points while Evanston had scored 9. Fishleigh and Johnson were the stars for Lake View, while Giffkins and Gates did the best work for Evanston. Lineup:

| Lake View High. | | Evanston High. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| C. | Berger | Stultz | C. |
| R. G. | Fishleigh | Giffkins | R. G. |
| L. G. | Thompson | Sherer | L. G. |
| R. F. | Johnson | Gates | R. F. |
| L. F. | Reck | Jamieson | L. F. |

Umpire—Decker. Referee—Precheil.

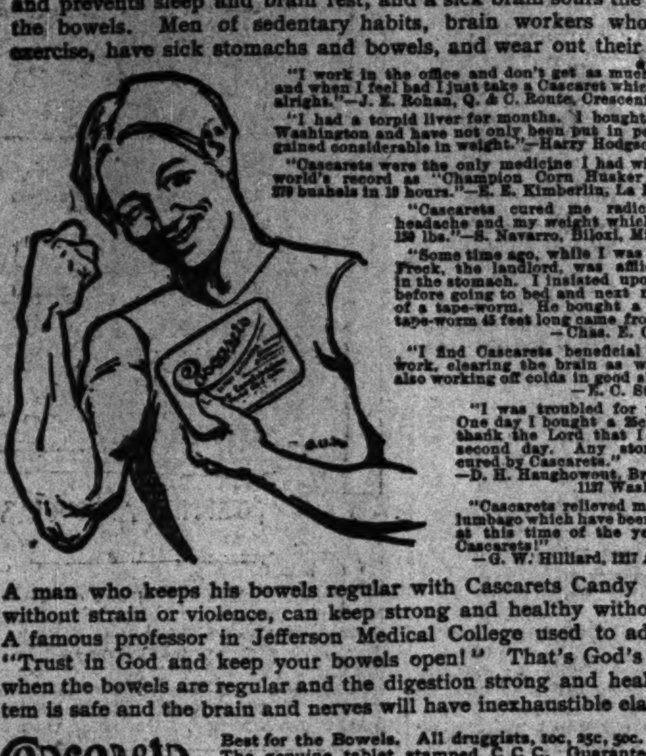
**West Division, 45; John Marshall, 6.**

The basketball team of the West Division High School yesterday afternoon defeated the team of John Marshall High School at Lewis Institute by a score of 45 to 6.



# Healthy Mind in a Healthy Body

Stomach and brain affect each other. A sick stomach sours the disposition and prevents sleep and brain rest, and a sick brain sours the stomach and clogs the bowels. Men of sedentary habits, brain workers who don't get much exercise, have sick stomachs and bowels, and wear out their brains and nerves.



"I work in the office and don't get as much exercise as I should, and when I feel bad I just take a Cascaret which always makes me feel alright."—J. E. Rohan, Q. & C. Route, Crescent, Ky.

"I had a torpid liver for months. I bought a box of Cascarets in Washington and have not only been put in perfect health, but have gained considerable in weight."—Harry Hodgson, Rockville, Md.

"Cascarets were the only medicine I had with me when I beat the world's record as "Champion Corn Husker of America," husking 279 bushels in 10 hours."—E. E. Kimberlin, La Harpe, Ill.

"Cascarets cured me radically of dyspepsia and headache and my weight which before was 128 is now 139 lbs."—S. Navarro, Biloxi, Miss.

"Some time ago, while I was in Millersburg, Pa., Mr. Freck, the landlord, was afflicted with severe pains in the stomach. I insisted upon his taking a Cascaret before going to bed and next morning he passed a lot of a tape-worm. He bought a box of Cascarets and on the third day a tape-worm 45 feet long came from him head and all."—Chas. E. Condon, Mifflinburg, Pa.

"I find Cascarets beneficial after a spell of hard work, clearing the brain as well as the bowels, and also working off colds in good shape."—E. C. Stokes, Philadelphia, Pa.

"I was troubled for years with indigestion. One day I bought a 25c box of Cascarets, and thank the Lord that I did. I felt better the second day. Any stomach trouble will be cured by Cascarets."—D. H. Haughowout, Brakeman, Frisco Line, 1127 Washington Ave., St. Louis.

"Cascarets relieved me of itching piles and lumbago which have been afflicting me annually at this time of the year. Three cheers for Cascarets!"—G. W. Hilliard, 1217 Alord St., Indianapolis.

A man who keeps his bowels regular with Cascarets Candy Cathartic, that is without strain or violence, can keep strong and healthy without much exercise. A famous professor in Jefferson Medical College used to advise his students "Trust in God and keep your bowels open!" That's God's own wisdom, for when the bowels are regular and the digestion strong and healthy, then the system is safe and the brain and nerves will have inexhaustible elasticity and life.

Cascarets — Best for the Bowels. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York.

I is for Indian who sees with delight a really clean red man WOOL SOAP did it right.



A Neat Booklet, Containing a Complete Set of Alphabet Advertisements in Colors, mailed free. Address SWIFT & CO., SOAP DEPT., CHICAGO.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of Brentgood

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION. GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE. Price 25 Cents. Purely Vegetable.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.



Bad Sprains Quickly Cured by the use of SLOAN'S LINIMENT. IT IS THE BEST FOR FAMILY USE. 25cts a Bottle at any Dealer. Horse sizes 50¢ and $1.00

JUDSON-ALTON EXCURSIONS FOR COLORADO, UTAH, CALIFORNIA AND ALL POINTS WEST. PERSONALLY CONDUCTED PARTIES FROM CHICAGO EVERY TUESDAY AND THURSDAY UNDER PERSONAL ESCORT. BEST SERVICE, LOWEST RATES, SCENIC ROUTE, ITINERARY FREE. JUDSON-ALTON EXCURSION CO. ROOM 349 MARQUETTE BLD'G, CHICAGO.

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THE BEST OF EVERYTHING.

Chair, Parlor, Buffet Parlor and Dining Cars and Sleepers.

3.00 AM FAST MAIL.
3.00 AM FAST MAIL.
9.00 AM BADGER STATE EX.
9.00 AM MENOMINEE EX.
10.00 AM COLORADO & PACIFIC EX.
11.30 AM WISCONSIN MAIL.
3.00 PM WISCONSIN SPECIAL.
5.00 PM ASHLAND LIMITED.
5.30 PM IOWA EX.
6.30 PM NORTH-WESTERN LIMITED.
7.00 PM IOWA AND DAKOTA EX.
8.00 PM OVERLAND LIMITED.
8.00 PM MINN. & DAK. EX.
8.00 PM PENINSULA EXPRESS.
10.00 PM DULUTH & ST. PAUL EX.
10.30 PM IRON RANGE EXPRESS.
11.30 PM CALIFORNIA EX.

MILWAUKEE EXPRESS TRAINS.

Off Colour? Practically the whole English speaking population of the world keep themselves in condition by using Beecham's Pills. Sold Everywhere—In boxes 10c. and 25c.



PEOPLE WHO ADVERTISE IN THE . . . . Help Wanted Columns —OF— The Daily Tribune do not have any difficulty in securing desirable help. Thousands of work-seekers read these columns every day. The public's appreciation of The Daily Tribune's value as a reliable help-wanted medium is conclusively shown by the following:

DAILY (SUNDAY EXCLUDED) During December, The Tribune advertised over 1,200 More Genuine Positions under the Help Wanted classification than any other Chicago morning newspaper. Under all other classifications combined The Tribune printed nearly twice as many advertisements.

# WOMEN FIX CLUB ETHICS

## DECIDE THAT ANONYMOUS LETTERS ARE TO BE IGNORED.

**Social Economics Members Give a Session to the Mrs. Wiles Matter and Criticise About Every Step Taken by Either Side to the Controversy—First Meeting of the Organization Since the Exoneration to Be Held Today and Much Interest Is Taken.**

Members of the Chicago Woman's club, and especially its directors, were criticised at a meeting of the Social Economics club yesterday for the anonymous letter affair. Mrs. Charlotte M. Holt and Dr. Dickinson, both members of the Woman's club, took part in the discussion. Mrs. Forwerg criticised Mrs. Wiles for taking an attitude of defense instead of making the club take the defensive position. She spoke in plain terms about "Politics in Club Life," which was the subject of the day.

"Women are too prone to concern themselves about personalities, trash, and trivialities," she said. "Women are too much like children. Now, doctors and lawyers may quarrel—"

"Yes, and ministers, too," interrupted a voice.

"Doctors and lawyers will quarrel and get over it," said Mrs. Forwerg. "Women seem naturally to the backbiters. If I had been Mrs. Wiles in the instance that is before us I would have put the club on the defensive. I would have made it prove the charges against me. I blame Mrs. Wiles for trying to defend herself."

### Says "Only a Man" Wrote It.

"It was only a man who wrote it, anyway," said Mrs. Lillian Young, interrupting the speaker.

This assurance that the identity of the writer had so far been determined created a laugh, and Mrs. Forwerg gave up the floor.

"Women's clubs should have learned something from the experience of one of their number," said Mrs. Holt. "They should have learned not to trust a matter involving principle to a small body. The small body is apt to be narrow and is almost always manipulated. Always choose the larger body, where the largest expression can be found, when you have a matter involving principle to be determined.

"Women need not apologize for the part politics plays in club life. We have our contests for office and there are the spoils of office, just as there are in the places where men compete. But whenever these contests bring out so much feeling that anonymous letters appear, throw them into the waste basket. A certain club would have been saved much disturbance if it had foreseen what you have really seen."

### Talks of D. A. R. Convention.

Dr. Dickinson turned attention to the Daughters of the American Revolution and their part in the matter, when she made a strong speech against the instruction of delegates. The Chicago Chapter, D. A. R., has instructed its delegates to vote for Mrs. Wiles at the Washington meeting.

"Don't hamper your most intelligent women by sending them to national conventions under instructions," said Dr. Dickinson. "It does not show confidence in the delegates, and the experience at Milwaukee shows how foolish it is to have a lot of instructed delegates."

Miss Margaret Haley was asked to talk, but said she preferred to change the subject and make it "Club Life in Politics." She then made some interesting statements about the National Educational association.

"The trouble everywhere," said Miss Haley, "is that government is participated in by but a few people. That is what has brought politics into clubs and it is what has brought the Teachers' federation and other clubs into politics. The fault lies not with the few people who do participate in the government, but in those who do not."

The Social Economics club believes its discussion of the anonymous letter question will be of value. They wish to emphasize the advisability of letting anonymous letters strictly alone, and the Secretary of the club is expected to burn any that may fall into her hands.

### Woman's Club Meets Today.

There is great interest among club women in the meeting of the Chicago Woman's club today, as it is the first time the club has assembled since the trial of Mrs. Wiles. While the anonymous letter matter is supposed to have been dropped, it is rumored the last will not be heard of it until the spring election of officers is over.

Today it is rumored some of Mrs. Wiles' friends will present a bill to the club, representing the sum she spent in her defense. Mrs. Wiles expended $1,500 to defend her reputation, and her friends consider it an injustice that she should spend so much to clear herself of charges for which the club was responsible.

While the Board of Directors was in session Mrs. Wiles wrote to them demanding that in fairness to her as much money should be spent in securing evidence for her as against her. Inasmuch as no charges had been made, she said, the board was in the attitude of carrying on a fair and impartial investigation. It is estimated the board spent less money on the case than did Mrs. Wiles.

# REPORT ON CHILD SAVING.

## President Hurley of Visitation and Aid Society Addresses the Annual Meeting.

"Child saving has been lifted from a cheap, poor plane to a high basis," stated Timothy D. Hurley, President of the Visitation and Aid society, yesterday, when addressing the annual meeting of the Illinois Children's Home and Aid society.

"It is now recognized in this State as being one of the greatest questions before the public. We do not hear, as formerly, that it only takes a few dollars to save a child, for it is recognized today that child life is worthy of any expense."

The reports of the society tended to bear out this statement. The income of the society is stated to be $34,886 last year and the expenses were $36,067.

The following Board of Directors was chosen:

One year—William Grote of Elgin.

Two years—Mrs. Carrie Alexander of Belleville.

Three years—Franklin MacVeagh of Chicago, H. C. Miller of Evanston, G. W. Kretzinger of Chicago, Dr. Sarah Hackett Stevenson of Chicago, the Rev. E. M. Williams of Chicago, R. J. Bennett of Chicago, the Rev. D. L. Miller of Mount Morris, and J. J. Glenn of Monmouth.

# WANTS AIR FOR THE POOR.

## Robert Hunter Urges Law Fixing Minimum of Breathing Space for Each Tenement Dweller.

Legislation that would fix the amount of air space for every man, woman, and child living in a tenement was urged by Robert Hunter of the Bureau of Associated Charities as a means of checking the death rate among the poor. The address was given before the University of Chicago Settlement league yesterday afternoon at the Quadrangle club. Active organization of citizens to check the greed of landlords who build tenements was declared to be more needed than the efforts of philanthropists with a passion for "model tenements."

# ELECTING D. A. R. DELEGATES.

## Springfield Representatives for Mrs. Deere and Quincy Instructed for Mrs. Wiles.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 21.—[Special.]—The Daughters of the American Revolution were in session here today to decide about instructing the two delegates and two alternates elected yesterday. The meeting ended in the election of three additional alternate delegates to the national convention at Washington. The two delegates, Mrs. Charles Ridgely and Mrs. C. V. Hickox, are for Mrs. Deere for State Regent, and there is little likelihood of their failing to attend the convention, because of their fear of the possible actions of the alternates.

Quincy, Ill., Jan. 2.—[Special.]—Quincy Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, has elected Miss Julia Sibley delegate to the national convention and instructed her for Mrs. Wiles for State Regent.

# ONCE FAMOUS VIOLINIST, WHO IS DEAD.



CAMILLA URSO

Camilla Urso, who died in New York on Monday, for many years occupied a unique place among the musicians of the world. Not only the fact of her being practically the first noted woman violinist but the brilliancy of her remarkable gift earned for her the applause and favor of both Europe and America.

She was probably the ablest woman violinist the world has known, her art having in it all the tenderness, sentiment, and refinement of the feminine, and yet a breadth, strength, and passion that are usual only in the masculine player.

Much of this virility and breadth was due doubtless to the thoroughness of the training she received when a child. She was born in June, 1842, in Nantes, in France, and was the oldest child and only daughter of Salvatore and Emelie Urso. Salvatore Urso was the flautist in the orchestra of the theater at Nantes, and, on Sunday, organist in the Church of the Holy Cross in that city. His wife was singer in the church and assisted him in the giving of music lessons. At the age of 3 Camilla began to show musical abilities, and at 4 her father began taking her with him to the theater, where she would sit in a corner of the orchestra pit near him and listen attentively the evening through to all that was done on the stage and among the musicians.

In this atmosphere of public music she lived for nearly two years, when one day, during a service at the church, she heard a violin solo played that roused her childish spirit, and she began to tease her parents for a violin. So persistent was she in her pleading that finally the father consulted with M. Simon, the first violinist of the orchestra, and he not only advised letting the child have the instrument she so desired, but offered to instruct her for a year.

For a year she played nothing but exercises, a "piece" being given her only in the eleventh month. This piece—Beriot's "Seventh Air of Variée"—she played in public at a benefit concert in Nantes, being then 7 years of age. So pronounced was her success that Paris was decided upon, and the family sold their belongings and journeyed to the capital. But at the Paris Conservatory a bitter disappointment awaited them—no girl had ever been admitted, and the director, Auber, said none ever could be. Months of calling upon influential personages and pestering the directors with petitions finally secured for Camilla a hearing. She was admitted—the first woman ever allowed to enter the institution as a pupil.

Massart was chosen as her teacher, and for two years she was put through a severe training. She carried of diplomas and prizes, and when finally permitted to play in private houses and in concerts in Paris created a sensation.

Poverty had overtaken her and her parents, however, and a brief tour the first summer vacation was made as far as the Rhine and brought in enough money to keep the wolf from the door for a few months longer. In the midst of almost biting want at the time she was graduated there appeared an American manager who heard her play and offered her a brilliant contract for three years' tour in the United States. On Sept. 15, 1852, she landed in New York, but only a few days later her managers disappeared—bankrupt.

Mme. Alboni, then in New York, interested herself in the girl, secured her a concert appearance, and from that time forward success was hers. For the next seven years she was the sensation of this country and Europe.

Marrying in 1859, she retired from public life, but in 1863 returned to the stage, and for many years was one of the musical stars of first magnitude here and abroad.

# NEWS OF THE THEATERS.

**JOAN OF THE SHOALS.**
Presented at Philadelphia by Henrietta Crosman and her company on Jan. 21. The cast:

Vivian More of the court of Charles II.... Henry Woodruff
Clive Ladbrook, Minister of Portsmouth .... George Soule Spencer
Jacob Ladbrook, his uncle, a magistrate of Portsmouth .... John Malone
Edward Cranfield, Governor of New Hampshire .... Addison Pitt
Worshipful Judkins, Ladbrook's fellow magistrate .... F. J. McCarthy
Tom Lincoln Watts, another magistrate .... C. C. Quimby
Isaac Judkins, son of the magistrate .... Henry Gunson
Bluggum, constable .... Arthur Newcomb
Messup, constable .... John Harrington
Martha Ladbrook, mother to Clive .... Rosa Rand
Alzon Venn, ward to Clive .... Lottie Alter
Lady More, mother to Vivian .. Ina Hammer
Gammer Wheer, great grandmother to Joan .... Ina Hammer
Carla Hutt, a girl of the Shoals .... Nellie Hancock
Persis, servant to Martha Ladbrook .... Adelaide Cumming
Joan Seastrawn, called "Joan of 'The Shoals,'" .... Miss Henrietta Crosman

Philadelphia, Pa., Jan. 21.—[Special.]—Miss Henrietta Crosman produced a new play for the first time on any stage at the Auditorium this evening. "Joan o' the Shoals" is the title. Evelyn Greenleaf Sutherland is the author, Portsmouth, N. H., the Isle of Shoals the place, and the year 1682 the period.

The steady downpour of rain did not deter the admirers of this actress from turning out in force. There can be little doubt that Miss Crosman will shape "Joan o' the Shoals" into a capital play.

Mrs. Sutherland evinces considerable literary ability in her dialogue, but little of it is capable of being spoken in a manner to be intelligible to the audience. The speech is not only stiff, abounding in "thes" and "thous" and "prithes" and "arts," but many of the words are clipped, especially in the mouth of Joan, who talks the dialect of the Shoals. The author has had the good judgment to avoid this blunder in the strongest scene in the play, where the fisher girl, a seventeenth century Christie Johnstone, turns with scorn on the man whom she loves, a refugee from the court of Charles II. whose life she is protecting. This scene was forcefully played by Miss Crosman and Harry Woodruff.

A good deal of pruning must be done, but there is ample material in "Joan o' the Shoals" for a good play when it is properly utilized. Miss Crosman played Joan with much spirit and graceful art, and made the Shoals girl an attractive as well as picturesque figure. Harry Woodruff was satisfactory as the refugee courtier and in the most important scene he was admirable.

A large company of capable players was employed in subsidiary rôles. The mounting of the play was notably handsome and elaborate. The interiors had a solid and substantial look to them, and the bit of rocky shore scenery in the last act was beautiful. As the curtain arose on each successive scene the audience applauded.

### Lehmann Recital.

Mme. Lilli Lehmann made her reappearance before the Chicago public yesterday afternoon, giving a recital of songs and operatic selection at the Studebaker. The years that have come and gone since the eminent artist was last heard here have powdered her hair with silver and thus crowned with a gentle glory the queenliness that long has distinguished her, and as she stood there yesterday gowned in a velvet robe of softest pink, a row of glittering gems about her throat, and her corsage decked with orders royalty had conferred, an artist might well have painted her as the ideal queen of song, whom both nature and mankind had delighted to honor.

As for her singing, she is still the artist truly great, the interpreter who grasps the content of a song or aria in its every detail, and illuminating it by the light of her own peculiar temperament and fine artistic appreciation reveals it in all its beauty and completeness to her listeners. The chief medium through which this noble art of hers is revealed is no longer so crystal clear, so unfailingly accurate as in years gone by—care often is required now to keep the tone pure and the intonation true, and even this carefulness is not always crowned with success. When it is, listening to her is, as it ever has been, a source of unqualified pleasure and satisfaction. There were several of the Lieder yesterday that were faultlessly given—to remember them is a delight, and thus remembering, forgetfulness of moments less vocally perfect is easily accomplished.

One of the peculiarities of Mme. Lehmann's Lieder singing always has been her ability to express in her eyes and face the emotions contained in the Lied itself. When she has finished a selection the listener, if he has watched her closely, feels that he has had the characters in the poem actually impersonated before him. The singer has not moved, has not gestured, yet so completely has she been able to make the sentiment of the song her own that the sentiment has impressed as real, and the characters or incidents described seem actually to have been seen.

This peculiar power Mme. Lehmann possesses in a degree truly singular, the artist who approaches most closely to her in it being the German Lieder singer, Dr. Wüllner. In the "Waldesgespräch" of Schumann and the "Erlkoenig" of Schubert yesterday this remarkable ability was especially evident, but it also in lesser degree was noticeable in everything sung and lent the artist's work a potency as rare as it was irresistible. Especially delightful as given by her were the Franz "Die Haide ist braun," the Bungert "Im Rosenlaub," and the Grieg "Zickeltanz."

The latter part of the program was devoted to comments and explanations, with musical excerpts and illustrations, on the Nibelung Trilogy of Wagner, Reinhold Herman, the accompanist of the afternoon, being the lecturer and player. Mr. Herman performed his task as well as any one could in the short space of time allotted him, playing the excerpts unusually well. Such an undertaking is, however, at best of slight value under such conditions. Those who know the Trilogy do not need such talks; those who do not know it can get little tangible information or good from such a hurried sketching. One Lied from Mme. Lehmann yesterday would have been worth infinitely more than this whole division of the program.

### Spiering Quartet.

The last chamber music concert this season by the Spiering Quartet attracted the usual quota of faithful lovers of the best in instrumental art, to the Music Hall last evening.

Interest centered in the opening number, a quartet in A minor by Glazounow, which was played here on this occasion for the first time. The composition is opus 64 among the gifted Russian's works and is, therefore, but recently written, his latest published opus being 73. Judged from a single hearing, the Quartet leaves the impression of being a peculiar mixture of dry scholarship and real inspiration. There were moments in the andante and in the final allegro that last night seemed essentially "made," and yet preceding or following these arid spots were those that seemed refreshingly spontaneous and beautiful.

The first theme of the andante is a particularly beautiful and broadly flowing melody, and the opening allegro is a movement finely spirited and decidedly attractive. As for the vivace it is a peculiarly busy and showy piece of chamber music writing, and last night found such favor that a demand for a repetition seemed imminent. The work was played con amore by Mr. Spiering and his associates, a fine unity of purpose and an enjoyable degree of technical finish characterising their work.

The andante cantabile from Tschaikowski's D major quartet and the Brahms quintet in F minor were the other selections on the program.

# Marquise de Fontenoy Letter.

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KING VICTOR EMMANUEL continues to excite the attention, not to say the admiration, of thoughtful people throughout the civilized world by the wonderfully clever manner in which he is fulfilling his duties as constitutional monarch of Italy. So far he has not made a single mistake, and on each occasion that there is something to place on record concerning him it is always to his credit.

Thus, he has just made known through his Ministers that, with the object of relieving the burdens upon the national treasury and upon the taxpayers, he is about to order a further reduction in the amount of the civil list constitutionally due to him as sovereign. It may be remembered that when he succeeded to the throne he started by making a considerable surrender of this character. Then he gave up another million lire of his official income to his mother to relieve the treasury of its obligations of paying her the annuity of that amount, due to her as widow of the late King Humbert. And now he is consenting to a still further reduction.

With all this the splendor of his court has not been in any way impaired. It has merely been reformed on a business basis, like that of King Edward. Abuses have been rectified, useless extravagance checked, and, like his brother monarch in Great Britain, he gets the full value for his money—that is to say, he is able to make a far more magnificent and royal showing than his father and grandfather before him for about 40 per cent less than they were obliged to pay.

Of course, such acts of wise and politic generosity on the part of this diminutive ruler, who in point of stature is the shortest monarch in Christendom, are calculated to propitiate his own taxpaying subjects, even if Republicans and Socialists, and his sagacity is shown by the fact that today both Socialists and Republicans in Italy are supporters of the government and of the King, explaining their attitude by saying that it would be impossible for any government of their own making to do more towards the promotion of the social and political reforms which they have in view than is being done by the present King and his Ministers.

A conflict has broken out between the Princess Linguaglossa, daughter of the great Italian statesman Crispi, and her mother, Donna Lina Crispi, and their differences are about to be ventilated in the courts of law. The trouble is about the papers and diaries of the man who was for so many years Prime Minister of Italy. When he died he made Senator Damiani the executor of his will, and specifically intrusted him with the publication of his papers, which he considered as forming the most valuable portion of his estate, since their publication is destined vastly to increase the size of the latter.

Donna Lina, the widow, is perfectly content to leave everything in the hands of the Senator and to trust to his judgment and direction. But her daughter, the Princess, who has not the same important reasons for desiring to avoid giving any offense to the government and to the crown, insists, as the chief heir under the terms of the will, on seeing all the papers, diaries, and documents, and of having the chief voice in their publication. She expresses the fear, which is probably justified, that Senator Damiani will fulfill the literary portion of his duty as executor with a view to propitiating the government, and especially the reigning house, and that these considerations will outweigh the idea of placing Crispi before the public in his finest and best light.

Of course, it would embarrass seriously the Italian government and the reigning family if Crispi's confidential correspondence concerning the negotiations in connection with the triple alliance and the contents of his diaries dealing with the various scandals of the Italian court during the last forty years were given to the public, and that is why all sorts of official pressure is being brought to bear upon the widow and the Senator in connection with the matter.

The Senator is, of course, by reason of his position and his office, amenable to such influence, and does not relish the idea of exciting the ill will of the Italian and foreign governments, of his own reigning family, and of statesmen and dignitaries of every description, both within and without the kingdom, by publishing what undoubtedly would constitute the most interesting portion of his dead friend's papers and diaries. He naturally does not care to become a sort of pariah for the remainder of his days merely for the sake of justifying the late Sig. Crispi. With regard to the widow, crown as well as government are in possession of a number of facts concerning her career, both prior and subsequent to her union to Crispi, which she would prefer to remain undisturbed.

Princess Linguaglossa, however, is moved by no such considerations. She is devoted to the memory of her father, and was to a far greater degree his confidante and companion during the latter portion of his political career than her mother. Then, too, she is married to an extravagant husband, and is interested in her father's memoirs having as large a sale as possible. She is, therefore, determined that everything of interest among her father's papers and diaries shall be published, especially those explanations which serve to justify or excuse his action, even at the cost of placing crown and government before the public at home and abroad in an unenviable light.

If the Princess has her way the book will be full of the most startling and sensational revelations. If, on the other hand, she is overruled, the memoirs of Crispi will be so carefully expurgated of everything of importance that they will prove quite as disappointing as those of Prince Bismarck, whose memoirs were edited with a view to furthering the interests of his son Herbert with the present Emperor rather than with a view to the fame of the great Chancellor.

Matters are complicated in the case of Crispi's papers by the fact that, although a large quantity of them have been under government seal both at Rome and at Naples since the moment of his death—the seals were to be removed this week—yet the most important of his papers and of his diaries are in safekeeping abroad, beyond the reach of the Italian authorities, having been taken out of the kingdom shortly after his last administration by his close and intimate friend, Sig. Galli, who had been his Under-Secretary of State.

Of course, the controversy which has thus arisen between the widow and the daughter of Italy's famous statesman is exciting an immense amount of interest throughout Europe, and its solution in the courts of law is a matter of grave concern in many foreign courts and capitals.

The Princess was born during the lifetime of her father's second and undivorced wife. Crispi, on becoming Minister of the Interior, went through the form of a civil marriage. The public revelation of this ceremony forced both Crispi himself and his colleague and friend, Baron Nicotera, the Minister of Justice, out of the Cabinet. Just before Crispi's daughter became the wife of Prince Linguaglossa the old statesman went through the form of a religious marriage with Donna Lina, with the object of meeting the objections of the Prince's family to the match.

Queen Marguerite for a long time refused to recognize or receive Donna Lina at court, and only reluctantly consented when Crispi threatened to resign the Premiership and to precipitate a Cabinet crisis unless Donna Lina were received.

# ANNUAL BALL OF THE CABMEN.

## Season's Fixture Will Be Held Tomorrow Night at the First Regiment Armory.

Theater patrons will get a fast cab ride home tomorrow night. Five hundred cab drivers with their wives and friends will dance at the fifth annual ball of the Chicago Cab Owners and Drivers' association to be held at the First Regiment Armory, and the cab driver who fails to carry his patrons home and reach the armory by midnight will miss the grand march.

The association, which was organized as a benevolent order, has conducted dances since its organization in 1897. The armory has been decorated for the occasion, and the First Regiment Pullman Band will furnish the music.

The grand march will be led by President George Selby and Mrs. Selby. William Gellespie is chairman of the Arrangement committee, John Fitzharris is in charge of the reception preceding the ball, and Ed Meerman and Fred Martin are chiefs of the Floor committee.

# IN THE SOCIETY WORLD

## COTILLON GIVEN BY MRS. FRANKLIN MACVEAGH.

**Arrangements Elaborate and Favors Unique and Artistic — Wedding of Miss Genevieve Marie Foley to Mr. M. P. Goodwillie at Holy Angels' Church—Card Party Given by Ladies' Auxiliary Committee of the Germania Club.**

Mrs. Franklin MacVeagh's cotillon last evening was not so large as some other dances of the winter, but it was elaborately planned and the favors were unique and artistic. The cotillon was for Mrs. MacVeagh's niece, Miss MacVeagh of Washington. The ballroom on the third floor of the MacVeagh residence is finished in green and gold, so that the only ornamentation needed was the smilax banked on the mantelpiece and a few bunches of American beauty roses. Johnny Hand's orchestra in the balcony was supplemented with music on the pipe organ, for the ballroom is also the music-room. Down-stairs the decorations were more elaborate, American beauty roses being used with smilax and palms. Mrs. MacVeagh wore a gown of white satin, deeply flounced with lace, with a necklace and ornaments of diamonds and pearls. Miss MacVeagh wore a red velvet gown and diamond ornaments.

The dance began at 11 o'clock, and the cotillon was danced before 2. It was led by Miss MacVeagh and Mr. Adrian Honore, assisted by Mr. Honore Palmer. Some of the favors were flower hats for the ladies and cocked hats for the men; flower wands, fans set with mirrors, tambourines, and monocles. The paper fancies were mostly in pink and yellow colors.

Supper was served at 2 a. m. at several small tables set in the dining-room and conservatory adjoining. Soft colored lights added picturesqueness in the conservatory.

The guests were as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Caton, | Miss Geddes, |
| Mr. and Mrs. Richard Howe, | Miss Sanger, |
| Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Field, | Mrs. Frank M. Avery, |
| Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Clark, | Miss Florence Clark, |
| Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Coleman, | Mr. Victor Elting, |
| Mr. and Mrs. Watson Blair, | Mr. Gari Melchers, |
| Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Ryerson, | Dr. Ed Ryerson, |
| Mr. and Mrs. Richard Harding Davis, | Mr. Hugo Birch, |
| Mr. and Mrs. Bryan Lathrop, | Mr. Clive Runnells, |
| Mr. and Mrs. John M. Clark, | Mr. Fletcher Dobbyns, |
| Mr. and Mrs. William Farquhar, | Mr. R. S. Emmet, |
| Mr. and Mrs. Russell Tyson, | Mr. Redmond Stephens, |
| Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Eckels, | Mr. Norman Fay, |
| Mrs. Dudley Winston, | Mr. Emerson Tuttle, |
| Mrs. Platt Hunt, | Mr. Johnston, |
| Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Eddy, | Mr. James G. Watson, |
| Miss Adelaide Hamilton, | Mr. Walter Ayer, |
| Miss Frances Keep, | Mr. Julian Mason, |
| Miss Cooke, | Mr. Maitland, |
| Miss Joan Chalmers, | Mr. Raymond Kirk, |
| Miss Bellas, | Mr. Henrotin, |
| Miss Birch, | Mr. Eames MacVeagh, |
| Miss Dibblee, | Mr. John Waterbury, |
| Miss Pauline Kohlsaat, | Mr. Thompson, |
| Miss Kathleen Scudder, | Mr. Arthur Young, |
| Miss Kirk, | Mr. George De Mare, |
| | Mr. Adolph Babcock, |
| | Mr. Follansbee, |
| | Mr. Walter Farwell, |
| | Dr. Klebs, |
| | Mr. Lockwood Honoré, |
| | Mr. Marshall Field, |
| | Mr. Howard Gillette, |
| | Mr. Walker, |
| | Mr. Philip Hamill, |
| | Mr. Alfred Cowles, |
| | Mr. Robert Allerton, |
| | Mr. Charles D. Hamill, |
| | Mr. William B. McCluer. |

Many came from dinner parties. Mr. Marshall Field gave a dinner. Among the dinner hostesses were Mrs. Dudley Winston and Mrs. Watson Blair.

Miss MacVeagh will remain in the city until Jan. 28, as she is also visiting Mrs. Harold McCormick. Mrs. MacVeagh will go to Washington on Friday to remain a week.

At Holy Angels' Church last evening the wedding of Miss Genevieve Marie Foley to Mr. Mahlon P. Goodwillie took place at 7 o'clock. Several hundred invitations were issued to the wedding, which was also followed by a reception at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William C. Foley, 4635 Grand boulevard. In the bridal party were Miss Bertha Foley, maid of honor, and four bridesmaids, Miss Elsie Booth, Miss Diane Savage, Miss Celeste Walsh, and Miss Anna McDonald. Mr. Douglass Goodwillie was his brother's best man, and the ushers were Mr. Charles Foley, Mr. Arthur Walsh, Mr. Walter Goodwillie, Mr. Milton Goodwillie, Mr. Charles Ruggles, and Mr. Frank X. De Lone of Philadelphia. The Rev. Andrew Purcell, a cousin of the bride, performed the ceremony.

The bride's gown was of white duchesse satin, trimmed with Flemish point lace and pearls. The tulle veil was fastened with a diamond ornament, the gift of the groom. The bouquet was of orchids. The maid of honor wore a gown of embroidered white mull and lace. She wore a large white hat of chiffon and lace with long plumes, and carried a bouquet of meteor roses. The bridemaids' gowns were of white louisine silk and chiffon, with white chiffon hats. Instead of bouquets they carried white chiffon muffs ornamented with American beauty roses and sprays of hawthorn. The decorations both at the house and the church were white roses.

Mr. and Mrs. Goodwillie will spend six weeks in California, and will then live at the Lexington temporarily. Among the out-of-town guests were Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Reynolds and Mrs. B. A. Moynahan of New York.

Miss Ella Emily Lowe, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Perley Lowe of 599 Washington boulevard, and Mr. Charles Hoard Lake were married last evening at the residence of the bride's parents. Miss Helen Marshall was the maid of honor and Mr. Frederick T. Lake the best man. There were no bridemaids, but four ushers—Mr. George H. Hough, Mr. Thomas H. Taylor, Mr. Clifford E. Templeton, and Dr. Crosbie W. Davis.

The marriage of Mrs. Anne Gordon and Mr. Thomas W. Mitchell was solemnized yesterday afternoon at the residence of Mr. and Miss Gerald H. Lermit, 5400 Jefferson avenue. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Herman Page, assisted by the Rev. Charles H. Bixby. The bride was attended by Mrs. Geraldine R. Lermit, and the groom by his brother, Mr. Robert Mitchell.

Mrs. William J. Bryson of 169 Buena avenue gave a dinner last evening for Miss Ethel King and the Rev. Frank Du Moulin. There were ten guests, the young women present being all débutantes. Mr. and Mrs. Bryson will go South in February.

Mrs. Lionel O. Robertson will give her first post-wedding reception next Monday afternoon, receiving with her mother, Mrs. Charles A. Chapin, at the latter's residence, 528 North State street.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Benjamin Long, who recently returned from their wedding trip abroad and have taken apartments at the Virginia, will give a reception and dance at the hotel on Thursday evening, Jan. 30.

Mrs. Henry W. Hoyt and Miss Hoyt of 2003 Prairie avenue held the first of two at homes yesterday. Other South Side hostesses who received yesterday afternoon were Mrs. Harry Eldridge, who gave her second post-nuptial reception; Mrs. W. H. Colvin, Mrs. Albert Paul Smith and Miss Lora Smith of 2532 Prairie avenue, and Mrs. James Frederick Hervey of 2953 Michigan avenue.

The engagement is announced of Miss Lillian Manewal of St. Louis to Mr. Ralph McDermid of Chicago. The wedding will be an Easter one.

A concert will be given at the Quadrangle club on Friday evening. The Spiering Quartet will play.

The second card party, given by the Ladies' Auxiliary committee of the Germania club yesterday afternoon at the clubhouse, started at 2 o'clock and lasted until 5. The committee in charge consisted of Mrs. William Greiner, Mrs. Edward Fuerst, and Mrs. Charles Wohlhueter. The party was followed by the usual table d'hôte dinner given every Tuesday night, which has been designated as "ladies' night."

Mrs. David C. Briggs of 69 Cedar street will give a luncheon today, and tomorrow will give a card party.

Mrs. William M. Field of Philadelphia is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wiley Dempster of 2936 Prairie avenue.

A mock trial entertainment will be given tomorrow and Friday evenings at the Englewood Presbyterian Church, Sixty-fourth street and Yale avenue.

# HAMILTON CLUB TO GO SOUTH.

## Members Invited to Participate in the Illinois Day Exercises at Charleston Exposition.

The Hamilton club has been invited to participate in the exercises of Illinois day, March 4, at the Charleston exposition. It is the intention of the members to leave Chicago on March 1 and return on March 6. A special train will be chartered. The Committee on Arrangements is: Allen A. Gilbert, chairman; William Knoch, Stillman B. Jamieson, H. P. Simonton; Entertainment committee, E. P. Fassett, William Porter Adams.

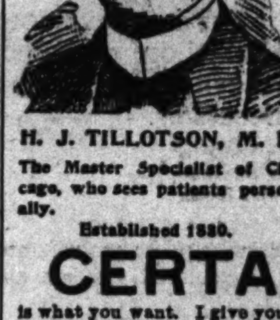



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Use Grape-Nuts breakfast food with some rich cream, and you will discover the food will agree with the weakest stomach and supply the highest form of nourishment, pre-digested and ready for quick change into good, rich blood.

Strength (nerve strength) comes from feeding on Grape-Nuts. There's a reason. Try it and prove for yourself.

It seems good to be perfectly well and feel well fed.

**Resume of today's page advertisement.**

Exceptional reduction in furs. The great sale of women's 3.50, $4 and $5 shoes at 1.85. Final price reductions on suits. Dainty modern priced muslin underwear. Reduced prices in our underwear section.

Established in 1855.

# MANDEL'S DAILY STORE NEWS

Established in 1855.

*Store closes at 5:30 p. m.*

**Special points of interest in Mandel's store.**

You couldn't count the people who listen to our phonograph concerts every day, there are so many. All the most improved talking machines are shown here; excellent range for selection.

*Weather indications: Slightly colder.*

## Mandel's editorial comment.

**Wednesday, January 22d, 1902.**

We've only ten more selling days in which to prepare for inventory, and on all merchandise we do not wish to count during stock-taking we have reduced prices to the lowest point, as we'd rather take a loss and have clean stock sheets. That's the principle that keeps the Mandel merchandise fresh and desirable. We never carry goods over from one season to another, but on the contrary everything must be sold in season. Throughout the entire store you'll find prices in every section below the bargain point.

There are many ways of inducing people to visit a store, but only one sure way of retaining patronage—reliable merchandise at reasonable prices. This has been our policy and to it we attribute the degree of success which we have attained.

A great many stores are under the impression that liberal advertising is the only thing essential to success. That's where they make a very serious mistake—it's the merchandise behind the ads that counts—giving just what you agree to give.

## White wash goods at Mandel's.

Every woman should make ready now for that delicious moment that comes with the dawn of spring, when winter weight garments are exchanged for one of airy, fairy summer fabrics.

There's every reason for making your selection now; the assortments are complete and we are offering special inducements in the matter of price.

It's much preferable to pick your patterns and have your garments made up now than delay until those crowded, enervating warm days, that belong to the heated months, when light dresses become an absolute necessity.

We are showing the handsomest versions you ever saw in batistes, Swiss grenadines, dimities, fine muslins, etamines, linens, percales, piques and lawns, and all the other modish summer textiles.

Many novelties in figures, stripes and polka dots with white grounds and colored figures, colored grounds and white figures, or colored grounds and colored figures.

## Dependable household linens at saving prices.

We think we've pretty well demonstrated the advisability of buying linens during our great January white sales—still, we've more surprises for you.

**A New York importer asked us to relieve him of his surplus stock and virtually let us make the prices; and, of course, we wouldn't be looking to your interests if we didn't take advantage of such an opportunity.**

A season's supply will be the rule during this sale, as the saving is so great you can well afford to lay in a supply of linens.

**Fine satin Irish table damask** in exclusive patterns—72 inches wide, at **$1.**

**Imported hemmed bedspreads,** at **$2.**

**Marseilles** fringed bedspreads, at **$3.**

**Irish satin damask table napkins,** 23x23 inches—good assortment of patterns — per doz., **2.75.**

**Hemstitched linen** and huck towels, regular 35c quality, at **25c.**

## Pre-inventory clearing men's and women's fine underwear.

The cold weather turns one's thoughts to the necessity of warm underclothing. The near approach of our semi-annual stock-taking urges the need of clearing all odd lots and broken lines that we do not wish to count at this time.

We have rummaged through our entire stock of women's underwear and thrown out everything we don't want to list—every style and kind are represented—union suits, vests, tights and drawers—regular and extra sizes—wool, merino, silk and wool, and pure silk.

**Of course every line** does not contain a full range of sizes, but every size is represented in the different lots—at the quick-selling prices—**1.25, $1, 79c** and **50c.**

**High-grade underwear** also feels the force of inventory price-cutting. We have too many "Phyllis" brand, regardless of the immense quantities we have sold, and have reduced the prices of the silk and wool to 5.50; wool and merino to 4.25 and $3, which should readily clear our shelves of the surplus stocks.

## The new laces—a foretaste of the coronation carnival.

The lace makers have been vying with each other this year—all want to be liberally represented at the coronation carnival, and the result is an outpouring of new designs that surpass anything produced in many years.

To lace belongs the honors in matters of dress adornment—it is liberally used in the trimming of almost every article in the wardrobe.

All that is new, modish and fine so far introduced to the lace markets may be found in our assortments.

The coronation laces are the latest designs and come in edgings, medallions, insertions and allovers, with the crown elaborated in the center and the surrounding designs done with charming delicacy.

The costly Carrickmacross laces, which sell at thirty and forty dollars a yard, have been reproduced with charming effect in machine made fabrics. Priced at **$4.50.**

The filet laces are great favorites and come in choice variety—coarse and fine crochet laces. The Irish laces are exceptionally favored in London.

## Clearing sale of men's trousers.

Half price for extra trousers—not a few odd lots and undesirable patterns, but all the trousers in our immense assortment of finely tailored garments reduced to close at half, or nearly half the regular selling prices.

Every man needs a few pairs of extra trousers—this is the opportunity to get them, when two pairs cost about the usual price of one.

There's no trouble about sizes—we've a large assortment—the patterns are the most desirable and the styles are strictly up-to-date in every particular. It is the greatest clothing bargain Chicago has ever known.

**All our $10 and $12 trousers reduced to $6.**
**All our $8 trousers reduced to $5.**
**All our $6 trousers reduced to $4.**
**All our $5 trousers reduced to 3.50.**

**Economy basement.**

**All our $4 trousers reduced to 2.75.**
**All our $3 trousers reduced to 1.95.**
**All our $2 trousers reduced to 1.35.**

## Grand clearance sale of fine furs.

Prior to inventory we overhaul our fur stock and mark all the odd lots at prices that insure immediate disposal. The result of this eliminating process this season places at your command the finest lot of furs it has ever been our pleasure to offer at reduced prices.

**It will mean a vast saving to you on next winter's furs to make your selection now.**

We are also offering radical reductions on our large line of foreign models imported this season from the leading fur centers of Europe, to be used as patterns in our fur workrooms.

**They have served their purpose as models, and now we offer these choice garments to you at the lowest prices ever quoted.**



**Stone marten cluster** scarfs, trimmed with natural tails—$18 quality at **13.50.**

**Sable fox double scarfs,** finished with natural tails, long and heavy, $35 value at **$25.**

**Genuine black marten** cluster scarfs, ornamented with natural tails—reduced from $15 to **$10.**

**Handsome chinchilla muffs** —large size—$25 value at **$18.**

**No. 1072, Persian broadtail** coat, ermine trimmed, cape effect—reduced from $325 to **$150.**

**No. 1072, seal and ermine** trimmed blouse, stylish collar and fancy lining—reduced from $325 to **$150.**

**No. 1024, fine quality seal** coat, with chinchilla and lapels—$225 quality at **$125.**

**No. 1462, Persian lamb** coats, with chinchilla and lapels, fancy lining—reduced from $150 to **$90.**

**No. 1369, Persian lamb** coat, with frock back, chinchilla collar and fancy lapels—reduced from $450 to **$150.**

**No. 2211, brown morrie astrakhan** novelty coat, trimmed with fine lace—$200 value at **$75.**

**No. 1751, dark mink coat,** 24 inches long, box front—regular $300 quality at **$150.**

**No. 1753, fancy mink Eton,** extra dark—$250 value at **$125.**

**No. 1205, seal coat** in box back style, unplumed shawl collar and extra wide sleeves, extremely new—$600 value at **$250.**

**Persian lamb coat,** with blended baum marten collar and lapels—reduced from $160 to **$100.**

**Finest quality near seal coat,** 22 and 24 inches long—stylish box front—$65 value at **$50.**

**Electric seal coats,** in box front style—best quality satin lining—reduced from $35 to **$25.**

**Black marten capes,** 27 inches long, plain or fancy lining—regular $100 quality at **$70.**

**Astrakhan coats,** made of full skins—choice of full or large curl—reduced from $50 to **$35.**

**Black marten and Persian** lamb tab effect collarettes—natural tail trimming—regular $35 value at **$25.**

**Basement**—genuine black marten cluster scarfs, ornamented with large full tails—$6.50 scarfs reduced to **3.50.**

## Interest in this great shoe sale increases daily--women's 3.50, $4 & $5 shoes, 1.85.

Wet weather almost doubled our shoe selling yesterday, but we were prepared for the crowds. It's not often one can purchase 3.50, $4 and $5 shoes for 1.85—especially such smart shoe fashions as these—up to the very minute in style.

The biggest shoe purchase on record has been a great thing for this store. It's not only more than doubled our shoe business, but will leave a lasting impression on discriminating buyers.



We opened the second shipment Monday, and bargains are just as good today as they were the first day of the sale.

Knowing buyers who purchased one pair during the first days of the sale are coming back and buying two and three pairs. It's economy to buy a year's supply at these prices, because there's shoes for all occasions.

**Women's dress shoes—**
**Women's walking shoes—**
**Women's street shoes—**
**Women's storm shoes—**
**$3, $4 and $5 values—at**

# 1.85

**Hand-turned shoes—**
**Fine welt shoes—**
**Double sole shoes—**
**Patent leather shoes—**
**$3, $4 and $5 values.**

The best part of the sale is that you can secure all sizes and all widths from AA to EE, 2½ to 8, in all shapes and all styles—the $5 shoes as well as the 3.50. This sale is now the talk of all Chicago.

**Basement:** A third of this great shoe purchase will be found in the basement. It's divided into two lots—the $3.50 and $4 shoes in the basement at **1.65.**

## Remarkable suit and coat values.



At no time of the year are values so great. With inventory only a few days off we've made our final reductions, so today's sale surpasses any previous offering.

**If you want a handsome coat at about half, this is your opportunity, and remember, there's lots of cold weather to come.**

In this sale you find those distinctive creations in exact conformity with fashion's very latest demand—those swell effects that so fittingly typify the Mandel style elegance.

**Long ulsters,** strictly man-tailored, many lined throughout—storm or coat collar—kerseys and mixtures—all colors—not all sizes in every style—reduced from $25 to **$15.**

**Choice of any ulster** in this section—fur trimmed excepted—many have sold as high as $50—the greatest bargain event of the season—at **$25.**

**Kersey and cheviot coats,** 42-inch—all lined—coat or storm collar—not many at the price—$15 values at **7.50.**

**Eton, blouse and walking suits**—cheviots, venetians or mixed coverts, plain or trimmed—all colors—exceptional value—$20 quality at **9.75.**

## Remarkable sale of rain coats.

No woman's wardrobe is complete without a coat of this character, and when the opportunity of choosing at half comes along it's certainly time to secure one.

**Rain coats,** medium and light weight—shower proof cloth—made of best covert, cheviot, herring-bone cheviot, and melton—all colors and styles.

**$12 rain coats at 7.50.** **$16.50 rain coats at $10.**
**$18 rain coats at $12.** **$25 rain coats at $15.**
**$35 rain coats at $20.**

# EXTRA!

Articles scheduled under the head EXTRA are placed here because they are exceptional bargains. Prices named are considerably less than goods of equal quality can be purchased for elsewhere.

**Pure castile soap, green or white, 19c.**
**Odd lots of $5 artware at $1.**
**All men's $12 trousers reduced to $6.**

## Reduced prices in our dressmaking salon.

This is supposed to be the dull season for dressmakers, but it's not dull at Mandel's for this reason: we've reduced prices so that there's a great saving in having gowns made up now.

We are not thinking of profits, but we must keep busy, for our modistes must be in ceaseless touch with the movements of fashion so as not to lose their magical knack.

A month ago we were crowded to the utmost—a month later we'll be busy again. Just now is the opportunity to secure one of those stylish Mandel garments at prices that barely cover cost of materials and workmanship.

The art expressed in these garments is no longer an element in the pricing, and thousands will hasten to take advantage of our great January reductions.

An advance display of spring modes and the first showing of the new weaves and colors.

## Pre-inventory corset clearance.

The beginning of our fiscal year must find all stocks in absolutely faultless condition, so far as odds and ends are concerned. In order to effect this purpose we must close out all but the regular lines, regardless of what the loss may be.

This is our grand pre-inventory clearing time and in our corset section prices have been cut to the very closest margin.

A collection of corsets to close during this sale that has never been equaled for quality, workmanship and style. The lot includes many stanch high-grade makes, and you choose at prices before unheard of.

**We mention two or three lines just to give you a faint idea of the superior selection awaiting you.**

**Fine French corsets** in batiste, fancy brocades—black and white—all the latest fall models—many worth up to $9.50, to close at **3.50.**

**I. C. a la Persephone corsets**—in white and black only—full bias gore—long and short hip—values up to $6.50, specially priced for this sale at **2.50.**

**Basement:** A full line of girdle and short empire corsets in all colors—sizes 18 to 22—special at **50c.**

## A velvet sale out of the ordinary.

**500 pieces of 1.50 velvets at 50c.**

The sale takes place in the basement, that great economy salesroom where you always find the best for the least, but this is one of those out of the ordinary bargains that always bring a myriad of shoppers.

**500 pieces of regular 1.50 plain, colored and Persian panne velvets, bought at half manufacturers' cost.**

This is a rare opportunity for dressmakers and milliners—a time when you can buy at a third regular price—all priced at **50c.**

Rose, ciel, yellow, reseda, brown, tans, navy, and all the scarce shades which you found it impossible to procure elsewhere.

Sale starts promptly at 8 a. m. in the basement silk section—with extra space and extra salespeople—price **50c.**

## Three special values in muslin underwear.

Most people associate dainty muslin underwear with high price, but it's not so at Mandel's. Our medium priced muslin underwear has all those dainty characteristics that appeal to refined women.

The sanitary conditions under which they are made are the same as the most expensive, but it's the saving prices that merit your patronage.

As an example of fine workmanship we recommend the muslin underwear offered today, and the price is made only through controlling very near the entire output of some of the best makes in America.



**Night dresses**—Twenty-two handsome styles to choose from, including those beautiful "V" shaped and square necks; also high neck effects if you like them. Every garment is daintily trimmed with fine lace, embroidery and hemstitching—full and generous—the best values offered in America today at **75c.**

**White petticoats**—We want you to be the judge. We know that you'll pronounce these the handsomest petticoats ever offered for the money. They have deep, full flounces elaborately trimmed with rows of choice lace insertion; also extra foot ruffles. You cannot find anything like them elsewhere in Chicago at **95c.**

**Drawers**—Pretty styles to choose from, trimmed with embroidery and lace—hemstitched and tucked ruffles—during this sale only **45c.**